

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL 2. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1878. NO. 214.

## A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized

### OUR NEW STUDIO,

we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make Photographs of a Style and Quality that has never before attempted in this City.

We have on exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the

### BEAUTIFUL PHOTO - ENAMEL

the most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful

### Glace Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents; while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Crayon, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for themselves throughout the Lower Provinces.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

### ROSS BROS.,

Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets, opposite Connolly's Bank.

Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

## International Hotel!

(FORMERLY RANKIN HOUSE)

Corner of Pownal & Sydney Streets, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Private and permanent Boarders can be accommodated on very moderate terms, during the winter season, at the International.

### D. MCISAAC,

Proprietor.

Dec. 19, 1877—2m

**MOLASSES**—In Store and to arrive for Winter's Stock, 125 Puns, Barbadoes & Cienfuegos. CARVELL BROS. Dec. 5—pat 3

## CHEAPEST YET!

In Connection with our Cheap Dry Goods Sale

We will offer our entire Stock of

**BOOTS & SHOES,** of about \$2,000 worth, at cost to clear, consisting of—

Men's Wellington Boots,  
Men's Leather Congress Boots,  
Men's Felt Congress Boots,  
Men's Larrigans & Overshoes,  
Men's Felt and Leather Slippers,  
Women's Leather Boots,  
(Elastic and Laced),  
Women's Felt Boots,  
Women's Slippers & Overshoes,  
Misses' & Children's Leather Boots.

COME ONE AND ALL AND GET BOOTS CHEAP

### J. B. MACDONALD,

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN. Jan. 9—ne pat

## FINE ARTS

### NEW YEAR'S CLASS.

MRS. W. W. IRVING begs to intimate to the public that she has re-opened her Classes at the late City Hotel, opposite the R. C. Chapel, where, having every facility, she is prepared to give lessons in Oil and Water Color Painting, and Drawing in Crayon and Pencil in all their different branches. Terms made known on application. Jan. 11, 1877.

## BOOK & JOB

# PRINTING!

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AT THE "EXAMINER" OFFICE

under the careful supervision of

J. W. MITCHELL.

We are now in a position to execute orders for all kinds of Printing, such as

LETTER HEADS,

BILL HEADS,

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PAMPHLETS,

DODGERS,

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AND ALL KINDS OF

Bank and Legal Blanks,

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DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

The Great English Remedy for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse, or Loss of Menstrual Discharge, or Loss of Vision, or Premature Old Age, and After-Taking, many of these diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption, and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address W. M. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, P. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Dodd, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere



The Greatest Medical Discovery since the Creation of Man, or since the Commencement of the Christian Era.

There never has been a time when the healing of so many different diseases has been caused by outward application as the present. It is an undisputed fact that over half of the entire population of the globe resort to the use of ordinary plasters.

Physicians in all ages have thoroughly tested and well know the effect of Capsicum; and it has always been more or less used as a medical agent for an outward application; but it is only of very recent date that its advantages in a porous plaster have been discovered. Being, however, convinced of the wonderful cures effected by DR. MELVIN'S CAPSICUM POROUS PLASTER, and their superiority over all other plasters, they now actually prescribe them, in their practice, for such diseases as rheumatism, pain in the side and back, and all such cases as have required the use of plasters or liniment. After you have tried other plasters and liniments, and they have failed, and you want a certain cure, ask your druggist for DR. MELVIN'S CAPSICUM POROUS PLASTER. You can hardly believe your own convictions of its wonderful effects. Although powerful and quick in its action, you can rely on its safety for the most delicate person to wear, as it is free from lead and other poisonous material commonly used in the manufacture of ordinary plasters. One trial is a sufficient guarantee of its merits, and one plaster will sell hundreds to your friends.

Ask your druggist for DR. MELVIN'S CAPSICUM POROUS PLASTER, and take no other; on receipt of 25 cents for one, \$1 for five, or \$2 for a dozen, they will be mailed, post paid, to any address in the United States or Canada.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

NOVELTY PLASTER WORKS

Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.,

G. E. MITCHELL, Proprietor,

Manufacturers of Plasters and Plaster Compounds

W. R. WATSON, Agent.

December 7, 1877.

## To Trustees of Country Schools

THE Trustees of several Districts have been applying for school furniture, and in every instance consider the American and Canadian Combination Seat and Desk too expensive. I have just got up a Combination that is stronger, neater, and one-third cheaper than those that have been imported. Call and see samples of the different sizes. City School Trustees fully approve of them.

MARK BUTCHER

Dec. 18, 1877—ex lm ne a pat pres 4i

1878.

THE

# Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.

It Contains Twenty-eight Columns,

nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

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## IN DULL TIMES

GET THE

## CHEAPEST AND BEST!

## The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

## LOCAL NEWS,

and is always well filled with

Political, Shipping, Commercial, and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

## The Daily Examiner

Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, . . . . . \$2.50  
For Three Months, . . . . . 1.25  
For One Month, . . . . . .50

ADDRESS,

## W. L. COTTON,

Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.

Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

## Charlottetown Reading Room and Merchants' Exchange.

THE MANAGER'S ANNUAL REPORT.

This valuable institution was first organized in January, 1860, and has ever since continued to command the support and patronage of nearly all the leading merchants and professional men of Charlottetown.

The annual list of daily papers and other periodicals on its tables have gradually increased year after year to meet the growing requirements of the mercantile community.

On the revised list of papers for the current year are—

London.—The Mail, Mitchell's Maritime Register, Illustrated News, Punch, News of the World, Saturday Review, Spectator, Public Opinion.

Liverpool.—Daily Telegraph and Shipping Gazette.

Edinburgh.—Scotsman, Dublin Freeman.

New York.—Daily Herald, Shipping and Commercial List and Prices Current, Maritime Register, Tribune, World, Times, Scottish American, Harper's Weekly, Wilke's Spirit of the Times, Scientific American, &c.

Boston.—Daily Journal, Advertiser, Express.

Ottawa.—Citizen, Free Press.

Montreal.—Daily Gazette, Witness, Illustrated News, &c.

Toronto.—Daily Mail, Globe, Monetary Times.

St. John, N. B.—Daily Telegraph, Freeman.

Halifax, N. S.—Daily Chronicle, Herald, Reporter.

All P. E. Island papers, and a large number of exchanges from California, Australia, and other places.

Also, daily Telegraphic despatches, containing the latest European, American, and Dominion news, shipping intelligence, gold quotations, sterling exchange, &c.

In connection with the Reading Room was also organized, and for many years conducted, the Charlottetown Debating Club—the weekly meetings of which were held, during the winter months, in the Reading Room. This arrangement afforded young men facilities for exercising their talents as debaters, and public speakers. A re-union, of a kindred character, for the benefit of young men, is again contemplated; and, in all probability, will, at no distant day, be consummated. The decisions of the Reading Room Debating Club, on important questions, were, in those days, regarded with deep interest. Governments were frequently forced to acknowledge the powerful influence which this Club exerted in the community. Many of the young men who then took part in the debates of that Institution have attained high positions in Society. They are to-day first among their peers in Parliament; at the Bar; on the Bench; in the Pulpit; and one of them occupies the gubernatorial chair of one of the new Provinces of this vast "Canada of ours."

The privilege of the Charlottetown Reading Room are always extended, free of charge, to the members of both branches of the Legislature, the clergy of all denominations, editors and publishers of newspapers, strangers introduced by members of the room, and gentlemen from the country.

Government and Opposition, at home and abroad, are fairly and impartially represented, the leading political papers on both sides being on our files.

The Room is conducted on purely secular principles. The financial position of the Charlottetown Reading Room is self-sustaining, the annual receipts being sufficient to meet the expenditure.

Detailed accounts, showing the annual cost of gas, papers, telegrams, &c.; also the annual amount received—how and by whom paid, &c.—are open for the inspection of members, at the office of

A. McNEILL, Manager.

Exchange Building, Jan. 23, 1878.

Barque *Lizie Cameron*, Alexander Cameron master, sailed from this port on Sunday morning last, January 13th, for Queenstown, with 28,655 bushels of oats and 522 pieces of deals, shipped by the owners, Messrs. James Duncan & Co. and Capt. Cameron, of steamer *Princess of Wales*. This vessel loaded the entire cargo in less than four days, and was only one week in port.

Brigt. *Carmenta*, Captain Scott, sailed yesterday, the 16th inst., also for Queenstown, with 15,998 bushels oats, and 222 pieces of deals, shipped by the owner, Angus McMillan, Esq., of Summerside.

Brigt. *Fortuna*, owned by Messrs. James Duncan & Co., is also loading oats, and will finish her cargo to-day, completing the export of 100,000 bushels of oats from this port since the 1st instant, and the extraordinary despatch which all those vessels have had, and the facilities offered for loading, combined with the advantages afforded by our unrivalled harbor, completely free of ice, in mid winter will, no doubt, be made a note of by exporters in other parts of the Island. Mr. Robertson and Mr. McMillan are down here looking after their vessels and speak in high terms of the facilities to which we have referred.

The *Carmenta* loaded on Monday last 12,800 bushels of oats in 10 hours, or 1,280 bushels per hour, which we believe has never been equalled in this Island, and altogether casts in the shade the steam elevator which we see noticed in the *Halifax Recorder* as having moved 1,000 bushels an hour.

The obliging Superintendent of the P. E. Island Railway, William McKechnie, Esq., contributed in no small degree to the success of the operations, which must be gratifying to the ship owners, by running extra trains to carry the oats from the different stations along the line. Mr. E. T. Wickwire, Station Master here, also receives unstinted praise from these men for lending all the assistance in his power.—K. C. Advertiser.

Lewis Bunner, a young man of Ellice, Ont., was to have been married on Thursday last, but falling suddenly ill on Tuesday, was buried at the hour and date set for the wedding, and in his wedding clothes.

## A New Climate for Canada.

[From the Baltimore American.]

Captain Graham, of the steamship "Moravian," of the Allan line, who is now in Baltimore, has caused quite a sensation throughout Lower Canada with his proposition to close the Straits of Belle Isle, which is also attracting much attention in England. His idea is that, by building a breakwater across the straits the immense flow of Northern water which now passes through them rushing into the Gulf of St. Lawrence will be carried direct to the Atlantic. This water during the early spring months is laden with icebergs, and has the same effect on the climate of Canada, as well as of Maine and most of our Eastern States, that the Gulf Stream has upon the climate of the Gulf States. The theory of Captain Graham is that if this cold current and the annual incursion of icebergs were diverted from the Gulf of St. Lawrence the surrounding temperature would be materially raised, the chilly cold of Arctic floods would no more be felt along the shores of Quebec, vegetation would take the place of sterility, and a vast tract of land now lying idle and uncultivated, owing to the adverse influences of climate, would be made amenable to the plow and prove a great source of wealth to the country. Moreover, the absence of the present current, which now sweeps into the Gulf and up the St. Lawrence, would permit of a greater influx from the south of the warming influence of the Gulf Stream, which at certain seasons of the year, by the action of the trade winds, is forced into the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the result being that on the neighboring shores, as in Prince Edward Island, the temperature is high and vegetation flourishes. Not only, Captain Graham contends, would we have such results, but there is every reason to believe that the St. Lawrence would remain open all winter, as although there may be seen ice forming about the mouths of fresh water rivers, salt water ice is never seen in the Gulf or Straits of Belle Isle until the northern field ice is close at hand, when the slab ice begins to form.

Certain it is, that wherever the influence of this Polar stream is not felt throughout Canada, or is navigated by the Gulf Stream, fertility abounds, as in Prince Edward Island, along the south side of the St. Lawrence and on the west coasts of Newfoundland and Nova Scotia, whilst wherever the North Sea wash the shores nothing but rocky ground and barrenness abound. A glance at the map shows that were the Straits blocked up, the Polar current would pursue its south-easterly course until it was lost in the mighty Atlantic, leaving not only Labrador and Quebec territory to fructify unmoled by its withering colds, but maybe the northeast shores of Newfoundland as well.

High engineering authority has pronounced the work of blocking the Straits quite feasible and practicable. It will, however, be an immense undertaking, as the Straits are eight miles wide, with an average depth of thirty fathoms. The material, in the form of towering rocks, is on the spot ready to be thrown into the sea, and though the work no doubt looks a stupendous one, it is believed to be not beyond human skill to complete it. The probable cost may be considered a detriment, but Canada has large resources, and a large expenditure would be more than justifiable, looking at the great result which would flow from it.

## War or Peace.

A special to the "Times" from St. Petersburg says a person who helped to draw up the armistice conditions states that they are not likely to be accepted by the Turks. The same despatch states that the Russian Minister of the Interior has instructed the press to moderate in its remarks about Austria and England.

The "Times" Pera despatch says: "It is said that Grand Duke Nicholas, accompanied by his staff and General Igatov, met the Turkish delegates on Friday morning at a station on the Jamboli railway. The Grand Duke had advanced to meet the delegates because of difficulty on the road, and courteously invited them to return by carriage with him."

The correspondent of the "Times" at Vienna declares that Austria has made no communication to the Porte concerning the terms of peace since her answer to the Porte's note of December 12th, asking mediation. The present report seems founded upon reservations that Austria then made.

The Turkish delegates met Grand Duke Duke Nicholas at Tirnova Lemenli, and preliminary notes were exchanged. The Grand Duke then announced that he had decided to treat only at Adrianople, which should be immediately evacuated. The delegates have assented, and orders were telegraphed to Semil Pasha to evacuate Adrianople. Upon this decision being communicated to foreign Consuls at Adrianople, they telegraphed to Ambassadors for instructions, and were ordered to remain and protect their countrymen. Djemil Pasha then prepared to retire upon the fortified lines before Adrianople, where reinforcements are now concentrating. Russians will probably arrive at Adrianople in two days, and negotiations then begin.

It is generally thought there that the wisest policy is for Turkey to make peace at once. The Council of Turkish Ministers on Thursday decided to order Turkish Ambassadors at Vienna and London to request explanation of protest against separate peace recently lodged by Austria and England, and to ask how far Turkey may count upon support of those countries.

Reports from St. Petersburg and Berlin unite in declaring that the Queen's speech and debate on address, though regarded as pacific, have not pleased the Russian Government, and that Lord Salisbury's declaration that the tide of war was approaching a point at which British interests might be touched, and where it must be stopped if necessary, is regarded as a serious menace coming from such a source.

We understand the Premier has written an autograph letter to each supporter of the Government in the House of Commons, reminding them that Parliament will assemble on the 7th of February, and requesting them to be in attendance.—Ottawa Herald.