

THE EXAMINER.

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CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1879.

NO. 573.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. II.

Winter Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, DECEMBER 30th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1. Express.	No. 3 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 8.10 am	
Cardigan	" 8.35 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 9.55 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 10.05 "	
Ch'town	" 11.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	" 11.40 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 8.00 am	Dp 3.30 pm
N. Wiltshire	" 8.20 "	" 3.50 "
Hunter River	" 9.12 "	" 4.45 "
Breadalbane	" 9.30 "	" 5.03 "
County Line	" 10.08 "	" 5.41 "
Kensington	" 10.18 "	" 5.51 "
Summerside	" 11.00 "	" 6.30 "
Wellington	ar 11.30 "	ar 7.00 "
Port Hill	dp 2.40 pm	
O'Leary	" 3.32 "	
Alberton	" 4.16 "	
Tignish	" 5.33 "	
	ar 6.35 "	
	dp 6.40 "	
	ar 7.25 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.
Chignish	Dp 7.00 am	
Alberton	" 7.45 "	
O'Leary	" 8.47 "	
Port Hill	" 10.05 "	
Wellington	" 10.48 "	
Summerside	ar 11.40 "	
Kensington	dp 2.30 pm	Dp 8.45 am
County Line	" 3.00 "	" 9.15 "
Breadalbane	" 3.40 "	" 9.57 "
Hunter River	" 3.50 "	" 10.08 "
County Line	" 4.28 "	" 10.47 "
N. Wiltshire	" 4.45 "	" 11.02 "
Royalty Jun.	" 5.40 "	" 11.55 "
Ch'town	ar 6.00 "	ar 12.15 pm
Royalty Jun.	dp 2.55 "	
Mt. Stewart	" 3.15 "	
Cardigan	ar 4.30 "	
Georgetown	dp 4.40 "	
	ar 6.00 "	
	ar 6.25 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West.		Going East.	
STATIONS.	No. 5 Mixed.	STATIONS.	No. 6 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 7.00	Mt S'tw't Jnc	Dp 4.40
Harmony	" 7.23	Morell	" 5.22
St. Peters	" 8.42	St. Peters	" 5.54
Morell	" 9.13	Harmony	" 7.12
Mt S'tw't Jnc	ar 9.55	Souris	ar 7.35

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE, Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways Supt. P. E. I. R. Ch'town, Dec. 27, 1878.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that Before Taking follow as a se-After Taking, quence of self-abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free, by mail, on receipt of the money, by addressing The Gray Medicine Co., Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by all Druggists, and by all wholesale and retail Druggists in the United States and Canada. January 24, 1879.

EMPLOYMENT.—In every village and township of P. E. Island not yet occupied, ONE ACTIVE, intelligent Lady or Gentleman can obtain a most respectable and very profitable engagement. Address, with full particulars, D. DOWNIE & CO., Box 1964, Montreal.

PRINCE STREET FURNITURE FACTORY.

JAMES HOBBS, Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer and Undertaker.

ALL kinds of Household Furniture made to order, of the latest styles, CHEAP and GOOD.

School Desks made, the CHEAPEST and BEST in the City.

The strictest attention given to the UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT at very low charges. March 24, 1879—h ne

UNDERTAKING, &C.

JAMES M. BUTCHER is now prepared to give close personal attention to all funerals that may be entrusted to him.

COFFINS, CASKETS, &C., of various sizes, styles and quality, always on hand, ready-made.

"PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES." Ch'town, February, 24, 1879.

E. G. HUNTER,

Italian and American Marble, Monuments, Tablets, Headstones,

MANTLES, CENTRE TABLE TOPS, BUREAU AND COMMODE TOPS, WASH BOWL SLABS, &C., &C.

Prices to suit, and satisfaction guaranteed. Designs furnished on application.

Corner Hillsborough and Kent Streets, Charlottetown.

November 6, 1878.

COMMERCIAL Union Assurance Company, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL - - \$12,500,000.

INSURANCE effected against Fire on all descriptions of Property throughout the Island.

Low rates and PROMPT settlement of losses.

HORACE HASZARD, Agent for P. E. Island.

Ch'town, Dec. 20, 1878—

No. 35 Water St., Charlottetown.

Princed Edward Island Branch

—OF THE—

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,743,332.00

Paid up Capital, - 1,216,686.00

CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.

Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years. The Tables of Rates are moderate.

Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk.

Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

G. W. DEBLOIS, General Agent.

Dec. 14.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island June, 1877—

WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

The Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as THE RANKIN HOUSE, in first-class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel. W.M. WAGSTAFF. May 25, 1878

Daily Examiner!

1879.

Advertises Cheap FOR CASH!

JOB PRINTING

PROMPTLY, NEATLY, AND CHEAPLY DONE.

Persons who have not yet settled last year's accounts, will please do so before commencing the business of the coming season.

Small Profits—Quick Returns, IS OUR MOTTO.

Warned by the past, we intend to deal closer to the cash system than ever heretofore.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Local News, Foreign News, Political News, Social News, Commercial News, Shipping News,

laid before Subscribers, Purchasers, and Borrowers.

EVERY EVENING, PRICE 2 CENTS.

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THE DAILY

HAS A Largely Increased Circulation AND IS AN EXCELLENT ADVERTISING MEDIUM

THE WEEKLY EXAMINER

Made up from THE DAILY—a Compendium of all the News of the Week. Subscription price only

One Dollar a Year! IN ADVANCE.

Sent to any address in Great Britain or North America.

Persons having relatives or friends abroad cannot do better than send them THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.

A few Advertisements only, received.

J. W. MITCHELL, | W. L. COTTON, Office Sup't. | Manager.

Tariff Results.

BUSINESS LOOKING UP.

The Montreal Times reports: A glass manufactory is about to be established in the parish of St. Louis, Kamouraska, Quebec, by two gentlemen named McDonald and Roget. St. Louis has been selected for the site of the establishment on account of the recent discovery in that neighborhood of rich deposits of beds of silica suited to that industry. It is expected that operations will be commenced in the month of May.

Says the Halifax Herald: "Already the results of the National Policy are beginning to be developed. During the past week a number of Montreal brokers have been in town making enquiries as to the terms and conditions on which sugars can be purchased in this market, and the general opinion seems to be that they can be purchased here more favorably than in New York, where purchasers have been principally made hitherto. If we can supply the trade of the Upper Provinces even in this article alone, it must have a very beneficial effect on the trade of the port."

RECIPROCITY.

The New York Clothier and Hatter for April publishes the new Canadian duties on clothing, cloths, hats, etc., and after approving of the policy of the Government, says: "To reciprocity we must look for the development of a better trade between the two countries. With a reciprocal treaty our manufacturers who have been sending annually over \$500,000 worth of hats, and \$150,000 worth of made-up wearing apparel into Canada, may continue to enlarge their trade with the Dominion. Without such a treaty, the trade will dwindle to insignificant proportions."

MR. CARTWRIGHT'S REMARKS.

The Opposition platform as formulated by Mr. Cartwright seemed to consist of the following points:—"First, that the tariff will oppress the poor man; second, that it will oppress the lower Provinces; third, that it will be condemned in England; fourth, that it would take more money out of the people than it would afford them in protection; fifth, that it would be injurious to the carrying trade. Events have already supplied almost all the necessary replies to these arguments. The common knowledge of the country of current business transactions will afford to every reader the reply he needs to Mr. Cartwright's position. He then attacked Mr. Tilley's estimate of revenue, and endeavoured to show that it could not possibly be fulfilled. It is singular that such a charge should be made by a gentleman who never once during his whole ministerial course accomplished the fulfilment of his estimates on any point at all. "The country had entered on a downward path;" we were going "contrary to the practice of civilized nations," and so on. That was the fashion of Mr. Cartwright's oration, which he did not continue very long. It seemed if one had heard all before in various quarters. Mr. Cartwright was not less dictatorial in tone than usual, but seemed to labor under a melancholy impression that he was talking to a benighted house, and that he would have to look to foreigners and the next generation for approval.

More Trouble Ahead.

THE CHILLIAN FLEET INTERFERES WITH ENGLAND'S INTERESTS.

In the House of Commons, Charles Russell, (Conservative) asked whether the Government had received information that the Chilean fleet had destroyed jetties and landing stages and seized launches loading guano from Peru to England, by which the loading of over one hundred vessels, chiefly English, was interrupted, and the exportation of guano stopped, to the injury of bondholders and the agricultural and shipping interests of this country; whether the Government was prepared to take, and what steps, for the protection of British interests and also with reference to the damage already done.

Mr. Bourke, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, said sufficient information upon the subject reached the Government which seemed to be practically of the same character as that mentioned in the question,—that the subject had received within the last 48 hours the serious attention of the Government, and they had already taken steps for the protection of British interests and British property.

It appears from the Russian press that the main reason for General Drantelen's assassination was that he had himself discovered the printing office of the social revolutionary *Sentija-i-Wolja*, or "Land and Freedom." An account by the *Charkov Diocesan Nachrichten* of the treatment of the inmates of the central prison for political offenders, reveals the cruelty still practised in Russia. Of the 500 people who have been locked up during the last four months, 200 have already died of scurvy. A small piece of biscuit once in the twenty-four hours is all they get, except a liberal allowance of the whip. No fewer than forty-two have gone mad during these four months. Six political prisoners are to be built in different parts of Russia, each to hold 6,000 prisoners. Is it any wonder that the people are beginning to rise in their might against the despotism and cruelty of the "holy" Czar?

A Village Destroyed.

Details of the tornado at Walterboro, S. C., show that the village was struck by a tornado from sea, which swept across its centre, completely demolishing about half the dwellings and every church in the eastern portion of the town. Trees and ruined houses are massed together in every direction, and streets and landmarks completely obliterated. The seven churches—Episcopal, Catholic, Presbyterian, Baptist, Methodist, and Baptist and Methodist colored—are heaps of rubbish, and the Academy is in the same condition. No stores are destroyed, and the Court House and jail are uninjured. The people are crowded in the few remaining dwelling houses. Provisions are short; much distress is inevitable, and assistance is greatly needed. The loss of property must be very large. The work of destruction was accomplished in less than two minutes. The cyclone approached in a circular cloud that was seen two miles off, and came with a deep humming sound. The loss is very heavy, the flooding rains washing the cropped fields out till they are as smooth as sidewalks.

There arrived in London, Ont., on the 18th inst., a man named John Ellis, in search of his wife, she having left her home in Port Hope a week before, in company with a gardener named William Eddy. Detectives Murphy and Wilmore were detailed to work up the case, and this afternoon they succeeded in arresting the runaway couple at 478 Great Market street, where a house had been rented and furnished. The charge against the couple is that they stole from the house of John Ellis, the complainant, \$700, in money, a quantity of silverware and furniture. When arrested the man had on his person \$35 in money and a cheque for \$350 on the Montreal Bank in London. The woman claimed that the money was all her own, having been left her by a relative, and further, that her husband could not keep any money in his own name without fear of being garnished for debts. The man Eddy, who is a Scotch man, and who left a wife and four children behind him, does not seem to feel very bad about the disgrace which has fallen on his family. It is probable the woman will return to Port Hope with her husband this evening.

The United States Government is not the only one called upon to consider the Chinese-labor question. The intelligence comes from Australia that the Government has issued orders to prevent the employment of Chinese laborers on Government contracts. Treated as an inferior race, and denied the rights of citizenship in California and Australia, the Chinese must look to some other country as a field for emigration, and there will be little difficulty in peopling a country which offers any inducement to them to settle in it.

The Nova Scotia fishing fleet will be much larger this season than ever before. Nearly every outport throughout the Province is fitting out vessels for the purpose, and many of them are beautiful models, with all the most modern appliances for the prosecution of the business. A considerable number will go to the Grand Banks, which have hitherto been scarcely touched by Nova Scotians.

His Honor Lieut-Governor Archibald sailed in the Royal Mail steamer *Polynesian* on Saturday for a three months tour in England. His Honor was accompanied by his two daughters—Lillie and Mary—; Mrs. Clarke and Miss Henry. A large number of citizens were on the wharf to see the party off.—*Ex. Herald.*

Hon. Senator Christie, Mr. Rykher, M. P., and His Worship the Mayor of Ottawa had an interview with His Excellency the Governor-General, with reference to the fourth-coming Ontario Provincial Exhibition. His Excellency was good enough to comply with the wishes of the deputation, and he will formally open the exhibition next fall.

Peter Redpath, Geo. Alex. Drummond, Francis Robert Redpath, Gilbert Scott, and Hon. John Hamilton, of Montreal, give notice of application for incorporation as the "Canada Sugar Refining Company," Montreal being the chief place of business.

Sir John Macdonald has given notice of a bill to amend the law respecting Indian matters, and also one to amend the law relating to Ordinance lands.

Why Will You

Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles, when an immediate relief can be so readily attained. *Boschee's German Syrup* has gained the largest sale in the world for the cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung Diseases. It is Dr. Boschee's famous German prescription, and is prepared with the greatest care, and no fear need be entertained in administering it to the youngest child, as per directions. The sale of this medicine is unprecedented. Since first introduced there has been a constant increasing demand and without a single report of a failure to do its work in any case. Ask your druggist as to the truth of these remarks. Large size 75 cents. Try it and be convinced.