

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

Hon. George Brown has gone to New York. McMillen is reported to be there.

ANNEXATION TO THE CONFEDERATION.—The Imperial Government will shortly publish an amnesty to the Red River Rebels.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We regret to hear that Mr. William A. Coombs, of Plover, has been killed on Tuesday last, by a kick from a horse.—Pat.

STEAM COMMUNICATION.—A Company has been formed in Halifax, for the purpose of establishing a line of steamers, to ply between that city and ports in Cape Breton.

As Mr. John McMillen was engaged in hauling a barn in Summerside, on Tuesday last one of the ropes attached to a block broke and the block striking his foot, severely bruised it.—Journal.

MR. SHANKS, of the firm of Shanks and Smith, is desiring of special praise, for the active and energetic part he has taken in securing the representation of this island, at the Dominion Board of Trade.

COAT TRADE OF NOVA SCOTIA.—A comparative statement of the Nova Scotia coat trade, recently published, shows that \$80,950 tons were shipped in the province in 1872 and 1,051,467 tons in 1873,—an increase of 180,513 tons.

FOOT-HARDY.—Three men left Cape Traverse, at 10 20, a. m., on the 12th inst., without a boat, and luckily arrived in safety at Tormentine at 1-45 p. m. Their names are, Allan, McElfishy and Farrow. Such foolhardy attempts should be discouraged.

A GOOD SELECTION.—Hon. George W. Howland will be one of the delegates to represent this island at the Dominion Board of Trade. Fenton T. Newbery, Esq., will be the other. Our Merchants are fortunate in this selection. Gentleman better fitted to represent our mercantile interests could hardly be obtained.

REBELLION IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.—Our despatches report that rebellion is imminent in British Columbia. In one despatch the rebellion is attributed to the breach of faith on the part of the Dominion respecting the route of the Canada Pacific railway.

PENNY DRAMA.—The exceedingly pleasing series of entertainments given at St. Peter's Schoolroom on the evenings of Tuesday throughout the winter will be concluded to-morrow evening. A more than usually brilliant programme has been prepared, and the admission fee has been raised to fifteen cents. Doors open at half past seven o'clock; performance to commence at eight.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Montreal Illustrated Family Almanac, for 1874, has been presented to us by the agent, in this city, of the Canada Guarantee Company,—R. L. Fitzgerald, Esq. It contains a picture of Charlotteville, which would be a better representation if all the houses did not appear as they were built to set off the Cathedral on Great George Street. It is, however, a neat publication, and has a large amount of valuable information.

The Opposition will be strong in the House of Commons—strong in talent, influence, and parliamentary experience. Dr. Tupper, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Palmer, Mr. Abbott, and others that might be named, will aid Sir John Macdonald in conducting a loyal Opposition which will be of immense advantage to the country. We would not be at all surprised to see Sir John at the helm of state before the end of the current year.—British Colonist.

CITY ITEMS.—The good effects of the Temperance movement, inaugurated some two years ago in this City, are shown by the following figures, handed us by Mr. Macgowan, the City Clerk. During the last two weeks, there has been but one case of drunkenness before the Police Court of this City. The fines for the month of January, 1874, amounted to \$156.64. For January, 1873, to \$71.27. For January, 1874, to \$21.51. May we not hope that for January, 1875, there will not be the same? In the same ratio this should be the case.—News.

THE ADMINISTRATOR'S LETTER.—His Honor the Administrator has published a letter in the Patriot, in which he contradicts a report published in the EXAMINER of the 21st inst. We will attend to the subject of His Honor's letter next week. Meanwhile, we content ourselves with maintaining the absolute truth of this report. Inasmuch, however, as a superficial reader might infer that the receipt of His Honor's despatches were not acknowledged at all, we beg leave to explain that they were acknowledged in courteous stereotyped phrases, it is true, but in the truest and most unsatisfactory manner possible.

CIVIC APPOINTMENTS.—Charles Binns, John Scott and William Weeks have been appointed Assessors of Charlotteville for the current year. It is to be hoped that these gentlemen will give the business their serious attention to this very important duty and stop, if possible, so many returns from their determinations and returns. Michael Egan has entered into a contract for keeping the pumps and wells of Charlotteville in servicable condition for the ensuing year. George Smith having withdrawn his tender for the same service. John T. Ferguson, Esq., has been appointed to the office of Assistant Clerk, to assume the duties of the situation on the 1st of April next.—Islander.

LENNY READINGS' IN S. PETER'S BOYS' SCHOOL.—The "Readings" on Tuesday evening last were quite equal to any of its predecessors. The entertainment opened with one of Mrs. Caudle's certain lectures, by Mr. E. J. Hodgson; followed by a well executed instrumental duet by Miss Lottie Watson and Miss Helen Stewart. Rev. Mr. Ellis then read Hoop's "Song of a Shirt," and Miss F. Owen sang "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep." She was followed by Mr. Boyd, who read "The Chemist to his love," a very amusing picture of wretched bliss. The next song, "Land of the Stranger," was very sweetly rendered by Mrs. Peake. Mr. J. H. Reddin followed with "Extracts from Byron." A song, "Floating away," was given in Mrs. Brecken's usual pleasing manner. Mr. Burwood sang "The Skipper and his boy," with very good effect. A reading from the audience an opportunity to exercise their "ribbles." Miss Owen then sang "The Whippoorwill," in good taste. The performance closed with a reading from "Aladdin, or the wonderful scamp," in Rev. Mr. Ellis' happy style. It would be superfluous to describe it, as it must be heard to be appreciated. Mr. Ellis will give a continuation of it to-morrow night in announcing the LAST "READINGS" OF THE SEASON for to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, the chairman stated that it would be endeavored to make the programme as attractive as possible. Any person wishing to spend a couple of hours in a most pleasant manner, cannot do better than attend. We bespeak for the "Last Readings of the Season," a bumper house.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

AGREABLY to advertisement, a meeting was held in the Athenaeum on the evening of the 19th inst. It was called to order by the appointment, on motion of Mr. Thomas Handrahan, seconded by Mr. George R. Beer, of His Worship Mayor Rankin as Chairman and Mr. P. S. Macgowan as Secretary.

Mr. W. H. Shanks, who had issued the circulars calling the meeting, explained that, owing to indisposition, Hon. Daniel Breen, who had promised to act as Chairman, was unable to be present.

Mr. Shanks then read circulars and letters received by him from Mr. Patterson, Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade. It was, as expressed by Mr. Patterson, the desire of the Board that our Chamber of Commerce should be represented at the annual meeting, which had, in consequence of the general election, been postponed from January 21st until February 24th. Mr. Shanks being doubtful if delegates from an unincorporated body would be recognized, had written making the enquiry, and had received the following reply—

DOMINION BOARD OF TRADE. SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Montreal, 26th Dec. 1873. W. H. SHANKS, Esq., Messrs. SHANKS & SMITH, Charlotteville, P. E. I.

Dear Sir.—In reply to yours of 20th inst., received this morning, I beg to inform you in response to your enquiry, that I have no objection to your Chamber of Commerce being represented at the annual meeting of the Board at Montreal on the 24th inst. I hope you will be able to send Delegates to represent the Mercantile interests of this island at our annual meeting on the 24th inst.

With reference to your being incorporated, our Board has not hitherto considered the rule for incorporation as a *condition sine qua non*, the object being rather to have Trade interests properly represented, than to have incorporation, to prevent the coming together of representatives from different boards. While, therefore, for your own sake, it is necessary to be incorporated, do not fail, please, to send us on your representatives, which will be most cordially welcomed.

I am, dear Sir, Your obedient servant, W. H. PATTERSON, Secretary.

After the receipt of this letter, he (Mr. S.) had consulted with Mr. Fenton Newbery, and they had decided upon holding this meeting, in making the necessary arrangements for which Mr. Newbery had given him very great assistance. About 90 signatures had been obtained to the memorandum which he had drawn up, of persons who agreed to join the proposed Chamber of Commerce.

It had been his intention to have made a few general remarks upon the functions and objects of an organization such as was proposed, but a severe cold under which he was suffering, and which rendered speaking most difficult, prevented his doing so.

The following resolution was then moved by Mr. John F. Robertson, seconded by Mr. James DeBrisay, and carried unanimously.

Resolved, That the proposed Drafts of Act of Incorporation and By-Laws herewith submitted be now tabled, and afterwards referred to a Provisional Committee to be appointed, for consideration and revision.

In laying on the table the Drafts of the Act and By-Laws, Mr. Newbery remarked that they would probably meet the requirements of the case, but as some alterations might be considered necessary, the resolution directed that they be referred to the Provisional Committee. He had taken considerable interest in the matter of the formation of a local Chamber of Commerce, considering it most necessary, now that we are part of the Dominion, that our ideas and requirements should be made known through such an organization. In no other way could our wants be so well represented, and brought before the Parliament and people of the Dominion. He thought that it behooved every gentleman present to do all that lay in his power for the benefit of the proposed institution.

Mr. Charles Palmer, in seconding the resolution, said though he was not a mercantile man, he fully appreciated the advantages which would accrue to this Colony from the formation of a local Chamber of Commerce. Our political representatives at Ottawa could not take the place of such an organization, and the sooner it was formed on a stable basis the better for the Colony. It was most desirable that we should be represented at the annual meeting of the Dominion Board of Trade. The question of reciprocity with the United States would come up for discussion before that meeting, and on this question no Colony was more interested than this Island. He longed to see the day when a Reciprocity Treaty would be concluded.

In answer to some further remarks by Mr. Palmer, Mr. Newbery explained that it was intended that the Drafts as now tabled should be submitted to the Provisional Committee, who might amend and add such clauses as they considered necessary, and submit their report at an adjourned meeting to be held within one month from this time.

The resolution having been put from the chair, was carried.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

while it was now an almost daily occurrence during the season, and in a short time we would have the advantages of not only steam on water, but steam on land. Being now part of the Dominion of Canada, we should be fully represented before the Board of Trade of Commercial men, and he therefore moved the following Resolution—

Resolved, That the foregoing Provisional Committee be hereby empowered to appoint one or more members as delegates willing to attend, at their own expense, the next annual meeting of the Dominion Board of Trade to be held at Ottawa on the 24th inst., to represent this island, and have the same permanently affiliated with it.

This Resolution having been seconded by Mr. Artemas Lord, was carried.

Mr. William Heard spoke of the Board of Trade which had been formed here some two years ago, and of which he had been appointed Treasurer. There was, he said, a certain unexpended balance in his hands, from subscriptions paid by members of that Board, and that sum would, if it were made up, be handed over to the Chamber of Commerce.

Dr. Jenkins said that although he was not a mercantile man he fully appreciated the benefit to the best interests of the Island which would result from the formation of a local Chamber of Commerce. The mercantile portion of the community must take the lead. The farmers—the producers—would not, if left to their own resources, obtain more than one half the price for their produce which they were enabled to obtain by the enterprise and good management of the merchants. The working of the fourth resolution was, he thought, rather a mistake. It reminded him of the Resolution passed by the Pickwick Club, wherein it was unanimously resolved that each member collect information for the benefit of the Club, but travel at his own expense. It would be a good thing if delegates could be found who were willing to pay their own expenses, but it was possible, and very probable, that the gentlemen whom the Chamber might be most anxious to have to represent its interests would not feel able or inclined to leave their business to attend the annual meeting, and at the same time pay their own expenses.

Mr. Peake explained that the desire was to be as economical as possible, if it might be the case that some members of the Chamber would be in Ottawa at the time of the meeting and if so he could attend without any extra expense. If it was found necessary to pay the expense of delegates, the raising of the funds could be an after consideration.

Mr. John Robertson moved, seconded by Mr. Newbery, that the names of Hon. Daniel Davies and Hon. James Yeon be added to the Provisional Committee, and Mr. Joseph Knight moved, seconded by John Quirk, that the name of Mr. Shanks be added. Both motions were carried.

The Secretary then read the Programme of Recommendations and Resolutions to be presented at the annual meeting at Ottawa, and Mr. Desbrisay having taken the chair, a vote of thanks was presented to His Worship the Mayor for the able manner in which he had presided at the meeting.

On motion of Mr. Peake, seconded by Mr. Newbery, the meeting was then adjourned until Monday, 9th March, next.

P. S. MACGOWAN, Secy.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

By Telegraph to News Room and Examiner.

VERY LATEST.

OTTAWA, Feb. 11.—A telegram from San Francisco has been received in this city, to the effect that the lines to British Columbia were interrupted, and telegraphic communication with Victoria consequently cut off. No further news of the difficulty has been received.

The fourth annual meeting of the Dominion Board of Trade takes place on the 24th inst., in the Railway Commercial Room of the House of Commons.

The Premier entertained Edward Jenkins and a number of other gentlemen at Rideau Hall last evening. The engagement is expected to meet about the middle of March. The Governor General is expected back to-morrow. An Indian Commission has been appointed for British Columbia. Bishop Gorges will be buried to-morrow. All the public bodies will attend. Mr. Mackenzie says he is not aware of any proposition actually made by the Dominion Government to the Local Government for alteration of Terms of Union with British Columbia. The despatches do not convey the exact nature of the difficulty, though it is true that the people ejected the Speaker from the chair, and broke up the sitting of Parliament. It was first supposed that the trouble may have originated in consequence of the land reserve policy; but this measure was endorsed by a vote of eighteen to three on the 14th of last month. My belief is that it is the dry Dock scheme guaranteed. It appears, however, that on the 14th of last month, Mr. Smith, an up country member, moved a resolution providing for the exaction of per diem damages from the Dominion Government, while they contend to postpone the construction of the Railway. An attempt was made to stifle the debate. It is quite probable that this resolution has created the disturbance.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Twenty-seven members of Parliament were chosen yesterday—Total thus far elected, 536. Of these 283 are Conservatives, and 253 Liberals and Home Rulers. The number of members returned from Ireland up to this morning is 53.

New York, Feb. 10.—A disastrous fire occurred on Broadway yesterday, occasioning a loss of \$150,000. Frauds are alleged against tax collectors in Brooklyn to the amount of over half a million dollars.

MISCELLANEOUS.

New York, Feb. 11.—A despatch from British Columbia, of 9th inst., states that a disagreement has arisen between the members and the people on the question of submitting the Terms of Confederation to the latter. The feeling runs strong that a session of the House was broken up by the people, and secession is threatened.

Dr. J. H. Schack, the celebrated Physician, died at his residence, Philadelphia, of heart disease, this morning.

LONDON, Feb. 11th.—Mr. Stewart, Conservative, returned to Parliament from Wigton borough, defeating the Liberal candidate, George Young, Lord Advocate for Scotland, who had the seat in the late parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Returns, thus far show the election of 210 Conservatives against 269 Liberals and Home Rulers. Conservatives gained 85 seats, the latter 31. Home Rulers are confident of electing over 60 members.—A recent storm on the Baltic broke down the dykes on the coast of Schleswig Holstein, in Denmark, flooding the country and causing much damage to property. It is feared there is much loss life.—The correspondent of the Times writes the Ashantee expedition, announcing the successful termination of the war, says Wolssey made arrangements for himself and the white troops to leave the Gold Coast by the 1st of March.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Secretary Fish emphatically denies the statement of the Paris *Tribune* that sharp words passed between the German Government and our own, affirming, on the contrary, that the relations between the two nations are of the most friendly character.—There is a reported general uprising of the Indians in the raiding in every direction, burning and stealing property, and in many cases murdering citizens.—A fire in Bangor last night partially destroyed a brick on the Exchange Street, occupied by the offices of the European and N. A. Railway Co., and for other purposes.—Gold 112.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The walls of a new building in Philadelphia fell to-day, and eight workmen were buried in the ruins.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14th.—Blake has resigned his seat in the Cabinet, and political circles are greatly excited in consequence.

LONDON, Feb. 13th.—The Italian *Rivista* has published an article on Wednesday. Twelve of the crew were drowned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Germany has a Shako-perian society. Octagonal watches are getting fashionable. The use of the rod in schools is again agitating Chicago.

A despatch to the Times reports that the Indian Famine has extended to Nepal. Thirty thousand unemployed workmen in Vienna have petitioned government for relief.

Advices from Somatra, show that the Atchinese Chief still holds out and is building forts in the interior. 12,522 hands are out of employment in the iron and steel trade of the United States.

More than half the students in the newly founded California University support themselves by manual labour. An ovation in the honour of Sir John A. Macdonald's return to Ottawa on an early day, is spoken of by the Conservatives, who wish to rival the demonstration that greeted the Premier and the Hon. Macgowan on their return on Saturday evening, from the scene of their victories in the West.

An official investigation reveals the fact that the great destitution prevails among the farmers in several portions of Iowa, which will require government aid. The London *Telegraph* attributes the result of the elections in Great Britain, partly to the unhappy divisions among the Liberals on side issues.

A French photographer has invented a process by which he reproduces landscapes in colors which nearly approach those of nature. A beautiful palace has been built at Coburg for the Duke of Edinburgh, who is heir to that dukedom, and intends to reside there soon. Bulow, the great pianist "knows by heart" and plays from memory nearly 400 musical compositions, many of them very long and intricate ones.

A couple of Fort Madison, Iowa, lawyers attended a spelling school the other night, and were spelled down on words of two syllables. The youngsters were delighted.

DIED.—At Fort Augustus, Oct. 26, on Tuesday, the 3rd instant, after a protracted illness of fifteen months, bereaved Christian forbids and requests to the Divine Will, Beatrix, the wife of the late Peter Daily, at the advanced age of 56 years. She was a native of the County of Wick, Ireland, and emigrated to this Island from Greenock, Scotland, 30 years ago. She was a devoted wife and mother, and the other persons who accompanied the Rev. John McDonald in the year 1839, and remained in the service of the late Peter Daily for 45 years, when she was separated from him by his death. She was a most devoted and affectionate mother, and she died in the full enjoyment of her health. May she rest in peace.

MISCELLANEOUS.

All the Duke of Roxburgh has intimated to his tenants farmers, that he has decided to give them a jointing, being willing himself to kill horses and rabbits.

Several urns containing the remains of ancient Romans have been found recently at Hill Hill, Eng. Most of them fall to the time of Trajan and Hadrian.

A Chicago post, was recently informed that Madame Wilson had thoughtfully built a shelter for cows on her land near Peoria, mindful of the catastrophe which led to the destruction of her industry.

A man was recently lodged in some petty cage in the jail at Dallas, Oregon, the night after his incarceration he escaped, and went eight miles on foot to find a man to go his bail. The following morning he returned to Dallas, with a bond all signed, and was released on bail.

The three kingdoms will be represented in the Indies attached to the household of the Duke of Edinburgh. They are Lady Frances Balfour, daughter of the seventh Earl of Egin; Lady Emma Godolphin Osborne, sister of the Duke of Leeds; and Lady Mary Butler, sister of the Marquis of Ormonde.

The Scientific Medical Commission, after consultation with the widows of the Seaman's twins removed the remains of the twins to the railway for transportation to Philadelphia. It is understood between the Commission and the two widows that the bodies are not to be mutilated.

There is a man now living in the County of Cork, Ireland, by the name of Daniel Callaghan, who for eighty consecutive years has lived with his hands, still walks erect, his mind clear and his voice strong. He is an object of great interest to all sportsmen who have heard of him. He commenced his career as a school boy to Lord Lisle at the age of fourteen.

A company of British capitalists has recently invested \$1,000,000 in the water power at Augusta, Georgia, for the purpose of manufacturing cotton and woolen goods. Mill is on the property, and it has been proved that cotton can be spun there cheaper than in Old or New England. This may be the beginning of a new era of things which will greatly help the south.

Apples will now be in greater demand than ever, since a careful analysis has rendered it certain that they contain a large amount of phosphorus, brain food than any other fruit or vegetable. Federal Secretary men, or persons whose livers are sluggish, the acids which they contain are invaluable.

The United States have imported considerably less iron and steel this year from Great Britain than they did last year. During the first nine months, this country received from her only 30,523 tons, valued at \$1,240,000, against 39,299 tons, valued at \$1,259,000 in value than in the corresponding period of 1872. This change was mainly owing to the expansion of the American iron and steel industry.

Culture includes the education or training of all parts of a man's nature—the physical and moral as well as the intellectual. Each must be developed, and yet each must yield something to satisfy the claims of the others. Cultivate the physical powers exclusively, and you have an athlete or a savage; the moral only, and you have an enthusiast or a fanatic; the intellectual only, and you have a diseased monster. It is only by training all three together that the complete man can be formed.

Another Bone Tennessee.—Since the commencement of the series of remarkable trials arising out of the pretensions of the now celebrated claimant, there have come to light a number of impostors who profess to be the veritable Tichborne. We were told of one who, though a captive on one of the South Sea Islands, had become King of Iroquois, and like Robinson Crusoe, a number of all he created, with the exception that upon no condition would he be permitted to leave the Island. There was— we can hardly call it a divinity which ledged this king, but a fear that his sacred remains should fall into the hands, and as we were told by a ship captain who professes to have seen him, the aborigines were determined to hold him alive or dead, and to secure the reward he offered, he had to have killed him if he attempted to escape. He proclaims himself to be the veritable Roger, and desires that a sufficient force be brought along to rescue him. Now we have another story, that a farmer settled near Galilee, Australia, knows where the real Tichborne is and can produce him in six hours. Why then does he not bring him to the surface? To this he replies that the man he can produce scores wealth and shreds his shoulders when advised to go to England. This man is reported to say that he does not care how the trial terminates, if he can be properly identified whenever he thinks it worth his while to do so.

He denounces the claimant as De Castro, a former mate of his at Waipapa, 1855. Furthermore, he speaks French, has the proper tattoo marks, and professes to remember the very room in which he was born. How much more money is to be spent before the real man recovers his own? These are questions which agitate all minds and particularly those of the English people, out of whose pockets so much money has already been drawn to pay for this protracted litigation.

HORRIBLE MURDER.—For cold atrocity and diabolical ingenuity the recent murder of William Bradley by his comrade, Thomas Farrell, in Simeriville, Pa., surpasses most recorded deeds of blood. It appears that the two men attended a funeral together on Friday, and after the ceremony they returned to Farrell's residence, apparently upon the best of terms with each other. At the tea table the two men engaged in a little dispute, and without further provocation Farrell arose from the table and went for his rifle. Standing within three feet of his comrade, he fired, the bullet sending the charge into Bradley's right side. After the commission of the crime the murderer lay down on a lounge and told his wife and child to go to bed, and to tell no one. His wife and child also did not go to sleep, but they were sworn on the Bible not to divulge the murder. To further set the uneasy mind of her husband at rest, Farrell began to wash up the blood on the floor. Farrell washed himself how to dispose of the body. He remembered an air hole a short distance from the house and resolved to throw the corpse into it. He called his wife to help him carry it up the hill, but she pleaded weakness. As Bradley was a man and Farrell small, the murderer coolly made two loads of it, by cutting it in two; using an axe and a butcher knife. Thus he was enabled to carry the parts up the hill and throw them into the air-hole, where he expected they would be discovered. But the horror of the deed was too much for the woman spectator. While Farrell was gone with his horrible burden she fled, and gave the alarm, and the murderer was arrested.

Young's Cure, May 13, 1867. This is to certify, that I have been afflicted with the Asthma for ten years, in its worst form, was able to do little or no work, when I got to the office of Dr. J. C. Young, and after taking his celebrated medicine, and after taking a few bottles I found great relief, and am now once more able to work on my farm. For further particulars apply to Dr. J. C. Young, Boston, Mass.

Sale of Public Lands. THE Commissioners of Public Lands will, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th FEBRUARY next, at the hour of 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, set up and sell at Public Auction, on the spot, all the lands owned by the Government within the Township No. 3, being between 60 and 70 in number, and containing from one to three acres each, together with the lands owned by the Government. GOSWORTHY'S SALE.—For the Lots in Caspump Point, a deposit of 20 per cent, and balance in three equal annual instalments, will be received on the 13th inst. at the Island, a deposit of 20 per cent, and the balance in ten equal instalments, with five per cent interest.

LAST ARRIVAL FOR THE SEASON AT

THE LONDON HOUSE!

Per Royal Mail steamers via Picton, in addition to winter's Stock.

12 Cases and Bales Lustrés, Prints, Ostrich Plumes and Feathers, Scarlet Nap Cloth, &c., &c. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WINTER SHAWLS

in Ottoman Squares—Anglo-Colonial, Beaver, Paliom, &c., &c., &c.

NEW FRUIT FOR CHRISTMAS!!

RAISINS, CURRANTS, SPICES, SOAP, REFINED, COFFEE, GRANULATED & BROWN SUGAR, &c., &c., &c.

CAEAP FOR CASH.

GEORGE DAVIES & CO. December 22, 1873.

Outfitting Warehouse!

39 QUEEN STREET.

GENTLEMEN: We are now Showing a Full Line of

Caps! Fur Caps!

AND AT PRICES TO SUIT ALL!

Our Stock of Cloths Cannot Be Surpassed in Quality, Shades or Prices!

Also, Heavy Winter Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian, HEAVY ULSTER OVERCOATS ON HAND!

C. Robertson & Co.

October 6, 1873.—ly

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE!

DAVISON & CO.

ARE CLEARING OUT THE BALANCE OF

THEIR STOCK OF BUFFALO ROBES,

RAILWAY WRAPPERS, LADIES' FUR SETS, GENTS' FUR CAPS & FUR COLLARS,

AT COST AND CHARGES!

We have also just received, via Georgetown, direct from London,

ALARGE LOT OVERCOATS, REEFERS, PANTS & VESTS,

which we sell at extremely LOW PRICES.

Cheapside, Queen Square. Ch'town, Jan. 19, 1874.

THE CANADA GUARANTEE COMPANY!

HEAD OFFICE: - - - MONTREAL. Sir Alexander F. Galt, K. C. M. G., President. CAPITAL, - - - 100,000.

THIS COMPANY, Incorporated by Acts of Parliament, is licensed to transact Guarantee business throughout the Dominion, and to issue BONDS OF SECURITY in lieu of Private suretieships.

The Bonds of the Company are accepted by the Dominion Government FROM ALL PUBLIC OFFICERS OF CANADA, as also by

The Bank of Montreal, The Royal Canadian Bank, Halifax Banking Co., The Bank of Toronto, The People's Bank, The Maritime Bank of the Dominion, The Grand Trunk Railway, The Great Western Railway, and by other Companies and Boards of Trade. Also by the Governments of Quebec and British Columbia.

The object of this Company is to guarantee to the employer the faithful performance of the duty of the private suretyship.

Persons requiring to put in bonds of security on their appointment to DOMINION OFFICES in this Island, by application to a branch office, can obtain them on payment of the premium of from 1 to 1 per cent.

R. R. FITZGERALD, Agent in P. E. Island. Charlotteville, Jan. 12, 1874.

Commercial College.

WELSH & OWEN'S BUILDING, Queen Street, Charlotteville.

EATON, FRAZER & REAGH, PROPRIETORS.

DESIGNED TO Educate Young Men for Business

BOOK-KEEPING in all its branches, both by SINGLE and DOUBLE ENTRY and Practical subjects, thoroughly taught and practically applied by means of

Complete Course of Actual Business, engaged in by all the students. Particular attention given to

BANKING ARITHMETIC, BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE, SPELLING, &c.

Our Course of Instruction affords a large amount of

PRACTICAL INFORMATION relating to Business pursuits, which is of the greatest importance to Young Men intending to go into Business for themselves.

No Young Man Can Afford to miss a Course at this Institution.

HOURS—9 a. m. to 12 p. m., from 2 to 4, and 7 to 9 p. m. Circulars containing full particulars will be sent free on any address, on application to T. B. REAGH, Principal. Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1874.—ly

\$5 to \$20 per day. Agents wanted! All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. May 14, 1873. ly

VINEGAR BITTERS

GRATEFUL THOUSANDS proclaim Vinegar Bitters the most wonderful

remedy that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the