

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1891.

VOL. 28.—NO. 85

Davies' New Drug Store.

WE are now fully opened for business, and invite the public to come and inspect our new store.
Our stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Fancy, Toilet and miscellaneous articles has been doubled, and the public will not find a more complete stock in any Drug Store on the Island.
We are carrying a very choice line of French, English and German Perfumes, also in Fancy Soaps.
We have also added to the attraction of our new store an elaborate Soda Fountain, where the most ever imported to Charlottetown, where the popular beverage of the season are dispensed. An important point with our beverage is that the Syrups run through the Fountain are made with genuine Fruit Juices, not artificial flavors.
The choice brands of Havana Cigars in the city, Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, Tobacco Pouches, etc. give us a call.
aug 22

Desirable Residence To Let.

THAT beautifully situated House and Premises, fronting on the North River, within ten minutes' walk of the city, at present occupied by Hon. Frederick Peters, will be let for a term of years.
The House is heated throughout with hot water, and has been lately painted and tinted inside. Rent moderate. For terms apply at the office of
PETERS & PETERS.

JAMES A. MORRISON, HALIFAX.

AGENT FOR
WARREN, CAKEBREAD & CO.,
TEA MERCHANTS,
London, - - England,

AND ALSO—
Several First-Class West India Firms, etc.

SPECIALTIES:
Tea, Sugar and Molasses.

Special attention given to consignments of Prime Edward Island Produce.
REFERENCE—Bank of Nova Scotia.

77023—Pickford & Black's Wharf.
Halifax, August 13, 1891—dv & wy

NASAL BALM

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, NEVER FAILS HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.
Many so-called cures are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, loss of sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption, and death. Sold by all druggists, or sent, post paid, on receipt of price 50 cents and \$1, by addressing FULLER & CO. Brockville, Ont.

CURES GOLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

A SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT of the Faculty of Applied Science has been prepared, stating the details of the new Chairs, Laboratories, Workshops, Apparatus and other improvements in its several Departments of Civil, Mining, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering and Practical Chemistry, which will afford in the Session of 1891-2 advantages not hitherto accessible to Students in this country.

Copies may be had on application to the undersigned, who can also supply detailed announcements of the other Faculties of the University, viz., Law, Medicine, Arts (including the Donalita Course for Women), and Veterinary Science.

J. W. BRAKENRIDGE, B. C. L., Acting Secretary.

SHARP'S BALSAM

TRADE MARK.
OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED FOR CROUP, COUGHS AND WHOOPING COUGH AND COLDS.
OVER 40 YEARS IN USE.
PRICE 25¢ PER BOTTLE.
ARMSTRONG & CO. PROPRIETORS
St. John, N. B.

School Books, School Supplies,

—AND—
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,

At the Lowest Possible Price.
HASZARD & MOORE,
162 QUEEN SQUARE.

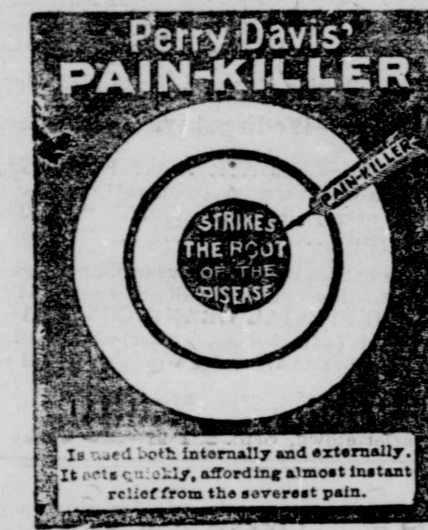
Charlottetown, Aug. 26, 1891—dy w f s

Big Drop in the Price of Sugar!

The Dominion Government having taken the Duty off of Raw Sugar,
BEER & GOFF
have marked all their Sugars down at Greatly Reduced Prices.

BARBADOES SUGAR. Just received this morning, 6,000 pounds of this Choice West India Sugar. See our prices before buying elsewhere.

BEER & GOFF.
Charlottetown, June 25, 1891—cod & wy



DIRECTLY TO THE SPOT. INSTANTANEOUS IN ITS ACTION.
FOR CRAMPS, CHILLS, COLIC, DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA MOREUS, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS, NO REMEDY EQUALS
THE PAIN-KILLER.
In Canadian Cholera and Bowel Complaints its effect is magical. It cures in a very short time.
THE BEST FAMILY REMEDY FOR BURNS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA and TOOTHACHE.
SOLD EVERYWHERE AT 25¢ A BOTTLE.
Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

GEO. H. COOK, PHOTOGRAPHER

HAVING secured the services of Mr. CLOUD HILL, for many years Chief Operator with Hills and Saunders, and Gabes Hughes of Ryde Photographer to the Queen and Royal Family, persons wishing high class Photos taken would do well to call and see specimens.

Special attention paid to beautiful enlarged Portraits on opal and paper, finished monochrome and colors which are greatly admired for truthfulness and delicacy of finish. These really high class permanent Portraits are rapidly taking the place of all interior kinds, and are produced at prices consistent with conscientious work.
They can be produced from negatives, or taken by us or from any photograph sent however old and faded. Daguerreotypes, Ivory Miniatures, Glass Positives, etc., and will not fail to give entire satisfaction.
Remember the place. Over Apothecaries Hall.
May 9, '91—2aw & w 5m

When there is a Sure and Certain Relief at hand

Why Will You Die

Weak people, no matter from what cause, can be made strong by using

PEPTONIZED ALE AND BEEF,
The Great Tonic and Food for Nursing Mothers.

PEPSIN, BEEF, ALE, 25 CTS. PER BOTTLE.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
July 17, 1891—dy m w f & wky 1 yr

"How are you?"
"Nicely, Thank You."
"Thank Who?"
"Why the inventor of
SCOTT'S EMULSION
Which cured me of CONSUMPTION."
Give thanks for its discovery. That it does not make you sick when you take it.
Give thanks. That it is three times as efficacious as the old-fashioned cod liver oil.
Give thanks. That it is such a wonderful fresh producer.
Give thanks. That it is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Coughs and Colds.
Beware you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and \$1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

Opening Races

—AT—
SOURIS DRIVING PARK
—ON—
Saturday, Sept. 26th, 1891.

\$230 IN PRIZES!
National Trotting Association Rules.

CHEAP RAILWAY FARES:—From Charlottetown and return, 85 cents, and all intermediate stations in proportion. Special Train arriving at Souris at 10 o'clock (local); returning, leave Souris at 6 p. m.

1st. Green Race Purse \$30 00
2nd. Three Minute Class " 50 00
3rd. 2.45 Class " 50 00

In addition to the above, a purse of \$100 is offered a class making a record of 2.33. In this race three to enter and two to start.

In the first, second and third races, five to enter and three to start.

Parises to be divided:—50, 30 and 10 per cent. for first, second and third respectively, except fourth race, which will be 65 and 35 per cent.

Entrance fee payable as follows:—5 per cent. with nomination, and 5 per cent. the evening before the races.

All entries to close September 25 h.
Refreshment Saloons and all the amusements usual at public gatherings will be provided.

To make this the best day's sport of the season we want everybody to attend.
Admission to Grounds, 25 cents.
GEO. B. McEACHERN,
Secretary.

Souris, August 21, 1891.

TEETH

\$8.00 and \$10.00 PER SET.
First-class material and workmanship. Teeth filled at reasonable rates.—DR. J. P. MURRAY, Queen Street. 2m cod & waw

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO.

Summer Arrangement.

DAILY TRIPS FOR BOSTON.

COMMENCING June 22nd, and continuing until September 12th, inclusive, the Steamers of this Company will make daily trips, Sundays excepted, as follows:

ST. JOHN, MONDAY, 7.25 a. m., and EASTPORT at noon, Boston direct.

TUESDAY, 7.25 a. m., and EASTPORT at noon, to Portland, connecting with Boston & Maine R. R. train, due in Boston at 11.10 a. m.

WEDNESDAY, 7.25 a. m., and EASTPORT at noon, Boston direct.

THURSDAY, 7.25 a. m., and EASTPORT at noon, Boston direct.

FRIDAY, 7.25 a. m., and EASTPORT at noon, to Portland, connecting with Boston & Maine R. R. train, due in Boston at 11.10 a. m.

SATURDAY, 7.25 a. m., and EASTPORT at noon, Boston direct.

Returning, leave Boston same days at 8.30 a. m., standard, and Portland at 5 p. m.

Connections at Eastport with steamer Charles Houghton for St. Andrew's, Calais and St. Stephen.

Freight received daily up to 5 p. m.
C. E. LAEHLER,
Agent, St. John, N. B.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale the Farm formerly occupied by the late Patrick Trainor, at Fort Augustus.

The Farm contains about 105 acres, the greater part of which is under cultivation and in good condition.
It is well located for procuring manure and for shipping.
There is a good Dwelling House and first-class Outbuilding on the premises. Terms easy.
Dated this 27th day of August, 1891.
McLEOD, MORSON & McQUARRIE.
aug 27—dy 1m 2aw wy 2m her 2m

GLEN STEWART MARKET GARDEN, SOUTHPORT.
11,000 CABBAGES, 5,000 Cauliflowers, 11,000 Celery, 200 bushels Tomatoes, lots of Beets, Carrots, Parsnips, Pickling Cucumbers, Table do., Onions, Beans, Squashes, Pumpkins, etc. These goods are now ready for use and will be offered for sale in Charlottetown on Market days, at Stall No. 1, Market House, and at the Garden. Also, half a ton of Rhubarb, ready September 15th. Cash must accompany all orders.
JAMES BURKE,
Southport, P. E. I.
aug 28—4f (m th)

SPECIMENS OF GRIT PURITY.

Looking Backward in a Political Sense.

Sir Richard Cartwright and the Globe in the Old Days.

(Condensed from the Ottawa Correspondence of the Empire.)

[CONCLUDED.]

THE GLOBE ON SIR RICHARD.

Sir Richard Cartwright is one who loathes the very appearance of evil, and fairly bristles with constitutional hatred and abhorrence of desertion of principles. The Globe holds Sir Richard up as a pattern, as a sign to the young Grits by which to conquer, and no wonder, for Sir Richard owns the Globe and has purchased its editor body, bones and breeches. Once the Globe, then not owned by Sir Richard, thought differently. In 1872, the year before he became Mr. Mackenzie's mixer and muddler of figures, the Globe charged Sir Richard with the following enormities: (1) Mr. Cartwright voted to "reward foul murder" in the North-west; (2) Mr. Cartwright, on the 18th December, 1867, voted "for the adoption of a route for the Intercolonial Railway which he knew to be inimical to the interests of the nation"; (3) Mr. Cartwright, on the 11th December, 1867, helped by his vote to "subvert the parliamentary safeguard respecting the control of money"; (4) Mr. Cartwright, on the 5th of May, 1868, "frustrated economy," having helped to vote down Mr. Holton's motion for the re-organization of the civil service; (5) Mr. Cartwright, on the 19th May, 1868, voted down Mr. Blake's motion for the better securing of the independence of Parliament; (6) Mr. Cartwright, on the 15th May, 1869, delivered the treasury into the hands of the most unprincipled of men, by helping to vote down Mr. Mackenzie's motion respecting the fortification grant; (7) Mr. Cartwright on the 16th June, 1867, voted for the violation of the constitution 'in the matter of the Nova Scotia subsidy'; (8) Mr. Cartwright on the 17th June, 1869, voted for the 'corruption of members of the House,' having helped to vote down Mr. Holton's motion respecting the payment to Col. Gray for codifying the law; (9) Mr. Cartwright on the 19th June, 1869, voted for the 'Chantry island' job; (10) Mr. Cartwright on the 10th May, 1870, voted for the Manitoba Act, thereby becoming a party to one of the most iniquitous and blundering of measures; (11) Mr. Cartwright on the 28th June, 1871, voted against the abolition of dual representation; (12) Lastly Mr. Cartwright on the 1st June, 1872, voted for the 'abdication by Parliament of its constitutional right to control the public expenditure on the Pacific railway,' having helped to vote down a measure by Mr. E. E. Wood respecting the moneys asked by the Government for the construction of the Pacific railway.

The list of grit corruptionists might be prolonged indefinitely, but the above will suffice for the present. While on the subject, the question of payments to permanent clerks for extra services may be for a moment considered. Much grace is claimed by the grits in that, though they must perform admit that these payments were made under their rule, yet the Civil Service Act, as at present constituted, and forbidding such payments, was not then in force. In other words, they admit that the same principle prevailed under the Mackenzie regime, but claim that at that time the law did not forbid such extra payments. To that extent they try to shelter themselves against what they now admit to be a wrong behind a change in the law. It is time their theory was exploded, and exploded it most effectually is by the cold facts. The Canada Civil Service Act 1868 (31st Vic., cap. 34) sec. 20, says:

No allowance or compensation shall be made for any extra service whatsoever which any officer or clerk may be required to perform in the department to which he belongs.

It was under this clause that Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. David Mills authorized and acquiesced in extra payments for extra work to permanent clerks.

The effect of the revision of the Act in 1882 was to qualify, instead of rendering more stringent the provisions of this clause. Sec. 49 of the Act of 1882 (45 Vic., cap. 4) reads:

No extra salary or additional remuneration of any kind whatsoever shall be paid to any deputy, head officer or servant in the civil service of the Dominion unless such sum shall have been placed for that special purpose in the estimates submitted to and voted by Parliament.

It will be noticed that while the old law did not admit of compensation under any circumstances, the amended Act gave Parliament power to vote a special sum for this special purpose. This apparently was thought not to be proper, and in 1888 an amendment was introduced (57 Vic., cap. 12), which provided in section 12:—

No extra salary or additional remuneration whatsoever shall be paid to any deputy head officer or employe in the civil service of Canada, or to any other person permanently employed in the public service.

This brought the matter back to the old position under the law of 1868. The oath of office in the Act of 1868 and in the present Act are substantially the same.

Now note this: In spite of the express provisions in the Act of 1888, Parliament votes money to pay extra amounts to permanent clerks in a number of departments every year. When the irregularities in the Interior Department were discovered a great deal was made of the fact that in sundry other departments the money for

extra services was voted by Parliament and that the Interior, if it had followed the same course, would have cleared its skirts. What will have to be decided, upon a reading of the law, is the difference in guilt between the payments illegally voted by Parliament and those illegally authorized by the official heads of the departments. The illegality by Parliament do not condone the illegal acts of officials. The monumental boodling of Mercier & Co., does not palliate the lesser boodling of officials at Ottawa. The gross iniquities of the Grits from 1873 to 1878 do not relieve from guilt the Connolly-McGreavy-Murphy crowd. But it will be as well to note, on the part of those who are now crying corruption from the house tops, and especially those reverend preachers of the Gospel who are pointing to Ottawa as the sink of corruption, and the Government as a vessel of wrath, that the searching light of to-day has not revealed, except in the Baie des Chaleurs case, a tittle of the rascality that prevailed public life in 1874-5-6, bad as the present revelations are, and that in the present instance not only is the hand of punishment falling heavily and promptly upon every guilty head as quickly as guilt is proven, but the administration stands pledged to, on its own behalf, thoroughly investigate every branch of the service, and visit vengeance, swift and sure as retributive justice can be, upon every wrongdoer, be he high or low, be he the holder of a portfolio or the veriest hanger-on at the doors of the departments.

Picnic at Tracadie Cross.

The pupils of Glensadale School District, Tracadie Cross, held their annual picnic on the 24th of August, on the beautiful grounds of A. McDonald, Esq. During the forenoon dark clouds hung over the horizon and at many times it was expected that the flood gates would be opened; but about noon the sun sent forth his welcome rays, and soon the cloudy sky was succeeded by a clear one and all were convinced that a glorious afternoon was in store for them.

It is estimated that there over four hundred persons present, all of whom seemed to enjoy themselves to their heart's content. The tables were well stocked with all the delicacies of the season, and presided over by ladies who fully understood their business. It is needless to say that the tables and refreshment saloon were well patronized. The music was excellent. Mr. McInnis' pipes did their share to render the day pleasant and enjoyable, and a large number of ladies and gentlemen "tripped the light fantastic" to the stirring strains of the violin.

The programme of sports, which consisted of flat races, sack races, hurdle races, potato races, three legged races, vaulting with pole, etc., commenced about two o'clock and continued until the curtain of night enveloped the landscape, when all left for home well pleased with the manner in which the day had been spent. The best of order prevailed. The ratepayers of this district desire to return their sincere thanks to all the ladies who rendered such valuable assistance on the occasion.

News Notes.

A revival of piracy in the Eastern Mediterranean is reported.

Desertions from the U. S. navy are unusually numerous just now.

The Parisian press is jubilant over the success which has attended the course of the squadron under Admiral Gervais to Sweden, Russia and England.

The Munich Allegemeine Zeitung has received a telegram saying the situation in China is exceedingly grave, and that combined action by the powers is imperative.

At Sandy Creek, Oswego County, on Wednesday morning, at a depth of ten hundred and twenty feet, the largest vein of gas ever struck in Sandy Creek was tapped. It blew the tools in all directions. The noise of the escaping gas can be heard for miles. The drillers had to stop work.

Telegrams from all parts of England and Ireland say the result of continuous heavy rains is distressing. Crops are under water, and in several sections the potato blight has appeared. Many farmers in the midland and southern counties of Ireland have lost all hopes of harvest.

A MAGNIFICENT HOTEL.—New York is to have the most magnificent hotel in the world, the plans for which are at present being made. The new hotel will be located on Fifth and Madison avenue, and Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets, on the present site of Hotel Brunswick. The building will be entirely of marble, absolutely fire proof and 12 stories in height. It will be designed in the Roman style of architecture, and contain 450 rooms. The rooms will be large, and a mammoth restaurant capable of seating 1,000 persons will be provided. Banquet halls, large and beautifully decorated, will be a feature. Russian and Roman baths will be placed in the building. The building will be so constructed that it will be surrounded by a drive, about which will be planted trees and rare plants. The lower floors of the gigantic hotel will be let out as offices and stores, such as those now located under the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The Brunswick will probably be the name by which the palace will be known. It is estimated that the capital of the company will be nearly, if not more, than \$20,000,000.

SEIZED BY A SHARK.—The North Sydney, C. B., Herald says: The French schooner Societe arrived from St. Pierre on Saturday morning last and reported the loss of one of her crew. When about 60 miles from St. Pierre a seaman named John Bault, while engaged reefing the mainsail, was struck by the main boom and knocked overboard. A boat was at once lowered and an attempt made to rescue the man, but before he could be rescued the poor fellow was seized by a large shark, which is supposed to have carried him off, as nothing further could be seen of the unfortunate man. Bault was a young man 21 years of age.