

The Daily Examiner

JUNE 20, 1885.

The Fisheries and Reciprocity.

The Newfoundland correspondent of the Montreal Gazette having intimated that a memorandum had been drawn up and assented to by the Governments of the United States, Newfoundland and Canada, respecting this very important matter, the Hon. Peter Mitchell, on Friday last asked for an explanation from the Government. The arrangement is, according to the correspondent, to this effect:—

"No enforcement of restrictive and penal laws and regulations, by the authorities of the Dominion of Canada or of the Province of Newfoundland, against the fishermen of the United States resorting to British American waters, between the first of July and the close of the present fishing season," "and all this with the understanding that the President of the United States would bring the whole question of the fisheries before Congress at its next meeting in December, and recommend the appointment of a commission in which the Governments of the United States and Great Britain should be respectively represented, which commission should be charged with the consideration and settlement, upon a just, equitable and honorable basis, of the entire question of the fishing rights of the two governments and respective citizens on the coasts of the United States and British North America."

Sir John, it is reported, stated in reply to Mr. Mitchell that negotiations were on foot in the direction indicated, and he hoped ere the session rose to be enabled to submit to parliament a scheme which will be approved in both countries. He also intimated that the outgrowth of the temporary arrangement will be the conclusion of a general reciprocity treaty between Canada and the United States, and that the temporary advantage given the latter country is mainly with a view of reaching this end.

That the Government have yielded to the Americans the right to fish in our waters from the first of July till the close of the fishing season in consideration of an arrangement that the fisheries question and reciprocity of trade shall be settled on an equitable and honorable basis, is practical evidence of the desire for such a settlement; and shows that there is absolutely nothing in all the statements of the Opposition to the contrary notwithstanding.

We sincerely hope that a satisfactory arrangement may be concluded. If it be, we shall not grudge the Americans the extension of their fishing privileges which they have obtained. But it is impossible to count upon the action of Congress, and what with the clamor that will be raised by the fishermen of Gloucester and the farmers of the New England States, we fear that the United States Government will be powerless to affect the arrangement, however favorably disposed.

Naufrage Harbor Works.

We are indebted to the popular and attentive representative of King's, Mr. A. C. McDonald, M. P., for the following report of the Chief Engineer, with reference to the proposed harbor improvements at Naufrage. We regret that it is not favorable:—

[COPY OF LETTER NO. 56,401.]

OTTAWA, 4th Feb., 1885.

A. Gobeil, Esq., Secretary Department Public Works.

Sir,—Certain of the inhabitants of the County of King's, Prince Edward Island, state that the absence of a Harbor in their locality is severely felt, and they suggest that an opening or passage be made through the beach separating "Naufrage Pond" from the Gulf of St. Lawrence, to admit fishing boats and the smaller class of sailing vessels.

During the past summer an examination of the locality was made, and I have now to submit the following with reference thereto, for the information of the Hon. the Minister:—

Naufrage Pond—see plan herewith—is situated on the Northern side of P. E. Island, about 12 miles to the westward from Campbell's Cove, where the Department has just completed a Breakwater. About 200 families live in the neighborhood, whose occupation is agricultural, though during the season many of the inhabitants are engaged in fishing; and it is stated that this (fishing) is carried on at a great disadvantage for the want of a harbor or shelter of some kind for boats, which now have to be hauled down to the beach in the morning, and launched, perhaps with great risk, through the surf, and hauled up again at night above high water out of the way of gales and storms.

The "Pond" is 1400 feet in length, 800 feet in breadth, and has at low water spring tides an average depth of 2½ feet. The bottom is soft mud, penetrated to a depth of 8 feet with a pole; and the level of the water in the "Pond" is not affected by the water of the sea, except during spring tides, or when the outlet is completely blocked during a storm, and the water rises from the inflow from three small brooks, which empty into the "Pond."

At present the outlet of the "Pond" is a small channel through the eastern end of a sandy beach, which lies full in the direction of the heaviest storms, and is liable to be partially choked or completely filled up with the sand and gravel brought from the westward.

On the plan herewith is shown a design for opening a passage into this "Pond," the cost of which is placed at \$38,000.

Having carefully considered the information obtained relative to this locality, I am constrained to advise that no expenditure be undertaken for the purpose of opening a passage as suggested by the petitioners; because,—

1. There is only a depth of say 3 feet at low water in the "Pond," too little, even for fishing boats which would enter loaded.

2. That it is a mistaken policy to open Ponds as Harbors, especially for refuge or

shelter because the entrance thereto is through a long and narrow passage, which in rough and stormy weather, even in day time, it is sometimes not possible to make, and to miss, which means loss of boat or vessel, and probably of life.

3. That owing to the want of a sufficient volume of water being brought into the Pond to create a head powerful enough to send away any obstructions which might accumulate in the entrance, the entrance must fill up, and there is not any remedy. The Department many years ago opened a passage into Big Pond, Cape Breton County, N. S., and in twelve months after its completion, it was completely obliterated.

4. That the cost of the work suggested is not commensurate with the traffic or importance of the place.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, (Sgd.) HENRY F. PERLEY, Chief Engineer.

—It is a most hopeful sign of the times that a kindly and christian feeling towards each other is so strongly prevailing the different branches of the Christian Church. During the present week the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of Montreal sent the following Christian salutation to the Presbyterian General Assembly meeting in the same city:—

The Rev. Mr. Stone moved, seconded by the Rev. Canon Norman:—

"That the Synod now assembled sends its kindly greetings to the Presbyterian General Assembly now in session in this city, and that it commends their deliberations to the guidance and blessing of Almighty God."

The resolution was carried amid loud applause and the Rev. Mr. Stone, Rev. Canon Norman and Mr. Davidson were appointed a committee to convey the resolution.

To the above the Assembly returned a most cordial and fraternal reply.

—Another warning for Charlottetown comes from Pennsylvania. The terrible sickness which devastated Plymouth, Pa., has been finally decided to be typhoid fever. Plymouth was only a little country place, yet there were nearly 1,000 cases of the fever. A frightful percentage of those attacked died. The town is destitute, and the public has been largely drawn on for its support during the epidemic. And the origin of all this misery is directly traceable to filth, cesspools, and want of drainage.

The condition of Charlottetown is so exactly of the Plymouth type of sweet-nosed, that if great precautions are not taken, our city, this summer, in suffering, may be exactly like her too.

—The New York Daily Commercial Bulletin of the 16th inst., places the aggregate loss by fire in May in the United States and Canada at \$8,750,000, or 10 per cent. increase in fire waste during the same month for ten years. The Bulletin remarks that "this continuous increase of fire loss must advance insurance rates, but it is carelessnes that should be first insured against. A reckless indifference to consequences is too commonly the cause of fires, and this indifference is directly traceable to the use of liquor."

—General Grant removed to Saratoga on Tuesday last. No transfer of a patient from city to country has attracted so much attention since that of President Garfield to Long Branch. The New York Herald says: "Happily in this case the omens are for a successful convalescence, and the hopes and prayers of all General Grant's countrymen for his restoration to health accompany him on the journey"

The following Churches will be supplied by members of the Conference to-morrow:—

Methodist Brick Church—Rev. Job Shepton, President of the Conference, at 10.30 a. m., and Rev. Mr. Reid at 6.30 p. m. Sunday School meeting at 2.30 p. m.—Rev. T. Marshall and Rev. S. W. Fisher.

Second Methodist Church—Rev. S. C. Crisp, at 10.30 a. m., and Rev. W. Dobson, 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m., Rev. W. Tippett and Rev. R. Wilson.

Zion Church—Rev. Jos. Sellar, 11 o'clock a. m., and Rev. W. W. Prowse at 6.30 p. m.

St. James' Church—Rev. R. W. Widdell at 11 a. m. and Rev. R. Duncan at 6.30 p. m.

Baptist Church—Rev. L. S. Johnson, at 11 a. m., supplied by conference at 6.30 p. m.

A DISTINGUISHED YOUNG ISLANDER ABROAD.—Mr. Robert Falconer, of Trinidad, a native of P. E. Island, who is about eighteen years of age, has lately gained the West Indian Gilchrist Scholarship, worth £100 sterling per annum tenable for three years. Mr. Falconer who is a student in the Queen's Royal College, Trinidad, having passed with high honors in two successive yearly Cambridge Local Examinations, has also won the scholarship of his own college, £150 per annum also tenable for three years. He has left for the University of Edinburgh, where he will continue his studies. The above is the eldest son of the Rev. A. Falconer, formerly of this city. We heartily congratulate him on his high honors.—Patriot.

PERSONAL.—Rev. A. C. Ball, who has been for the past year (by leave of absence) attending the Boston University Conference) attending the Boston University, ranked well in the examinations and has also done good work in the school of Oratory. The university closed recently, when 125 students from the different schools were graduated. There have been nearly 700 students in attendance during the year.

A HAPPY wedding ceremony took place yesterday at the residence of James Kerr, when Miss Aggie, Mrs. Kerr's second daughter, was united in holy wedlock to David R. Forgan, manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Fredericton, N. B.—Winnipeg Times, 10th inst.

METHODIST CHURCH.

N. B. and P. E. Island Conference.

SECOND DAY—THURSDAY.

There was no public session in the afternoon. After a short ministerial session the rest of the afternoon was given up to Committees. In the list of ministers attending Conference published in yesterday's issue, the names of Revs. Henry Pope, D. D., J. V. Jost, W. Tippett and S. Howard, B. A., ought to have been added.

THIRD DAY—FRIDAY MORNING SESSION.

After singing, Dr. Stewart led in prayer, the President in the chair. The Journal was read and approved after slight corrections. The Secretary read the report of the Conference Special Committee. It outlined the action the Committee had taken in reference to the Milltown affair. Permission had been given to sell the old church property at Chatham, and also the Parsonage property at Sackville.

Dr. Pope made a request that the sum of \$219.40 in his hands belonging to the St. John Fire Relief Committee, be paid to pastors of the churches concerned, and distributed according to former regulations. Conference gave the required order.

Rev. S. F. Teed having stated that he had a balance in hand of \$20 belonging to the General Conference Fund of the late M. C. Church. He asked what was to be done with it. Conference voted to hand the money over to General Conference Fund.

Rev. J. Burwash, A. M., read the report of the Education Society which is largely incorporated, in the report of the Education Meeting held yesterday evening. Dr. Stewart read a letter from a minister who had been present at the meeting yesterday, and who, after prayer and thought, had resolved to subscribe \$5 annually to this fund. He was and had been on poor circuits during his ministerial life. Dr. Stewart hoped that the reading of this letter would stir up others to do likewise.

Rev. S. James and Dr. Pickard made some remarks. Report was received.

Permission was given to several brethren to leave the Conference to fill Sabbath appointments.

Rev. T. W. Smith, Editor of the Wesleyan, was called to the platform. He caused the balance sheets of the Book Room to be circulated. It showed that the Wesleyan had been run during the year, leaving a margin of profits. But the Book Room showed a slight deficit. Mr. Smith made a very effective speech, explaining matters connected with the Book Room and Wesleyan.

On motion made by Dr. Stewart, the Conference expressed entire satisfaction with Mr. Smith's management of the Wesleyan, and cordial sympathy with him and with Rev. S. F. Hnestis in the work which has been committed to them.

Dr. Pickard and J. J. Anslow, Esq., made a few remarks.

A resolution, moved by Rev. J. S. Allen, recommending that the Wesleyan be amalgamated with the Christian Guardian, was the cause of much discussion. The following members took part:—J. R. Woodburn, Esq., W. E. Dawson, Esq., Rev. J. R. Narraway, A. M., Rev. M. R. Knight, B. A., Rev. G. Steel, Rev. W. E. Johnson, B. A., and others. The resolution was voted down by a large majority.

On motion of Dr. Pickard, a resolution respecting the loss the Church had sustained by the death of Dr. Rice, was passed by a rising vote, after a few words from Revs. E. Smallwood and H. Daniel.

On motion of Dr. Pope, the thanks of the Conference were extended to Dr. Carman. Satisfaction was expressed at having him present. The Doctor suitably responded.

Rev. J. C. Berrie submitted the report of the Sabbath School Committee. It was adopted.

On a second ballot the Rev. H. Daniel was elected a member of the Transfer Committee.

The afternoon was given up to Committee work. Announcements were made of the Committees that had to meet.

Arrangements were made for the Sabbath School meeting to be held in the evening. Benediction was pronounced by Dr. Carman.

SABBATH SCHOOL MEETING—FRIDAY EVENING

On the platform were Dr. Carman, Chairman, Revs. J. C. Berrie, Secretary, and W. J. Kirby. There was a large congregation. Mr. Kirby led in prayer. After singing hymn 820, Dr. Carman made a racy vigorous speech. It was a matter of great gratification, he said, that so many were present in connection with the Sabbath School work. The boys and girls will be glad to see the old people, and the old people ought to be glad to see the young people. He was given to understand that there was only about a tenth of the Sabbath School present at that meeting. Personally he acknowledged a very great gratification at having anything at any time or at any hour to do with Sabbath Schools. He spoke of his pleasant recollections he had of his father taking him in early life to the Sabbath School. He said it was wise to associate Sabbath School with father and mother. There is a power for good in such associations. People sometimes get too old for Sabbath Schools. It is a marvellous thing to see a Methodist preacher get too dignified for this kind of work. He believed it was our duty to fulfil our Saviour's injunction:—"Feed my Lambs." We cannot do it by hard knocks of theology or majestic scientific flourish, because the children have too much sense to stay awake. Boys and girls will stay awake if they have the right kind of teaching.

There is great reason for gratification and gratitude to God to know that the church of God affords exercise for every kind of talent. If a man has good financial ability, the church will give him all the opportunities he wants of making money. So in the church of God there is room for financial, governmental, organizing, disciplining, and teaching ability. The results of teaching are not to be measured by the day or the year. Sometimes the results are not to be seen for many years. There are about 100,000 scholars in our own Sabbath schools. These would, he told the children, if allowed a foot each, make a line about forty miles long. Our schools raise—\$100,000 for school purposes, thousands for missions, and hundreds of dollars for School Sustentation Fund. He paid a very high compliment to the ability of Dr. Withrow, the Sunday School Editor.

Rev. J. C. Berrie, Secretary, read the

report of the Conference. There were 407 preaching appointments, 197 Sabbath Schools, 1,380 teachers and officers (an increase of 186), 10,951 scholars, 437 conversions, 16,794 volumes in the libraries. For missions, \$1,498.84 had been raised; for Sabbath School purposes, \$2,948; for the Sustentation Fund, \$113.86. Mr. Berrie followed these figures with some appropriate remarks.

James Watts, Esq., Woodstock, N. B., made a most effective speech. I speak of the importance and necessity of giving attention of Sabbath School work from the fact that the church which pays attention to the young will be the Church of the future. He then proceeded to give some encouraging statistics relative to Sabbath Schools in Carleton County. A County Convention had been formed from which the most happy results had ensued. In 1881 there were 53 schools; in 1884 there were 90, an increase of 37. In 1881 there were 3,064 members; in 1883 there were 4,865, an increase of 1,801. Also the number of schools kept open all the year had been largely increased. In 1881 the number was 21, now it is 43. The International lessons had been introduced to many new schools during the same year. In 1881 there were 45 schools, now there are 77. In 1881 the average attendance was 2,142, it is now 3,119. In 1881 there were about 10,000 papers in circulation, now there are 23,512. Mr. Watts accompanied these figures with appropriate remarks.

A collection in aid of the Sabbath School Fund was taken up.

Dr. Carman kept the audience in excellent temper by his playful remarks to the children.

The singing was led by Mr. J. R. Davidson, and greatly conducted to the success of the meeting.

The meeting dispersed after singing "God Save the Queen," and the Benediction.

FOURTH DAY—SATURDAY MORNING.

After singing and reading of scripture by the Secretary, the Rev. G. Steele led in prayer; Rev. J. Shanton presiding. Journal was read and approved. Dr. Stewart read a communication from Dr. Burwash, Treasurer of the Educational Fund, stating that the four Conferences visited by him reported an increase of contributions to the amount of \$1,250. Dr. Douglas offered to send part of the months of August and September in these Provinces, advocating the Fund. The letter was referred to the Education Committee.

On motion of Rev. G. Steele, some remarks made by Dr. Stewart offering to advocate the claims of this fund on some of the poorer circuits were also referred to the same committee.

The President stated the result of the voting in the House of Commons on the so-called amendments to the Scott Act. The news was received with great delight.

Rev. Joseph Pascoe read the Conference Address. It referred to Dr. Carman's visit to the Educational Institute, the Missionary cause, to Baptism, the Lord's Supper, and the necessity of maintaining the family altar and the sanctity of the Sabbath. It was a very timely address, and after remarks by several brethren it was unanimously received by the Conference.

On motion, thanks were passed to those who had so promptly prepared the address.

Rev. Robert Duncan submitted the report of the missionary committee. Among other matters it stated that W. E. Dawson, Esq., had been elected as lay representative to the General Missionary Board.

Conference then proceeded to the order of the day. Rev. S. Howard, B. A., was examined by the President as to his soundness in the faith. The examination was thorough and quite satisfactory. On motion of Dr. Pickard, Conference unanimously accepted his examination and resolved to ordain him on Monday evening next, in the Brick Church. The order of the service was settled.

The Secretary of the Conference read the report of the Special Committee on the Children's Fund. It was made the order of the day for Monday morning after the other orders had been disposed of. W. Heard, Esq., presented the report of the Committee, which was disposed of.

An appeal from the P. E. Island District respecting the status of Dr. Johnson and Rev. F. W. Moore, was laid over till Monday morning.

Conference closed with benediction from the President.

LAY DELEGATES.

We give below as complete a list of lay representatives present as we have been able to compile:—

J. J. Anslow, Esq., Miramichi Advocate; Hon. John Balderston, G. R. Beer, Esq., Robert H. Bradley, Esq.; Gilbert Bent, Esq.; Joseph Bullock, Esq.; J. T. G. Carr, Esq.; W. E. Dawson, Esq.; John F. Folkins, Esq.; Cyrus Gooden, Esq.; George Hart, Esq.; C. H. Hutchinson, Esq.; Golding Howard, Esq.; Charles Bryant, Esq.; William Heard, Esq.; John Ives, Esq.; John McKie, Esq.; W. Lindsay, Esq.; Samuel Leistone, Esq.; George McKay, Esq.; J. R. Marshall, Esq.; Honorable A. McQueen, J. S. Marnie, Esq.; Wm. McNaughten, Esq.; T. Pickard, Esq.; Arthur Rawley, Esq.; Mathew Smith, Esq.; Isaac Sellar, Esq.; Hon. W. G. Stringer, J. R. Sangster, Esq.; Dr. Sheffield, W. J. Seaman, Esq.; J. D. Seaman, Esq.; W. H. Stevens, Esq.; Martin Truman, Esq.; S. Hiram Truman, Esq.; W. E. Taylor, Esq.; Jas. White, Esq.; J. J. Waddell, Esq.; J. R. Woodrum, Esq.; W. Wood, Esq.; James Watts, Esq.

COAL, COAL.

PERSONS requiring orders for Cargoes of Coals can obtain them, on the usual terms, from the Subscriber, at his Office, NO. 35 WATER STREET, viz:—

Apply to R. R. FITZGERALD, June 18, 1885.

On the Old Sydney Mines, Lingan and Victoria, C. B., AND ON THE Albion Mines, Pictou. G. W. DEBLOIS. Ch'town, June 19, '85—1f.

Raisins, Rice, & Beans.

LANDING TO-DAY: 50 boxes choice "Elema" Cooking RAISINS, 25 barrels BEANS, 25 sacks RICE. FENTON T. NEWBERRY.

Dominion of Canada,

Province of Prince Edward Island,

CITY OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

In the City Court, before Rowan Robert Fitzgerald, Esq., the Stipendiary Magistrate for the City of Charlottetown,

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor the Stipendiary Magistrate for the said City of Charlottetown has, by virtue of the power and authority in him vested by the statute of the General Assembly of the said Island, intituled "An Act in further amendment of an Act to incorporate the City of Charlottetown," and of the statute 43 Victoria, chapter 13 in amendment thereof, ordered and appointed that MONDAY, the 6th day of July, A. D. 1885, be the day set down for hearing all appeals made to him from the last preceding valuations assessments or rates imposed or authorized by the City Council of the said city, and that on such day, and daily thereafter until all such appeals have been heard, at the hour of eleven o'clock, forenoon, in the said City Court, in Charlottetown aforesaid, all such appeals will be heard and finally determined by him.

By order, FRANCIS S. CHANLER, Collector for the said City. June 19, 1885—June 20 2aw 1d1t

THE SPARHAM FIRE PROOFING.

GET THE BEST. THE Sparham Mineral Fire Proofing for shingle roofs, outlasts several coats of ordinary paint, PRESERVING THE SHINGLES AND Making a Surface on Them Like Slate. Only two cents per lb. by single Barrel. One dollar and fifty cents per one hundred pounds. Five bbl. lots. Delivered at Moncton, N. B. Address: J. J. MILLER, Millerton, N. B. June 20, 1885.

COOK'S FRIEND

Best value in the market. Has taken first prizes wherever exhibited. Holds six Metals and many Diplomas. Don't be fooled into buying a high priced powder for the sake of its so-called purity. The COOK'S FRIEND is made of as pure material as money can buy. It possesses more strength in proportion to cost than any other. Sold by storekeepers generally and made only by W. D. MCLAREN, MONTREAL. Buy it, try it and be convinced.

Temperance Pic-Nic.

THE members of the Mount Stewart Temperance Union intend having a grand Pic-Nic on the grounds of Mr. Ronald McDonald, Maple Hill, on WEDNESDAY, 24th inst.

All the games customary on such occasions, such as base ball, hurdle race, sack race, potatoe race, tug of war, &c., &c., will be provided.

A first-class Dancing Saloon will be erected on the ground.

Refreshments of all kind will be provided. In the evening a grand entertainment will be held in the Hall, when a carefully prepared programme of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Readings, Recitations, Dialogues, &c., will be rendered.

Members of the Union are respectfully requested to assemble at the Hall on the morning of the 24th, when the procession will start for the ground.

All friends of Temperance cordially invited. Tickets will be issued at one first-class fare from Charlottetown, Souris, Georgetown and intermediate stations to Mount Stewart, by morning trains, on 24th, good to return on 25th inst., thus enabling parties desirous of attending the Pic-Nic and Concert to do so. Regular trains to stop opposite Pic-Nic ground.

By order, H. F. FEEHAN, Secretary of Tem. Union. Mt. Stewart, June, 11—June 12 wky 21 dy 22 23

FISHERY REFUND.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have received from the Dominion Government the amount required to pay the claims for refund of duties paid in the year 1874. Checks for the amount allowed will be forwarded by mail to the several claimants entitled.

Dated 17 June, A. D., 1885. R. R. FITZGERALD, Commissioner. June 18—pat her jour li

TO LET.

THE Office and large WAREHOUSE at the foot of Queen's Street, at present in the occupancy of Horace Hazard, Esq. Possession given 1st July.

Apply to R. R. FITZGERALD. June 18, 1885.

TENDERS

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the City Clerk's Office up to noon of Saturday the 27th of June, instant, from persons willing to contract for the erection of a Brick Building for the use of the Fire Department, etc. Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Messrs. Phillips and Chappelle, Architects.

A certified bank cheque equal to five per cent. of the estimated cost must accompany each tender; also the actual names of two solvent persons willing to become securities for the faithful performance of the contract.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, A. MACPHERSON, City Clerk. June 9, '85—3s tu thu sat

Tenders for Coal.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "Tenders for Coal," will be received at the office of the Board of School Trustees of Charlottetown until

12 o'clock Noon of 27th June inst., for supplying and placing in the vaults of the City School's, one hundred and forty-five (145) tons screened round Acadia Mines Coal, and twenty (20) tons nut Acadia Mines Coal. All of said coal to be of the best quality, to be weighed on the City Scales (the ton to consist of 2000 lbs.), and to be delivered on or before 20th August next.

By order of School Board, ISAAC OXENHAM, Secretary. Ch'town, June 18th, 1885—11 27

NOTICE.

BEING about to make a change in our business, we hereby notify all parties indebted to us, to settle their Accounts on or before the 1st of July, coming. All overdue accounts remaining unsettled then will be sued for without respect of persons. Coal and lumber on hand, cheap for cash.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Pownal Wharf. Ch'town, June 17, 1885—June 18 eod

VALUABLE BUSINESS STAND

AND DWELLING HOUSE.

BY Auction, on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24th, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the premises, that conveniently situated property on Great George Street, directly opposite the Roman Catholic Cathedral, two doors north of the City Hotel, extending back a distance of one hundred and six feet, to a lane or right of way from Sydney Street.

The front store, now used as a Barber's Shop, is an excellent stand for business. The dwelling house up stairs commands a splendid view of the River and Harbor.

Terms easy. Particulars at Sale. A. McNEILL, Auctioneer. June 16, 1885—eod

The "Noisy Boys."

TO THE TRADE. THE "Noisy Boys" Cigar; the best Cigar on the market. Wholesale Only. Sole Agent for Prince Edward Island, JAMES BYRNE. Ch'town, June 12—30ins

LORNE HOTEL,

Grand Tracadie Beach. This Favorite Watering Place will Re-Open on Dominion Day, 1st July, under experienced Managers from the United States.

Visitors will find this place agreeable during the warm weather. P. E. Island Steam Navigation Co. THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held in their office, corner Great George and Lower Water Streets, on MONDAY, the twenty-second day of June, at 7 o'clock in the evening for election of directors and other business. F. W. HALES, Secretary. Ch'town, June 6, 1885—ti date

FLOUR.

J. A. CHIPMAN & CO., Millers' and Manufacturers' Agents, HALIFAX, N. S. CHOICE brands, in Patents, Superiors and Extras, offered at Millers' prices in car lots. A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Agent for P. E. Island. May 30—3mos 2aw eod sat

WANTED, LOST, FOUND, &c.

LOST—Between Henry R. Smith's and Charles Reardon's, Covehead Road, a black waterproof Coat. Any person finding it will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Public Works office, Charlottetown. June 20—3i

WANTED—First-class Servant for light housework in small family; no washing or ironing; highest wages; none but experienced girls need apply. Apply to this office. June 20

HOUSE TO LET—On Upper Queen St., containing five rooms; a large garden also; if required; possession immediately. Apply to James F. Curtis. June 18

FOUND—Keys, tied together; the owner can have the same by paying for this advertisement. Apply at THE EXAMINER office. June 18

LOST—Two Photographs; the finder will confer a favor on the owner by returning to J. P. Ross, Osborne House. June 15

WANTED—A Girl to do general housework. Apply to Mrs. W