

THE DAILY EXAMINER. OCTOBER 8, 1889.

The Gospel of Distrust.

Tired of vainly preaching the gospel of ruin and despair, the Opposition party has resorted to the cry of "Distrust."

"Distrust of race against race, distrust of creed against creed, distrust of motive, distrust of intention, which combines a creed or a race within itself instead of moving them forward together all to a common end; distrust which engenders hostility, hostility the consequences of which are almost appalling."

This is the burden of Mr. Laurier's speech at Toronto. More than this, the distrust is, according to Mr. Laurier—the Leader of the Grits—due to the Conservatives; and the Conservatives should, therefore—Mr. Laurier concludes—be driven from power, and he and his colleagues permitted to taste of the sweets of office!

What evidence have we that such universal distrust of race and creed exists in Canada, as to "engender hostility, the consequences of which are almost appalling." Do the various races and creeds stand separate and apart. Do French and English, Irish and Scotch, Protestants and Catholics, scowl at each other? They do not. We see them mingle freely at tea parties in aid of the churches; at exhibitions, at all social gatherings,—and we see no evidence whatever of distrust. The most zealous Catholic is often found doing a good turn for his Protestant neighbor, and a good Protestant would in almost every instance just as soon help a Catholic as anyone else. The race to which a man belongs is rarely, if ever, in our experience, a bar to social or political privilege,—except in the case of a Negro or an Indian.

"Distrust of race against race," "distrust of creed against creed" is certainly not evident in the everyday converse of Canadians. Where is this distrust? A Catholic would not perhaps, trust, a Protestant Minister to shrieve him; nor is it likely that a strong Protestant would ask a Catholic Priest to administer spiritual consolation to himself or his family. A Frenchman might prefer a Frenchman for his confidante, though we no doubt whatever, that there are scores of English, Irish and Scotch men whom he would readily trust, even in matters of the most delicate concern. There is undoubtedly, distrust on the part of the Tories as to the motives and actions of the Grits; the Grits we are pleased to know are, as time goes on, learning to trust the Tories more and more. But such mistrust as this will exist until the time of the millennium. It is unchristian and essential to the life of a people endowed with civil and religious liberty—a people free to choose, free to think, and act, and criticize.

This constitutional distrust may certainly be unduly aggravated by reason of the acts and speeches of unpatriotic, senseless, or selfish demagogues. It has, undoubtedly, been so aggravated in Quebec and Ontario. After loudly demanding the blood of Riel, the Grits joined with Mercier in a cry of "Race and Revenge" because Riel was hung; after frankly declaring that the Jesuits' Estates Act was well within the lines of the Constitution, the Toronto Mail and its following joined in a yell of execration because the Governor-General in Council refused, in respect to that bill, to interfere with the constitutional rights of the Province of Quebec. The motive, in both cases, was apparent. In both cases the aim of the demagogues was to draw away the support of a large section of the people from the Liberal-Conservative party—to oust Sir John Macdonald, to enable the Grits to obtain control of the public purse. If distrust, abnormal and mischievous, exists in any part of Canada to-day, it is clearly, solely and directly the result of agitators raised by designing men for the purpose of injuring the Government.

Mr. Laurier says that he lays the charge and blame of the "universal distrust," which he affects to see, upon the Conservative party. What has the Conservative party done to create distrust? Riel was hung in spite of the protests of Quebec; the Jesuits' Estates Act was not disallowed in spite of the protests of Ontario. Right was done in both cases. Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues and supporters refused to be coerced by the Frenchmen of Quebec or by the Protestants of Ontario. They dared to do that which they believed to be right, to stand unmoved by popular clamor in the largest provinces of Canada. It is conduct such as this—independent, manly action—which usually wins trust. Such conduct never creates distrust.

We have no doubt that the independent voters of Canada, the men who think that—"Because right is right, to follow right, were wisdom in the scorn of consequence"—will continue to support the administration of Sir John Macdonald. We have no fear that the preaching of the gospel of distrust will be any more successful than that of the gospel of ruin and despair.

The funeral of Mr. T. A. LePage was a striking proof of the power and influence of a high moral character. Mr. LePage had not been a member of any society or association—the profession was not assailed by adventitious means or circumstances,—but men of every class hastened to pay a tribute to the moral goodness portrayed in his rare character. The funeral procession was one of the longest we have seen in Charlottetown.

Notes and Clippings.

The American Consul-general at Ottawa has received a circular inviting Canadian co-operation in the international maritime exhibition at Boston, which opens on November 4th. Exhibits of articles used in navigation, such as ship models, engines, nautical devices, etc., are desired. The management undertake to bear the expense of transporting and returning exhibits.

Grip tells the truth, accidentally, sometimes. In the last issue, this rant artist gives emphatic utterance to the following great truth:

"It is clear to every intelligent observer that looking over the Dominion from end to end, there is nothing like a spirit of enthusiasm at present animating the Liberal ranks, and the reason plainly is that the members of the party have nothing to be united and enthusiastic about."

The Catholic World for October contains an article by Mr. J. A. J. McKenna, of Charlottetown, who is now residing in Ottawa. The Catholic World is a magazine of high literary merit; and Mr. McKenna's article occupies the leading position. This is the best proof in the world of the estimation in which Mr. McKenna's literary abilities are held by the editor of the magazine. We are pleased to note that yet another Islander has taken rank among the writers of the American continent.

Readers of the Toronto Globe who have been taught by it to anticipate ruinous loss to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and the country, must have been glad to read the following "special cable" which appeared in the Globe of recent date:

"Canadian Pacific shares, which have risen two points during the past week, will probably go higher as a result of the statement in tomorrow's Canadian Gazette to the effect that it is now safe to make a yet higher estimate of the year's earnings than was suggested in the same journal during the last three months. The Gazette indeed predicts that the net income for the year ending February, will equal about 3 and a half per cent. on the total share capital."

The death of Dr. Rand, the venerable apostle to the Mic-Macs of the Maritime Provinces, has been announced. Dr. Rand was in many respects an extraordinary man. He was one of twenty-two children born to the same parents, his mother being an aunt of Sir Charles Tupper; he was a prodigy of learning, although he did not begin his studies until he was about twenty-three years of age, and although he carried them on while laboring hard as a Baptist Minister; he was a very powerful preacher, effecting "spiritual awakenings" wherever he went. After he had worked in the regular ministry for about twelve years, he conceived the idea of becoming a missionary to the Indians. While working as a missionary to the Indians he studied the Indian languages and wrote a number of books for their enlightenment, and was in himself a mine of information in respect to Indian legends and folk-lore.

Telegraphic Odds and Ends.

A BUDGET OF GENERAL NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

DUBLIN, Oct. 5.—The Earl of Zetland, the new Viceroy of Ireland, took the oath of office at Dublin Castle to-day.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—It is stated that neither France nor Italy will oppose a renewal of the Latin union, which expires in December.

MONTREAL, Oct. 6.—The wife of constable Lapiere, while ironing last evening, overturned an oil lamp which exploded, and the lady was burned so badly that she died at once to-day.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5.—Dock laborers at their meeting last night formed a union for mutual protection. When the organization is on a strong financial basis and in good working order a strike is to be inaugurated.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The laborers employed in the wool warehouses in London docks, have gone out on strike, owing, as they claim, to preference given to blacklegs by employers. Burns and Tillet are trying to arrange the trouble, but it is feared the strike will spread.

ST. SCHOLASTIQUE, Quebec, Oct. 6.—The Conservative demonstration here yesterday was a great success. Taillon, Desjardins, Daoust and Beauchamp spoke to 10,000 electors. Daoust has represented Two Mountains since 1854, and with Sir John and Bourassa of St. John's compose the triple link which binds the present Parliament to the long past.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The legal costs on the Irish side of the Parnell Commission, including expenses for witnesses and reporters, was fully covered by the indemnity fund. Sir Charles Russel received £1000 for preparing briefs in addition to £50 daily. Messrs. Reid and Lockwood each received one-half that sum. The expenses of the Times largely exceed those of the Irish side.

QUEBEC, Oct. 5.—A bulletin issued by the department of agriculture announces that the late weather was all that could be desired, and that all the crops are above the average in yield.

ROME, Oct. 6.—The province of Cagliari has been ravaged by a terrific storm; 240 houses were destroyed, 16 persons killed and hundreds were injured.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—A terrible hurricane has visited the island of Sardinia. One hundred persons were buried in the debris of buildings, shattered by the storm; 30 persons were killed.

Personal.

Capt. Gordon, of the Dominion cruising steamer Acadia, visited Charlottetown to-day.

Mr. George R. McMahon, station agent at Emerald, was in town to-day.

His Lordship Bishop McIntyre left on a brief visit to Ottawa yesterday. He is accompanied by the Rev. J. McMillan, of Grand River.

Hon. A. J. McDonald, of Georgetown, is registered at the Hotel Davies.

Mr. George A. Dixon, agent at New Glasgow, N. S., for the Charlottetown Woolen Mills, is in the city.

We are pleased to learn that Mr. C. B. Warren has sufficiently recovered from the injuries he recently sustained while out driving, to be able to attend to business again.

Fresh ground Lineed Meal at Geo. Carter & Co's. oct7 3f

Fresh lemons and green grapes at Beer & Gott's. oct7 3f

The Allen Sale.

A VISIT to the Lyceum Theatre is, no doubt, a surprise to all who have called there to-day—and no wonder. Such a display, such grand goods, such an assortment of diamonds, gold watches, jewelry, silverware and art goods was never before seen under one roof in Charlottetown. The auction sale commences to-morrow afternoon at 3, and evening at 8. The advertisement and circular fully explain the object of this great sale. What the press says:—

Toronto paper, March 1st: Messrs. C. & J. Allen are about closing the largest jewelry house in Canada, and retiring from business. Mr. Geo. E. McConkey has rented their immense warehouse and purchased their \$10,000 fixtures. The Messrs. Allen, after twenty-one years of honorable and successful trade, will now give the public an opportunity of getting bargains, as they have decided to sell off the whole of their stock by auction, and will hold sales in all the principal cities throughout the Dominion.

Montreal Herald: Messrs. C. & J. Allen, of Toronto, the well-known wholesale and retail jewellers, have just concluded the largest auction sale ever held in Montreal, at Merrill's store, Notre Dame Street. For the past eight weeks the large store has been crowded with the elite of the city, and the thousands who purchased are loud in their praises of the manner in which the sale was conducted, and of the superiority of the goods sold. The Messrs. Allen have for a tour of the maritime provinces, where they have shipped a grand assortment of goods in advance.

St. John paper: The big auction sale has drawn to a close. The Messrs. Allen well deserve the liberal patronage bestowed on them during their five weeks' stay in St. John. The sales were so largely attended that the Sheffield House, the largest store in the city, proved altogether too small to accommodate the crowds. The firm leave for Halifax where they intend selling off the large assortment of goods shipped to that city. They have only to conduct their sales there as they have here to gain and enjoy the full confidence of the public. We wish them success.

Halifax Herald: Never in the annals of auctioneering in Halifax has a sale of such magnitude been held as that just now being brought to a close. Notwithstanding the fact of this being the dull season of the year, the large premises, 126 Granville Street, was crowded to its utmost capacity every day and evening during the past five weeks, and hundreds had to go away nightly, not being able to gain admission. The Messrs. Allen, with their business record of 21 years, and their high standing in the jewelry trade, at once obtained, as they deserved, the full confidence of our people, and had no difficulty whatever of disposing of their goods last evening. Some great bargains were obtained in diamonds and high class gold watches. The large diamond ear-rings which were so much admired, sold for \$475, and a number of gold timing and striking watches brought from \$40 to \$195 each. An assortment of fine goods has never been sold at auction in this city, and the treat was a rare one indeed, and fully appreciated by the people of Halifax. The Messrs. Allen leave on Monday next for Charlottetown, P. E. I., where they have already shipped a large portion of their stock.

The sale here commences to-morrow and will be continued every afternoon and evening at the Lyceum until further notice. The goods are now on exhibition.—Adv.

TENDERS INVITED

FOR

Stock and Good Will of Business,

BY

R. ROBBLEE & CO., SUMMERSIDE.

HAVING decided to wind up our business, tenders will be received up to noon on 15th day of October, 1889, for the purchase of a percentage on the first cost, for our general stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Boots, Shoes, &c.,

and good will of our business, amounting to some \$8,000 (Eight Thousand Dollars).

The Stock is in perfect order, a large portion being of this season's importation and bought for cash.

The Stand is one of the most central in Summerside, and the premises is one of the best in the Province, fitted up in the most modern style.

Intending purchasers can call and examine or address by letter, when every information will be given.

TERMS—Cash or time will be given at 3, 6, 9, 12, 15 months, upon approved security.

Also, we offer the following by private sale:

1st. Our Lobster, Mackerel and Codfishing Establishment situated at Miminigash, including 2 Seine Boats, large quantity of Salt, Empty Cans, Mackerel Barrels, Can Making Tools, etc. This property is considered one of the largest fishing stands on the coast. Terms, 25 per cent. down; balance, 4, 8 and 12 months.

2nd. The Steam Tug "Yantic," only one year old, and fitted up with the latest improved machinery. Terms, 33 1/2 per cent. down; balance, 4, 8 and 12 months.

3rd. The Residence now occupied by F. H. Robblee, on Popular Avenue. Also, Six Acres of Land, situated near St. Eleanor's, adjoining the Farm of Mr. J. L. Lea's, and opposite the residence of Mr. Wm. H. Brown. The same will be sold separately or together. Terms, 33 1/2 per cent. down; balance, 5 years at 6 per cent. interest.

4th. The Residence now occupied by Mr. J. B. Clark, situated on Water Street. Terms, 33 1/2 per cent. down; balance in 5 years at 6 per cent.

For further particulars apply at our office or by letter to

R. ROBBLEE & CO., Summerside.

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STANLEY BROTHERS, BROWNS BLOCK. NOW OPENING AT

Auction Prices!

ALL OF OUR IMMENSE STOCK of Watches, Jewelry and Silverware is offered for sale regardless of cost. Good, reliable and salable goods, which have not been peddled all over the province and stabbed. We do not ask \$75 and take \$5. No goods marked up for the occasion. The public can depend on good value, as we can buy and sell as cheap as any house in Canada. Silverware, from a Tea Set to a Baby Rattle. Flat Ware to suit all Clocks, from \$2 to \$50, regardless of cost. Bronzes and Lamps, &c. Sale to continue until further notice.

E. W. TAYLOR, CAMERON BLOCK. October 8, 1889—thru sat

Auction Sale Extraordinary.

MESSRS. C. & J. ALLEN, Wholesale and Retail Jewellers, of Toronto, Ont., (the largest Jewelry House in Canada), retired from business on 1st March last, and inaugurated a series of Auction Sales throughout the Dominion in order to convert their stock into Cash and give the Public an incentive to assist them in doing so.

Auction Sales were held at their Warehouse in Toronto (3 sales each day) for seven weeks. In Montreal, at Merrill's large store (3 sales daily), for eight weeks. In St. John, N. B., at Sheffield House, Market Square (3 sales each day), for five weeks. In Halifax, at 123 Granville Street (2 sales each day), for five weeks. And have now opened up a magnificent assortment of Goods

AT THE LYCEUM THEATRE, CHARLOTTETOWN, Where Sales will be held Daily at 3 and 8 p.m.

And will be continued Every Afternoon and Evening until further notice.

The Hall will be open each day from 9 a.m. until hour of sale (3 p.m.), when the goods will be on view, and any article can be selected at pleasure for competition at the Auction. THE STOCK IS VERY LARGE, and consists in part of DIAMONDS, set in Rings, Brooches, Scarfpins, Earflaps, Studs, Collar Buttons, Bracelets, etc.; Gold and Silver Watches, in great variety and newest designs (a grand assortment); Jewelry of every description; Silverware in Tea Sets, Urns, Salvers, Five o'clock Tea Sets, Berry Sets, Cake Baskets, Vases, Centre Pieces, Egg-cups, Flower Stands, Toilet Sets, Crumb Trays and Brushes, Baking and Padding Dishes, Salad Bowls, Biscuit Boxes, etc.; Knives, Forks and Spoons of the finest quality (Wm. Rogers' make); Art Goods, Bronze Figures, Marble Clocks, Bisque and other China Ornaments, and a large assortment of Fancy Goods.

MR. CHAS ALLEN, the senior member of the firm, personally superintends the sale, and gives the firm's guarantee as to all articles being sold as represented. A written guarantee is given with every Gold Watch and Chain disposed of.

N.B.—The method in which we conduct our sale is entirely different to the ordinary Auction Sale. Care is taken that the rough element is excluded. Seats are reserved for ladies, and any article in the stock can be selected at any time during sales and offered for immediate competition, obviating the necessity of long and tedious waiting.

To our large number of former customers and friends in the Island who have so liberally patronized us for the best twenty years, we take this opportunity of returning our earnest thanks, and beg to assure them as well as the general public that no effort will be spared, during the continuance of our Auction in Charlottetown, to make the sales both pleasing and attractive, and to deserve, as in Montreal, Toronto, St. John and Halifax, the patronage of the elite of the city. The sales are absolutely unreserved, and no upset price is placed on any article offered.

Respectfully, C. & J. ALLEN.

Charlottetown, Oct. 7, 1889.

LONDON HOUSE EXHIBITION WEEK!

FALL STOCK NOW OPENING.

15 Cases London Goods

JUST RECEIVED—BALANCE EXPECTED DAILY.

Largest and Best Stock of Ready-made Clothing Ever Shown.

HARRIS & STEWART.

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20th September.

LARGE STOCK

NEW GOODS

—NOW OPENING AT—

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, Sept. 20, 1889—dy wky