

LOCAL NOTICES.

Tomorrow (Saturday) we place on sale 100 styles in ladies' white aprons.—Beer Bros. Aprons.—100 styles, including many choice novelties, on sale tomorrow.—Beer Bros. 100 styles of new aprons on sale tomorrow at special prices.—Beer Bros. Lower prices rule at The Peoples Store. Note the three reduced prices. Ladies Gossamers marked up to \$8.50 to clear \$2 each. Ladies large cream and white wool squares, samples from \$1 to \$2.85 at 20 per cent discount to clear. Also big bargains in men's fine knit underclothing worth \$1.50 a suit, now \$1.25. Heavy all wool suit \$2.50 for 22c. All sizes in boys' fleeces, 4 buttons and drawers. Fur collars, hats, and coats at all prices. Very special values in black and colored saque cloths. New kid gloves just received. Also direct from Scotland large old-fashioned heavy reversible shawls and all colors in knitted shawls. Feather boas and collars, etc.—W.A. Weeks & Co., The Peoples Store. 234 St. Ladies, the choice of the best jacket manufacturers, English and German, are shown in our mantle room. 234 St. Farmers, if you want good goods there is no better place than W. A. Weeks & Co's. Read their big bargain list in this week's paper. They offer good reasons why you should trade with them. They buy for cash—buy direct from the manufacturers; they are large wholesalers; they save big discounts; they save middlemen's profits. An immense new stock of ladies' jackets, fine furs, dress goods and gents' furnishings. They buy good English goods whenever they can. The wear in English made goods is the best. Go and see them. They are certain you will be satisfied with their goods.—W. A. Weeks & Co. oct8 w31

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

Strengthening Against the Russians—Consolidating Old Enmities. NEW YORK, October 6.—A special cable to the Times says: Up to the time of the death of the late Czar it was possible to think of Europe as divided into two big hostile camps. With his death began a period of confusion, due to the complex intrigues carried on by various parties between these camps, in which everybody concerned made or offered to make treacherous side bargains behind his comrade's back. Now we are obviously drifting back again to the earlier and simpler situation, but it is apparent that a good deal has been altered meanwhile. Three years ago the Triple Alliance dominated Europe. It is now plainly in a secondary position. One need only to reflect on what has been happening in Hungary during the past ten days to see which way the cat is jumping. In recent years the Hungarians have been playing no part in international politics whatever. Their ancient passion for foreign affairs seemed entirely dead. What their papers said on subjects was never quoted beyond the limits of the kingdom. This meant that, as the Hungarians were hereditary and undying foes of Russia, and as both Germany and Austria were anxious to get on the blind side of the Czar, it was considered expedient to keep the Magyar mouth hermetically sealed. But now, all at once, a series of most palpable efforts to wake the old Hungarian voice has been arranged by the Emperors at Berlin and Vienna. First William pays a visit to Budapest, where the Hapsburgs have never received royal visitors before and outvies even his own perfervid self in enthusiastic speeches about everything Hungarian. Then comes the announcement that Francis Joseph has decreed the erection, at his own expense, of public statues of a whole galaxy of Magyar heroes and popular idols. Lastly the King of Roumania is brought also to the Hungarian capital, much to the distaste of his own subjects, to pay the most sugared compliments to the Magyar race, and afford them visible proof that he and his army are on their side. The meaning of all this is perfectly clear. It is that Germany has failed to establish the kind of relations she desired with Russia, and has fallen back once more, reluctantly, but definitely upon the Triple Alliance as her sole support. The story from Warsaw about the plot against the Czar's life is to be regarded as another example of this same thing. The whole point of the story, when it comes to be examined, is that it was a party of Germans who planned to kill the Czar. In other words, it was a deliberate attempt to inflame the Russian mind against the Germans. This kind of thing was common ten years ago, when the Russo-German relations were strained almost to a breaking point. Its recurrence now irresistibly points to a revival of that unpleasantness. Before spring I shall be greatly surprised if we do not see the Berlin and St. Petersburg "reptile editors" assailing each other as bitterly as ever before. The flattering attentions paid the Czar during his recent visit to Warsaw, and the rumors of an improvement in the political status of the Poles subsequent thereto are brought into connection with the revolt to the Slav-speaking Bohemians against the assumptions of the Germans in Austria. The latter have ever had a way of taking to themselves all that could be praised in education, culture and government and charging whatever was discreditable in the country to the Czechs. Now all peoples are boastful. It is not what the German says, but, like the coxswoman's friend, "the nasty w'y 'e sez it" that riles the excitable Bohemian from the tip of his snort pugacious nose to the end of his small foot. People here jump quickly to the conclusion that the rapprochement reported between Russians and Poles, together with the ferment in Austria against the Germans of Bohemia, means a preparation for a general advance of the Slav westward—a preparation making it so comfortable for those who speak German that they will emigrate rather than put up with a loss of their old ascendancy. Certainly there was much cordiality shown the Czar in Warsaw by the same kind of people who, more than a century ago, welcomed Frederick the Great—namely, those who hoped to get lands, offices, and decorations, but there is no proof that the body of the Polish Russians, who are separated from the Russians proper by memories of brutalities, judicial murders, and the vilest oppression, as well as by that most fatal dissolvent of union, a different brand of Christianity, have a better opinion of Russia than before. Of their two executioners, the Russ and the Teuton, they still hate the Russ the worse. Nor have the Bohemian Czechs any desire to see the Asian or opine extend its arm over them, seeing that their condition is far better under Francis Joseph than it could be under the barbarously corrupt bureaucracy, the stifling centralism of St. Petersburg. They are incensed that Francis Joseph should not be crowned King of Bohemia as he is of Hungary, and believe that he has broken a promise to them in that regard. But they are at one with most peoples of Austro-Hungary in a high respect, perhaps a love for that most available of Emperors, one who is further endeared to them by the singular chain of misfortunes which have befallen him in his domestic life. The Bohemian Czechs consider themselves the Cinderella of the sister kingdoms, always snubbed for the sake of the two proud ones, Hungary and Austria. But that is very from a desire to exchange a Hapsburg for a Romanoff. The Poles of Prussia are more likely to nourish hopes that if the Poles of Russia could obtain some such status under the Czar's Government as that possessed by the Finlanders, a European war might unite them at once more with their fellow-countrymen of Austria and Russia. They

may dream of Poland embracing Lithuania and Corland, with Danzig, their old Baltic seaport, as an outlet to the Atlantic. This is in truth the nightmare that accounts for the excitement of Germans over the obstinacy of the Poles of Prussia in keeping firmly to their own language. Many of the high-handed acts in Silesia and Posen on the part of Mayors and other officials are those of ordinary little autocrats, without any deeper meaning; they are part and parcel of government in a military police state, but others testify to an uneasy feeling that Polish national feeling will not die. LIMERICK'S MAYOR. John Daly is Putting Up a Good Fight For the Position. LONDON, October 4.—The candidacy for the Mayoralty of Limerick of John Daly, who served thirteen years in a British prison, for complicity in an alleged plot to blow up the House of Commons during a session, is one of the most remarkable recent emanations from the seething cauldron of Irish politics. Daly will not be a qualified Burgess of Limerick until November, when a nominee of his, now sitting in the Corporation, will be retired so that Daly may take his place. Redmond's new organization, the Independent League, is opposing Daly. This has caused intense feeling and violent discussion in the extreme party. Daly's election appears doubtful now, although at the outset it was thought that he would have a walk-over. He is pursuing his candidacy with resolute vigor, and holds public meetings nightly. Collisions between rival factions are so frequent that the present Nationalist Mayor of Limerick has assented to a police order prohibiting bands from parading the city at night until after the election. Fierce rioting is expected before that. The situation is complicated further by the differences between the various sections of Nationalists over preparations for the centenary of 1798. A centenary committee took possession, against the order of the Corporation, of rooms in the City Hall to hold their meetings. The police were called in to eject them and the members of the committee are prosecuting the police for alleged illegal interference. PERSONAL. Mr. Neil MacKelvie, of Summerside, is in town. Miss Edith Large returned last evening from a two month's visit to her sister Mrs. Robert Fraser of Montreal. It is pleasing to hear that Mr. Harry Houle, who was ill of typhoid fever in Boston, has recovered and resumed work. Mr. D. J. McLeod, Superintendent of education, returned last evening from Boston. He was a passenger on the Halifax. Davies Hotel: J D Fraser and wife, New Glasgow, N S; Neil McLeod, Neil McKelvie, S'side; A E Ruppert, Toronto; A W Whitney, Chelsea, Mass; M E Bowker, Grandby; J L Knight, Newburyport; Mr and Mrs S Ansbach, Chicago. Registered at the Queen: Mr and Mrs N Stewart Dunlop, Toronto, Ont; D Stewart Noble, Mabon, C B; D A McNeill, Kensington; Miss Jennie Archibald, Sunny Brae, N S; Nap Guay, Montreal; Hon P Sinclair, Miss Sinclair, Summerfield. When Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., published the first edition of his great work, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, he announced that after 680,000 copies had been sold at the regular price, \$1.50 per copy, the profit on which would repay him for the great amount of labor and money expended in producing it, he would distribute the next half million free. As this number of copies has already been sold he is now giving away, absolutely free, 500,000 copies of this most complete, interesting and valuable common sense medical work ever published—the recipient only being required to mail to him, at above address, 31 one cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, and the book will be sent post paid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. Contains 1008 pages, profusely illustrated. The Free Edition is precisely the same as that sold at \$1.50 except only that the book is in strong manilla paper covers instead of cloth. Send now before all are given away. LADIES AID SOCIETY.—On Tuesday morning next, 12th October, the postponed annual meeting of the P. E. I. H. S. Ladies Aid Society will be held in St. Paul's Schoolroom at 11.30 o'clock. This meeting was postponed from Sept. 30 owing to the small attendance; but on Tuesday morning next, it is hoped that every woman in the city who takes any interest in this institution will try and be present to confer with the Society about arrangements for the coming season. 361. COAL TO ARRIVE.—The Bark "Albatross" will be due here to Peake Bros. & Co. on Saturday 9th inst with a choice cargo of about 600 tons Sydney slack coal, suitable for cooking stoves, furnaces and general house use, which will be sold low whilst landing. Customers will please book their orders as once. 234, 31. Mr. Henry George, who is a candidate for the Mayoralty of Greater New York, declares himself to be a free trader. HOOD'S PILLS. Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tonic effect. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS. LECTURE.—A lecture will be delivered in this city by Rev. Wm. Geggie, of Truro, N. S., on the 26th inst. TERPSICHOIRE HALL.—Mrs. Burris' resumed her winter classes in dancing and deportment last evening. The attendance was large, and the opening dance most enjoyable. Mrs. Burris is well-known as a capable and painstaking instructor. TO CONTINUE THE SURVEY.—We are authorized to state that Sir Louis H. Davies has instructed the engineer in charge of the Belfast and Murray Harbor railway survey to continue the survey to Murray River Bridge, to Machin's Point and to Beach Point. AT GEORGETOWN.—The annual athletic sports of the crews of the fishery cruisers at Georgetown yesterday were well attended, and the different events were contested with spirit. Sir Louis and Lady Davies, and the Misses Davies were among the visitors to Georgetown on the occasion, and Sir Louis was presented with two addresses, one being from the people of Georgetown and the other from the Liberal Association. The cruisers were gaily decorated with bunting, and a guard of honor made up of the crews of the four cruisers in port met the special from Charlottetown at the station. THE WRECKED BALTIMORE CITY.—Charles Wallace, fireman for W. W. Howell, returned this week from the wreck of the steamer Baltimore City, which went ashore on Flat Island, Strait of Belleisle, about fifteen miles from Cape Rich, some months ago. He says that the plates, keelson and keel are all bent very much, and it will be a very difficult job to get her off. She was resting on the top of a rock, with twenty-five feet of water at the bow and stern. He was operating pumps, etc.; there with the view of getting her off. An attempt was to have been made this week to float her, but it is impossible to say whether it will be successful or not. About three weeks ago during a dense fog, a big steamer was seen about a quarter of a mile away from the scene of the wreck, making straight for the same place, but the fog lifted slightly and she changed her course.—Halifax Chronicle. SUPREME COURT—PRINCE COUNTY. The Court adjourned yesterday afternoon. The following cases were disposed of: John H. Bell vs. Frank McCarvil—Judgment for plaintiff \$52.77. John H. Bell vs. George Banks—Judgment for plaintiff \$209.61. Levi Silliphant vs. Louis Green—Judgment reserved. McQuarrie for plaintiff; Attorney General and K. J. Martin for defendant. Bank of Nova Scotia vs. Ronald J. McKenzie. Plaintiff submits to a noli prosequi. McQuarrie for plaintiff; Attorney General and K. J. Martin for defendant. Massey-Harris Co. Ltd vs. John E. Hill—Action for guarantee on trade notes. Mr. McQuarrie for plaintiff; Attorney General and K. J. Martin for defendant. Judgment of non-suit. DISTRESS AT THE YUKON. ST. MICHAELS, September 16, (via Seattle), October 6.—The general impression is that the boats leaving here from this time on will not be able to get over 1,000 miles up the river before they will be frozen in. All independent steamers will be compelled to carry coal, as the natives have cut up all the drift wood along the river bank for over 100 miles and have sold it to the steamers owned by the two dog companies. Few finds on Minook and Hunter creeks continue to cause excitement, and there are now about 600 miners on the grounds. In the town sugar is 25 cents per pound, bacon 35 cents a pound, blanket trousers \$8, chocolate drops three for 25 cents, five cent cacao 35 cents a yard, cotton bandanas, \$1 each, flour \$8 a hundred weight, candles 35 cents a pound, small box of sardines 50 cents. Six men have probably lost their lives here as the result of a foolhardy attempt to sail up the 1,850 miles of river, which in some places runs down at the rate of eight miles an hour. The men, two of whom are named Abercrombie and Tate, were last seen drifting out of the mouth of the Yukon to sea in distress. Three men in a sail boat started up the river from here last week, and have not been seen by any body since. Their names were Matthews, Roberts and Schultze. OTTAWA, Oct. 6.—The fire which has swept over the southern portion of Russell county is the most disastrous ever experienced by this section. The Canada Atlantic train got through the burnt district to-day. About 1,000 people are rendered homeless and four lives were lost. Those burnt to death were a Mrs. Sevigny, her sister and two children. The damage will amount to thousands of dollars. Two lumber mills, two churches, two flour mills, several hotels, one school house and about two hundred dwellings were destroyed. The farmers and laborers in the burnt area, which is about twenty miles square, lost everything. Relief has been sent from Ottawa, consisting of food and clothing. Subscription lists have been opened. Hundreds of people are impoverished.

MEET ME At the Always Busy Store. Flannelette Night gowns. Better materials, better styles, better workmanship than any previously shown, with prices away lower. Lot 1—a good quality flannelette mother Hubbard Style, pink and blue strips, turn down collars, at only65c each. Lot 2.—75 Mother Hubbard Style, yoke front and back, taped neck, assorted stripes, frilled turn down collar, at only.....85c each. Lot 3.—Same style as above, heavy English Flannelette, assorted stripes, all sizes, at only...\$1 each. Lot 4.—Soft, twilled Flannelette in pink, white and blue, empire and mother hubbard styles, with large Westminster collars, embroidered, \$1.20 each. Flannelette Drawers 35c, 50c, 72c and 80c per pair. STANLEY BROS., The Always Busy Store. Oysters Oysters Oysters. JOY! JOY! JOY! Victoria Cafe, Great George Street. Oysters served in every style; Lunches and dinners with despatch. As usual, I am prepared to deliver Oysters in any quantity to customers to any part of the city. Telephone Connection. JOHN P. JOY VICTORIA CAFE Gt. George St.... LAZENBY'S SOUP SQUARES are most carefully prepared with the choicest ingredients. Each square contains the soluble parts of 1 1/2 lbs of beef free from fat and bone, with sufficient vegetables and flavoring to make 1 1/2 pints of delicious wholesome soup. Grocers Sell Them. ARTHUR P. TIPPET & CO. General Agents, Montreal. Our Fall and Winter Stock of reliable footwear is sure to please. Good, honest well made shoes at reasonable prices. Boys' and girls, strong oil goat school boots, all sizes and widths now opened. W. H Stewart & Co. London House Building.....

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK. GRAND ORCHESTRAL - Concert - IN - ST. PETER'S HALL, CHARLOTTETOWN ON OCTOBER 19. PROGRAMME. 1.—Overture—"The Diadem". Herman Mr. Vinnicombe's Orchestra. 2.—Reading—"Reverie" Fauconier Members of Mr. Vinnicombe's Orchestra. 3.—String Quintette—"Reverie" Fauconier Members of Mr. Vinnicombe's Orchestra. 4.—Solo—Vocal—"Angel Land"..... Pinsuti Miss Cotton. 5.—Valse—"Idyllen"..... Gantier Mr. Vinnicombe's Orchestra. 6.—Solo—Clarinet—"The Power of Love"..... Balfe Mr. Eginald Ste vart, with Orchestral accompaniment. 7.—Reading..... 8.—Solo—Violin—"Love Song"..... Godfrey Mr. H. W. Vinnicombe. 9.—Two Step—"Charlottetown"..... Vinnicombe Mr. Vinnicombe's Orchestra. 10.—Solo—Vocal—"The Miner"..... Read J. W. Godfrey. 11.—String Quintette—"Resignation"..... Fauconier Members of Mr. Vinnicombe's Orchestra. 12.—Finale—"Batterly Dance"..... Carl Mr. Vinnicombe's Orchestra. GOD SAVE THE QUEEN. Admission 20c; doors open at 7 30, p. m.; Concert at 8 o'clock. oct7. Lecture and Entertainment Course SEASON 1897—1898. St Peter's New Hall, Ch'town Thursday, Sept. 23rd. Then alternate Tuesdays as follows:— Oct. 5th and 19th. Nov. 2nd, 16th and 30th. Dec. 14th and 28th. Jan. 11th and 25th. Feb. 8th and 22nd. Particulars of each Entertainment will be given in due course in our local columns sept 13—