

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 12, 1886.

Scott Act Fines.

The official letter received by the Mayor confirms the telegram published some days ago in THE EXAMINER, to the effect that fines collected under the Canada Temperance Act are to be used only "for the purposes of the Act."

Judge Haliburton on British Federation.

There never was a great political or economical improvement that was not broached and advocated by certain "dreamers" many years before it became a fact, and while yet the mass of mankind believed it but "an idea"—"a dream."

"It shouldn't be England and her Colonies, but they should be integral parts of one great whole—all counties of Great Britain. There should be no taxes on Colonial produce, and the Colonies should not be allowed to tax British manufactures."

In another place "The Clockmaker" refers to the possibility of a union between Great Britain and the United States and says:—

"Now we are two great nations; that's a fact—the greatest by a long chalk in the world—speak the same language, have the same religion, and our constitutions don't differ no great odds. We ought to draw closer than we do. We are big enough, equal enough, and strong enough, not to be jealous of each other. United we are more than a match for all the other nations put together, and can defy their fleets, armies, and millions."

Destitution in Newfoundland.

The almost complete failure of the fisheries and the blight of the potato crop, are likely to be the causes of "want," if not of starvation, in Newfoundland during the coming winter. The Standard regards the failure of the potato crop as the worst of the misfortunes, and adds:—

"In view of this ugly combination of adverse circumstances, it is only reasonable to apprehend that there is a certain amount of destitution and want to be feared for our people during the approaching fall, winter and early spring months. The question, therefore, which now forcibly presents itself is: 'What, under these circumstances, is the best course for the Government to pursue, in order to ward off, as long and as far as possible, the destitution which, unless guarded against, must sooner or later inevitably ensue.'"

"The Halifax Herald remarks: 'It will now be in order for our grit exchanges, that were so much enraged at the "partizan" character of Sir Charles' address, to point out the particular sentiments in it, to which they object. If Sir Charles is to be punished for interfering in politics, it is only fair that his accusers should furnish him with a detailed statement of his offence.'"

Commenting on the election in Quebec, to take place on Thursday next, the Montreal Witness says:—

"Five Conservatives and two Liberals were elected by acclamation yesterday. The Government, therefore, have the advantage of a good start in the race for the prize of office. To lead is an undoubted advantage, as many people regard it as an omen of victory, and this class of the electors who like to be on the winning side is not small by any means. Of the five Conservatives elected two are Ministers of the Crown, who are not easily defeated, as constituents naturally prefer to be represented by distinguished members of the Government."

Pronunciation of "U."

THE Brooklyn Magazine—one of the best periodicals published for the use of the family—says that "ninety-nine out of every hundred Northerners will say institute for institute, dooty for duty—a perfect rhyme to the word beauty. They will call new and news, noo and noos—and so on through the dozens and hundreds of similar words. Not a dictionary in the English language authorizes this. In student and stupid, the "u" has the same sound as in cupid, and should not be pronounced stoo-ident and stoo-iped, as so many teachers are in the habit of sounding them. It is a vulgarism to call a door a deah—as we all admit—isn't it as much a vulgarism to call a newspaper a noospape? One vulgarism is Northern and the other Southern, that's the only difference. When the London Punch wishes to burlesque the pronunciation of servants, it makes them call the duke the dook, the tutor the tooter, and a tube a toob. You never find the best Northern speakers, such as James Russell Lowell, George William Curtis, Robert C. Winthrop, Dr. Phillips Brooks, and men of that class saying noo for new, Toosday for Tuesday, avenue for avenue, or calling a dupe a doop. It is a fault that a Southerner never falls into. He has slips enough of another kind, but he doesn't slip on the long "u."

We fear that the pronunciation of "u" is somewhat unlike that of correct speakers even further north than the Northern States—though our teachers are not, of course, open to imputation. Another fault too prevalent in the further north is the use of the flat "a"; and our censorious correspondent, "Steeple Cleidon," noticed several others.

Editorial Notes.

—One of the best magazines for the family is the Brooklyn Magazine. The articles in the Brooklyn are short and interesting, and the sermons of Beecher and Talmage are a leading feature. The Brooklyn is published at No. 7, Murray Street, New York.

—The charge of the Patriot that THE EXAMINER "toned down" the "objectionable features" of Sir Charles Tupper's speech is without foundation. The St. John Telegraph's inference that the full report was revised by Sir Charles himself is also false. There is no material difference between THE EXAMINER's summary report of the address and THE EXAMINER's extended report.

—The Montreal Gazette remarks: "Hon. Mr. Flynn is elected by acclamation in Gaspé. This victory presages the general result. To-day other Ministerial triumphs may be looked for, unless out of pure fecklessness the Liberals place dummies in the field in constituencies in which they confess there is not a ghost of a chance of success for them. Mr. Flynn is worthy of the confidence the electors of Gaspé have placed in him. He has proved himself to be possessed of a high order of talent, and has been a capable and conscientious administrator."

Teachers' Convention.

The following are the officers of the Association during the current year:—

- President—J. D. Seaman, Esq., Charlottetown.
Vice-Presidents—A. A. McDonald, Queen's County; Ewen Stewart, King's County; Miss Annie M. Gillis, Prince County.
Secy.-Treas.—George Robertson, Charlottetown.
Cor. Secy.—Miss Ellen Lawson, Charlottetown.
Executive Committee—John A. Matheson, William Cain, Miss Ella McPhail, Miss Alice Hamilton, Miss Emma Barr, Domitian Gallant, John Balderston.

French Canadian Farmers.

A correspondent of the Montreal Gazette directs attention to the remarkable advancement in agriculture made in recent years by the French-Canadian farmers of the province, and he attributes this gratifying progress in a large measure to the construction of colonization railways. As he points out, there were no more successful exhibitors at the recent exhibition at Sherbrooke in respect of products of the soil than the French-Canadians, whose display of grain, vegetables and dairy produce would have done credit to the most fertile land and industrious people of any county in Ontario or the Maritime Provinces.

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City Council.

The regular meeting of the City Council was held last evening. His Worship, Mayor Haviland presided, and all the Councillors, excepting Councillor Haszard were present. After the usual preliminary business—

Councillor Curtis presented a petition signed by the butchers and others occupying stalls in the market, protesting against allowing persons to peddle meat, vegetables, etc., throughout the city without paying license for so doing.—Referred to the Recorder.

Councillor T. A. McLean presented a petition signed by the residents of Alley Street as well as a number of the residents of the western portion of said street, praying for the extension of said street through to Prince Street. The petitioners stated that the cost of opening up the street would be \$575, about \$80 of which had been subscribed by residents of the neighborhood. Referred to committee of Council.

The Mayor here stated that some time ago he had noticed certain paragraphs in the newspapers relating to the disposition of fines collected under the Scott Act. With a view to ascertaining the correctness of said paragraphs he had telegraphed the Secretary of State for information, and in reply had received the following letter:—

OTTAWA, Oct. 6, 1886.

SIR,—In compliance with the request contained in your telegram of yesterday's date, I have the honor to transmit to you, herewith, copy of the Order-in-Council relative to the application of certain fines and forfeitures imposed under the "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878."

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your Obedient Servant, HENRY J. MORGAN, Acting Under Secretary of State, His Worship the Mayor, Ch'town, P. E. I.

(GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.) WEDNESDAY, 29th September, 1886. Present—His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council.

Whereas it is provided by the 2nd section of the Act 49, Vic. cap. 48, intituled:—"An Act respecting the application of certain Fines and Forfeitures," that the Governor-in-Council may, from time to time, direct that any fine, penalty or forfeiture, or any portion thereof, which would otherwise belong to the Government for the public uses of Canada, be paid to any Provincial, municipal or local authority, which wholly or in part bears the expenses of administering the law under which such fine, penalty or forfeiture is imposed, or that the same be applied in any other manner deemed best adapted to attain the objects of such law and to secure its due administration,—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice, and pursuant to the provisions above recited, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that all fines, penalties or forfeitures, recovered or enforced under "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878," and amendments thereto, within any city or county which has adopted the said Act, which would otherwise belong to the Crown for the public uses of Canada, be paid to the Treasurer of the city or county, as the case may be, for the purposes of the Act. (Sgd.) JOHN J. MCGEE, Clerk Privy Council.

Councillor Horne presented a petition signed by Dr. J. T. Jenkins, M. Stevenson and others, praying that Mr. Wm. Muford be allowed to place his photograph saloon on Market Square. The Clerk also read a letter from Thos. Casely, Esq., supporting the petition.—Prayer of petition not granted.

Councillor T. A. McLean presented a petition from the residents of Malpeque Road, asking that an electric light be placed on that road near the residence of Hon. D. Laird. He also read a letter from Hon. D. Laird in support of petition.

A good deal of discussion ensued, several new lights were asked for, but before any decision was arrived at the Council adjourned.

The Fire Yesterday.

ABOUT five o'clock yesterday afternoon, a gentleman passing the residence of Mr. William Murray, corner of Pownall and Dorchester Streets, discovered smoke issuing from between the shingles on the southern side of the building. He at once informed Mr. Murray, and together with some of the family, they proceeded to enquire into the cause of the smoke.

After considerable search they made the discovery that fire had, from some unknown cause, started between two beams inside the plaster in the sitting room on the first floor. The alarm was at once given, and a general turnout of the firemen and citizens generally ensued.

A large hole was cut in the wall, from which smoke and flames issued at an alarming rate, and in a short time the house was enveloped in a thick cloud of smoke, which rendered it almost impossible for a person to remain inside any length of time. The smoke, however, did not prevent the citizens and firemen who were early on the scene from working with a will to stay the progress of the flames.

Water was applied through the aperture in the wall of the sitting room as well as through another in the wall of the bed room immediately above, and in a short time the fire was extinguished, not, however, before the furniture and carpets were flooded with water and knocked about considerably. The loss is estimated at \$200 and is covered by insurance.

The Salvage Corps were promptly on the scene and did good work removing the furniture. Sills was out before the bell rang, and the fire department generally were on hand in good time.

Mr. Murray desires us to return his sincere thanks to the firemen, neighbors and citizens generally, who so kindly assisted him in saving his dwelling and household effects.

Resolution of Condolence.

BEFORE adjourning, the Teachers' Convention unanimously passed the following resolution, which was moved by Mr. J. W. Brubart and seconded by G. W. Sutherland:—

Whereas, Since we last met in annual Convention we have been called upon to mourn the death of one of our members.

Therefore Resolved, That we place upon record our heartfelt sorrow for the death of our fellow teacher, Charles R. McNeill, who, by his many estimable qualities of his character, endeared himself to his many acquaintances in his chosen profession.

Further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the relatives of the deceased.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Free Trade in Rum.

SIR,—Whatever may be thought of Free Trade generally, it is quite evident that a great many persons still believe in free trade in rum. At the Georgetown Exhibition, the other day, the exhibits in the various branches of industry were highly creditable to the County. The day was fine, and the Commissioners painstaking and courteous. There was only one drawback to what would otherwise have been a most successful and pleasant Exhibition. Long intoxicated men might be seen staggering about the show grounds; and although Georgetown is responsible for part of the blame, I am inclined to think that all the liquor was not purchased there, for some were more than "half seas over" when they arrived.

Now, I for one am willing to let bygones be bygones, but in the interests of the County I hope that means may be taken to prevent a recurrence of the scenes witnessed this year at our County Show. If not, the rum-sellers and their victims may have the exhibitions all to themselves, as peaceable, sober men will be inclined to avoid them.

What should be done to remedy the evil? This at least: In the absence of a police force, such as you have in Charlottetown, about twenty or twenty-five special constables should be sworn in on the morning of the Exhibition. There is a commodious jail in Georgetown, and as the head of that institution has not so much to do since imprisonment for debt was abolished, his services could be utilized on state occasions like this.

Trusting that the Commissioners may make a note of this suggestion, I remain, Yours,

TEMLAR.

October 8, 1886.

WATCHES!

ANOTHER lot of American and other Watches just received. Also new patterns in Broches, Bar Pins, &c., at G. H. TAYLOR'S, North Side Market Square, Charlottetown, Oct. 12—3rdy li wy

Dwelling House and Premises.

BY AUCTION, on Tuesday, October 19th, at 12 o'clock, noon:—

That conveniently situated Dwelling House and Premises, fronting on the north side of Easton Street (west) 50 feet, and running back 100 feet. The House is comfortable, at present in the occupation of Mr. Geo. Wilson. Terms at sale.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Oct. 12, 1886.

AUCTION.

I AM instructed to sell at Auction on SATURDAY, the 16th inst., at the late residence of Senator Carvell, the Household Furniture, consisting in part of:—

- 1 Piano.
1 Parlor Suit.
1 Dining Room Suit.
1 Sitting Room Suit.
Carpets, Stove, Hall Furniture, &c., on first floor.

4 Bedroom Sets on second floor. Stable and Coach House, 1 Horse Double Phaeton, Harness, Riding Saddle and Bridle, 1 second hand single Wagon. Also one new double and one new single Phaeton. Together with numerous other articles.

Can be seen any time after 10 o'clock on Friday, 15th inst. TERMS:—All sums up to \$50 3 months; \$75 to \$100 4 months; over \$100 6 months on approved joint notes.

A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, Oct. 12—dytill sale liwy

HORSES

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

BY Auction, on WEDNESDAY next, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, at Marshfield, the residence of J. D. Mullins, one mile from the city on the Malpeque Road, the following stock, &c.:—

- 1 fine Road Mare, in foal to All Right.
1 Filly, 2 1/2 years old, sire Royal Harry, dam by Flying Frenchman.
1 Foal, sire Black Pilot.
1 Mare, by Flying Frenchman, in foal to Robbie Lee.
1 Mare, 8 years old, sire Golden Leaf, dam Saladin.
1 Single Driving Wagon, 1 Express Wagon.
1 Sleigh, 1 Light Driving Sleigh (new), 1 Cart and Farming Implements, also, several Moveable Buildings, lot of Single and Heavy Harness. Sale positive. No reserve.

A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Auctioneer.

Oct. 11, 1886—21

APPLES, ONIONS, &c.

BY Auction, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 13th, at 10.30 o'clock:—

100 BARRELS APPLES, just received via Picton Landing, in Gravenstein, &c.

15 Barrels Onions, Also—FRUIT ex Boston steamer.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Oct. 11.—21

Terpsichore Hall, Gt. George Street

DANCING SCHOOL.

THE Subscriber takes the liberty to inform her friends, patrons and others that her Dancing Classes for the season will be opened on TUESDAY next, the 5th inst. at 8 p. m., in which will be taught all the new, popular and fashionable movements known in polite society and the ball room, including the Gliss Waltz, Ripple, Sa-toga Lancers, &c., &c.

A JUVENILE CLASS will also be opened on TUESDAY, the 12th, from 4 to 6 p. m., in which, besides the usual Dances, will be taught the Department and Dum-bell Exercises.

Miss Barris is prepared to give Lessons in Music, as usual. N. B.—Private tuition given as usual to ladies or gentlemen, previous to joining the classes.

E. BARRIS.

LONDON HOUSE.

NEW FALL GOODS.

- MANTLE DEPARTMENT.
DOLMANS, LONG PALETOTS, SHORT JACKET, KYRLE CLOTH JACKET, STOCKINGETTE JACKET, JERSEY JACKET.
CLOTH DEPARTMENT.
KYRLE CLOTHS, DIAGONAL CLOTHS, OTTOMAN CLOTHS, ASTRAKAN CLOTHS, STOCKINGETTE CLOTHS, SEALETTES.
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.
CASHMERE, MERINOS, FOULE SERGES, GRILLAGE CLOTH, CAMELS HAIR SUITING.
FURS.
FUR-LINED CIRCULARS, FUR CAPES, FUR MUFFS, FUR GLOVES.

Felt Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Plushes, Velvets.

HARRIS & STEWART, SUCCESSORS TO GAO. DAVIES & CO.

BRITISH WAREHOUSE, 83 QUEEN STREET.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! FOR SEPTEMBER ONLY.

- A Large Lot of WOOL TWEEDS, ULSTER CLOTHS, GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, FANCY PRINTS.

Balance of CRETONNES

LARGELY REDUCED FOR CASH.

A. L. BROWN.

Ch'town, Sept 1—wky

NEW HAT & FUR STORE, Newson Block.

A. NEW DEPARTURE!

HATS, of the Latest Styles, at the very LOWEST PRICES.

FURS, of all kinds. Cleaned, Dyed, altered and Repaired. HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for Raw Furs.

E. STUART.

Ch'town, May 4, 1886

The Newspaper Man is Howling for a New Ad., and Must Have It.

VISITORS to the Exhibition are invited to call and inspect our

Immense Stock of Furniture, &c., &c.

SOLID BARGAINS FOR CASH.

CALL AND PROVE IT.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

Ch'town, Sept 18, 1886.