

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1882.

VOL. 12.—NO. 11.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER  
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.  
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ments, on application.

## Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 19.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.  
To take effect on the 20th Nov., 1882.

### TRAINS OUTWARD. (READ DOWN.)

STATIONS.	MIXED.	MIXED.	MIXED.
Ch'town	Dp 8.15am	Dp 3.30pm	Dp 3.00pm
Royalty Jc	" 8.38 "	" 3.53 "	" 3.23pm
N Wiltsh'e	" 9.29 "	" 4.45 "	" 4.00 "
Hunter R'r	" 9.45 "	" 5.00 "	" 4.45 "
Bradalbal'e	" 10.23 "	" 5.38 "	" 4.45 "
Co'ty Line	" 10.32 "	" 5.48 "	" 4.45 "
Freetown	" 10.47 "	" 6.03 "	" 4.45 "
Kensingt'n	" 11.10 "	" 6.25 "	" 4.45 "
Summ'side	Ar 11.45 "	Ar 7.00 "	" 4.45 "
Miscouche	" 1.37 "	" 9.05 "	" 5.27 "
Wellingt'n	" 2.05 "	" 9.45 "	" 5.57 "
Port Hill	" 2.4 "	" 10.23 "	" 6.46 "
O'Leary	" 4.05 "	" 11.10 "	" 7.45 "
Bloomfield	" 4.30 "	" 11.45 "	" 8.33 "
Alberta	" 5.10 "	" 12.23 "	" 9.04 "
Tignish	" 6.05 "	" 1.00 "	" 9.45 "
Royalty Jc			Dp 3.23pm
York			" 3.40 "
Bedford			" 4.00 "
Mt. Stew't			" 4.45 "
Cardigan			" 6.03 "
Georget'n			Ar 6.30 "
Mt. Stew't			Dp 4.45pm
Morell			" 5.27 "
St. Peter's			" 5.57 "
Bear River			" 6.46 "
Souris			Ar 7.30 "

### TRAINS INWARD. (READ UP.)

STATIONS.	MIXED.	MIXED.	MIXED.
Ch'town	Ar 4.15pm	Ar 11.15am	Ar 11.30am
Royalty Jc	Dp 3.52 "	Dp 10.52 "	" 10.50 "
N Wiltsh'e	" 3.01 "	" 10.01 "	" 10.30 "
Hunter R'r	" 2.45 "	" 9.45 "	" 10.00 "
Bradalbal'e	" 2.09 "	" 9.08 "	" 9.45 "
Co'ty Line	" 1.59 "	" 8.58 "	" 9.08 "
Freetown	" 1.43 "	" 8.43 "	" 8.43 "
Kensingt'n	" 1.20 "	" 8.20 "	" 8.20 "
Summ'side	" 12.45 "	" 7.45 "	" 7.45 "
Miscouche	Dp 10.58 "	" 10.58 "	" 10.58 "
Wellingt'n	" 10.31 "	" 10.31 "	" 10.31 "
Port Hill	" 9.48 "	" 9.48 "	" 9.48 "
O'Leary	" 8.20 "	" 8.05 "	" 8.05 "
Bloomfield	" 8.05 "	" 7.27 "	" 7.27 "
Alberta	" 7.27 "	" 6.30 "	" 6.30 "
Tignish	" 6.30 "	" 6.30 "	" 6.30 "
Royalty Jc			Dp 11.07am
York			" 10.50 "
Bedford			" 10.30 "
Mt. Stew't			" 9.55 "
Cardigan			" 8.25 "
Georget'n			" 8.00 "
Mt. Stew't			Dp 9.55am
Morell			" 9.04 "
St. Peter's			" 8.33 "
Bear River			" 7.45 "
Souris			" 7.00 "

On and after Wednesday, 29th November, instant, and until close of navigation a Special Passenger Train will leave Charlottetown daily (Sundays excepted), at 6.20 a. m., for Summerside, connecting with the Steamer there at 8.45 a. m., and returning to Charlottetown on arrival of Boat each evening.

**L. B. ARCHIBALD,**  
Superintendent,  
Railway Office, Charlottetown, Nov. 25, 1882.  
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## NOTICE.

THE Charlottetown Gas Light Company have imported a fresh supply of Bray's Patent Burners, especially made to consume only three feet of Gas per hour with the tap turned full on. These Burners are intended for use in Halls, Bedrooms, Kitchens, and other places where a light from a small consumption of Gas only is required. By regulating the tap, the Gas consumed can be reduced to any desired quantity less than three feet per hour. These Burners are so scientifically made that they will give a light equal to about ten candles at a cost of three quarters of one cent per hour. The price of these Burners to consumers of Gas will be ten cents each. [ju 10 cent pat]

## \$500 Reward!

WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, containing 30 Pills, 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Maker," Chicago and Toronto. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp. Sold by FRASER & REDDIN, and all Druggists.  
aug14-dy & wky 1y.

## LONDON HOUSE.

Now Opening ex S. S. Victoria, Waldensian and Cedar Grove

Ladies' Beaver and Plush Hats,  
Ladies' Silk Scarfs,  
Ladies' Jersey Gloves.

Ladies' Alexandra Jackets,  
Children's Woollen Pelisses,  
Promenade scarfs and Squares.

Behive Wools, Cocoon Wools,  
Ice Wools, Berlin Wools,  
Moire and Broche Sash Ribbons.

Gentlemen's Lambs' Wool Underclothing,  
Gentlemen's Merino Underclothing,  
Gentlemen's Kid Mitts and Gloves.

**GEO. DAVIES & CO.**  
Charlottetown, Oct. 5, 1882.

## CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST LIFE INSURANCE IN THE WORLD.

The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association  
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.

\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working under Government License.

An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance at its actual cost.

Good Canvassers Wanted.

**LEONARD MORRIS,**  
General Agent for P. E. Island.

Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—1y

## BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE.

W. & A. BROWN & CO., have now completed their FALL IMPORTATION. Buyers will find it to their advantage to inspect their Stock, as they have a very large and new assortment of

**British and Foreign Dry Goods,**  
OF EXTRA VALUE.

The very latest novelties shown in every Department. A great variety of Mantles, Ulsters, Wool Shawls, Clouds, Scarfs and Fur Goods. Also Mantle and Ulster Cloths, Brown, Blue and Black Pilots and Beavers, Scotch Tweeds and Coatings and Seal Cloths. A large lot Blankets, Quilts, Horse Rugs, etc. 300 Lambs' Wool Shirts, assorted sizes. 300 pairs Lambs' Wool Drawers. A lot of Grain Bags, etc. All of which will be disposed of at their usual low prices.

**W. & A. BROWN & CO.**  
Ch'town, Oct. 31, 1882.

## UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, PORTLAND, MAINE.

**JOHN E. DEWITT, President.**

Total Assets January 1st, 1882. \$6,264,215.57  
" Payments to Policy Holders. 19,000,000 0  
" Dividends " 4,032,915.54

STANDING, COMPARED WITH LARGEST CANADIAN COMPANY:

	Total Assets.	Total Receipts past year.	Deposited with Dominion Gov't.
Union Mutual	\$6,264,215.57	\$1,058,779 00	\$130,000
Canada Life	5,064,206.65	1,008,164.31	54,000

Why you should Insure in the Union Mutual:

BECAUSE EVERY POLICY IS AN ENDOWMENT.  
BECAUSE EVERY POLICY IS NON-FORFEITABLE.  
BECAUSE EVERY POLICY IS INCONTINGENT.  
BECAUSE ALL PROFITS ARE DIVIDED ANNUALLY.  
BECAUSE DEATH LOSSES ARE PAID PROMPTLY.

Branch Office—Queen's Building, Halifax.

**W. R. ANDERSON,** Special Agent. **JAMES DESBRISAY,** Agent, Charlottetown.  
Nov. 8, '82.

## Church Directory, Charlottetown.

St. PAUL'S (Church of England)—Queen Square—Morning and Evening Service, every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m., Rev. David FitzGerald, Rector.

St. PETER'S (Church of England)—Rochford Square—Sunday Services—8 a. m., 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Daily Services—Matins 9 a. m., Evensong—5 p. m., except Friday evenings at 7.30 p. m. Rev. George W. Hodgson, Priest Incumbent, Rev. W. H. King, Assistant Curate.

St. DUNSTON'S CATHEDRAL.—Low Mass every Sunday at 8 a. m. High Mass at 10 a. m.; Vespers at 3 p. m. Mass at 7.30 a. m. throughout the week. Rev. A. McGillivray, Pastor.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Week Day Services—Tuesday and Thursdays at 7.30 p. m. Rev. John Burwash, M. A., Pastor.

SECOND METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Week day service on Wednesday evening. Rev. William Tippett, Pastor.

St. JAMES' CHURCH—(Presbyterian)—Pownall Street—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sabbath School and Bible classes at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Service in the Lecture Hall on Wednesday evenings, at 7.45 p. m. Rev. Kenneth McLeenan, Pastor.

ZION CHURCH—(Presbyterian)—Richmond Street—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Rev. John McL. McLeod, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Prince Street—Hours of Service, 11 o'clock, a. m., 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Cor. Prince and Fitzroy streets—Services and Sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6.30 o'clock p. m.; Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Week day services—Monday at 8 p. m.; and Friday at 8 p. m. Rev. E. Whitman, Pastor.

BIBLE CHRISTIANS—Prince Street—Service and Sermon every Sunday morning at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Rev. John Harris, Pastor.

PRAYER MEETING in Y. M. C. A. every Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST meet in New Church House, every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Elders presiding.

**NEIL McLEOD,**  
Barrister & Attorney-at-Law,  
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.

### OFFICES:

Reform Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building, Summerside, P. E. Island.

MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at moderate interest.  
Nov. 24, '82—pres her

## INSURANCE OFFICE.

**Queen Insurance Company,**  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

**Lancashire Insurance Company**  
CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS

Insurance effected on all kinds of property at current rates. Losses settled promptly and equitably.

DESBRISAY & ANGUS,  
General Agents.  
Office—South Side Queen Square.  
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

## Bank of Nova Scotia.

ESTABLISHED 1832.

Paid Up Capital . . . \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on Monday next, 19th inst., in the building lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward Island, under the management of the undersigned.

Deposits will be received on interest, and on current account.

Drafts granted on the various Agencies and correspondents of the Bank.

Sterling and other Exchange bought and sold, and general banking business transacted.

D. C. CHALMERS,  
Agent.  
Ch'town, June 17, 1882.—1y

## W. C. BISHOP, SHIPPING

FORWARDING AGENT,

Marine Insurance Broker,

General Commission Agent,  
BEDFORD ROW.

P. O. BOX 1 . . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks thereon.

Hulls, Cargoes, and Freights insured in first-class offices at most favorable rates.

Consignments of Produce solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed.

Correspondence solicited and answered promptly.  
Nov. 14, 1881.—1y

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

DECEMBER 2, 1882.

### Westward.

EVERY autumn, when the rush of farm work is over and fishing closed, many of our best men turn their footsteps to the land of the setting sun in the hope of bettering their fortunes. Hundreds of Islanders may be found throughout the United States, Canada, and the Northwest; and wherever their lot is cast, they are generally successful. They find, on going to the United States, that if they make good use of the pluck and energy with which they are in an eminent degree endowed, that success attends them; for young men who combine integrity and industry, are sure to be appreciated in the neighboring Republic, and assisted into positions, while the shiftless and idle will try this and that employment, fail in all, and finally be compelled to return home.

Those who intend to follow farming or manual labor in the United States, should seriously reflect whether they cannot, by adopting the proper means, enrich themselves as well as home as by assisting to build up the Dominion of "Unleg Sam." It is extremely doubtful if those who are settled on good farms can, in any case, improve their fortunes by selling the old homesteads that have been left them by their fathers, leaving the land of their birth, and settling among strangers. Why not spend their days in the scenes of their youth, amid the friends of a lifetime? Will they never grow weary of the monotonous reach of prairie, or mountain ranges capped with the everlasting snows, and wish for the rolling fields and sloping hill-sides and green groves of P. E. Island? Our young farmers, in whom the love of roaming is strong, could, in two cases out of three, by taking up farms and working as hard as they must in other places, do much better, and make the country bloom like the rose. Excellent land is plenty in this Province, and almost, if not quite as cheap as that of the far West. We strongly advise them to secure farms, to enrich and improve them according to the best means at their disposal, increasing their stock and farming implements as circumstances permit, and the time will seem short until they find themselves possessed of snug and comfortable homes. The stumps and swamps will fade away like a dream before honest toil, giving place to thriving settlement. How much more can be gained by settling in the malaria stricken Southern States, the rock ribbed hills of Dakota, Oregon and Colorado, or the tornado swept stretches of the Mississippi States.

But premising that people will leave P. E. I., where will they settle? They should cling to nationality and loyalty, and make their homes in some part of this great Dominion. Though the far west of the United States is grand in its every feature, though untold millions of wealth lie hidden in its gigantic mountains, though it is a great agricultural country and has a great future before it,—they should remember that Canada is just as grand, just as rich, and has just as great a future in prospect. Although the American lands may yield a golden harvest, there are many drawbacks to contend with, not met in the Dominion. Cyclones and whirlwinds, droughts and floods, may destroy the crops; escaping these, armies of beetles and grasshoppers may strip them to the bare stalk. Those who are past the prime of life should not forget that fighting the battle anew brings old age and decrepitude long before their time.

Those who must emigrate should go to Manitoba and the North-west, and help to build up their own country. Let young men, strong and willing, settle on the fertile prairies of our own Canadian land, of which they may well feel proud. If they intend to follow mining, let them go in companies of ten or twelve, to the gold fields of British Columbia; but they must be prepared to contend for years with hardships and trials, keeping in mind the fact that where one man may grow wealthy in a few months, or even weeks, many will utterly fail; and, broken in health and spirits, be glad to get back to the Island, regretting their folly in ever leaving it.

There is probably no better field for emigrants from P. E. I., than British Columbia. It is one of the best parts of the Pacific coast for the farmer, mechanic, hunter, or miner. Though the climate on the table lands and the mountains is cold and dry, in the south-west or farming section it is most excellent, being mild and humid—well suited to the production of splendid crops. Her chief wealth, however, is derived from her coal and gold mines, which yield several million dollars yearly. For hardy young men, willing to "rough it" for a number of years, and who have moral stamina sufficient to protect them from the allurements of the mining camp and to keep them temperate and upright, mining is an occupation that sooner or

later brings some wealth. But those who cast off the pride of manhood when cultivated fields fade behind them, and enter the soul of camp life, drowning the voice of conscience in the clash of degradation and poverty. Men of the weak-minded stamp should not go west, but remain within reach of gentler influences. Happily very little of the dark side of mining life is seen in British Columbia as compared with similar places in the United States. Her miners look more on the bright side of life.

We advise no one to leave P. E. Island who can possibly avoid it. At the same time, we know there are many whose minds are set upon emigrating, and of those we would say, let them, instead of going to the far West of the United States, and being a gain to the republic, make their homes in British Columbia, under a congenial form of Government, and be a benefit to their own nation, knowing that she possesses as great mineral and agricultural resources, and as good a climate as the best portions of the United States. In going there they will feel proud that they are still to live on Canadian soil, and be an honor to the Dominion.

Without any hesitation we ask those who contemplate bidding adieu to the scenes of youth, to wait until they can go right to British Columbia, for when the Canadian Pacific Railway is finished, she is destined to become the queen province of Canada. A great future lies before her, and those who earliest grasp her offered advantages, will be the greatest gainers.

### British Live Stock Markets.

John Swan & Sons report the following up to November:—We had the primest display of home fed fat cattle this week in Edinburgh that we have seen at this season for a long time. There was a fairly good trade, but prices, if anything, were slightly in favor of the buyer, still an entire clearance was effected. In Glasgow supplies were also large, but there was a middling show in point of quality. For the choicer kinds recent high prices were well maintained, but the larger number of middling and inferior descriptions on offer caused these to be more slowly sold, and prices were under those of last week. The English markets, on the whole, are fully as good this week, a slight rise in value being observable in most of them. In Edinburgh there was also a prime display of sheep of all classes. These met a steady demand at the quotations. In Glasgow really good sheep were rather scarce, and sold dear; all others were, however, slightly cheaper. Foreign supplies this week comprised 117 useful bullocks, from Boston, which averaged £26 each, or about 76s to 78s per cwt.; 108 Canadian cattle were nearly all bought for stores, making up to £22 15s for this purpose. It may now be assumed that the reported outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease at Kelso was premature, as has been authenticated by recognized high authority on the subject. This is also confirmed by the fact that all the other cattle sold at the same sale have continued sound, those reported as having the disease being part of a lot of 180, which were in direct contact with each other for several days. Store stock has been rather fewer this week. These continue to meet a fair trade. Calves dearer than we ever saw them. Pigs made about the same price as last week. The principal store markets for next week are at the Live-Stock Mart at Haymarket, on Monday, and at Hallow Fair on Tuesday. Best beef, 10s 3d to 10s 6d; secondary, 9s 3d to 9s 6d; Irish top, 10s; secondary, 9s to 9s 3d; Canadians, 9s to 9s 3d per stone. Best mutton, 10s to 10s 3d; secondary, 9d to 9s; inferior, 8d per lb.

Irish advices state that a great deal of importance is attached to the reported arrest of two men in Galway. He is one of the two missing Maanstrana murderers. The ten who were described as planned the horrible tragedy, and who, by their methods, gave rise to the belief that all of these crimes have been committed under the orders of some implacable and mysterious organization like a Nihilistic committee, the manner of its execution, the relation it bore to the Lough Mask tragedy, and much that dropped unconsciously from the prisoners caused, a deep rooted fear that such an organization existed. The time of both occurrences, the occasion chosen for the Cavendish-Burke horror, and the late alleged attempt on Judge Lawson's life, are all now pointed to as manifestations of a deep laid and murderous system which has nothing in common with the true spirit of national agitation. A good sign of popular feeling in Ireland is seen in the universal execration heaped upon the Maanstrana murders. Not a voice is lifted in their behalf, and when they were dragged away in common carts manacled and cowering with terror from the railway station to the Galway jail in which they are to be hanged, the populace followed them with fierce threats and imprecations. It was one of the bloodiest and most revolting tragedies that Ireland has known, but there will be a wholesale expiation of it on December 15th. Later advices say that the man arrested is not Nee, and that he has been discharged.

The decision of the Federal Assembly requiring the cantons to provide compulsory and adequate primary education, which was to be under the exclusive control of the State, has been annulled by a popular vote. The Orthodox Catholics, Protestants, and Conservatives disliked State control and the infringement of cantonal sovereignty.