

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

APRIL 30, 1896.

WELCOME HOME!

The return of Mr. L. H. Davies, this evening, and his public reception by his partisans challenges attention. He comes from a session of unparalleled Parliamentary obstruction in which he played the part of one of the chief of the obstructors. He comes after having with his party prevented the passage of supplies required for the public service and necessitated the heavy expense of an additional session in this year of our Lord. He comes after having, with his co-laborers, prevented the passage of the Remedial Bill resulting from the judgment of the Privy Council of the Empire and submitted to Parliament in accordance with the order of the Queen in Council to have that judgment "practically observed, obeyed and carried into effect in every particular." We believe in honoring highly the soldier or statesman who has done great service for the public. But what has Mr. Davies done to warrant the demonstration of his partisans? We all remember that he denounced the proposition to build the Canada Pacific Railway as a ruinous wild cat scheme, and that railway more than anything else has contributed to make Canada the first class colony, the first jewel in the British diadem, which she is universally acknowledged to be to-day. We all know that he has repeatedly denounced the National Policy, under which the prices of goods needed by our consumers are by reason of stimulated home competition in manufactures cheaper than ever before; under which the prices of our agricultural products are, by reason of customs duties which tend to retard importation from the United States, considerably higher than they otherwise would be; under which the Dominion of Canada has passed triumphantly through commercial crises which have shaken the business fabrics of Australia and the United States to their foundations; under which the country is going on quietly and steadily towards a fuller development and a more magnificent prosperity. He has reported to the House of Commons our vacant farms, stated that many of our people had to be helped out by the contributions of their relatives in the States, and preached blue ruin generally, thereby conveying to the world an utterly false impression of the condition of the inhabitants of this province. He has, contrary to the desires of many influential Liberals, shouldered the Hon. David Laird out of the candidature for Queen's West, a constituency that he considers safe for the Opposition, and left Mr. William Welsh to fight it out in Queen's East. That Mr. Davies possesses good qualities of head and heart and that he ranks with Mr. Peters as a special pleader, we are prepared to admit. That he deserves well of Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Laurier must also be granted. But as a representative of this province in the House of Commons he has not been "a success," and having been welcomed to his home, he ought to be elected to stay there.

MEMBERS AND OPPOSITIONS.

Our friends of the opposition are very apt to see the mote that is in their brother's eye. Thus, it is counted by them to be a grave political offence on the part of certain Liberal-Conservative members of Parliament who have accepted office, and they, apparently, forget the long list of Liberal M. P.'s. who were so rewarded while the Liberals were at the head of affairs. We quote a few names: Sir A. W. Dutton, M. P., Minister of Justice, resigned in 1881 to become Chief Justice of Quebec. Letellier de St. Just, Minister of Agriculture, retired to become Lieutenant Governor of Quebec in 1876. David Laird, M. P., Minister of the Interior, appointed Governor of the Northwest in 1876. David Christie resigned the office of Secretary of State to take the Speakership of the Senate, 1874. D. A. McDonald, M. P., Postmaster-General, resigned in May, 1875, to become Lieutenant Governor of Ontario. Telephone R. Turner, M. P., Postmaster-General, appointed in October, 1875, to the Supreme Court of Canada. William Ross, M. P., Minister of Militia, retired in September, 1874, to take the position of Collector of Customs at Halifax. S. E. Cauchon, M. P., Minister of Inland Revenue, appointed in 1877 Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba. Another Minister who resigned during the term was Mr. W. C. Vail, who retired not to take office and emolument, but because he had violated the independence of Parliament Act. He sought re-election and was defeated. Messrs. Cartwright, Smith, Burpee, Coffin and Scott were the only colleagues who remained with Premier Mackenzie during his whole term. Among Grit members who were not in the Cabinet the following is a partial list of those who were provided for: E. B. Wood, M. P. for West Durham, made Chief Justice of Manitoba. E. V. Bodwell, M. P. for South Oxford, accepted office. T. Moss, M. P. for Toronto West, appointed to a judgeship. C. H. Poyer, M. P. for Beauce, appointed to the Senate. A. H. Paquet, M. P. for Berthier, appointed to the Senate. C. A. Pelletier, M. P. for Kamouraska, appointed to the Senate. J. Gaudet, M. P. for Nicolet, appointed to the Legislative Council of Quebec. E. B. Tremaine, M. P. for Victoria, N. S., appointed Auditor-General. West Durham News: In 1878 the farmers of Canada succeeded in getting into the American market about \$12,000,000 worth of their products by paying into the treasury of the United States a duty of \$4,000,000. In the same year the American farmers sold in our markets nearly \$15,000,000 worth of their products without paying one cent into the Canadian treasury. The Grit policy today is to bring about a similar state of affairs again. Farmers what do you think about it?

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

The Prorogation Ceremonies This Afternoon.

Bills Passed During the Session—The Speech from the Throne.

THURSDAY, APRIL 30.

House met at 10.30. Hon. Mr. Peters moved that the bill amending the Public Schools Act be read a third time. Mr. Shaw renewed his objection to the bill. He said that no law seemed to bind the government. He pointed out that they had borrowed some \$36,000 over and above the amount they were authorized to allow discounts of 5, 8 and 12 per cent for eighteen months, yet we find that during the last three years discounts of 118 per cent. have been allowed that \$95,025 of the people's money had been frittered away in discounts to collect \$79,800.94. These discounts were given in order that they might obtain political support. In the past the government have not shown that they have the slightest regard for the law. They are afraid to pass this bill because they were afraid of an action now pending in the courts. They have actually taken the Fort Augustus district and divided it into three school districts, and two new schoolhouses were erected the contract for which fell into the hands of a prominent member of this House. This change was not warranted under the law and the Superintendent of Education actually told some people who spoke to him concerning the matter previous to anything being done that there was nothing in it, and their fears thus allayed they returned to their homes. But there was a power greater than that of the Superintendent of Education, and something was done. The district was cut up and the new schools established. The result has been that some of the people have refused to pay their assessment for these schools, and a case is now before the courts. The leader knows that his friends are going to lose this case. He knows that he has violated the law and that the erection of these schools was unlawful. His object in passing this bill is to constitute these three districts, Tarrentum, Webster's Corner and Glenfiddan. But the voice of the people is against him. He (Mr. Shaw) hoped that the House would see its way clear to vote against the measure. The Opposition are strong in the belief that in opposing the bill they are doing the people a service and acting in the best interests of the community.

Hon. Mr. McLaughlin spoke in favor of the measure and claimed that members of the House had nothing to do with the trouble in the Fort Augustus district. The Government merely wanted to do legally what had been going on illegally for the past five or six years. Hon. Mr. Farquharson said he was opposed to retrospective legislation and if there was anything in the bill effecting existing rights it would not have his support. Mr. McKinnon spoke in favor of the bill. Hon. Mr. Gordon thought that a law which has worked satisfactorily for the past 19 years was a good law, and should not be tampered with. He did not know the whole facts of the case now before the court; but after looking closely into the matter he found that the bill they were asked to vote upon would afford the means of very materially increasing the number of schoolhouses, and thus adding thousands of dollars to the already large expenditure for education. The Opposition were powerless to prevent the passing of the measure, but they would raise their voices against it.

The House then divided as follows on the motion for the third reading of the bill: Ayes—Peters, McMillan, McLean, Buchanan, McLaughlin, Forbes, H. C. Macdonald, Warburton, Rogers, G. A. Peters, McKinnon, Aitken, Robertson—13. Nays—Gordon, Shaw, J. A. Macdonald—3.

The motion was declared carried and the bill passed. On the motion of adjournment a lively discussion took place on the subject matter of the Electric Company's incorporation bill, Messrs. Warburton, Farquharson, J. A. Macdonald and Prowse being the participants. Finally the motion carried and the House adjourned until half past two. This afternoon at three o'clock, His Honor the Lieutenant Governor and suite escorted to the Legislative Assembly room where His Honor was pleased to assent to the following bills: 1. An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the Stanley Bridge Dairying Company. 2. An Act to vest certain lands in the Trustees of the Princeton Royalty Church. 3. An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Central Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Prince Edward Island." 4. An Act relating to the separate property and the rights of property of married women. 5. An Act to incorporate the Teachers' Association of Prince Edward Island. 6. An Act to authorize the town of Summerside to borrow certain moneys on debentures, and to amend an Act passed in the forty-ninth year of Her present Majesty's reign, entitled an Act to consolidate and amend the Acts incorporating the town of Summerside." 7. An Act to incorporate the Summerside Electric Company, limited. 8. An Act to incorporate the Trustees of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church at Montague in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Canada. 9. An Act to incorporate the Spring Valley Hall Company. 10. An Act to incorporate the Crapaud Creamery Company. 11. An Act to amend the 1.w. relating to Partition in the Court of Chancery. 12. An Act to amend 53 Vic., Cap. 22, entitled "An Act to incorporate Mark Wright & Co., limited." 13. An Act to incorporate the Trustees of the Christian Church, Montague. 14. An Act to incorporate the Cardigan Hall Company. 15. An Act to incorporate Saint Peter's Sarch Factory, limited. 16. An Act to amend "The Public Roads Act, 1879." 17. An Act for providing education for the Deaf and Dumb of Prince Edward Island.

18. The Victoria Park Roadway Act, 1896. 19. An Act to incorporate the St. Patrick's Hall Company, Lot 14. 20. An Act for appropriating certain moneys therein mentioned for the service of the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six. 21. An Act to incorporate the Three Rivers Cemetery Company. 22. An Act respecting Conditional Sales of Chattels. 23. An Act to incorporate the Agricultural Cold Storage Company. 24. An Act to amend a statute passed in the fifty-seventh year of Her present Majesty's reign entitled "An Act to enable the Government of Prince Edward Island to receive temporary loans." 25. An Act to amend the Public Schools Act, 1877.

This function over, His Honor prorogued the Legislature with the following SPEECH: Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly,—

At the close of your Legislative duties for this session, it affords me much pleasure to thank you for the assiduous care which you have bestowed upon the public business of this Province. I thank you for the satisfactory provisions made for the carrying out of the public service, and you may rest assured that the supplies granted will be dispensed with the strictest economy consistent with the public welfare. In relieving you for the present from the discharge of your onerous duties, I must express my earnest hope that under the blessings of an All-Wise Providence your labors will conduce to the prosperity of the people of the Island. The closing ceremonies were witnessed by a large number of people, and the guard of honor under the command of Captain Stewart presented a splendid appearance.

NOTES AND COMMENTS. A correspondent of the Mail and Empire, who evidently has not read the bill, is writing about it, declares that the prospects are fair for decisive Liberal-Conservative gains in this province. Halifax Herald.—The people of Canada have no notion of allowing a Grit victory to ruin the trade and industry of this country. A Democratic victory ruined the trade and industry of the United States. Forwarded is forewarned. Mr. Laurier said at Montreal that "industries and agriculture are nearly ruined throughout the whole country." We will have Mr. Peters' word for it that P. E. Island at least is prosperous. Who dares to deny the credit of this Province? Let his name be handed in to Mr. Attorney-General Peters.

An article in Le Canadien of the 26th May, 1877, contains the following appreciation of Mr. Laurier's character: "Mr. Laurier is a man without large ideas." "The fact is that he has not yet pronounced a single discourse of a nature to manifest in him a man of serious worth. His polished manners, his astuteness, a certain aloofness concealing a principles—not far removed from hypocrisy—have won for him his popularity in the country." The summing up is somewhat severe, but no one who has followed Mr. Laurier's career will say it is in the main inaccurate. His authorship is attributed to Mr. Tarte, M. P., who knew what he was writing about.

Archbishop Langevin said in the course of a recent interview: "We must simply wait and hope for more satisfactory results in time. What really occurred on behalf of the Catholics of Manitoba, when the clauses of the bill as it then stood, the whole measure, the amended clauses, with the subsequent changes. I never said I would accept the amended clauses, and await a fuller measure to be passed at a future session. It is necessary, it is of the utmost importance, that the Remedial Bill should carry. It is only right to us that it should carry. It is only right to other denominations—all denominations concerned—that the proposed remedial legislation shall be enacted." J. Warren Smith, writing from Pincle, Central Co. Co. county, California, to the London Spectator, writes on the 8th of March 8th, makes an observation that is interesting. He says: "It is now thirty years since the United States has been engaged in a war, and, in my opinion, an explosion of some kind cannot be much longer deferred. Even the kindergarten are teaching 'patriotism' of the feverish type. The quarrel with England over Venezuela was simply an instance of grabbing at the first thing in sight, although partly for the sake of killing the first 'vote.' But if there be any truth in this view—as there probably is—the wisest policy for Great Britain is, beyond question, to proceed with caution and deliberation. She will not only act in her own interest, but in the interest of peace and good will, if she makes haste slowly."

Montreal Gazette: Mr. Laurier says he is in favor of conciliation, and it is upon those lines that he will act if returned to power. But in this, as in the reciprocity plank of the Liberal platform, Mr. Laurier ignores the fact that there are always two parties to a bargain. You cannot conciliate a man who refuses to be conciliated, and the recent negotiations with the Manitoba Government make it absolutely clear that Mr. Greenway and his colleagues have taken a devious stand, far from which they do not intend to bud. The choice is simply between passing a Remedial Bill and alienating the Manitoba minority to the mercy of the Greenway Government, which means the loss of the privileges Mr. Laurier's patriots hold most dear. Mr. Laurier should come out plainly and say one thing or another. The Government has made a definite and decisive stand in favor of remedial legislation. Is Mr. Laurier for or against it? This is a question to which the electors ought to demand an answer before the blink of evening. Mr. Laurier with the reins of power.

THE WEEK.—At the meeting of the Cycle Club held last evening the following officers were elected: President, J. B. Dawson; Vice President, Geo. A. Dixon; Secretary-Treasurer, A. E. Arsenault; Captain, L. G. Whelan; 1st Lieut., J. A. Farquharson, 2nd Lieut., Art. A. Alley; Committee, B. C. Prowse, Geo. J. Rogers. The report of the by-laws committee was adopted. The club has been made an affiliated amateur club, the initiation fee has been placed at five dollars, and the annual fee at five dollars. We understand that it is the intention of the Club to fit up a comfortable club room, where visiting cyclists can be accommodated.

King Square repair shop for prompt Bicycle repairs. COCKER SPANIELS—For sale, fine black cocker spaniels. Apply at this office. ap. 0 LOST—On Tuesday night, a watch with chain attached. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. 11 pd—ap. 0

Political Meeting

A PUBLIC MEETING of the LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ELECTORS of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty will be held in the

PHILHARMONIC HALL, Thursday Evening Next, At Halfpast Seven O'clock.

THE 30th APRIL INST. for the purpose of appointing Committees, Canvassers, etc., for the forthcoming Election.

Business of importance will be before the meeting. All Liberal-Conservative Electors are invited to be present. C. R. SMALLWOOD, Secretary. P. BLAKE, President. April 27

WE THOUGHT AS MUCH!

Half the people are not yet through their house cleaning. Therefore we again remind you of our full stock in this line: Plate Brushes, Soap, Sponges and everything else. British Furniture Shine "shines." A. W. REDDIN, Phm., B., Central Drug Store, Sunnyside.

SEEDS!

Mammoth Clover Seed (Late Red), Alaska " " " " White " " Timothy Seed (Imported & Island grown), Red Fife Wheat (from Ontario), Colorado Bearded Wheat (from Ontario), White Russian, Vetches, Corn, Peas, etc. At Lowest Prices for Cash only at

Beer & Goff's

Charlottetown, April 30, 1896.

BIRDS!

Call and see the lock-jointed, non-rusting FISHING ROD. We don't think anyone else has them. If so, we are disappointed. Anyway, have a look at them. New Flies, Lines, Reels, etc., etc.

REDDIN BROS

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

3 GREATEST!

Cleveland, \$100 Columbia, \$110 Crescent, \$70 & \$85

Advertisement for DODD & ROGERS featuring a bicycle. Text: "Every Wheel warranted for 12 months from date of sale. A full line of Sundries at low prices. DODD & ROGERS"

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Reconstruction of the Cabinet.

Ill Health Prevents Chapleau From Coming In.

Hon. Mr. Angers Will Take the Position.

OTTAWA, April 30. One thing is certain, viz., that Hon. Mr. Chapleau will not be a member of Sir Charles Tupper's Cabinet. Another thing is certain, viz., that Hon. Mr. Angers will be the third French-Canadian representative in the new ministry, Caron and Ouellet being the other two. It is reported that Mr. Angers will resign his senatorship and run for Maisonneuve, one of the new districts of Montreal. It is also rumored that Col. Tardieu may be a member of the new Cabinet from Ontario. Ill health is assigned as the cause of Mr. Chapleau's refusal, and this cause is well founded. Horace Bergeron, who saw the Lieutenant-Governor in New York yesterday, says Mr. Chapleau is ill, and your correspondent received from the Premier the following official announcement: "Mr. Chapleau has decided that the condition of his health renders it impossible for him to undertake to assist in the reconstruction of the Government."

Macmaster in the Field.

MONTREAL, April 30. Sir Donald Smith will not be a candidate at the approaching election in St. Antoine's district. Mr. Donald Macmaster will be the Government candidate in that division.

Seed Time.

Buy the Seeds at Carter's Seed Store. Housecleaning Time. Buy Wall Paper at Carter's. Only one best place to buy WALL PAPER—that is CARTER'S.

AUCTION!

Double Tenement House. I am instructed by Mrs. Boswell to sell by Auction, at the premises, Pownall Street, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, at 11 o'clock, a. m.— That desirable property situate on the corner of Pownall and Sidney Streets, comprising a lot of land fronting 84 feet on Pownall Street and 84 feet on Sidney Street, with large two-story House and Stable. Terms at sale. R. BEARSTO, Auctioneer. ap. 23—246

Christy's Fancy Biscuits

At a Discount. We want to clear out our present stock of Fancy Biscuits before our spring supplies come to hand, and in order to do so at once we have made some big reductions in prices for one week only: Biscuits formerly 20c now only 14c per lb " 18c " 13c " " 16c " 12c " " 14c " 10c " " 12c " 9c "

Beer & Goff's

Ch'town, April 22.

Have You Seen Them?

Our \$2.50 GENTS' LACE and CONGRESS BOOTS, worth \$3.50, and our LADIES' \$1.25 LOW SHOES. About twenty different styles to select from. These lines will cost you about 25 per cent. more in any other store in town. If you see them you will buy sure. Yours for Shoes. A. E. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN. ap. 8

Spring Carpets!

Two points in which we excel:—Private Patterns and High-Grade Goods at Moderate Prices. Think over what this means. It means that you need not cover your floors with carpets of hackneyed patterns; that, on the contrary, exclusive and fresh designs are at your disposal. It means that you need pay no more money for the best than poorer grades cost elsewhere. We solicit your orders on this basis.

HOSIERY CONVENTION ON SATURDAY.

LOOK OUT FOR ADVERTISEMENT TO-MORROW. Only a few DRESS LENGTHS left of that 55c. Dress Goods, worth \$1.00 a yard at Paton & Co's.

DERBYS.

Show us an exclusive hatter's label in your hat and we'll show you how you have thrown away two dollars. Provided you haven't bought the hat from us and borrowed the label from your old hat. After a while you will be just as happy with our label hanging over your head—\$3 with the hat. Our self-conforming Derbys, in new shades of brown and black, at \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.50, are as good as you can get anywhere, and possibly better. BUY A "BENSON."

JAMES PATON & CO.

Bicycle Accidents!

The OCEAN ACCIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY issues a Special Policy to Wheelmen, good until 31st December, 1896. \$1.50 per \$1,000. E. R. BROW, AGENT. Charlottetown.

IN THE NICK OF TIME.

Ladies' Bicycle Leggings—colors, fawn and black—just received by express. This is one of the most important items of a lady's bicycle costume. We have them right, all sizes.

J. M. McLEOD & CO

Money-saving Boot and Shoe Distributors.

Public Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that according to the custom of many years past, we are now showing the largest and best selected stock of FISHING GEAR in Charlottetown, and are offering it at lowest prices. We are away ahead of all competition at WATSON'S DRUG STORE, CHARLOTTETOWN.

COAL

LANDING TO-DAY, PER SOHR. "TARQUIN," 100 Tons Acadia Nut. PER SOHR. A. S. TOWNSHEND, 170 Tons Acadia Round. C. LYONS & CO. ap. 27—1w pat guar

LIME.

We have commenced burning, and will be able to supply any quantity of best quality of Lime suitable for Building and Farming purposes. C. LYONS & CO. ap. 22—1m guar pat her wat

HAY!

FOR SALE, 150 Tons Best Quality Pressed Hay. C. LYONS & CO. ap. 25—2w pat guar

OLD SYDNEY SLACK COAL.

Landing to-day, a cargo of Old Sydney Mines Slack Coal. C. LYONS & CO. April 29—2i guar, pat

The Correct Shoes

AT GOFF BROS

Charlottetown, April 30, 1896—246

Advertisement for Stanley Brothers' hosiery. Text: "ON For Finish and Wear Resisting Qualities nextelled. Its Record--over a million pairs annually. A full line in Ladies' and Children's sizes expected this week. STANLEY BROTHERS."