

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

DRAN TULLOCK, of Halifax is very ill.
NOTABLES.—Among the notable just now in Ottawa are several Mohawk chiefs.

FIG.—Georgetown Court House was slightly damaged by a fire on Wednesday last.

GENERAL AGENT.—"Oxy" is the name of a new comic sheet about to be started in St. John.

A NURSING.—The attention of the Civic authorities is respectfully directed to a filthy slaughter house on Hillsboro Street.

THE FIRST OF MARCH.—Somebody remarked yesterday that "March came in like a lamb this year."

THE ACADIA MINE.—We understand that this mine, owned by Sir Hugh Allan and others, has been sold to Mr. Tennent, of Glasgow, for £20,000, or about \$40,000.

A MISSING MAN.—A young man named Archibald Minchin, of Georgetown, P. E. I., went to Sydney about the end of November, in the schooner "Caret," with a cargo of potatoes.

IRISH IMMIGRANTS.—New Brunswick wants a colony of Irish immigrants. How to induce large numbers of genuine sons of the sod to emigrate thither—that is the question.

READY.—An Ottawa despatch reports—"The Supreme Court and Election Acts, and other measures, including the Pacific Railway Scheme, are ready to be laid before Parliament."

LIBERTARIAN PROTEST.—The Halifax Citizen says, "incomparably the smallest people in the world" are on exhibition at Mason Hall, Halifax.

UNUSUAL.—Mr. Malcolm McCallum, of Pictou Island, skated across the ice from the island to town on Tuesday last, a feat that has not been accomplished for many a year.

RAILWAY AMALGAMATION.—An Ottawa despatch reports—"The Ministerial organs are advocating the amalgamation of the Northern Pacific and Canada Pacific Railways."

MORNING OF THE LEGISLATURE.—The Local Legislature of this island will meet for despatch of business on Thursday, next.

GENERAL DOYLE.—The Halifax Reporter says the many friends of General Doyle will be pleased to learn that the highest and only Lieut. General's command in England—that of Portsmouth, has been conferred on him by the Duke of Cambridge, and confirmed by the Queen.

A BAD ACCIDENT.—A young man named George Dockendorf, of West River, while chopping in the woods on Thursday last, Feb. 25th, slipped, and the axe entered his foot, inflicting a fearful wound.

A WOMAN ALMOST BREWED TO DEATH IN FREDERICTON.—On Friday afternoon an elderly woman, the wife of a laborer named Michael Powers, living on George Street, had her face, arms, and the upper portion of her body seriously burned by the accidental lighting of some alcohol with which she was bathing one of her arms that had recently been paralyzed.

THE SUPREME COURT.—The February Term of the Supreme Court for King's County was opened in the Court House, in Georgetown, on Tuesday, the 24th ult. The following Grand Jury was sworn in:—

R. B. Thomas, W. P. Lewis, Daniel Flynn, Charles McEachern, Duncan McDonald, Ronald McEachern, John P. McKay, James Peter Stewart, Charles Stewart, John H. Walker, Peter J. Edmunds, John P. Sullivan, Donald Stewart, James Scully, Lawrence Peters, Alan McDonald, Ronald McDonald, Peter B. McNeil, Donald McDonald.

The Queen on prosecution of George Broadhead vs. Robert and John Bull—Larceny. Case put off to July Term.

The Queen on prosecution of Wm. Handcock vs. Murdoch McAdam—Larceny. Convicted.

The Queen vs. Francis Morynagh—Indictment for murder. Bill not found.

The Queen on prosecution of Margaret MacDonald vs. Paul Andrie—Larceny. Bill not found.

The Queen on prosecution of John Knight vs. Paul Andrie—Larceny. Bill not found.

The Queen on prosecution of Emanuel McEachern vs. John Peiris, John McDonald, etc.—Indictment for assault. Bill found and warrant ordered.

The following are the civil suits:—Duncan Harper and another vs. Dennis Carrol—Action assumpsit. Judgment confessed. Mr. Hodgson for plaintiff, Mr. Longworth for defendant.

Robert J. Wilkins vs. John Knight—Action assumpsit. Settled by the parties. Mr. Longworth for plaintiff, Mr. Sullivan for defendant.

Henry Hayven vs. William Thompson—Action assumpsit. Settled by the parties, plaintiff recovering \$149.25. Mr. Longworth for plaintiff, Mr. Davies for defendant.

John Macgowan vs. James McDonald—Action assumpsit. Verdict for plaintiff, Mr. Palmer for plaintiff, Mr. Davies for defendant.

A few appeals were settled, others dismissed, and some to stand over. The Court closed on the evening of the 25th ult.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

MORNING OF PARLIAMENT.—It has been definitely decided that Parliament will assemble on the 26th March.

ORANGE BILL.—A Bill to incorporate the Orange Body passed the House of Assembly in New Brunswick, after a long debate.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We regret that the lengthy letter of "Victor Vim" was received too late for insertion in this issue of the EXAMINER.

TRIPS FOR CANADA.—Private advices from London confirm the statement that three regiments of British troops are under orders for Canada.

The people of New Amman, Lot 19, have decided to build a public hall. The spot selected for the building is on the corner of the road to Wilket Valley, on the farm of Robert Walker, Esq.

New Music.—Our thanks are due Messrs. Landry & McCarthy, agents for the celebrated Euterpe Organ, 44 Kings Street, St. John, N. B., for a splendid piece of music only 50 cents post paid to any address.

ELECTIONS.—BRITISH COLUMBIA.—DeCosmos and Roscoe are elected for Victoria, B. C. DeCosmos is pledged to unite with the other representatives in demanding that the ministry proceed with the construction of the Pacific Railway.

PUBLIC OFFICES.—Mr. Robins has entered upon his duties as Manager of the Savings Bank and Auditor in this Province for the Dominion Government. It is reported that Mr. Arthur Newbery will take Mr. Robins' place in the Treasury.

STEAM COMMUNICATION.—The desire for increased facilities of trade appears to be spreading. At a meeting held in Clifton, New London, it was unanimously resolved that our representatives be requested to secure, if possible, steam communication on the North side of the island, connecting with the principal ports.

Kensington is becoming quite a stirring little village. Several new buildings have been completed, and others are being built in from different parts of the surrounding country, for the purpose of dwelling houses, workshops, stores, &c. This sudden change is attributed to the opening up of the railroad through the country. Who says the railway is doing no good?—Journal.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF ONTARIO, for 1873, show the total expenditure of the year to have been \$2,460,212.23, against \$1,847,956.37 expended in 1872, or an increased outlay of \$612,255.86. Of this sum \$543,935 is represented by the six following items:—Colonization Road, \$70,150; Public Works and Buildings (capital account), \$287,623; Immigration, \$101,428; Education, \$11,703; Municipalities (as a matter of account only), \$43,962; Crown Lands, \$9,776.

The strong protest entered by the Opposition press against the inconsistency of the Cabinet, creating two extra members to the Cabinet, after denouncing such action when on the left of the speaker—has produced the desired result, for that hereafter there will be only thirteen Ministers:—Anglin, DeCosmos, Jette, Donald A. Smith, John O'Donohoe, and Robert Wilkes—all left out in the cold.

A CHILD KILLED BY A DEEP CREEK.—A man named Cloney, recently from Halifax, N. S., living off Ferry Street, Portland, Me., had a child about three months old taken sick, and summoned a physician, out as the child did not improve a messenger was sent to the drug store, corner of Fore and India streets, for paregoric, but instead of paregoric laudanum was given. This was Tuesday night, 18th. It was noticed that a mistake had been made as the child went into a doze. A physician was sent for, but it was too late, and the child died last night. —St. John Telegraph.

THE COLONIAL DEPARTMENT.—The Toronto Mail says—"Canadian generally will welcome the return of their old friend, Earl Carnarvon, to the Colonial Office, making every allowance for the personal qualities and administrative capacity of Earl Kimberley, it still remains true that the Colonial Department, along with all the rest, has been, under Mr. Gladstone's rule, overweighted with the influence of the Manchester school of politics. This influence is now greatly weakened; it is in fact, already apparent that popular sympathy in England is with the Colonies very strongly, and the Conservative Government in England may be expected to give this sympathy expression in a positive policy. At least, we may look for it that such a policy will be favored by the new Government, and that what we have to urge will receive something more than the stereotyped consideration which the importance of the subject demands."

PROBATIONERS IN CANADA.—The Quebec Conference and Probation League, in session in Montreal. Reports of the general committee recommend that all ministers of the Gospel, deliver at least two sermons, each year to the congregation on temperance, and that congregations hold meetings of prayer to discuss the subject, that public meetings be held in all school-houses for the same purpose, that united meetings for prayer to invoke Divine blessing on the cause be held, and that all Sunday school teachers be urged to impress temperance upon the minds of their scholars. The question of holding convention of the Ontario, New Brunswick and Quebec Conference Temperance League at Ottawa during the ensuing session of Parliament was left in the hands of the Executive Committee. Mr. Manning assured the meeting that the subject would be likely to be taken up by the Dominion Government on the meeting of Parliament.

It seems that the Dominion Government has recommended the Hon. George Bowen to the British Government as the best man for the Dominion by Commissioner to deal with the various questions that have to be dealt with under the provisions of the Washington Treaty. The British Government will very properly follow the advice of the Canadian in a matter of this kind, and the responsibility must rest on the latter. We do not know where the Government could find a more suitable Commissioner. George Bowen is not only an impracticable man—irascible, headstrong, full of wild assertions. He has never served as a Commissioner in the instance of a disputed neighborhood. He has also been a vehement opposer of the Treaty of Washington, and nothing would offend him more than to be able to prove that in some matters the Treaty was a failure. He did all he possibly could to defeat the Treaty at every stage of it, and now he has the good fortune of being placed in an official position which will enable him to make one important provision of the Treaty worse than a failure. —British Colonist.

Breach of good manners—for ruin to state you in the face.

CORRESPONDENCE.

MEETING AT VERNON RIVER BRIDGE.

Pursuant to notice, a large and influential meeting of the inhabitants of Vernon River, Ugg, Orwell, Chalmers Point and vicinity, was held at Vernon River Bridge on Thursday, February 19th, to discuss the Land Question and consider the local wants of this part of the District. The meeting was organized by appointing Mr. Norman McLeod to the Chair, and the undersigned as Secretary.

The meeting was addressed by the Hon. Benjamin Davies, M. P. E., William Welch, M. P. P., Hon. William McGill, M. L. C., Richard Smith, Robert Shaw, and John Grant Esquire, at some length on the Land Question, when Messrs. John Furness, John McElroy, John G. McKenzie, and others addressed the meeting regarding the petition to the House of Assembly for the urgent necessity of building a wharf at Vernon River Bridge, and other local wants; and also the great loss attending the very inefficient state of the Hillsborough Ferry to this part of the Island.

After some discussion, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Moved by Mr. John McElroy, and seconded by Edward Grant Esquire:—

Resolved, That it is desirable that the Land Question of this Island should be fairly settled, and that the leasehold system should be entirely abolished.

And whereas, the Colonial Office acknowledge the existence of a grievance to the tenants of this Island when they appointed the Land Commission, and

And whereas, it was proved to the satisfaction of the Commissioners that the leasehold system retarded the progress of Prince Edward Island, and

And whereas, by the terms of Union with Canada, this Island is entitled to receive from the Dominion the sum of \$800,000 to purchase the same, and

And whereas, the remaining proprietors have decided to comply with the terms of the Land Purchase Act, and should said proprietors give up their right to the land, and

Resolved, That it is the opinion of the undersigned, that the Dominion Government to enact such a law as will complicate private interest to give way to public right.

Moved by Mr. John Furness, and seconded by Mr. Murdoch McDonald:—

Resolved, That a large quantity of produce is shipped from Vernon River Bridge, and spring from the same, and that the same is not only a great nuisance, but also a great source of danger to the public, and that the same should be removed, and

Resolved, That the attention of our representatives be directed to the urgent necessity of removing such obstructions at the earliest possible period, and that they respectively requested to use their influence to secure the much-needed improvement to our shipping port.

Moved by Mr. William W. Forbes, seconded by Richard Smith, Esquire:—

Resolved, That the Southport Ferry causes great inconvenience, delay and serious loss to the public, and that the same should be improved, and that the same should be improved, and

Resolved, That as we receive no benefit from the railway now in course of construction, except ourselves justly entitled to good roads, proper docks, and such other public works, and that the same should be improved, and

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the Patriot, Examiner, and other newspapers for publication.

A vote of thanks being tendered to the Chairman, and three cheers for Her Majesty the Queen, the meeting dispersed.

GEORGE FORBES, Secy.

PRICES CURRENT.

Beef, (small pieces) per lb. 00.06 to 0.12

Ham, per lb. 0.09 to 0.12

Mutton, per lb. 0.07 to 0.10

Pork, (small pieces) per lb. 0.07 to 0.10

Veal, per lb. 0.06 to 0.08

POULTRY

Chickens, per pair 0.50 to 0.75

Ducks, (each) 0.20 to 0.25

Fowls, (each) 0.16 to 0.24

Partridges, (each) 0.20 to 0.25

Turkeys, (each) 0.80 to 1.60

HALIFAX SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

An association has been organized in Halifax, the objects of which shall be:—

1.—To take measures for bringing the City of Halifax under the operation of the Common School Law of the province, so as to secure for the children the right of electing their own Trustees or Com-missioners.

2.—To watch over Education in the City, and to use such means as may be deemed expedient to stimulate the citizens to do their duty in the matter and promote the interests of Education in the community.

3.—To nominate and take steps for the election of a body of Trustees or Commissioners of School Commissioners or Trustees of the City.

The following are the proposed by-laws of the Association:—

1.—The officers of the Association shall consist of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Executive Committee of Five, to be chosen annually, at a meeting to be held as early as convenient after the beginning of each year.

2.—All persons willing to operate in accomplishing the objects of the Association, on payment of "one Dollar," and subscribing the by-laws, become members of the Association. The signing of the constitution shall be considered a pledge on the part of members that they are heartily endeavoring to secure the objects of the Association.

3.—The duty of the President shall be to preside over all meetings of the Association, and in his absence one of the Vice-Presidents shall take his place, or the meeting may be presided over by the Secretary.

4.—The duty of the Secretary shall be to keep a careful record of the proceedings of the Association.

5.—The duty of the Treasurer shall be to take charge of the funds of the Association, and pay out the same in order of the President only.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

BISHOP BISHOP, of Nova Scotia, in a letter to Rev. G. M. Grant, thus alludes to the religious difficulty:—

"The separate school system, if practicable, would be decidedly preferred by us all, and it is not necessary to say that the union of the two systems is manifestly unjust and insulting to all 'Protestants' for it allows the majority to give a school for their own children, using their own catechism, while the several denominations included in the other division may only maintain a few general religious principles, and no denominational teaching being strictly excluded."

I am persuaded that in this country the state cannot properly be said to be a public school, but that this is altogether insufficient, and the English system appears to me to be the only practical mode of securing religious instruction in any country.

I would suggest, therefore, some provision to be inserted in the School Law to this effect:—

Whenever any priest or recognized minister of any body of Christians, of which there are a specified number (say 10) attending school, shall give to the Trustees or Managers of the school, either personally or by some agent, for the religious instruction of those children, arrangements shall be made for a separate school, to be held either before the arrival or after the departure of the other children.

Where the school building will admit of separate instruction to more than one class of the same name, the same ministers may be admitted together, and when several ministers with parental consent, the portion of time allotted for religious instruction in the course of the week may be divided among them.

STROUS LANGUAGE FROM THE BENCH.—The following is a specimen of the vigorous language of the Hon. Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, in the case of "When witnesses are misrepresented in their evidence, when dates are set at naught, and all this, but in the order of argument in the cause, but in order to lay the foundation of foul imputation and unbecoming insinuation against the witnesses—when an uncessant torrent of invective and black foul slime is sent forth with a view to blacken the character of men of good name and high position, and to bring out reproach—it is impossible for judges to interpose and check the torrent of indiscriminate and unlimited abuse in which the learned counsel for the defence indulged, and in which the spirit of Sergeant and Jeffries animated the administration of justice in the present day. I think that if it did the learned counsel for the defence would have been laid by the law, and put aside. That was the way we were met, and with suggestions that we were interfering with the liberty and privilege of the bar."

THE SIAMSE TWINS.

Post Mortem examination proves that cutting the hand of one of these remarkable twins while living, would have caused death. A late paper gives the following report of the "autopsy":—

The scalpel was first used on the connecting band between the Siamese twins Monday morning, the 17th inst. The operation was confined to taking casts, photographing, and examining the viscera, which were found not to differ from those of ordinary men, liver, lungs, and stomach, and the canal being well developed in each. Approaching the band, the lower portion of the osseous cartilage of the breast-bone in each twin was found to be united to the other, and a long union with a distinct joint at the central point of union on which the bodies rested. This joint is similar, but not identical, to the human joint, and the circumference of the band at the smallest part is nine inches, and the circumference of the chest, when as far apart as possible are eight inches. The hands were found to be united, each body was cut through posteriorly, and thrown back from the band and adjacent structures, exposing the entire muscle of the arm, and the liver, stomach, and intestines, the question whether a severance could have been made safely in life, settled in the negative with almost certainty. The living moment was taken, and the bodies were placed in the hand and form punches, overlapping each other at the centre of the band.

What was most peculiar here was the presence of such such a union from the body of Chang, the upper one, and the lower one, but each leaping one from above, and the other from below the single punch of Chang, the lower one, which had been between the thumb and finger of the other hand, will give an exact idea of the arrangement of these pouches. A line passing down the centre of the band, and cutting it through, these prolongations and open the abdominal cavity of each of the twins. If the knife had been used in life, death would therefore, probably, have been the result. The examination also showed that there was a circulation through the band as is seen from the passage of the injecting matter used in coloration, and the fact that the twins were in contact with these pouches, but are not continuous into them. The most important investigation will take place by making a deep incision into the band, and a view of the containing the umbilical connections bearing on physiological manifestations in the total life of such beings.

A quarrel between the inhabitants of the town of Vera Cruz resulted in a fight in which 17 persons were killed. In revenge the suffering faction went to the other town and began an indiscriminate massacre of men, women, and children, including the injuries of a most cruel and wantonly character. The military had been sent for to put an end to the atrocities.

"WOMEN NOT UNCONSTITUTIONAL."—The Boston Daily Herald demonstrates the truth of this thesis in a learned article. We are glad to hear it, but even if women had been found to be unconstitutionally, we scarcely know how we could either get rid of them or dispense with them. —St. John Telegraph.

Young's Core, May 12, 1867.

This is to certify, that I have been afflicted with the Asthma for ten years, in its worst form, and have tried every remedy, but in vain. In September 1866, I applied to Mr. John Gates or his celebrated medicine, and after taking a few bottles I found great relief, and am now perfectly cured. I wish to express my thanks to Mr. John Gates for his medicine, and to Mr. Robert Bent.

ROBERT BENT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTORS' SALE!

RARE CHANCE

WITH the consent of all concerned, we the undersigned Executors of the late OWEN GILL, Esq., propose selling by Public Auction, on the premises, on the

4th day of April, next, at the hour of 11 o'clock, a.m., (if not disposed of by private sale) the property owned by the late Owen G. Gill, Esq., consisting of a Lot of land 100 x 90 feet; a large two-story Dwelling House, 48 x 30 feet, with a well, and a large stable, with suitable Out-houses—the property now drawing a yearly rent of \$400. It is one of the most desirable business stands in the rising town of Summerside.

TERMS.—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale; the balance to remain on good security until the First day of December next. An undisturbable title will be given.

SALE POSITIVE.

W. M. BEARISTO, Auctioneer.

ANOTHER SALE.

MR. JOHN S. O'NEILL, who occupies the above-named premises, being about to make an alteration in his business, has instructed the subscriber to sell by Auction at the same time, the whole of his stock of Liquors, Groceries, &c., &c.

For particulars see handbills.

W. M. BEARISTO, Auctioneer.

Administratrix's Notice.

ALL persons who have any demands upon the Estate of STEPHEN SWABEY, of Warblington, in this Island, Esquire, deceased, and hereby notified to exhibit such demands, duly attested, at the office of Messrs. Palmer & McLeod, Charlottetown, within one year from the date of this advertisement, on pain of the forfeiture of the same. All persons having claims against the Estate are hereby notified to make payment.

Dated 6th February, A. D. 1874.

KATHERINE M. SWABEY, Administratrix.

PROCLAMATION

By His Honor Sir Robert Hodgson, Knight, Administrator of the Government of the Province of Prince Edward Island, and the Territories thereto belonging, Chancellor, and Ordinary of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Island stands prorogued until Thursday, the Twelfth day of February inst.—

I have thought fit, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Executive Council, to further to prorogue the said General Assembly and the same is hereby prorogued until Thursday, the Twelfth day of March next, ensuing, then to meet for the first time.

The duty of the Secretary shall be to keep a careful record of the proceedings of the Association.

THE DUTY OF THE TREASURER SHALL BE TO TAKE CHARGE OF THE FUNDS OF THE ASSOCIATION, AND PAY OUT THE SAME IN ORDER OF THE PRESIDENT ONLY.

THE DUTY OF THE SECRETARY SHALL BE TO KEEP A CAREFUL RECORD OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

THE DUTY OF THE PRESIDENT SHALL BE TO PRESIDE OVER ALL MEETINGS OF THE ASSOCIATION, AND IN HIS ABSENCE ONE OF THE VICE-PRESIDENTS SHALL TAKE HIS PLACE, OR THE MEETING MAY BE PRESIDED OVER BY THE SECRETARY.

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LAST ARRIVAL FOR THE SEASON AT

THE

LONDON HOUSE!

Per Royal Mail steamers via Pictou, in addition to wint'ers' Stock.

12 Cases and Bales Lustres, Prints, Ostrich Plumes and Feathers, Scarlet Cap Cloth, &c., &c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WINTER SHAWLS!

In Ottoman Squares—Anglo-Colonial, Beaver, Pallium, &c., &c., &c.

NEW FRUIT FOR CHRISTMAS!!

RAISINS, CURRANTS, SPICES, SOAP, REFINED, COFFEE, GRANULATED & BROWN SUGAR, &c., &c., &c.

CAEAP FOR CASH.

GEORGE DAVIES & CO.

December 22, 1873.

Outfitting Warehouse!

39 QUEEN STREET.

GENTLEMEN:

We are now Showing a Full Line of Caps! Fur Caps!

AND AT PRICES TO SUIT ALL!

Our Stock of Cloths Cannot Be Surpassed in Quality, Shades or Prices!

Also, Heavy Winter Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian, HEAVY ULSTER OVERCOATS ON HAND!

C. Robertson & Co.

October 6, 1873.—ly

THE CANADA GUARANTEE COMPANY

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Sir Alexander F. Galt, K. C. M. G., President.

CAPITAL, 100,000.

THIS COMPANY, incorporated by Acts of Parliament, is licensed to transact Guaranty business throughout the Dominion, and to issue BONDS OF SECURITY in lieu of Private Suretieships.

The Bonds of the Company are accepted by the Dominion Government FROM ALL PUBLIC OFFICERS OF CANADA, as also by the Bank of Montreal, The Royal Canadian Bank, The Bank of Toronto, The People's Bank, The Maritime Bank of the Dominion, and by other Companies and Boards of Trade. Also by the Governments of Quebec and British Columbia.

The object of this Company is to guarantee to the employer the faithful performance of the duty of the employee, thereby dispensing with the trouble, inconvenience and insecurity of private suretyship.

Persons requiring to put in bonds of security on their appointment to DOMINION OFFICES in this Island, by application to a branch office here, can obtain them on payment of the premium of from 4 to 1 per cent.

R. R. Fitzgerald, Agent in P. E. Island.

Charlottetown, Jan. 12, 1874.