

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 11, 1883.

Hillsborough Ferry.

We trust that something practical will result from the meeting to be held at Pownall Hall on Thursday night. Unquestionably, Hillsborough Ferry does not now meet the requirements of the public. The wharves and steamers were perhaps sufficient when the Ferry contract was made. But the number of the people requiring accommodation is increasing year by year, as (on market days) the long lines of waiting vehicles prove; and as the proposed bridge is not within our means, extended wharves and perhaps an additional steamer to ply on market days are required. In our opinion an extension of the Southport Wharf to the channel, would go far towards meeting the requirements of the traffic. We hope to hear the question well discussed by practical men; and we have no doubt that, notwithstanding the mistake they made in electing political novices in the place of the sterling men who before represented them, the Government will favorably consider any reasonable proposition the people may make. The accommodation is required by the public; and party considerations will not prevent the Government from supplying it.

"Continuous Communication."

When P. E. Island was induced to enter into Confederation, it was well understood that we were an isolated community, suffering in winter through interrupted communication with the mainland. To induce us to join the Confederacy, one great argument was, that the Island should have cheaper, and better, and increased facilities for freight and passengers to and from the mainland. This idea was afterwards engrafted in the document uniting us to the rest of Dominion. In that instrument it was solemnly promised that Prince Edward Island should be placed in continuous communication with the railway system of the Dominion, summer and winter. What did this mean? Was it intended that, if increased facilities and methods of travel should be introduced, our people should be charged a largely increased price for freight and passengers over that which obtained previous to Confederation? What did the bargain or promise mean when it said that the Island should be placed in direct communication with the railway system of the Dominion—summer and winter? We possess the same means and facilities for summer travel at the time of the bargain as we now enjoy. We owned the railway, and the same steamers—the *St. Lawrence* and *Princess of Wales*—no more and no less—ran to the mainland. No effort has been made to improve, or augment, or expedite summer travel, over that which we ourselves enjoyed at Confederation. For winter travel we were vouchsafed the *Northern Light*; but for the privilege of taking passage in her across the Straits, and for receiving freight, we are now charged more than double the amount charged in summer, and a sum largely in excess of the amount for freight and passage charged previous to the Union.

We contend that this is contrary to the spirit of the bargain we entered into with the Dominion. Our position places us at a disadvantage, compared with the other Provinces. The terms of union declare that the Island shall be placed among the favored Provinces; and, in so many words, promises that no outlay shall be spared to accomplish this end. There has been nine years of delay. Now, let the broken part—the summer part—of the bargain be carried out so far as to place a good screw boat or boats to convey freight across the Straits, leaving the present boats for passengers. As we demonstrated a few days ago, a screw boat is absolutely needed to ply from and to this harbor in early winter and in spring.

The meetings held last winter stirred up the Steam Navigation Co.; and some united action should take place this present winter, when the want of proper connection with the mainland has been forced home to us, and is fresh on our minds.

The Butchers' Grievances.

The *Patriot* is endeavoring to make political capital out of an extension of lease granted by the City Council to Messrs. Blake Brothers. In doing so it treats the Council with gross injustice; and in order to accomplish this end, adroitly conceals facts. No one acquainted with the proceedings of the Council for the past few years will give the *Patriot's* statement any credence. It has been made with an evident disregard for fair play. Had the *Patriot*, in its issue of Tuesday, published a correct report of Councillor Blake's explanation of the matter, its readers could not have been deceived by its article on "Civic Affairs." The Butchers' "grievance," was shown by it to be purely imaginary, and the Council's action in granting Messrs. Blake Brothers an extension of lease was wise, and therefore perfectly legitimate. As the *Patriot* has done the Council and Mr. Blake grievous wrong in misrepresenting the case, we take the liberty of briefly stating the facts in connection with the leasing of the Bell Tower.

The building was constructed in 1877.

The first and second flats were then sold by public auction, and were purchased by Messrs. LePage and Quirk at a year's rental of about four hundred dollars. Finding business would not likely be as remunerative as anticipated, they asked the Council to relieve them of their obligations. This, the Council did. The second flat was then fitted up for offices for the Mayor and City Marshal, and the lower flat remained idle for nearly two years. The Council in the meantime concluded to use it as a meat and flour market; but the millers declined to go into it, as they preferred the body of the Market House for their business. Had they consented to use it, the butchers' grievance would not be dreamed of, the *Patriot's* article would be unwritten, and the bell tower would not bring a revenue to the city. In February, 1879, Messrs. Blake Brothers, seeing that the flat would be suitable for their business, made application for a lease of the lower flat for a period of five years at \$200 per annum. The lease was granted. Messrs. Blake Brothers then fitted up the flat at a cost of over \$250, and commenced to work up a good business. After occupying the premises for nearly four years, the walls and floor commenced to sink, and the interior became dilapidated. Messrs. Blake Brothers believed they would not be justified in expending money for further repairs without an extension of lease. They therefore informed the council of the repairs required, and offered to make them and fit the building up in proper shape, on condition that their lease would be extended five years longer at the same rent—\$200 per annum. The application was read at a regular meeting of the City Council, and granted with one dissenting voice—Councillors Murphy, Chappelle, McLeau, Koughan, Davy, and Horne, voting for the motion, Councillor Morris against; and Councillor Blake declining to vote upon the motion.

The *Patriot* now says the lease was granted through Mr. Blake's influence as a Councillor. On enquiry we find that the Council were not aware that the application for a new lease was made until it was read before the Board; that Councillor Blake did not ask any member of the Board to vote for granting a new lease; nor did he vote for it himself. The action of the Council in granting the lease was independent, and, as they thought, was for the best interests of the Corporation.

The argument of the *Patriot*, that Mr. Blake's "plea that he could not in justice to himself make some necessary repairs on the tower ground floor without having a longer lease, does not hold good in view of the fact that all the stall-holders are, we hear, disturbed every year and are required by the conditions which Mr. Blake assists in framing to leave all fixtures and appurtenances for the use and benefit of their successors," is incorrect. Stall-holders are disturbed by a Civic By-law of very long standing, which enacts that the stalls shall be put up and sold by public auction, annually. The stall-holders are not obliged to leave all fixtures, etc. They are allowed to remove them, on placing the stalls, etc., in the same condition as they were in when purchased by them at the beginning of the year.

In his opening remarks, the chairman of the Grit Convention, recently held at Toronto, is reported by the *Globe* to have said:—

"On behalf of the commercial men of the Province, he could say that no change in the Government was desired. The country was flourishing and prosperous, and any change could only be made for the sake of change."

This is testimony of a high order. It comes from "the other side." Of course the Government to which the worthy Chairman referred, was the present Government of Ontario; but the confession of a leading member of the Opposition Party that, while the National Policy prevails, the country is "flourishing and prosperous" is very satisfactory, especially to Ontario.

It is to be hoped that the Committee appointed by the creditors of the Bank of P. E. Island, will not be too exorbitant in their demands upon the Directors. We do not say that the Directors ought not to pay liberally for their carelessness, but too heavy a demand on the part of the creditors would only defeat the object in view. The Directors are not all wealthy men, and there is a point beyond which they are unable to go. If litigation can be avoided by a compromise, it will prevent a great waste of money, and will tend to bring the affairs of the Bank to a more speedy settlement—a thing to be desired by every person who has been a loser through its suspension.

The official statement of the revenue and expenditure of Canada, for the month of December, 1882, is as follows:—Revenue, \$2,480,764.61; Expenditure, \$1,509,812.28. For the first six months of the fiscal year:—Revenue, \$18,065,597.82; Expenditure, \$12,519,335.22. Surplus for the six months, \$5,546,262.61. We publish this paragraph again to-day, to correct one or two typographical errors, which made it ridiculous yesterday.

Supreme Court.

The Grand Jury brought in "No Bill" against John McPherson for Robbery. The *Clark-Reid* argument was finished this morning, and judgment reserved. An appeal in reference to Old Bank affairs is now before the Court.

Catholic Literary Union.

The annual meeting of the Catholic Literary Union, was held in St. Patrick's Hall on Wednesday evening, the 10th inst. The President, Mr. P. R. Bowers, occupied the Chair. After the Secretary-Treasurer's Report was read and adopted, and the usual preliminary business disposed of, the election of officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with. As the success of the Society is in a great measure due to the energy and perseverance of Mr. Bowers as President, it was regretted by the members that the Constitution was so framed as to render him ineligible for office two terms in succession. A unanimous vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Bowers, for the manner in which he had administered the affairs of the Society during the first year of its existence. He replied in a suitable manner, thanking the members for their vote of thanks and their appreciation of his efforts to make the Literary Union a success. He also exhorted the members to continue to cultivate that social and brotherly feeling which had characterized our meetings in the past. A vote of thanks was also tendered to the other out-going officers, for the manner in which they had performed their various duties, to which they also suitably replied.

The following officers were appointed for the ensuing year:—

- Rev. A. McGillivray—Spiritual Director.
  - John McSwain—President.
  - Jas. H. Reddin—Vice-President.
  - John McLonis—Secretary-Treasurer.
  - Executive Committee—Henry Fitzgerald, James A. McKenna, James W. Mullally, Frederick Kelly, Richard Down.
- The subject chosen for the next night of debate is:—"Was the action of England, in the Egyptian War justifiable?" After which the meet adjourned to meet on Tuesday evening, the 16th instant.
- J. L. DEMPSEY, Sec'y.
- Jan. 11, 1883.

Personal—Gossip.

Pere Hyacinthe preached a funeral sermon on Sunday, reviewing Gambetta's life and public services.

Judge Clarke, of Cobourg, and Judge Toms, of Sarnia, have been appointed local judges of the high court of justice for Ontario.

Mr. Thos. W. Taylor, of Toronto, barrister, has been appointed puisne judge of the Court of Queen's Bench of the Province of Manitoba vice Justice Fuller, resigned.

The Secretary of State has advised Her Majesty not to disallow the Act legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister, passed by the Dominion Parliament. The Act is consequently now in force in the Dominion.

A priest in Donegal, Ireland, telegraphs to the *Daily News* of the 5th inst., that he accompanied Mr. Trevelyan, Chief Secretary for Ireland, on a tour of inspection in the parish of Glencolumbkille. They visited twenty families, and found there was not a morsel of food in any house.

The Rhine is falling slowly at Mayence, Coblenz and Cologne. The rivers Main and Lahn are also falling. Navigation in Neckar has been reopened. The Prince of Baden has given £500 for the relief of sufferers by floods, and the Emperor has ordered everything possible to be done for them.

About 8,500 of the settlers who went into the Northwest during 1882 were from the United States, and chiefly from Dakota. If the American land regulations are so much more favorable than those of Canada, it is strange that Dakota should be deserted, and that Manitoba should be selected in its stead.

A proposal has been made to raise a subscription for the erection of a national monument to Gambetta. An attempt will be made to procure a judicial investigation of the circumstances under which he received his wound. The result of the autopsy made on the body seems to show, however, that his death was not directly caused by the wound from the pistol ball.

The Jesuit fathers of Beaumont College, near Windsor, have received from Queen Victoria her picture bearing the signature "Victoria Regina, March, 1882." The picture was hung in the Refectory Hall amid the cheers of all the students and professors. Her Majesty, it will be remembered, went to Beaumont after the recent attempt on her life, and was received with enthusiasm.

The latest statistics show that there are in the whole of London 716,000 children between three and fourteen years requiring elementary education, and this number increases yearly at a rate of about 14,000. The actual number of children attending the schools is more than 100,000 less, being 613,000. Of these 350,000 attend the "Board" schools and 230,000 the "voluntary" schools.

A letter from Madagascar gives details of the murder of the Americans Emerson and Hulet. Emerson was shot without the slightest warning by a party of natives whom the travellers passed on the road. Hulet was wounded while flying from forty or fifty natives, but turned on them with revolvers, when the natives dispersed into the bushes from which they fired, killing Hulet. The French interpreter and the African attendant were also killed in the struggle.

The Divorce Court is a very fair indication of the public morals, and taking this as a criterion, New York society must be in a perilous state. Three divorces were granted last week to ex-Fifth Avenue belles, one because of drunkenness on the part of her husband, a second "because of the husband's cowardly and poisonous spirit," whatever that may signify, and a third because of abuse, it having been shown that the husband was in the habit of correcting his wife school girl fashion, with a cane, raising welts on her delicate skin. Civilization appears to be at high tide in New York.

MARRIED.

At the Methodist Parsonage, Tryon, by the Rev. S. T. Teed, on the 20th December, 1882, Mr. Samuel D. Cameron, of Crapaud, to Miss Selina, C. Inman, of the same place.

At the Methodist Church, Tryon, on the 25th December, 1882, by the Rev. S. T. Teed, Mr. Tremain Lee, to Miss Anna M. Reid, daughter of James Reid, Esq.

JANUARY. ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE, BEFORE STOCK TAKING.

J. B. MACDONALD will, during this month, clear out lots of Goods in every Department:

- A Lot of Ladies' Dress Goods,
- A Lot of Cloths and scarfs,
- A Lot of Men's scarfs,
- A Lot of Tweeds and Heavy Cloths,
- A Lot of Mantle and Ulster Cloths,
- A Lot of Fur Caps Mitts and Gloves,
- A Lot of Men's and Boys' Ulsters,
- A Lot of Wineys and Flannels.

J. B. MACDONALD.

Also, 100 Chests of Fine Congou Tea, very cheap, by the Chest or Package.

J. B. MACDONALD,

Ch town., Jan. 10, 1883—wly pat, pres no

QUEEN STREET.

LONDON HOUSE.

JANUARY, 1883.

OPENING EX "NORTHERN LIGHT."

- Black and Colored Cashmeres,
- Black Plush Velveteens,
- Colored Velveteens,
- Table Napkins,
- Black Muslins,
- Black Gros Grain Ribbons,
- Black Moire Ribbons,
- Black Kid Gloves,
- Black Casbains,
- Coat Canvas,
- Striped Hessians,
- Sheeting, Wineys, etc., etc.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Charlottetown, Jan. 6, 1883.

WEST INDIA WAREHOUSE! WINTER 1883 STOCK

- 50 Brls. GRANULATED SUGAR,
- 50 do. CONFECTIONER'S A SUGAR,
- 25 do. VACUUM PAN do.,
- 150 do. YELLOW SUGARS (Assorted),
- 10 Hbds. WEST INDIA SUGAR,
- 2 do. VACUUM PAN do.,
- 50 Puns. CHOICE MOLASSES,
- 10 Tierces GOLDEN SYRUP,
- 100 Brls. PASTRY FLOUR (Hexel),
- 300 do. PATENT PROCESS FLOUR,
- 1000 do. SUP. EXTRA MARITIME ROSE,
- 100 Half Chests CONGOU TEAS,
- 30 do. INDIA TEA,
- 50 Caddies TOBACCO,

AT LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES.

HORACE HASZARD.

- 100 Quintals LARGE CODFISH,
- 50 do. No. 2 do.,
- 100 do. No. 1 HAKE,
- 20 do. No. 1 HADDOCK,
- 50 Brls. No. 1 HERRING,
- 50 do. No. 2 do.,
- 25 Half-Barrels No. 2 HERRING,
- 10 Cases PRESERVED SALMON,

FOR SALE BY

HORACE HASZARD.

- TIN PLATES INGOT TIN, etc.,
- 750 Cases TIN PLATES, 14 x 20,
- 250 do. do. 10 x 14,
- 80 Ingots REFINED TIN,
- 50 Pigs SOFT LEAD,
- 5 Bars SQUARE COPPER, 1 1/2 and 1 1/4 in.,
- 1000 Cases TALL (1 lb.) CANS,

FOR SALE BY

HORACE HASZARD.

- 2 Tons WHEAT SHORTS,
- 2 do. do. BRAN,
- 1 do. CHOPPED FEED,

FOR SALE BY

HORACE HASZARD.

- WHITE COTTONS, GREY COTTONS,
- PRINT COTTONS, PLAIN UNDERWEAR,
- GREY BLANKETS, WOOL UNDERCLOTHING,

AT LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES.

HORACE HASZARD,

Lower Water Street.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, AT COST.

Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

BEDSTEDS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room Bedroom Suite, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and Picture Mouldings.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—1y

A SETTLEMENT

Of all Accounts now due is requested by February 1st. After that date summary proceedings will be taken to collect overdue accounts. Call with your cash and get bargains in Furniture.

JOHN NEWSON.

Ch'town, Jan. 10, '83.—41 Feb 1

ICE.

ICE can now be supplied from Wright's and Crabb's Mill Ponds. Apply at the

FISH MARKET, Grafton Street.

OATS WANTED.

Black & White Oats

PURCHASED BY

FENTON T. NEWBURY,

Water St., Charlottetown, Jan. 9.—wly, [wly pat 4]

To the Electors of Ward 3:

GENTLEMEN.—At the request of numerous Electors of your Ward, I have consented to nominate as a candidate for City Councillor, at the coming Civic Election.

I am,

Most respectfully yours,

AUDREY FOWLE,

Charlottetown, January 8, 1883.

To the Electors of Ward 2:

GENTLEMEN.—Having been requested by a large number of the Electors to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of Ward 2, at the City Council, I beg to inform you that I have acceded to their request. If you do me the honor to elect me, I shall use my best efforts to keep down taxation and the expenditure.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

J. B. MACDONALD.

Jan. 9, 1883.

ST. PETER'S SCHOOLS

WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, JANUARY 8th, at 10 a. m.

Applications for admission to be made to

GEORGE W. HODGSON, St. Peter's Clergy House.

Ch'town, Jan. 6, 1883.—4in

DR. WARBURTON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

(EDINBURGH.)

Office in Old City Hotel, corner of One George and Dorchester Streets, opposite the Catholic Chapel. Entrance on George Street—night bell.

Ch'town, Nov. 14, '82.—3m

NOW OPENED

Dining and Coffee Rooms,

North Side of Queen Square,

OPPOSITE THE LAW COURTS.

D. MAY.

Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1882.—3m

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.

BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE HANDSOMEST, THE CHEAPEST, THE BEST, SLEIGH ROBES!

BEER & SONS.

Nov. 22, 1882.—end

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED—A situation in a Dry Goods or Grocery Store, for a young man that can be well recommended. Apply at this office. [Jan 11]

WANTED—A Smart Girl to do general housework. Apply at this office. [Jan 11]

I HAVE three small Buffalo Robes, very cheap from \$8 to \$5.—H. COOPER. [Jan 10]

LOST between Miss Stewart's boarding house and Beer & God's store, a purse containing a small sum of money. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Beer & God's. [Jan 10]

TO LET—A Dwelling House pleasantly situated on Prince Street. Apply to Peake Bros. & Co. [Jan 10]

TO LET—Immediate possession given of a desirable residence, situate on Upper Hillsborough Street. Rent low to a good tenant. Apply at the Merchants Bank of P. E. I. to Mr. F. S. Moore. [Jan 10]

TO LET—The Brick House on Pownall Street, at present occupied by James D. Irving, Esquire. Possession, April 1st. Apply to Thomas W. Doid. [Jan 10]