

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 11, 1884.

The Office of Clerk of the Crown.

We repudiate, at the first opportunity, the statement of the Patriot that THE EXAMINER has made a "wanton attack" upon His Lordship the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Peters, and protest that THE EXAMINER has the highest respect for the Supreme Court of this Province.

The appointment of Mr. Irving to the office of Clerk of the Crown was the most popular and fitting ever made by the present Lieutenant-Governor in Council. If it be illegal, as the Chief Justice declared it, the community will, we are sure, regret the fact, and unite in asking the Governor-General in Council to appoint Mr. Irving to the office; and as the Local Government pay the official, it is not likely that Mr. Longworth will profit much by his ad interim appointment.

If it be illegal, as the Chief Justice says it is, all the official acts done by Mr. Irving since he took the oath of office are, we suppose, illegal; and what are we to think of the Judges who permitted those official acts to be done, and never till now made a formal protest against them?

If the Local Government have no authority to appoint a Clerk of the Crown, the Local Legislature have no authority to pass an Act investing the Judges with power to appoint a Prothonotary; and the appointment of Mr. Longworth is as unconstitutional as that of Mr. Irving.

Furthermore, if the Lieut. Governor-in-Council does not represent the Crown, by what right does the Attorney-General of this Province act on behalf of the Crown?

Perhaps the Patriot will let a very much interested and mystified public have light with respect to these important questions, and let us know just how and where we stand with respect to the administration of the law.

In its comments on the terrible Railway accident, which took place near Toronto a few days ago, the Monetary Times says:— "Other people may, without great culpability, forget to do something that they ought to do; but a conductor of a railway train, who holds the lives of passengers in his hands, can never be excused for forgetting to do what may be essential to prevent a great calamity. If a conductor were over-worked, so that drowsiness might deprive him of that full vigor of mind which he ought constantly to be able to exert, the responsibility for a resulting disaster would be shared by the company."

The Monetary Times says the failures in Canada during the past year took place as follows:

Table with 3 columns: PROVINCES, FAILURES, LIABILITIES. Rows include Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba, and Total.

A few weeks ago Henry Villard was a much envied man; now there are none so poor as to do him reverence. Then he was President of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, and supposed to be worth millions; now he is not President and is not worth a dollar. By speculation he gained his money; by speculation he lost it. He will now, probably, have time to reflect on the folly of stock gambling and the vanity of great riches.

Supreme Court.

FRIDAY, Jan. 11, 1884.

The Supreme Court met this morning at 11 o'clock. The first case called was

The Queen vs. James Kelly.—Indicted for stealing four gold rings from the jewelry store of E. W. Taylor, Queen Square. The jury found the prisoner, Not Guilty. The Attorney-General for the Crown; Hodgson, Q. C. for the prisoner.

The Queen vs. Michael Beagan.—Indicted for stealing an overcoat from the store of L. E. Prowse. The prisoner is now on his trial. The Attorney-General for the Crown, Mr. Arthur Peters for the prisoner.

Our Advertisers.

Jas. Coleman announces that the special train in connection with the "Northern Light" has been withdrawn, therefore intending passengers will have to take the regular train, leaving here at half-past two.

J. Murray McNeil offers a moustache-producing recipe for one dollar.

A STATEMENT is published in New York showing that during the past year there has been a depreciation in the stocks of the thirty-five railroads amounting to \$29,960,000. Northern Pacific, Oregon Railway and Navigation and Oregon Transcontinental lead with a depreciation of \$65,150,000. Western Union, Missouri, Pacific, Wash, Kansas and Texas and Texas Pacific follow with \$38,204,000; Union and Central Pacific and Dover aggregate \$36,000,000; New York Central, Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Canada Southern and Nickel Plate have depreciated \$25,897,000; the roads centering at Chicago show a depreciation of \$25,279,000. In four coal stocks the depreciation was \$5,356,000. Miscellaneous railroads and Pacific mail make up the balance of \$34,000,000.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—The services this evening will be held at 7.30 in St. Paul's School-room and in St. James' Church. Subject: Prayer for nations; social interests; observance of the Sabbath, &c.

Supreme Court—Yesterday.

It was about four o'clock in the evening when the Court opened yesterday. All day long the barristers in attendance waited about the Courtroom, twiddling their thumbs, cracking jokes, or discussing the question of the hour; the Clerk of the Crown was on the alert in silk gown and top boots, and seemed to be ready for any emergency; the Prothonotary, calm in his robe of office, was also present, an anxious expression at times pervading his fine but usually placid face; the Deputy Sheriff awaited the commands of the Court with all the dignity appertaining to his portly person and his important office; the Crier seemed concerned—doubtless because he was so long kept doing nothing; the closely watched prisoner sat stolidly in the dock; and the patient crowd waited outside the bar,—while lawyers clerks rapped in vain on the panels of the "Prothonotary's Office" down stairs.

The judicial consultation and deliberation which was the cause of the long delay, was meanwhile a subject of speculation. But it was over at last; and while the barristers and all the officials bowed profoundly, His Lordship the Chief Justice took his seat upon the Bench—significantly—alone. The animation displayed by the crier as he gave utterance to the customary formula "Oyez, Oyez," was quite marked. Then followed a period of silence. It is said that silence often proceeds a storm; but this silence was due to the absence from the Bar of the Attorney-General. Presently he came in, and handed the Bill of Indictment to the Clerk of the Crown; the Clerk of the Crown handed the Bill to the Chief Justice and stood waiting to receive it again; the Prothonotary also rose and stood waiting; the Judge handed the Bill to the Prothonotary, who adjusted his glasses and prepared to read.

The Attorney-General here interferred, stating that, as Mr. Irving had been duly appointed Clerk of the Crown by His Honor the Lieut. Governor-in-Council under the Great Seal of the Province; as he had duly taken the oath of office, and as he had performed the duties of the office satisfactorily both at Summerside and at Charlottetown,—he was the official who should now perform the duties of Clerk of the Crown. The Attorney-General further objected and protested against Mr. Longworth's acting as Clerk of the Crown, though he was aware that he had an ad interim appointment to the office from a majority of the Court. The Court, he said, had no right under the circumstances to make an ad interim appointment; and as Attorney-General, as a member of the Executive Council of the Province, and as a responsible adviser of His Honor the Lieut. Governor, he could recognize no one as Clerk of the Crown but Mr. Irving.

The Chief Justice in reply said that after careful consideration of the subject, the Court had come to the conclusion that the appointment of Mr. Irving was not legal or valid, and had made up its mind that the ad interim officer should proceed with the business of the Court. The Crown business, it is true, rests with the Crown; and as there is no Act to take the right of appointing the Clerk of the Crown from the Crown, the Court cannot see that the right is vested in the Lieutenant-Governor in Council,—who do not represent the Crown, and have no authority to exercise the prerogatives of the Crown. But even admitting that the appointment of Clerk of the Crown rests with them, the appointment must receive the approbation of the Judges before it is valid. This approbation the appointment of Mr. Irving has not received. As to the power of the Court to make an ad interim appointment that is undoubted; Mr. Irving, by reason of his legal education, is considered by the Court incompetent to perform the duties of Clerk of the Crown, and, therefore, the Court would call upon Mr. Longworth to proceed forthwith with the business.

The Attorney-General desired to have an entry made on the minutes of his protest against the decision of the Court.

This having been done, the prisoner (Beagan) was arraigned. He pleaded "not guilty," and said he would be ready for trial on Friday.

Grand Lodge of Good Templars.

As stated in THE EXAMINER, yesterday, the Grand Lodge of the I. O. G. T. met in this city. I now submit a short report of their proceedings, which, I hope, other Island papers will be so kind as to copy.

The Lodge commenced its session at noon, the Hon. J. C. Underlay, G. W. C. T., occupying the chair. The committee on credentials reported favorably for the delegates present, the report was adopted, and they were initiated members of Grand Lodge, and took their seats. The officers reports were then handed in, discussed and passed, the various committees appointed to examine and pronounce upon the different questions of Lodge business, having also handed in their reports. As a proof of the harmony existing among the members of the various Lodges, the committee on appeals announced through their chairman, Brother J. M. Davis, that they had no appeals to consider, which is certainly a most satisfactory state of affairs.

The G. W. C. T. gave a short verbal report of the state of the Lodge at Bay Fortune, and the G. W. S. then read his report, which was finally disposed of by a unanimous vote of acceptance, immediately at the opening of the afternoon session; the adjournment having taken place at half-past one o'clock.

The Grand Lodge, at this session, changed to work in the Subordinate Degree, and reports from the delegates representing the various Lodges were at once entered upon. The following brethren acted as representatives, speaking for their respective Lodges: Brothers Campbell, R. Smallwood, J. M. Davis, F. H. Campbell, C. Fin, Wayne, S. Anderson, Kanceen, Lord, Beers, Scott, E. J. Campbell, Brehaut, J. A. Merson, and several others who subsequently addressed the Lodge.

It was decided by unanimous vote that our W. G. C. T. should be placed on the list as a representative to the R. W. G. L., and that G. W. S. should obtain all necessary information as to the working of the Scott Act, for the guidance of the order. Adjournment at six o'clock to resume at seven.

At the evening session, after the usual necessary and preliminary business was attended to, and a vote of condolence passed with Grand Worthy Guard Sister Aitken, of Bay Fortune, on account of her serious illness, which condolence will be conveyed

to her by the G. W. C. T., the forthcoming election in Prince County on the Scott Act, was brought under consideration, and the following resolution carried unanimously:—

Whereas application has been made to the Governor-General in Council for an election in Prince County under "Canada Temperance Act 1878," and in accordance with said application the electors of Prince County aforesaid will in a short time be called upon to express by their votes the disapproval or otherwise of the said Canada Temperance Act.

And whereas determined efforts have been made by persons engaged in the sale of liquors to defeat the object of Parliament in passing the said Temperance Act, by testing the constitutionality of the law in the Courts of the Empire, thereby paralyzing for a time the friends of temperance. Yet a marked decrease has taken place in drunkenness and crime, in consequence of the operations of the said Canada Temperance Act in the Counties of this Province.

And whereas, the decisions of the highest Courts have sustained the legality of the Canada Temperance Act, and the Legislation of Parliament at its last session having supplied means for the enforcement of its provisions in the future much more effectually than heretofore.

Therefore Resolved, That this Grand Lodge record its deliberate opinion that the Canada Temperance Act should be supported at the approaching election in Prince County by the votes of all lovers of temperance, law and order.

The last act of this session was a most important one, viz: Bros. J. C. Underlay, R. Smallwood, W. A. Beers, J. A. Lawson, and C. Wayne, were appointed a committee to seek the co-operation of similar committees of all temperance organizations on the Island, of every church and order, for the purpose of having one grand general convention of temperance bodies, at such time next summer as may be agreed upon.

The G. W. Chief appointed the following Deputies, viz:—

- H. A. Beers, for King's County, F. H. Campbell, for Queen's County, D. Stewart, for Prince County, A. J. Campbell, as District Deputy.

The Grand Lodge adjourned at 8.30, and remained as visitors to Metropolitan Lodge, which then commenced session. This meeting of our local Lodge was highly enjoyable, lasting till eleven o'clock. Brethren of the Grand Lodge and other subordinate lodges, together with those of our own lodge, occupied nearly two hours with singing music, recitations and short speeches. Thus ended a happy time, and a good day's work for temperance.

J. A. LAWSON, G. W. S.

Female Tenacity of Life.

It appears from the gathered statistics of the world that women have a greater tenacity of life than men. Nature worships the female in all its varieties. Among insects the male perishes at a relatively earlier period. In plants the staminate blossoms die earliest and are produced on the weaker limbs. Female quadrupeds have more endurance than males. In the human race, despite the intellectual and physical strength of the man, the woman endures longest, and will bear pain to which the strong man succumbs. Zymotic diseases are more fatal to males, and more male children die than females. Devergy asserts that the proportion dying suddenly is about 100 women to 780 men; 1,080 in the United States, in 1870, committed suicide to 285 women. Intemperance, apoplexy, gout, hydrocephalus, affection of the heart and liver, scurvy, and paralysis are far more fatal to males than females. Pulmonary consumption, on the other hand, is more deadly to the latter. Females in cities are more prone to consumption than in the country. All old countries not disturbed by emigration have a great majority of females in the population. In royal families the statistics show more daughters than sons. The Hebrew woman is exceptionally long lived; the colored man is exceptionally short lived. The married state is favorable to prolongation of life among women. Dr. Hough proclaims that there are from two to six per cent more males born than females, yet there are more than six per cent of females in the living populations. From which statistics we conclude that all women ought to marry, and that as men are likely to become so scarce they cannot be sufficiently prized by the other sex.

Order of Meetings for the Week of Prayer in this City.

Monday, January 7th, 1884—Zion Presbyterian Church.

Tuesday, Jan. 8th—Briek Methodist Church.

Wednesday, Jan. 9th—Bible Christian Church and Upper Methodist Church.

Thursday, Jan. 10th—Prince Street Baptist Church.

Friday, Jan. 11th—St. Paul's Episcopal and St. James' Presbyterian Church.

Saturday, Jan. 12th—Young Men's Christian Association.

Each meeting to commence at 7.50 p. m. A collection will be taken up at the close of each service on behalf of the poor.

In Mr. Spurgeon's inexhaustible fund of illustrative stories is one of a man who used to say to his wife: "Mary go to church and pray for us both." But the man dreamed one night, when he and his wife got to the gate of heaven, Peter said: "Mary go in for both." He awoke and made up his mind that it was time for him to become a Christian on his own account.

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY.

THE SPECIAL TRAIN, running in connection with the steamer "Northern Light," has been withdrawn. Passengers for the "Northern Light" will require to go by the Regular Train, leaving here at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.

JAMES COLEMAN, Superintendent.

Railway Office, Charlottetown, Jan. 11, 1884.—2t.

I WILL GIVE WRITTEN GUARANTEE that my Moustache GROWER will produce heavy moustache inside ten weeks, or money refunded. Price of Recipe, \$1. Address: J. MURRAY McNEIL, London, Ontario.

FOR PRINTING of every description executed with neatness and dispatch at the EXAMINER JOB PRINTING ROOMS, on Water and Great George Streets.

Our Store Closes Every Evening at Six o'clock (Saturday Excepted).

1884. For the Winter Months. 1884.

W. & A. BROWN & CO. are selling the following lines of Dry Goods, at very low prices, to clear before stock-taking 1st April:

Jackets, Dolmans and Ulsters, Promenade Scarfs, Wool Jackets and Ulsters, Mantle and Ulster Cloths, Overcoatings, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Colored and White Shirts.

Also a special line of Dress Goods, of excellent value, and suitable for the season, reduced to twenty-two cents.

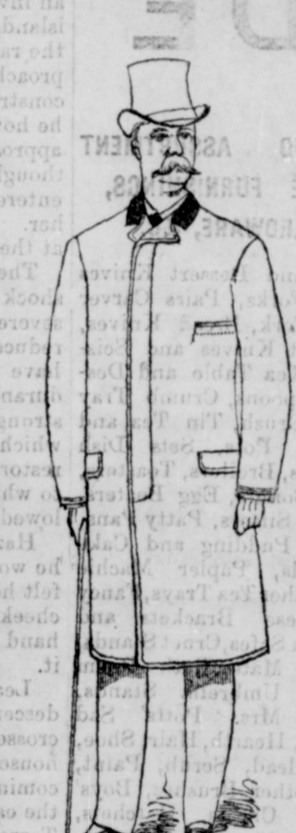
A large stock of Carpets, Oilcloths, Hearth Rugs, Mats, White and Grey Cottons, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons and Linens, Fancy Shirts, etc., bought very low, and now opened, ready for the early Spring Trade.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1884.—4y wly

WINTER GOODS SELLING VERY CHEAP FOR CASH, AT THE LONDON HOUSE.



- Men's Gloves, Mitts & Scarfs, Men's Top Coats, Men's Ulsters, Men's Fur Overcoats, Men's Reefing Jackets, Men's Wool Underclothing, Men's Flannel shirts, Men's Cardigan Jackets, Men's Fur Caps, Ladies' Cloth Sacques, Ladies' Cloth Ulsters, Ladies' Fur-lined Circulars, Ladies' Astracan Jacket, Ladies' Fur Caps and Muffs, Buffalo Robes, Japanese Wolf Robes, Blankets, Horse Rugs, Railway Wrappers, etc

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, Nov. 13, 1883.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISION STORE, South Side Queen Square, near Queen Street.

HAVE to announce that they have on hand the following goods, which they are prepared to sell at reasonable prices and in quantities to suit purchasers:

Flour (Superior Extra, Strong Bakers' and Patent)

OATMEAL, CORNMEAL, BRAN, SHORTS, OATS,

CRUSHED FEED, either Oats and Barley or Oats, Barley and Corn. APPLES, which will be sold by the barrel or by the pound, at rates very little over barrel prices.

Ch'town, Dec. 18, 1883.

GRAND SALE OF DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

JOHN MACPHEE & CO. will, during the HOLIDAY SEASON, give special bargains in

Dress Goods, Knit Wool Goods, Mantles, Shawls, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, &c

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

Men's Overcoats, \$3.90, \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50, up.

Men's Ulsters, \$4.95, \$6.25, \$7.00, up.

Men's Reefers, \$2.95, \$3, \$3.50, \$5, \$4.50, \$5.50, up.

Fur Caps, Kid Mitts and Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Worsted Tweeds, Underclothing, Buffalo Robes, Horse Rugs, Small Wares, etc.

PARKS' WARP, CHEAP.

Cash Buyers can depend on getting REAL BARGAINS in every Department.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JOHN MACPHEE & CO,

ROBERT ORR'S OLD STAND.

Ch'town, Dec. 13, 1883.—2aw wly pres pub.

LECTURE!

J. H. FLETCHER, ESQ., WILL DELIVER HIS

NEW AND POPULAR LECTURE

"UNCROWNED HEROES," in the Basement of the Zion Church,

Monday, 14th inst., AT EIGHT O'CLOCK, P. M.

Doors open at 7.30 o'clock. Admission, 10 cents.

Charlottetown, Jan. 10, 1884.—tl date.

The Ladies of St. James' Kirk

INTEND HOLDING A

Good Old Time

TEA AND FANCY TABLE, EARLY IN MORN.

Further particulars will be given.

SHIP AND HOUSE

BUILDERS,

Will find every requisite for the trade at

DUCHEMIN'S

STEAM FACTORY,

Beer's Wharf.

Always on hand, a complete stock of

Ship's Blocks, Deadeyes,

Steering Wheels,

—ALSO—

Mouldings, in great variety, Cornice, Base, Panel, Door and Window Finish, Spouting, Conductor and Handrail, Newel Posts, Balusters and every description of Turning.

Fret, Circular and Jig Sawing, Planing and Moulding turned out neatly and with despatch.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Don't forget the place, Beer's Wharf near McMillan's Coal Depot.

Albert Duchemin.

Ch'town, Jan. 2, 1884.—v sly 6i.

GRAND CARNIVAL!

THE Directors of the Citizens' Skating Rink have pleasure in announcing their

Annual Skating Carnival,

TO TAKE PLACE

AT THE RINK,

Friday, 18th January,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

REGULATIONS.

All parties intending to take part must enter their names with the Committee not later than Saturday, 12th inst.

Each person in costume must be provided with a legible card bearing name and "character," such card to be handed to the person in waiting, upon entering the Dressing Room.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any objectionable character.

Admission.—Ticket-holders in costume, free; non-ticket-holders in costume, 10 cents. Spectators to promenade, 5 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets to be had at Apothecaries Hall.

Ch'town, Dec. 29, 1883.—2aw.

City of Charlottetown.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the City Clerk's Office, until noon of Saturday, the 12th January, instant, for the building of a BRUSH BREASTWORK on the east corner of Cumberland and Dorchester Streets, according to a specification to be seen at this office.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, JOSEPH TAYLOR, City Surveyor.

Jan. 4, 1884.—3i

FOR SALE.

THE Church Property, corner of Prince and Euston Streets, consisting of Church and Dwelling House, with Land.

Terms may be known on application to the undersigned.

D. McNEILL, Secy of Trustees

Ch'town, Nov. 1, 1883.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

FOUND.—Several KEYS—the owner can have the same by paying charges on application to THE EXAMINER office. [Jan 10.]

WANTED TO PURCHASE.—A pair of medium sized Snowshoes (second hand) Apply at this office. [Dec 27]

BOARDERS.—Mrs. Robert Rodd, has removed to the house of Mr. C. Hearts, Euston Street, where she can accommodate number of Boarders, on reasonable terms.