THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 3, 1894.

OBITUARY.

We have to announce to-day the death of two well-known citizens of Charlottown, viz., Mr. Charles Cairns [illegible] Donald McLeod. The former was the leading member of the firm of [illegible]ns & McLean, marble cutters, and the latter the keeper of the Dominion Building. Both were good citizens, and the families of both have the sympathy of the community.

MR. SHAW'S ELECTION.

The great effort made by the Government party to burk the election of Mr Cyrus Shaw, is the greatest and most practical compliment that could possibly be paid to him. It is evident that Mr. Shaw's ability as a speaker is feared by the Premier and his supporters. Not satisfied with the "big majority," they would fain "put Shaw out of the way." Under these circumstances, Mr. Shaw's success in the face of the gerrymander is the more notable. We congratulate Mr. Shaw. The confidence which his fellow farmers have placed in him will not, we feel sure, be forfeited.

CHARLOTTETOWN SAVINGS BANK.

Here is a statement of the Charlottetown Savings Bank for the years ending 31st December, 1892 and 1893:

1892.

Balance due depositors Dec. 31, 1891	$1,787,470.08
Added during year 1892	435,277.49
	$2,223,747.57
Less withdrawals in 1892	421,300.50
Balance due depositors Dec. 1892	$1,802,447.07

1893.

Balance due depositors Dec. 31, 1892	$1,802,448.07
Added during year 1893	465,737.34
	$2,268,184.41
Less withdrawals in 1893	393,645.10
Balance due depositors Dec. 31, 1893	$1,872,539.31

	1892.	1893.
No. of Passbooks issued	1,222	1,314
No. of deposits	4,031	4,367
No. of withdrawals	4,354	4,105
Total transactions	8,385	8,492

It is to be noted that the balance due depositors does not include the amount invested in Dominion Stock, nor does it include the amount on deposit at Summerside. We are informed that if these two items were added it would be seen that the amount held in this Province is about $2,250,000.00.

TRADE OF CANADA.

It is remarkable, in view of the world-wide depression which prevailed, that the foreign trade of Canada was last year greater than in any previous year. According to the Trade Returns our aggregate trade, for 1893 was valued at $247,693,018 as compared with $241,369,443 in 1892.

The exports for 1893 were valued at $118,619,750 as compared with $113,963,375 in 1892, an increase of $4,656,375. Last year was the greatest year for exports that Canada has ever had. By countries, Great Britain took, last year, Canadian products to the value of $64,080,493, a fractional decrease as compared with the previous year, but nearly $16,000,000 in excess of 1891. To the United States Canada sent, notwithstanding the McKinley tariff, $39,844,710 worth of goods, as compared with $38,988,027 in 1892. With France, Germany, Holland and other European countries, our trade was about as usual. The exports to Newfoundland show a big jump from $1,750,714 in 1892 to $2,594,633 in 1893. Trade to British West Indies has increased by $100,000. But there is a falling off with the Spanish and French West Indian Islands—in the former case due largely to reciprocity treaties with the United States.

The imports last year were valued at $129,074,268 as compared with $127,406,668 in 1892. The imports for home consumption reached a total of $121,705,030, as contrasted with $116,978,943, and the duty collected during the past twelve months amounted to $21,161,711, against $20,550,581 in 1892. The imports of Canada from Great Britain increased in 1893 from $41,348,435 to $48,148,413, but decreased from the United States. In 1893, the value of imports from the latter country was $52,221,976, as contrasted with $53,137,572 in 1892. Importations from Germany decreased $1,500,000, and and increased with France $400,000. Altogether, the foreign trade of Canada was wonderfully well maintained in the face of adverse conditions; and it is safe to say that our domestic trade was never greater.

THE DEMOREST COMPETITION.

This notable competition took place last evening at the Philharmonic Hall. There were six contestants for the laural and the prize, viz, Jean Cumming, Lizzie Andrews, Florrie McLean, Minnie Wellner, Nettie Ross and Clara Ross. The skill and ability of all were highly creditable to the fair contestants, to the schools in which they were trained, and to the city of which they are citizens. But Miss Nettie Ross carried off the medal, making 37½ points out of a possible 50. Between the recitations there were vocal chornses by the "Y's," and solos by Miss H. Collings and Miss. Gillis.

MR. GLADSTONE EIGHTY-FOUR.

Mr. Gladstone was eighty-four years of age on Friday last, the 29th December. It is reported that he is in excellant health and looks strong and virile. Queen Victoria, the Prince and Princess of Wales and prominent members of both of the English political parties tendered their congratulations. A large number of congratulatory messages were received from America, the Continent and Australia. Many Liberal societies adopted resolutions of felicitation. Mr. Gladstone after breakfast attended personally to his letters and at noon presided at a meeting of the Cabinet. He was deeply affected by the warmth of the greetings and congratulations of his colleagues. Peals were rung on the bells at Hawarden, near which place Mr. Gladstone has his residence.

PERSONAL.

Miss Katie MacLean, daughter of Capt. Hugh MacLean, of the steamer Jacques Cartier, who has been under Mr. Earle's instruction for a considerable time, left last evening for Halifax, to take finishing lessons on pipe organ, piano and other branches. This young lady is one of our talented amateurs, and we wish her every success.

THE BONSHAW TROUBLE.

Inquest in View of the Body of [illegible]

THE EVIDENCE AT THE INQUEST.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury—Funeral This Afternoon.

An inquest in view of the body of Mrs. John Murchison, who died at Bonshaw on Monday afternoon, was held at that place last evening before Dr. Conroy, coroner, and the following jury: Samuel Beaton, foreman; John Currie, Alexander McNevin, Donald McPhee, Henry D. White, Peter McDonald and John Gaudet.

Dr. John Murchison was the first witness examined. He said: I am the husband of the deceased. On Friday, Dec. 8th, between ten and eleven o'clock at night, John Gillespie came to my door. I opened the door for him and he came in. He asked me if I had any objection to allowing John McNevin to come in. I said yes. I told him that I did not want McNevin in my house. Gillespie said "all right, I will go and see about the horses." Then the two of them came in without rapping. Gillespie's son, about fifteen years old, came in at the same time. Gillespie brought liquor with him into the house, and he and McNevin drank of it. They finished one bottle before they left. I took no liquor from them. They began talking politics. I told them they had better go home. McNevin said he would not go, and then made an offer to strike me. I then again told him to go home, but he still declined. Then I called my wife out of bed. She came down in her night dress with a counterpane over her. It was between one and two o'clock in the morning when my wife came in. She came into the dining room and asked what kind of work this was going on. McNevin kept casting up to me that I had no vote and no title to my property. I called my wife for the reason that I thought she might induce the men to go away. She caught hold of McNevin and attempted to push him out, and he caught her by the night dress and threw her on the floor. Then I got a chair and told him I would brain him—then he sat down. Then Gillespie said he would settle a bill he owed me. He asked me how much it was, and I told him it was $6.50. I reduced the bill to $3.50. While I was writing a receipt Gillespie slapped me in the face. He would only give me $3. Then we had some cross words, and McNevin struck me with a chair. Gillespie took the chair from McNevin and struck me with his fist. McNevin took up the chair to strike me again, and my wife ran in between us and she was knocked down. Then Gillespie took a bottle and offered me some liquor. I did not take it. We had some cross words. McNevin took off his coat, and threw it on the floor. My wife picked up the coat and gave it to McNevin and asked him to go home. He replied by saying insulting words to her. McNevin then threw me into my wife's lap in the arm chair. While my wife was on the floor after being thrown down McNevin kicked her. Then my wife and I went into the hall and closed the doors after us and then McNevin and Gillespie forced the doors open and came after us when we were in the hall. I was knocked down and taken back into the dining room. My wife fell down trying to save me, and she was trampled on by both of the men. Then my servant girl came down stairs and I told her to go over after Mr. Beaton. Mr. Beaton did not come. Young Gillespie said, "For God's sake do not kill the woman." The men went away shortly afterwards. It was about half-past two or three in the morning. My wife locked the door after the men left. I made a fire and we sat up together about an hour. Then we went to bed. My wife got out of bed about twelve o'clock the following day. She went to bed a little after dark. She got up on the following Sunday and was about the house for about a week afterwards, complaining of pains at times. On the Saturday of the following week I telephoned Dr. Robertson. My wife's arms and side were black from bruises, and she had a black eye. She was not in bed when the doctor came. She complained of great pains over the bowels and in her side. She told me she was passing blood from her bowels. I saw some pus that she had passed from the bowels. She complained of pain up to within a few hours of her death. My wife suffered from very poor health for some years—the trouble seemed to be in her lungs. At the time of the row she was in pretty fair health. She used to go to church on Sundays. My wife attributed her pain to the injuries she had sustained by being trampled upon. I did not take more than a glass of liquor that day. My wife died on the first of the present month.

John McNevin was next sworn and examined. He said: I am a contractor and live across the road from Dr. J. Murchison's. On the evening of the 8th December Dr. Murchison came to my place to see my wife and son. While we were standing on the road in front of my house a man named James Ferguson came up in a sleigh and produced a bottle three parts full of liquor. He gave it to myself and the doctor and we drank it between us. About ten o'clock the same night I was in bed and was aroused by young Gillespie, who told me his father wanted to see me at Dr. Murchison's. While I was dressing, Gillespie senior came in, and we both went over to Dr. Murchison's. We all began talking politics, and I told the doctor that he had no vote—that he could not qualify. He then went up stairs and brought his wife down, to prove to us that he had a vote. Mrs. Murchison was very angry at being brought down. Gillespie produced the bottle and poured out some for Mrs. Murchison, which she took, and then we all had a drink. Gillespie and the doctor began disputing over an account. The amount of the account was $5 or $6. Gillespie produced a $10 bill and Dr. Murchison snatched it out of his hand and put it in his pocket. Gillespie wanted the money back or a receipt which the doctor refused to give. The doctor gave the money to his wife and she handed it back to Gillespie. They kept wrangling over the account. The doctor made the account $3.50. Gillespie tendered the doctor a $5 note and the doctor could not give him the change. Gillespie then found $3 and I lent him 50 cents. The doctor did not wish to take the 50 cents. His wife endeavored to persuade him to take the fifty cents. The doctor got angry and struck his wife a blow with his fist. Gillespie then slapped the doctor in the face for hitting his wife. Then the doctor took up a chair and struck Gillespie on the head. Then Gillespie struck him and knocked him down and kept hitting. Mrs. Murchison interfered between them. When the doctor got up he struck me with the chair and I was knocked senseless. The doctor made a blow with the chair at young Gillespie, and in swinging the chair back he struck his wife on the arm. The doctor then caught his wife by the arm and tried to pull her out of the room. Young Gillespie told the doctor not to kill his wife. While he had hold of his wife's arm I caught him by the collar, and told him to let his wife go. When I had him by the collar he jumped back and fell down with his wife on the floor. I told Gillespie that we would put him (the doctor) in irons—that I thought he was crazy drunk. The reason we stayed so long was to prevent the doctor beating his wife. When matters quieted down we left. I did not kick Mrs. Murchison, nor did I see anyone kick her. On the Monday following the row I went in to see Mrs. Murchison. She was in the kitchen sewing. She never said to me that I had kicked her or struck her, but that I had trampled on her. I know that the deceased was a very delicate woman.

William Gillespie (sworn).—I am sixteen years of age, and live on the Appin Road. About ten o'clock on Friday night, December 8th, I went to Mr. John McNevin's and told him my father wanted to see him. My father had a bottle of liquor. When McNevin came in they had a drink out of the bottle. Dr. Murchison took a drink also. They began talking politics. McNevin told the doctor he had no vote, and the doctor went upstairs to bring his wife down to prove that he had a vote. My father caught him by the arm and endeavored to prevent him from going. He did go, and after a while his wife come down. McNevin and the doctor kept disputing with each other. The doctor told us all to go home. My father told the doctor that he did not come in to make a row — that he came in to pay his bill. My father kept arguing with the doctor about the amount of his account. Mrs. Murchison was sitting down talking to John McNevin. The doctor asked her what he should charge, and she said she did not know. He then made a blow at his wife. My father caught his arm and hit him with his open hand, telling him that he should not strike the poor sick woman. He then took up a chair and struck my father. My father caught the chair and knocked him down, and asked him what he meant—was he mad. The doctor said he did not intend to strike him. He then took up the chair and struck John McNevin and knocked him against the wall. He then swung the chair to strike my father, and in swinging it behind him he struck his wife in the arm and she fell down into the chair. The doctor then went for Mr. Beaton, but he would not come. He then caught Mrs. Murchison by the arm and tried to drag her out of the room and to go to bed. The doctor made my father's account $3.50. My father had a $10 bill his hand. The doctor snatched it from him and put it in his pocket. Mrs. Murchison got the money from him and gave it back to my father. Then my father paid him $3.50 and wanted a receipt. His wife would not leave the room until he gave my father a receipt. While the doctor was dragging his wife out of the room John McNevin caught him by the collar. The doctor made a jump back, the collar broke, and the doctor fell, dragging his wife with him. She began shouting—my father picked her up The doctor made the receipt and the three of us came out. Mrs. Murchison shouted as if she had been hurt. I saw John McNevin several times since the row. We talked over the case. I thought doctor Murchison was either drunk or mad. I did not see any one strike the deceased except the doctor himself. When she came down stairs my father treated her to some whiskey. I did not see any one trample upon her.

John Gillespie, (sworn)—I am a farmer and live at Appin Road. My son's evidence is substantially correct. When the deceased came into the room after getting out of bed she looked weak and sick and I asked her to take a little drop of whiskey, which she did. I had a drink before John McNevin came in. McNevin appeared to me to be quite sober. He sat by the side of Mrs. Murchison, holding her hand in his; they appeared the best of friends. The beginning of the quarrel was Dr. Murchison's striking his wife on the head with his fist. I caught him by the arm and slapped his face, telling him he was a mean man to hit his poor sick wife. He then picked up the chair and struck me on the head, making a wound. I never had any dispute with Dr. Murchison before. I swear positively that the deceased was not kicked, but she might have been trampled on by McNevin or the doctor at the time the doctor and she fell together. That is the only time Mrs. Murchison could have been hurt. She did not say at the time that she was trampled on. I had no idea at the time that Mrs. Murchison was hurt, except by being struck by her husband once with his fist and once accidentally with the chair. I don't think she was much hurt by the first blow, but I believe she was seriously hurt by the blow with the chair, which, I think, struck her on the side. When I went to McNevin's it was to tell him that I did not want him to come out if he was drunk. I think that McNevin was pretty well intoxicated when he left Dr. Murchison's house.

Margaret Trainor (sworn).- I was a servant with Dr. Murchison, and remember the night of the quarrel. I did not see anyone strike Mrs. Murchison on that night. I was awaked by hearing Mrs. Murchison screaming, and came down stairs to see what was the matter. All was quiet when I came down. I heard Dr. Murchison ordering McNevin and Gillespie out of the house and they would not go. I then went over for Mr. Beaton, but he did not come. I heard Mrs. Murchison asking the men to go out and they did so. She did not tell me that she had been hurt in the quarrel between the men that night. Dr. Murchison asked me to go for Mr. Beaton and to tell him the men were beating him.

Dr. Taylor (sworn).—I made an autopsy on the body of Isabella Murchison. I found parts of the intestines of a dark purplish color, and right lung very much diseased from tuberculosis, and apparently not fitted to perform its functions. There were old signs of pleurisy about the chest. The left lung was normal size, with some tubercules scattered through. This lung apparently did the whole work of respiration. There was no visible discoloration on any part of the body. The body was very much emaciated. I consider the purple discoloration of the intestines to be due to inflammation. The inflammation seemed to be local. There was no perforation of the bowel. I don't know that death was due to violence. I believe that peritonitis was the immediate cause of death. I did not see any sign or reason for believing that the woman had received any blow or external violence.

This closed the evidence, and after about an hour's deliberation the jury returned the following verdict:—

"That the deceased, Isabella Murchison, came to her death from the effects of chronic illness, and that her death, in the opinion of this jury, was very materially hastened on account of the assault and disturbance caused on the night of December 8th, 1893."

The funeral of Mrs. Murchison took place this afternoon, and was largely attended.

NEW YEAR NOTES.

A warm heart makes a bright face.

The lowly look farther than the lofty.

A good work is a good thought matured.

It is less difficult to alter our faith than our feelings.

A light shines brightest and farthest in the darkest night.

Kindness does not thrive garnered in a lump, but grows as it spreads.

If we notice, we may find as much sunshine as shadow in life.

Some lives get so tangled that only death can smooth out the snarls.

As the salt waves wear away the rock, so do harsh words the most patient heart.

Old friends are not unlike old garments, they accommodate themselves to our peculiarities.

Children Enjoy.

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative and if the father or mother be costive or bilious the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle. .....

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the grea Blood and NerveRemedy.

FREDERICTON NOTES.

A social in aid of the new hall at this place was held in the hall on Wednesday evening, the 27th inst. A very pleasant time was enjoyed by all, though owing to the inclemency of the weather many were unable to attend. Mr. George Stevenson presided over the entertainment and Miss Weeks presided at the organ. The programme, which was lengthy and varied, consisting of vocal and instrumental music, recitations, dialogues, etc., was carried out to the satisfaction of all present.

A very pretty little wedding took place at the residence of Mr. James Sellick, on Tuesday, the 26th inst., the contracting parties being Mr. Charles Hammond Warren and Miss Eliza Novella Sellick. The bridesmaid was Miss Lulu Craswell and the groomsman Mr. Nelson Murray. The "silken tie" was made by the Rev. Mr. McLeod. The bride looked very charming in her becoming attire. When the ceremony was over the company was ushered into the dining room, where the ample table was literally groaning under the supply of good things provided for the occasion. All the wedding guests enjoyed themselves to their heart's content until a late hour, when they retired to their respective homes. The presents to the bride were numerous and beautiful.

After the social and the wedding and the Christmas holidays, our farmers are hard at work procuring firewood for the comfort of their homes.

Our genial merchant, Mr. A. McLean, has been doing a rushing business, notwithstanding the McKinley tariff and the hard times in the States and England.

The Greatest Yet.

Mr. Mothersill received word to-day that the New York Life Insurance Company has issued for 1893 over $223,000,000 of actual new business.

This the largest amount of insurance ever written by any company in the world, and that in the face of the hard times shows, without doubt, the superiority of its "Accumulation Policy" and magnificent financial standing.

How to Get a Sunlight Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man") to Levey Bros., Ltd., 43 Scott St., Toronto, and you will receive by post a pretty picture free from advertising, and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market and it will only cost 1 c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

British board of agriculture estimates show that the barley yield in the United Kingdom last year was 10,000,000 bushels less than in 1892, the oat yield 6,000,000 bushels less and the wheat yield 9,000,000 bushels less. The returns to the farmers were further reduced by the exceedingly low prices—the lowest in modern years—which has ruled in the grain market. There was cause for depressed feeling the telegraph tells us prevailed in London this Christmas season.

Grand New Year's ENTERTAINMENT!

Half Proceeds for Benefit of the Widows and Orphans of the Wrecked Seamen of the Gracie M Parker.

MR. J. E. WELSH, assisted by his pupils and some of the best Musical and Literary talent of our city, will give the above Entertainmen

AT THE LYCEUM,

—ON—

Friday Evening, Jan. 5th.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

New Year's Greeting ..... Miss Pearl Jury.

1. Piano Duet ..... Miss Laura and Mamie Hughes.
2. Children's Song—"Beautiful Bells" ..... Eric and Gower McLean, L Webster and Misses Pope.
3. Piano Solo—"Wandering Sprite" ..... Master Willie McKee.
4. Vocal Duet—"Homeless To-night" ..... Miss Laura and Helen Mitchell.
5. Cornet Duet—"In the Starlight" ..... Miss G Welsh and Mr. Galbraith.
6. Vocal Solo—"When I'm a Great Big Man" ..... Master Gower McLean.
7. Reading ..... Mr. Warren.
8. Piano Duet—"Rip Rap Galop" ..... Misses Phillips and Chappell.
9. Vocal Solo—"Over the Harbor Bar" ..... Miss Collins.
10. Banjo Solo—"The Darkies' Patrol" ..... Miss Murphy.
11. Vocal Solo ..... Mr. Leslie Cook.

Intermission—Selections by Citizens' Band.

1. Vocal Solo—"A Bird from o'er the Sea" ..... Miss Emma Murphy.
2. Piano Duet—"Military Galop" ..... Miss Gussie and Mr. George Purdy.
3. Male Quartette ..... Messrs McLean, Bruce, Cook and Lewis.
4. Violin Solo—"Gavotte Marion" ..... Mr. Vinnicombe.
5. Vocal Solo ..... Miss Jean Nash.
6. Piano Duet ..... Mr. Earle and Pupil.
7. Recitation (with musical accompaniment ..... Miss McNeil.
8. Inst. Duet (Violin and Cornet) ..... Messrs. Vinnicombe and Fletcher.
9. Vocal Solo ..... Mr. Welsh.
10. Vocal Duet—"Gently Sighs the Breeze" ..... Misses Collins and Webster.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

Positively no encores.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Programme commences at sharp 8 o'clock

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 35 cents; Children, 15 and 25 cents.

Tickets at Apothecaries' Hall, Reddin's Drug Store, and at the door.

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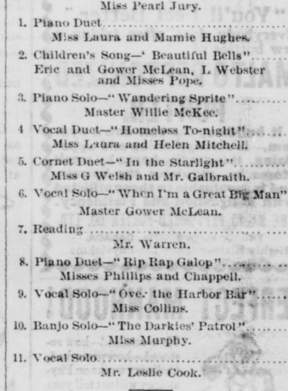

It is the perfection of the well matured plant properly cured by expert growers. Mild flavored, bright and of matchless quality; Mastiff Plug Cut pleases the most fastidious.

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond Virginia; and Montreal, Canada.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

THE PLEBISCITE IN ONTARIO.

The Opinions of the Leading Papers.

TORONTO, Jan. 3.

The Globe, commenting on the plebiscite vote, says:

"It is impossible to argue that satisfactory reason has not been given of a sentiment in Ontario favorable to total prohibition of the manufacture, sale and importation of intoxicants."

The Empire says:

"We have not at hand the actual results of the plebiscite on prohibition; but enough is known of the returns to prove that the total vote fall considerably below the number who exercised the franchise for other purposes. This indicates pretty clearly that the plebiscite was looked upon by not a few as a piece of political humbug intended by the Ontario Government as a means of deluding the people and escaping from an awkward position.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND

Must Change its Methods—or Fail.

LONDON, Jan. 3.

The Investors' Review publishes an alarmist article on the Bank of England, in which it makes a somewhat severe attack upon the governors and courts of the Bank. It predicts that unless a change is made in the Bank's methods of business a financial crisis will be brougat about, compared with which the recent Baring failure will be of small importance.

The "Glove" Ordinance.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 3.

In the City Council, yesterday, Mayor Fletcher sent his veto of the five ounce glove ordinance. The Council will probably pass the ordinance over the veto.

Ex-Premier Mercier.

QUEBEC, Jan. 3.

A. Sullivan, who is quite intimate with ex-Premier Mercier, says that he cannot live more than three months. The ex-grit leader suffers from diabetes.

Killed by a Train.

MONTREAL, Jan. 3.

Michael Duggan, a gateman, was struck by the C. P. R. train near Cote St. Antoine yesterday, and injured so badly that he died soon after.

1894

BUY

Carter's Almanac.

You'll Need it Hundreds of Times before this Year is out.

COSTS ONLY 15 CENTS.

FOR SALE AT

Carter's Bookstore.

jan2

DISTRESS IN THE UNITED STATES.

A late despatch from Boston says: Each day the plans of the Citizens' Relief Committee are beginning to assume more definite shape, and to-morrow will see a practical beginning. Superintendent of Streets Carter has awarded ten contracts for the laying of sewers, each of which will give employment to twenty men. According to the plan of the committee the 200 men called for by these contracts will be doubled by having two sets of men, each working three days in the week and receiving $1.50 per day. Four hundred men went to work to-day.

The men who work on the streets will probably be given six days on and six days off, and the pay will be $1.50 a day. As a week of work will alternate with a week of idleness the pay will average only $4.50 a week. This plan is the beginning of a work that will be carried on on an elaborate scale and which, it is believed, will insure to every citizen of Boston a living during the winter months. As many as a dozen organizations have the matter in hand, and all will operate on similar lines.

Subscriptions to the fund for the relief of the unemployed by Kidder, Peabody & Company now amount to $23,000. A new charity was instituted to-day in the rooms of the Union Rescue mission, which furnishes meals at the nominal price of five cents. It is supported by business men and seems to be a success.

A Chicago despatch states that hard times have come upon the retail clerks of that city in a manner never before experienced. Nearly 6,000 men and women who had been working in the various mercantile establishments of the city have been thrown out of employment since the close of the holiday season. This number comprises at least 3,500 women and girls, whose salaries have not averaged more than $5 per week.

Parrsboro, N. S.

D. S. Howard, the well known merchant of Parrsboro, N. S., sends The Hawker Medicine Co'y the following unsolicited testimonial: Some months ago, when suffering from a severe cold, I was advised to try Hawker's Balsam of Tolu and Wild Cherry and Hawker's Liver Pills, which I am thankful to say completely cured me. I have recommended Hawker's Balsam to very many suffering from Lagrippe and severe colds and in every case it has proved to be effective. Sold everywhere, 25 and 50 cents a bottle.

Bronchitis and Influenza are quickly cured by Hawker's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam. .....

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

WANTED—A canvasser of good address to canvass the city. Please reply right away to P. O. Box 71, city. dec16

FOUND.—A Chubb Lock Key. Apply at this office. dec4

JAS. PATON & CO'S. ANNUAL SALE

—OF—

White Goods, White Worked Embroidery, &c.

Commencing SATURDAY, 13th inst., we will offer our whole stock of White Goods, Table Linens, Lawns, Checked Muslins, Sheetings, Cottons, Pillow Cottons, Towels, Table Napkins, Pillow Cases, Drawn Linens, Piques, Ladies' Underwear, Knickers, Chemises, White Skirts, etc.

Every Lady should take advantage to attend this Sale and secure some great Bargains.

Our stock of WHITE EMBROIDERY has been imported direct from Gais, Switzerland. The prices and patterns, we feel sure, will please our customers.

New Embroideries,	New White Quilts,
New Insertions,	New Sheetings,
New Cambrics,	New Pillow Cottons,
New Lawns,	New Towels,
New Lansdales,	New Towelings,
New Edgings,	New Table Linens,
New Underwear,	New Table Napkins,

ALL NEW GOODS!

Housekeepers and others will find this a good chance to replenish their stock of White Goods.

JAMES PATON & CO'S.,

The Popular Cheap Store.

FELT BOOTS!

We have a lot of GOOD, WARM FELT BOOTS, in Men's and Women's Laced and Congress, that we are clearing out very cheap. If you want anything in this line just see them; you will be sure to buy a pair remarkably cheap at

J. B. MACDONALD & CO'S.

Charlottetown, January 3, 1894—n w f & wky

NEW FRUITS.

300 boxes fine O. S. Valencia Raisins,
1500 " selected " "
300 " layer " "
50 barrels Currants,
193 cases "
50 boxes Dates,
20 " Oranges,
20 kegs Grapes,
20 bags Nuts (Filberts).

N, B. & M. RATTENBURY.

dec22

Dollars Away

You are throwing by not using

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER.

IT IS EQUAL TO COSTS LESS THAN ANY OTHER ON THE MARKET.

Try a Five Cent Package.

jan2

An Important Appointment Contemplated.

The Manufacturers' Guarantee and Accident Insurance Company of Canada purposes establishing a Provincial Agency here. Its desire is to give the appointment to a citizen of this Province. This Company is now doing the Accident business of this country. Its Premium Income last year was the largest reported to the Dominion Government by any Canadian Company. It now has the lead, and is determined to maintain it. District Agents also wanted. For further information apply to

J. B. PATON,
Charlottetown.

Office—McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie's.

dec30—dy & wky

KILTY WHISKY.

The Celebrated KILTY WHISKY—the finest of Scotch Whiskies.

BYRNE BROS.,
Queen Street,
Next to Watson's Drug Store.

dec29—6i pd

ALL INTERESTED, READ THIS!

All persons indebted to us by note of hand, book account or otherwise, will please take notice that their accounts must be settled at once.

All amounts not paid February 1st, 1894, will be sued for without further notice. Call and settle and save expense.

POOLE & LEWIS.

P. S.—We have on hand a large stock of Lumber, suitable for Building purposes, in 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Pine, Spruce and Hemlock Boards, 1½ inch Flooring and Sheathing, Studding, Scantling, 2 and 3 inch Spruce and Hemlock Plank, Laths and Palings, Cedar and Spruce Shingles, Cedar Posts, Lime and Brick, etc., all of which we will sell low for Cash, as our whole stock must be cleared out by close of navigation. Come and examine and get genuine bargains.

POOLE & LEWIS,
Peake's No. 3 Wharf.

Ch'town, Dec. 21, 1893—3m eod&wky

St. Peter's Schoolroom.

Wednesday, January 10th, 1894.

The members of the "BAND OF HOPE," assisted by some of the talent of the town, will give an Entertainment in St. Peter's Schoolroom on the above date, said Entertainment to consist of Living Pictures, Readings, Songs and a first-class Minstrel Troupe.

Last, but by no means least, Mr. V. Vincombe will render some selections.

Be sure and keep this date free, so as to be able to attend. Programme later.

dec19—tl dte

MISS MARY DOU[illegible]

STUDIO, STAMPER BLO[illegible]

Instructions given in the various branches of Drawing and Painting.

nov29—2m eod

MUST GO!

We take stock January 1st, and in order to clear out the balance of our Fancy Goods we will give big discounts all the week.

HAZARD & MOORE.

Ch'town, Dec. 25, 1893—tf s

ANNUAL MEETING

Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island.

The Annu General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island will be held at its Banking House, Great George Street, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next A. D. 1894, at the hour of 11 o'clock, a. m.

Proxies must be left with the Cashier at least one day previous to the meeting.

WM. McLEAN,
dec7—fri tu & wy Cashier.

BANK STOCK

Merchants' Bank P. E. Island.

Forty Shares of the increased Capital Stock of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island allotted to Shareholders but not accepted will be sold at Auction at their Banking House, Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, 9th January next, at 12.30 o'clock, immediately after Annual Meeting.

By order of the Directors.

R. BEAIRSTO,
dec30 Auctioneer.