THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,

BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY, FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,

Charlottetown, - - P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION :

Six Months, - - -	$2 50
Three Months, - - -	1 25
One Month, - - -	0 50

☞ Advertising at most moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertisements, on application.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 21, 1882.

The Estimates.

In the House of Assembly, last evening, Hon. Mr. Sullivan tabled the following estimates of expenditure :—

Administration of Justice	$20,365 00
Boards of Health	100 00
Coroners' Inquests	300 00
Executive Council	700 00
Elections	3,000 00
Education	96,580 00
Exhibitions	2,200 00
Hospital for Insane	16,000 00
Legislation	12,500 00
Legislative Library	430 00
Lieut Governor's Office	550 00
Inspectors Salaries (Licenses)	600 00
Deaf & Dumb Institute	300 00
Blind Asylum, Halifax	200 00
Fire Department, Charlottetown	650 00
" " Summerside	150 00
" " Alberton	100 00
Keeper Market House, Geo'town	16 22
Mrs. Mary Whelan	300 00
Historical Society	400 00
Poor House	3,300 00
Paupers	3,600 00
Public Postage	400 00
Department of Provincial Sec'y Treasurer and Commissioner of Public Lands, including payments to clerks, &c	7,315 22
Provincial Auditor	1,200 00
Printing and stationery for do	100 00
Public Works, including salaries of Secretary and travelling expenses, etc	3,300 00
Ch'town and Southport Ferry	2,500 00
Geo'town and Montague Ferry	2,800 00
S'side and Bedeque Ferry	1,500 00
China Point Ferry	60 00
Cranberry (Hillsborough River) Ferry	45 00
Murray Harbor Ferry	100 00
McCannell's or Hickey's Ferry	40 00
Ellis River, Lot 14, Ferry	95 00
Walshtown Ferry	120 00
Grand River (King's Co.) Ferry	100 00
Elliott River Ferry	50 00
Cardigan Ferry	100 00
Rights of Way and New Roads	4,500 00
Public Buildings	4,050 00
Public Wharves	8,000 00
Bridges	17,000 00
Roads, Culvert's and Small Bridges	15,500 00
Salaries of Commissioner and Supervisors	2,500 00
Macadamizing	1,100 00
Bushing Ice	400 00
Miscellaneous and unforeseen expenses in connection with Roads and Bridges	1,000 00
Packets—Ch'town to Grand River	100 00
" Ch'town to Wood Isl'ds	150 00
" Ch'town to Murray Har.	100 00
" Ch'town to Rustico and New London	600 00
" Geo'town to Montague Bridge	75 00
Coast and River Steam Service	2,600 00
Keeper of Provincial Building	400 00
Messenger do.	325 00
Fuel, light, etc. do.	1,500 00
Printing Folio and Sessional Laws	250 00
Registry of Deeds	3,850 00
Importation of Stock	3,000 00
	$250,266 44

Mr. Davies and the "Patriot."

THAT the *Patriot* should fly into a passion because of THE EXAMINER'S incidental reference to the fact that Mr. L. H. Davies had drawn a further sum of upwards of $3,000 from the public chest is somewhat surprising. This is not, by any means, the first payment which Mr. Davies has received ; and, if the desires of Mr. L. H. Davies should be gratified, it will not be, by any means, the last. There was nothing extraordinary about THE EXAMINER'S statement; it was quite true; no reference whatever was made by THE EXAMINER to Mr. Davies' professional ability or character; and we can only account for the *Patriot's* utterly contemptible disparagement of the professional ability and character of Messrs. Brecken and Sullivan, on the ground that the *Patriot* believes Mr. Davies to be indefensible on his merits. The *Patriot* says:

"If Messrs. Sullivan and Brecken were able to defend the rights of the people, there would have been no need of employing Mr. Davies. Mr. Owen and his colleagues knew the incapacity of their Attorney and Solicitor Generals, and appointed Mr. Davies to conduct the case on that account."

Now "the Land Purchase Act" provided that, besides the Attorney General and the Solicitor General, there should be appointed a Solicitor to assist them in the conduct of the case of the tenants before the Commission." The Owen Government had no alternative but to appoint some one Solicitor ; and the appointment, so far from being a reflection upon the professional skill of Messrs. Brecken and Sullivan, was simply in accordance with a provision of the Legislature.

Having to appoint a Solicitor, who could Mr. Owen apply to? Mr. E. J. Hodgson, Messrs. Palmer & McLeod, and all the other leading lawyers of the Province, were already in the employ of the proprietors. But here was Mr. L. H Davies, the warm, the patriotic, the unselfish friend of the bleeding tenantry, whose services were at the disposal of the Government, who as an aspiring politician, had a strong motive to exert all his ability in behalf of the people, and who, if he made any charge at all for his services, would probably make a very moderate charge indeed! Should he be appointed? He stood opposed to the Government it is true? But the interests of the Province seemed to demand that he, rather than an out-sider, should be appointed ; and the Owen Government—as Conservative Governments ever do—considered the interests of the country to be paramount to those of their Party. So he was appointed; and when the return for which Mr. McKay has moved, shall have been brought down and published, we shall know how deep was the sympathy of Mr. Davies for "the bleeding tenantry."

Messrs. Brecken, Sullivan and Davies together conducted the cases on behalf of the tenantry ; and together they worked harmoniously, successfully and well. They were all complimented by Mr. Childers on the zeal and ability they displayed ; nor was one more highly praised than another for the powerful and successful appeal made to the Supreme Court at Ottawa. The attempt of the *Patriot*, at this late date, to give all the credit to Mr. Davies, is as mean as it is invidious and unjust.

The *Patriot* reproaches THE EXAMINER with flinging dirt at Mr. Davies "behind his back." THE EXAMINER flung no dirt—made no attack whatever upon Mr. Davies. In explanation of the public accounts, we simply stated the fact that Mr. Davies had, during the past year, received from the Treasury the sum of $3,227.03, which was drawn from capital account, and could not properly be included in the expenditures of the year That THE EXAMINER did this, is a very pitiful excuse for the *Patriot's* mean attempt to injure the professional character of two prominent political opponents.

The Seduction Act.

STRANGLED IN THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER AT ITS THIRD READING.

THE Seducti n Bill, passed by the House of Assembly a few days ago without one dissenting voice, has been thrown out by the Legislative Council, without the use of any argument in defence of ther action.

This Bill, as proposed by the House, is in accord with a similar enactment in other Provinces of the Dominion : and clergymen of different denominations in this Province, in the interests of morality, urged the necessity of a more stringent law than the law existing in reference to this subject.

The Bill passed its different stages in the Council without any comment; but, strange to say, at its third reading the "three months' hoist" was put and carried, without one word in defence of such action.

In justice to some members of the Legislative Council, who were absent when the vote was taken, we have to state that they feel very indignant at the extraordinary course pursued relative to this important matter.

Irish National Land League.

The Land League held its weekly meeting in St. Patrick's Hall, on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. M. P. Hogan, Esq., in the Chair. The meeting was quite a large one. Among those present were some members of the Legislature.

The Executive Committee was instructed to arrange for an entertainment on Easter Monday night ; and also to consider the matter of being represented in the Land League Convention to be held at Washington 12th April next.

From a number of the London *Times* was read a speech delivered recently in the Imperial Parliament by Thomas Sexton, M. P. The same paper, though bitterly opposed to the views of Mr. Sexton, characterized the speech as one of the most brilliant and rhetorical delivered in Parliament. It was an unanswerable defence of the principles of the Land League and its leaders. It dealt with the wisdom of its policy, and of the failure of the Land Act to be of any service to those suffering most from the effects of an evil system. Mr. Sexton's speech was an eloquent vindication of the Land League both before its suppression and at the time when it was declared an illegal organization; and, as stated by the *Times*, created a profound impression on the House.

Hon. Simon Bolger, M. L. C., having been called upon, came forward and expressed his admiration of the true and manly utterances of Mr. Sexton in the presence of those two "philanthropists"—Gladstone and Forster. It was a pleasure to see that Ireland was not without such true men to fight her battles. Irishmen have suffered much, and we who enjoy constitutional liberty in free America could not understand the justice or humanity of caging in dungeons without the formality of trial, those who asked for the reform of acknowledged public evils.

Hon. R. B. Reid, M. L. C., was next introduced. He said it was the first time he had the pleasure of attending a Land League meeting. The League was a noble movement, and had his hearty support and co-operation. It was an organization which should be supported by every true Irishman. He had often heard the old men who came from Ireland express a desire of not dying before seeing their country attain her rights and liberty; and he thought it a beautiful expression, illustrating the strong love the Irishman has for his native land. There were no truer men than Parnell, Davitt, Dillon, Sexton, and the other Land League leaders. He regretted that the English Government were not actuated by a more tolerant spirit and release those men imprisoned so unconstitutionally. He believed the Irish people, if handled justly, would prove as loyal as any other people.

The President having announced the names of gentlemen who would address the next meeting, and invited the attendance of all, the meeting adjourned.

RICHARD WALSH,
Secretary.

Ch'town, March 21st, 1882.

The War Cloud.

The London *Times* of the 15th inst. says : War between Austria and Russia is always a possibility, but at present there is not, we trust, serious peril. The establishment of a Servian kingdom under Austrian auspices is an important guarantee of peace. Nor is the Slavonic storm likely yet to break upon Germany. We have reason to believe that Bismarck has no fears in that direction, and he neither expects an attack nor intends to strike.

It is said the Russian representatives at German courts have been instructed to assure the Government to which they are accredited that the Czar is firmly resolved to maintain amicable relations with Germany.

The Berlin *Cross Gazette* on the 15th says the interview between the Emperor and Bismarck on Sunday was for the purpose of discussing the Russian question. The Skobeleff affair, it says, is regarded as settled, but great watchfulness is reqnired. Bismarck long since arranged European combinations for every eventuality.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—In the midst of the squall which invariably follows the publication of the Public Accounts, permit me to say a word on the situation. The accounts show a surplus of $14,000, and the Government and its friends are very proud of it. The Opposition say that there is really no surplus, because the total amount received from lands is included in the receipts. Now, I have referred to the accounts of 1877 and 1878, and I find that the land money was then credited as it is now Therefore, at least, for purposes of comparison, it is necessary that the accounts should be stated as they are, and the surplus of $14,000 is indeed a great satisfaction to the over-burdened taxpayer. The Government say that, having completed the Asylum and Stock Farm buildings, retrenched in the Civil service, and being now in receipt of nearly $1,200 as increased subsidy on account of population, they can maintain the public service efficiently, and at the same time dispense for some years with direct taxation. The Opposition say that the Government is too economical, and that they should continue the Assessment Act and fund the money for future use. This is nothing less than a plea for extravagance. If the money is not wanted why take it from the people? It will cost at least one dollar to collect ten. And the funding of the money is all bosh. Nobody means to do anything of the kind. It would be difficult to get even 4 per cent. for money, restricted as the Government would be in the matter of investing. The true policy is to collect debts due the public as promptly as possible, and keep the expenditure as low as is consistent with the proper maintenance of the public service, then tax the people for what is needed and no more. If money is absolutely necessary, then, but not till then, let the tax gatherer go forth

The present Government are not accused, even by their opponents, of extravagance in the public expenditure, they are not charged with neglecting their duties to the public, nor with any acts of maladministration whatever. The issue appears to be entirely on the question : Shall direct taxation be continued? It is not very hard to foresee the result of the next election, unless other issues are raised

Yours, etc.,
ON-LOOKER.

Ch'town, March 21, 1882.

NEWS NOTES.

The Washington *Star* says that the hours for visiting and evening parties are gradually growing later and later in that city.

The Chinese telegraph lines have been made free to the public for one month, in order to familiarise the people with their use.

The Manitoba fever effects the whole people of Ontario, and half of Pictou county, Nova Scotia, is said to be going to the prairie province next season.

Mr. R. G. Fraser, Government analyst in Halifax, died on the 15th. He was a native of Pictou county, but had been living and doing business in Halifax for many years.

The returns issued by the English Board of Trade show that during the month of February British imports had decreased, compared with the same month of last year, £3,600,000, and the exports had increased by £2,100,000.

Skobeloff has made another speech, this time to a number of Russian officers, in which he states that Bismarck has "founded with blood and iron an Empire which must be destroyed by Russian blood and iron."

Investigation into the number of pupils attending the Public Schools of Toronto shows that there is a serious overcrowding. There are now in attendance 1,900 pupils in excess of the number for which accommodation has been provided

The annual report of the Inspector of Division Courts for Ontario says that in the two Courts in Toronto, in 1879, there were 4,667 suits. In 1880 there were 4,094 ; and in 1881, 4 043. The amount of claims entered in 1880 was $172,416. There are 300 Division Courts in the Province.

W. A. Harris, the suspended station master at Windsor Junction, who was under arrest on a charge of manslaughter, through having been the cause of the late fatal accident on the Intercolonial, was, on the 15th instant, honorably discharged by the Court. The books show that the figures were tampered with at Truro station.

Count von Moltke, Germany's greatest military strategist, thinks the invasion of England, through the proposed Channel, a sheer impossibility. "You might as well," he exclaimed to a distinguished Prussian officer, who had mentioned the subject, pointing to his library door—"you might as well talk of invading her through that doorway."

It is fashionable now-a-days to denounce creeds, and speak disparagingly of doctrinal preaching, as if these were of no consequence, provided the practical duties of religion are enforced, the great fact being overlooked that faith and practice, doctrine and duty, are inseparable, sustaining to each other the relation of cause and effect. Men's actions are controlled by their belief, their creed, the doctrines which they hold to be true. Every man has his creed, and it is generally the case that men who denounce creeds the most are the most opinionated, the most dogmatic, and are the least tolerant of others who differ from them in their views.

Special Notices.

JOSEPH CARTER, being about to go into fowl raising, will buy hens, ducks and geese, of the best breed. Application to be made at the Fish Market. [mar 20

Still taking Bank of Prince Edward Island Bills for Goods at W. E. Dawson & Co's. [mar 18

H. COOMBS wants to exchange goods for Old Bank paper, at face value. m16

SNOW SHOES at Morris' Book Store, Summerside P. E. I., Gentlemen's $4.00; Ladies' $3.00; Children's $2 00 Sent by train, freight paid, upon receipt of the price.

H. COOMBS wants to exchange goods for Old Bank paper, at face value. m16

L. E. PROWSE has just received a very large stock of Christy's, London, hats for spring. f7

PEA SOUP (very nice), at Beer & Goff's. [fe 6

CRANBERRIES, 10 cents; cheese, 16 and 18 cents, digby herring, 8 cents; at the Family Grocery.—R. K. BRACE.

SEND your orders to G. H. Haszard for a Bird's eye view of Winnipeg, and see the great city before going West. mar 10 3i

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Winter Communication Discussed in the Senate.

A False Report.

The Credit Foncier, &c., &c., &c.

Special to the Examiner.

OTTAWA, March 21.

Sir John McDonald was yesterday unanimously nominated to contest the County of Lennox at the coming election.

The subject of Winter Communication with Prince Edward Island and the Mainland was discussed at length in the Senate yesterday. Sir Alexander Campbell promised that the Government would give it favorable consideration.

The Electric Light Act was the subject of a long discussion in the House of Commons yesterday. A charter was granted to the Company.

The bill to increase the interest on loans by the Credit Foncier, Franco-Canadien, got the six month's hoist yesterday, by a very large majority—the Government voting against the increase.

Mr. Lash, Deputy Minister of Justice, has resigned.

Mr. McConnell left for home yesterday. He is very sick, and is not expected to recover

Rev. Oscar Owens is holding a series of services in this city.

There is a rumor published in the Halifax *New Era* to the effect that Prince Edward Island will lose one member under the Bill for the re-distribution of seats in the House of Commons. The rumor, it is needless to say, is unfounded.

A large amount of private business was transacted by the Government yesterday.

There is great excitement in the Quebec Legislature over the sale of the Provincial Railway.

GENERAL NEWS.

CHERRYFIELD, Me., March 20.

Harriet E. Sprague, a young woman, was murdered by Chester S. Cunningham, last night, while coming out of church. She was a widow, and for some time had received the attention of Cunningham. Lately she had been visited by another young man. Cunningham became jealous, and as the woman left church, upon the arm of the other young man, Cunningham rushed upon her, drew her head back, cut her throat and then fled. Mrs. Sprague lived about ten minutes. Cunningham was arrested.

ROME, March 20.

Nuova Autologia publishes a remarkable article, by the Secretary of the Committee of General Staffo, arguing the prompt completion of the military organization, and alliance of Italy with Germany and Austria, against a probable Franco-Russian alliance.

OTTAWA, March 20.

Mr. Haythorne brought up the question of communication between P. E. Island and the Mainland. He recommended ice boats assisted by steamers.

TUNIS, March 20.

A plan for a forty day's campaign in Southern Tunis has been agreed upon, and various movements will commence in the course of a week.

ST. LOUIS, March 20.

The levee at Prentiss broke to-day drowning seven persons.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, March 21—10 a. m.

Fine weather to-day, followed by increasing easterly winds and increasing cloudiness, with snow or rain to morrow.

OLD BANK PAPER

TAKEN AT FACE for Furniture, Side Boards, Bedsteads, Sofas in H. C, Lounges in Rep, Parlor Sets, Stoves, Winches, Windows, Doors and Sashes, 200 Mackerel Barrels, 50 Pork Barrels.

Do. for Carriages, Wagons, Harness, Sleighs, Horses, Cows.

Do. for 100 boxes Herring, Safes, Dyes, Copperas, Cheese, Beans, quarter ton Clinch Rings at half price, Cooley Creamery, Children's Carriages, Carts, Trolleys, Dried Apples and Soap.

Do. for Pedlar's Wagons.

Do. for 1 American Built Barouche, said by judges to be one of the best on the Island.

Do. for Covered Sleigh, just the thing for an invalid, or for stormy weather, at

H. COOMBS'.

March 21, '82—3i

GOING SOUTH!

THE Proprietor of the "Lorne Restaurant," owing to want of accommodation for his customers, will, on or about the last of March, instant, remove to the more commodious premises of J. & T. Morris, corner of Queen and Water Streets, which will be also known as the Lorne Restaurant. With all the modern appliances, and a good staff of waiters, he hopes, as in the past, to give general satisfaction to those favoring him with their patronage. Special attention paid to oysters. There will be a first-class wholesale and retail Cigar and Tobacco Store kept in connection with the Restaurant. An extended advertisement of the business will shortly appear in the city papers.

A. McDONALD.

March 20, '82—1w

Bank of P. E. Island.

CHARLOTTETOWN, March 20, 1882.

The adjourned Special Meeting of Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 22nd inst., at eleven o'clock, forenoon.

JOHN LONGWORTH,
President

[mx 20 2i]

SPRING GOODS.

PERKINS & STERNS,

Queen Square,

—ARE SHOWING—

SPRING GOODS

—IN—

GREAT VARIETY.

Their Stock is Always Purchased

—IN THE—

BEST MARKETS,

And You Can Rely Upon Getting as Good Value as can be found on P. E. Island.

Large Stock Grey Cottons,

Large Stock White Cottons,

Large Stock Pink Cottons,

Parks & Sons Knitting Cotton

(IN EVERY COLOR.)

New Spring Tweeds.

A NICE VARIETY OF

DRESS GOODS!

A Complete Stock of

MOURNING GOODS.

Table Linens, Table Napkins,

Towels, Sheetings,

PILLOW COTTONS, COUNTERPANES,

TOILET COVERS, &c., &c.,

VERY CHEAP

Carpet, Oil Cloths, Matting Rugs and Mats.

ROOM PAPER.

Perkins & Sterns.

Feb. 10, 1882.

$3,000 TRADE SALE!

WE ARE RECEIVING

A CONSIGNMENT OF

DRESS GOODS!

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

Groceries and General Merchandise,

all of which we are instructed to clear out without reserve, at AUCTION, at our Sales Room, on

Wednesday, 22nd of March,

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

Terms—All sums under $50, cash on delivery ; over thatam ount three months will be given on approved joint notes in all cases.

Goods will be open for inspection on and after Monday, the 20th inst.

F. LEPAGE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

March 13—eod, wkly 1i

Steam Communication with the Magdalen Islands.

TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on WEDNESDAY, the 5th of APRIL NEXT, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails by steamer once a week, during the season of Navigation between Pictou, N.S., and the Magdalen Islands and Gaspe, under a contract for four years, commencing with the opening of navigation in 1882.

The steamer to leave Pictou on such regular day in each week as the Postmaster General may appoint, and proceed to Amherst and Cape de Meule, Magdalen Islands, and remaining one day at the Islands for exchange of Mails, to return to Pictou, calling both ways and exchanging Mails at Georgetown and Souris, Prince Edward Island. On every fourth trip the steamer is to proceed from the Magdalen Islands to Gaspe and back before returning to Pictou, calling for exchange of Mails at Gaspe Basin, and at Perce weather permitting. The Postmaster General will require a first-class sea-going steamer for this service, and the tender must give a full description of the steamer offered—specifying name, tonnage, speed and accommodation for passengers and freight, also the price asked for each round weekly trip between Pictou and the Magdalen Islands, and for each monthly round trip between the Islands and Gaspe.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Secretary.

Post Office Dept., Ottawa, March 11, 1882.

[ma 21 6i

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have entered into Partnership as ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, under the style of

PALMER & MULLALLY.

OFFICE—Mrs. O'Halloran's Building, next door to Union Bank, Charlottetown.

All law business promptly attended to. Dated March 17th, 1882

H. V. PALMER,
JAS. W. MULLALLY.

March 18, 1882—4w, wkly 4w

Heavy Goose Guns.

A FEW MUZZLE LOADING 9 BORE GOOSE GUNS—W. & C. Scott's make—at the London House.

G. DAVIES & CO.

March 18, 1m

BEER & GOFF.

Buckwheat Flour and Pearl Barley,

Hominy, Potato Farina.

Coal! Coal!

A Quantity of Pictou and Albion Mine ROUND COAL, for sale for Cash only.

N. B.—Orders to be left at Koughan's Scales. mch9

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper Published in the Province.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED—Two girls to learn the dress and mantle making. Apply to Misses Lynch & Schurman, in the store of R. W. Tremaine. m20 6i pd.

WANTED—A good plain Cook. Apply at Admiral Bayfield's. [mar 18tf

FOR SALE.—17 Goose Decoys, in perfect order Apply to S. DAVIES, West Street. mch17—6i e o d

A Second-Hand Piano and Organ for sale cheap. Apply at this office. mch17

TO LET—A house containing eight or eleven rooms situate on Kent Street, half of the subscribers premises. Rent moderate. Apply to Francis McRory. mar 7 eod

TO LET—The second story of the Brick Building, on Queen Street lately occupied as the Orange Hall. It is conveniently situated and well adapted for a Lawyer's office. Apply to MRS. OFFER, Queen Street. [fe 14 2aw

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, an experienced Nurse Good references required. Apply to Mrs Freelan , Brighton, or at Admiral Bayfield's, Queen Street. [ma 3

WANTED—At the "Lorne Restaurant, a good smart cook (one used to Restaurant cooking preferred) The highest wages will be paid to the right person. [fe 27 eod tf

FOR SALE—The complete edition (2 vols.) Picturesque America, new, handsomely bound, cost $18 per vol., will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office. [mr2 2w

FOR SALE.—A Breech Loading Gun, 10 guage, rebounding lock, snap action. Apply at this office. feb27