

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

(SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.)

General Graham's Victory

1,000 Egyptians Killed and Wounded.

British Loss: 10 Killed, 40 Wounded.

TRINKITAT, March 1.

The forces under Gen. Graham marched a mile beyond Fort Baker yesterday, the rebels constantly skirmishing with his advance guard during the morning. Suddenly a large force of rebels, who were concealed along the shrubs in sandy knolls, opened a heavy fire on the British troops, who had bivouacked on the field, thoroughly drenched by the tropical rain. Gen. Graham immediately ordered his troops to form an oblong square, which had hardly been done when the rebels advanced, under a heavy fire, which did little damage, but before reaching within pistol shot range of the British line they wheeled about and retreated. Gen. Graham immediately ordered an advance on the rebels position in the knolls. The rebels then gave battle and fought with tremendous bravery, but were beaten on all sides—the firing of the British troops telling fearfully on the enemy. The rebels stubbornly contested every inch of ground and a frightful slaughter in the ranks ensued. The battle being very similar to the battle of Ulundi, South Africa, and the British victory as complete as that affair. The battle lasted all day, the rebels finally retreating in disorder, leaving 1,000 men killed and wounded on the field. The British loss was only ten killed and forty wounded. The forces under General Graham bivouacked during the night at Teb. They have re-taken a large amount of baggage captured by the rebels from the expedition under Baker Pasha, together with four Krupp guns and a large number of small arms. It is General Graham's intention to march on Tokar to-day, when it is expected the fighting will be renewed as the fortifications in that city will enable the rebels to offer a determined resistance. The enemy showed great courage during the fight, and when the British troops moved upon their position, they refused to run, but fought to the death until finally compelled to give way to the superior military discipline of the British troops.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

SUAKIN, March 2.

The British troops entered Tokar at noon on Saturday. A few shots were exchanged with the enemy, when 4,000 rebels holding the town fled. Osman Digna is encamped eight miles distant from Suakin. The battle with him is expected when the British troops return to Suakin. All reports commend the steadiness with which the British troops moved on Feb. The square in which they advanced to battle was never broken. The determination and bravery of the rebels were shown in the fact that when they were charged by the cavalry, great numbers threw themselves upon their backs on the ground and speared the horses of the troops as they dashed over them. The march to Tokar was accomplished in four hours from Teb. The Hussars scoured the country and kept up a desultory skirmishing with the enemy, who retired in disorganized masses in the direction of Tamaiel. The rebels lost 1,100 men dead on the field at Teb, besides guns and munitions. Their whole camp, including 377 tents and many camels were also taken. The condition of the camp showed that the Arabs had relied upon being victorious. Gen. Graham will send part of the Tokar garrison to Tuakit, and will destroy the fortifications, he will then march to Tamaiel, where he will convoke the sheiks of friendly tribes.

Baker Pasha among the Wounded.

SUAKIN, Feb. 2.

After the battle Baker Pasha and Admiral Hewitt returned to Trinkitat. The soldiers and sailors stationed there cheered Baker Pasha, who had been so severely wounded that he was unable to walk. The veterans who took part in the battle say they never met more resolute foes. Baker Pasha's wound is not serious. It is believed Osman Digna's power has been broken.

[A spy who arrived at Suakin on the 28th ult., described Osman Digna's army more like fiends than men. They showed him the hand of a dead man and wanted to know whether it was the hand of a European or a Turk, stating that the dead gentleman had many guineas in his pocket. They told him they cared nothing for the Egyptian Government. The Mahdi, the true prophet, had written them of his success over Hicks and others, telling them to join and join him. This they would do, for they feared no guns. If they died the Mahdi promised them paradise; if they refused to join him he would come and kill them all, and they would then go straight to hell. The Mahdi would come through Egypt, kill all the Egyptians, Turks and Christians; would overturn the world and put it right. Other parts of his force would cross to the Hedjaz and Mecca, would kill the Sultan of Turkey and take India—in fact, all the world. Daily Osman Digna assembles them, reads letters received from the Mahdi, exciting the hearers to the wildest frenzy. They dance, yell and clamor to attack without delay. Zobeir Pasha's nephew was captured by Osman Digna and imprisoned for two days, and then, after an interview with Osman, he was released and told he might go where he liked. During this interview Osman declared his intention of fighting the Turks to the last, and then, after killing them all, to settle with the Shafah and Novah tribes, who had as yet not joined him. On the same day a letter came from Sheikh Fahir, the second in command to Osman, who is the leader of the movement round Tokar. In this letter was an invitation to Zobeir Pasha's nephew to come up and visit him, and the invitation was performed accepted. Osman also sent off the gun he had captured from the Soudanese with 500 of the Kamilab tribe to Tokar,

with orders to keep up a constant fire and not allow the garrison to sleep. In all his orders and movements Osman Digna shows great skill, and will, no doubt, resist to the last. Should he finally succeed he is certain to be ruled over all these districts. An example of the bravery of the rebels is cited in advance from Suakin. One day a spy was discovered outside the camp lying on the sand. Although only a boy of fifteen years, he fought desperately when surrounded, and wounded one man with a spear. He was himself bayoneted and was not expected to recover. His gallant behavior excited the admiration of the entire force. When asked if he wanted anything, he replied, "let me spare one Egyptian before I die." This is a good example of the spirit animating the people.]

How the News was Received in England.

LONDON, March 1.

The news of Gen. Graham's victory over the forces under Osman Digna in the yesterday has caused immense enthusiasm, and the complete subjugation of El Mahdi is now freely predicted on all sides.

Rebels Fled.

LONDON, March 2.

Gen. Graham telegraphs as follows:—"Tokar has been relieved. The rebels had held the town since Feb. 16th oppressing the garrison and inhabitants. The rebels fled to the mountains." In battle the Gordon Highlanders in line formed the advance.

The Attack on Teb.

LONDON, March 2.

Admiral Hewitt led the marines in the attack on Teb. Queen Victoria has sent a telegram congratulating the troops on the victory.

A Heavy Fire.

HARTFORD, CONN., March 2.

The vast works of the United States Stamping Company, at Middleton, Conn., covering four and a half acres, were burned last night. Loss, \$4,000,000. Five hundred men are thrown out of employment.

Burned to Death at Cape Traverse.

CAPE TRAVERSE, March 3.

An old couple named McNeill, living in the Big Clear, Cape Traverse, were burnt out last night. A granddaughter 12 years of age, living with the old people, perished in the flames. The body was found this morning with the legs and arms burned off. They lost everything, barely escaping with their lives.

Dynamite.

LONDON, March 1.

A block bag has been found in the cloak room of Ludgate Hill station, containing forty-five packages of dynamite and a portion of an American alarm clock. The latter was enclosed in a tin box.

A Serious Conflagration.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 2.

At two o'clock this morning the most serious conflagration for many years occurred here. The loss cannot yet be estimated. [No Ottawa news. House not in Session Saturday.]

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, March 3—10 a. m.

Fair continued cold weather, with north-east and north-west winds, increasing in force by night with snow.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, Charlottetown, 2nd March, 1884.

Highest Temperature Saturday..... 19.9
Lowest Temperature Saturday..... 6.8
Highest temperature yesterday..... 21.8
Lowest temperature (read at midnight)..... 8.1
Lowest temperature this morning..... 13.1
Temperature this morning, at 8 o'clock..... 14.6
Temperature this afternoon, at 1 o'clock..... 17.5

Local and Other Items.

Two cases of drunkenness at the Stipendiary Magistrate's Court this forenoon.

STOCK TAKING is finished at the Diamond Bookstore, and greater bargains than ever are now given daily.

HON. W. W. SELLIVAN left Ottawa, on Saturday morning. He will arrive home on Wednesday evening.

BOILS, sores, and ulcers, indicate a bad state of the blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla eradicates all foul humors. [m3 1w wkly.]

MRS. MARY BROWN, widow of John Brown, of Harper's Ferry notoriety, died in San Francisco on the 29th ult.

REMEMBER the monthly Union Prayer Meeting in the Y. M. C. A. Hall this evening. The public are invited to attend.

DIARIES for 1884, fifty per cent. below cost at the Diamond Bookstore.

THE Halifax City Council have decided not to recognize the Dominion License Act, and have given notice to dealers to take licenses from the city.

A SKATING TOURNAMENT will be held at Citizens Skating Rink, next week. Prizes will be given for fast skating. Particulars will appear in a few days.

If you want the best Dyes, get the "Tri-angle Package Dye," at the Family Grocery. Only ten cents. They are splendid. Every person that has used them, says so.

THE largest, newest, and cheapest room paper, at the Diamond Bookstore.

WE understand that first-class trotting races will be held about St. Patrick's Day, if the weather is favorable. A free-for-all for \$100, and a four-year-old race for \$50 will likely be offered.

No Mails crossing to-day.

EASTER CARDS in profusion at the Diamond Bookstore.

REV. W. G. LANE, of Halifax, who recently paid a fine of \$200 for performing a marriage ceremony without production of license by the couple, has been presented by his friends there with a purse of \$345.

WM. DOYLE was arraigned before the Stipendiary Magistrate this forenoon charged with the larceny of a shirt and number of pulises from Mr. John Scott. He was remanded until to-morrow.

OUR BOOTS are made of solid leather.—DORSEY, GOFF & CO. [mar3]

A GENTLEMAN aged 65, writes:—"I heartily thank you for the great boon I have obtained through the use of your wonderful rejuvenator known as Mack's Magnetic Medicine. I am fully restored—feel like a young colt." Read the advertisement in another column. Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries Hall Co. [m3 1w wkly.]

WE are pleased to learn that the P. E. Island Brigade of Garrison Artillery have again carried off the shifting ordnance prizes given by the Dominion Artillery Association of Canada, No. 1 Battery taking the first or Governor-General's prize of \$50, and No. 2 Battery the Association's prize of \$20. No. 1 Battery also took general efficiency prize of \$50.

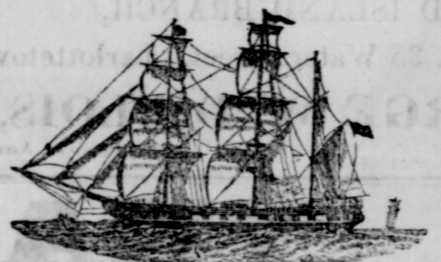
BOOTS, wholesale and retail, at DORSEY, GOFF & CO. [mar3]

VENUS, the opposition weather prophet, writes: March will come in cold and low temperature will be recorded between 3rd and 5th. The chief storm of the month I look for about the 9th and 10th of March—same as last year. There will be a good deal of cold weather fore part of March and in Great Britain great gales will continue with very wintry weather in England and Scotland.

SOME idea of the importance of the mail service by ice boats at the Cape may be gained from the amount of mail matter crossing there. Seventy-seven bags were brought over from Tormentine yesterday, and at the same time thirty-nine were crossing from this side. Nine boats and thirty-six men were engaged in the ice service, and these one hundred and sixteen bags were the accumulation of two days only.

PUGILISTIC.—An agreement was signed on the 29th ult., in San Francisco, between John L. Sullivan and G. M. Robinson, for a knocking out contest of four rounds. Robinson is the champion heavy-weight of the Olympic Club. The conditions of the match are—four rounds, Marquis of Queensberry rules, to take place within ten days. There are no stakes. Sullivan is to receive two-thirds and Robinson one-third of the net receipts.

London and Liverpool.



REGULAR TRADERS

THE CLIPPER BARK

"MOSELLE,"

500 tons Register, classed ten years
At English Lloyds,
Alex. McLeod, Commander,

WILL

Sail from Liverpool for Charlottetown,

ABOUT THE 25th MARCH.

Followed by the well-known fast-sailing barkentine

"ETHEL BLANCHE,"

400 tons Register, classed ten years
At Lloyds,
John Graham, Commander,

(NOW ON THE BERTH)

Sailing about the 1st April.

Also, the clipper Barkentine

"EREMA,"

300 tons Register, classed nine years
At Lloyds,
R. RENDLE, Commander,

(NOW ON THE BERTH)

Will Sail from London for Charlottetown

ABOUT THE 1st APRIL.

The above vessels will carry Freight at through rates to Pictou, Georgetown, Souris, Summerside and Shediac.
For Freight or Passage apply in London to John Pitcairn & Sons, 16 Great Winchester Street; in Liverpool to Pitcairn Brothers, 51 South John Street, or here to the owners,

PEAKE BROS. & CO.
Ch'town, Feb. 14, 1884.—cod

COAL, COAL.

FOR SALE—Pictou Nut and Round Coal. Also Cape Breton Coal, equal to Sydney, at Queen's Wharf Scales. GEO. COOMBS,
Feb. 15—cod wkly 3i

FOR SALE.

A FARM at Pictou, Lot 30, containing 90 acres, in a good state of cultivation. Apply to Messrs. McLean & Martin, Solicitors, Charlottetown.
SAMUEL McDUGALL,
Feb. 11, 1884.—3i cod

SPRING GOODS, SPRING GOODS

Perkins & Sterns

Ask Special attention to their Stock of the following Goods, which are, beyond question, as good value as can be found:

550 Pieces Grey Cottons,
280 Pieces White Cottons,
300 Pieces Print Cottons.

English, Canadian and American Knitting Cotton,
A good Stock of Canadian and American Corsets.

Black French Merinoes, Black Nun's Velling,
Black Cashmeres, Black Persian Cord.

A FULL LINE OF MOURNING GOODS.

Table Linens, Towels, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Room Paper.

Rugs, Mats, Carpets, Oil Cloths, etc., all standard Goods, and prices low.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Ch'town, Feb. 26, 1884.

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.

FIRE.

CAPITAL, \$2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—Montreal.
HALIFAX BRANCH—J. Scott Mitchell, Agent.

Risks Taken on Most Favorable Terms.

AGENT FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:

F. H. ARNAUD,
Merchants Bank of Halifax.

Ch'town, Feb. 27, 1884.

DESBRISAY & ANGUS,

AGENTS OF THE

QUEEN AND AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COMPANIES,

WHILE thanking the Citizens of Charlottetown for their past patronage, and assistance during the late fire, have to announce that they have taken the office in

Stevenson's Building,

CORNER QUEEN AND SYDNEY STREETS,

Where they are prepared to do business.

Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1884.

GREAT SALE OF

New Cottons.

We have just opened a large Stock of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS,

NEW SPRING STYLES,

Received Before the Advance in Duty.

We have an immense stock of

GREY AND WHITE COTTONS,

Purchased when the Cotton market was at the lowest point of depression.

Fleecy Cottons,
Sheeting Cottons,
Pillow Cottons,

TABLE LINEN AND NAPKINS,

Towels and Towelling,

TAPESTRY, SCOTCH AND BRUSSELS CARPETS,

And other House Furnishing Goods.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, Feb. 11, 1884.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Valuable Property in Charlottetown, Fronting on Queen Square.

TO be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House, in Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, the 4th day of March next, A. D. 1884 at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, under and by virtue of a power of sale, contained in an indenture of Mortgage, dated the sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1877, and made between William F. McLaughlin and Elizabeth McLaughlin, his wife, of the one part, and John Ings, of the other part.

ALL that tract, piece and parcel of land, hereditaments and premises, situate, lying and being in Charlottetown aforesaid, known as the Eastern moiety or half part of Town Lot Number Thirti-seven (37), in the third hundred of Town Lots in said town, the same being the property devised to the said Mortgagees or one of them, in and by the last will and testament of Ralph Thompson, late of Charlottetown aforesaid, deceased, bearing date the nineteenth day of December A. D. 1866.

For further particulars apply at the office of F. L. Haszard, Solicitor, Charlottetown. Dated this Seventeenth day of January, A. D. 1884.

JOHN INGS
Mortgagee

Ch'town, Jan. 17, 1884—11 wkly tl sale

OFFICE AND WEIGH SCALES TO LET.

THE office occupied by Mr. William Koughan as the Seamen's Shipping Office Head of Queen's Wharf. Apply to A. KENNEDY & CO.
Ch'town, Feb. 25, 1884.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

THE Subscriber hereby offers for sale or to let his Residence and Model Livery Stables, together with all Furniture and Outfits.

P. C. CONLEY.
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1884.—4i

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN,

THE Shop and Premises immediately opposite the Roman Catholic Cathedral, Great George Street. Apply to A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.
Charlottetown Feb. 22, 1884.

TO RENT,

WITH immediate possession, the store on Sydney Street, opposite H. J. Callbeck's. Apply above the premises to MISS SKINNER.
Ch'town, Feb. 20—cod 1w

SALT! SALT!

FOR SALE ex WAREHOUSE,
5,000 bags Liverpool Salt,
1,200 bags Coarse Fishery Salt.
PFAKE BROS. & CO.
Ch'town Feb. 14, 1884.—4i

"KENSINGTON F.R.M."

NOTICE is hereby given, that whereas trees have lately been cut down and others wantonly injured, and fences destroyed on the "Kensington Property" near this city, the subscriber, who is the owner of the said property, will cause to be sued all persons found in any way trespassing thereon.

The part of this property fronting on the Hillsborough River will be leased for farming purposes for a term of years.

MICHAEL BEAZELEY,
By his Attorney G. W. DEBLOIS.
Ch'town, Jan. 28, 1884.—4i

SUBSCRIBE for the WEEKLY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and Best Newspaper published on P.E. Island. Only 21 per year.