

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 19, 1883.

The Halifax Election.

The Grits have decided not to put a Candidate in the field to oppose Mr. Stairs in Halifax County. Many reasons are alleged for this decision on the part of the Liberals of Halifax. They expected to be able to bring out Mr. A. G. Jones, the sugar King of Nova Scotia. But Mr. Jones has declined most emphatically to accept a nomination on the ground that his business engagements were such as to prevent his accepting it at present.

In the election of 1878, Mr. Peter Mitchell, the Conservative candidate, was defeated by a Mr. Snowball, in Northumberland County. At the last Dominion Election, Mr. Snowball's business engagements were also such as to prevent his accepting the Liberal nomination. Then, Mr. Mitchell was returned by acclamation, and now Mr. Stairs will also be returned by acclamation.

Both Mr. Snowball and Mr. Jones have learned the value of the National Policy; and in declining to take the field against it on the ground that they have "too much to do," they gave the most positive evidence that could be adduced as to the advantages it affords.

The "Herald" Throws Up The Sponge.

In a very elaborate three-column article, the Herald proves conclusively that, on the question of patronage, which it has raised, it has "no case."

As to the principle laid down by THE EXAMINER that "appointments should be made independently of religious considerations" it says "the Herald and EXAMINER agree with wonderful unanimity." Then, why all this fuss? Why brand officials as "Protestant" and "Catholic." Holding this principle, how can the Herald clamor because the lately appointed Auditor is not a Catholic? If the principle is sound—and the Herald admits that it is—why raise the mischievous "religious cry"?

But the Herald strongly charges that Catholics are excluded from office because they are Catholics—that, advised by a clique of Protestant wire-pullers, the Government do not make appointments independently of religious considerations. This is one of the gravest charges that could possibly be brought against the Government; and if true, we are sure that every enlightened man in the community, Protestant as well as Catholic, would denounce the Government on account of it. We say: let the charge be proven; bring forward the facts on which it is based; name one single Catholic who has been refused a situation on account of his religion! Here is the Herald's reply:

"How childlike our contemporary has grown of late; how simple, how unsophisticated."

But, says the Herald, how can THE EXAMINER account for the fact that since Confederation sixteen Protestants have been appointed, and only one Catholic? The answer is simple. The statement is not true. Of the sixteen officials in the Herald's Protestant list, four, viz: Mr. Coleman (who has been in the railway service over twenty years), Mr. Bremner, Mr. Strong, and Mr. Nash, were appointed before this Province entered the Confederation; three more, viz: Judge Palmer, Judge Alley, and Paymaster Davies, were appointed by the Grit Administration whom it is now useless to attack and in whose defence we are not concerned; and, as we have already pointed out, the name of the legal adviser of the Government (for the time being) ought not to have been placed in it.

Let a fair comparison of the officials now in the service be made, and it will be found that of those appointed by the Liberal-Conservative Party, a large proportion are Catholics. After the Lieutenant Governor, the next three most highly paid officials are Catholics. The best office here in the gift of the Government since the Party gained power in 1878, was given to a Catholic. Several other honorable and remunerative positions have been given to Catholics within the last term of the Liberal-Conservative administration, and it is not pretended that in the minor offices, which are much sought after, the Catholics have not a fair representation.

In fact, there is neither positive nor negative proof of the Herald's charge that Catholics have been "ostracised from office on account of their religion"; and it therefore falls to the ground.

This being the case, may we not be pardoned if we presume to doubt the existence of the powerful Protestant clique of wire-pullers which, it is charged, have misled the Government into bestowing all the first-class offices upon their co-religionists, and have excluded Catholics from office on account of their religion? In the appointments made, there is no evidence of the existence of such a clique; and we are very sure the "intelligent and practical men" who compose the Dominion Government will be surprised to learn from the Herald that they have been made the dupes of a clique. To the Herald's charge that THE EXAMINER is the organ of this Protestant clique, we reply that we know nothing whatever about it. We emphatically deny the charge. In the light of THE EXAMINER's record of the past ten years, the charge is ridiculous. We believe that no such clique exists; and we know—and the Catholic people of this Province know—that THE EXAMINER is not its organ.

Too Ambitious.

The arbitrary conduct of Admiral Pierre is likely to be the origin of hostile relations between England and France. For some time back, England has been walking, with jealous eye, the ambitious policy of the latter in its desire to appropriate foreign possessions. Tonquin and a large portion of Western Africa, have been rapidly overrun with French troops, without hardly any opposition and lately the Island of Madagascar was proclaimed. And doubtless all along England has been quietly watching an opportunity to interfere and put an end to these aggressions. The blundering and stupidity of a swaggering French Admiral has aroused a storm of indignation which is daily increasing and which is supported by the leading organs of Great Britain.

The Times declares that Admiral Pierre's conduct was a monstrous act and an outrage. The Standard says that the French officials in Madagascar lost sight of what was due to civilization. The Telegraph appeals somewhat facetiously to "French chivalry," and in high sounding alliteration calls upon France for "Repudiation, retraction, and reparation." The Irish Times demands that the penalty which is to be visited upon the perpetrator of this national affront should be swift and signal. The Dublin Express says:—"The French Government evinces a desire to treat the British officials and subjects in a manner which it will be difficult for a great power with any sense of its own dignity and self-respect not to resent."

From the above, which but echoes the general feeling of the people, it can be seen that the wrath of the British Lion is really aroused. The Paris papers are equally hostile and acrimonious, and everything is pointing to a rupture between the two great countries. It is said that never since the Battle of Waterloo has the latent animosity, that always exists between Britain and Gaul, been in greater danger of springing into action.

Presentation.

On the evening of the 16th inst., a very respectable and influential deputation waited on the Rev. Joseph Pascoe, at his residence Montague Bridge, and presented him with the following address:—

To the Reverend Joseph Pascoe:—
REV. AND DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned residents of Montague and surrounding settlements within the bounds of your Mission field of labor, regret to learn that you are on the eve of leaving us to supply another field.

We take this medium to assure you of the deep interest we take in your welfare and the favorable opinion we entertain of your social and moral character. Although you have been but a short time among us, we have had sufficient time to witness your christian courtesy, your public labors in the cause of morality, truth and religion, and your social and friendly intercourse with all classes of the community, irrespective of creed or color.

We desire to express our feeling of sympathy for you and your estimable partner in her affliction, and pray that the Divine hand, which has hitherto protected and guided you, may continue to do so till life's latest period. For Mrs. Pascoe we cherish the same feelings of respect as for yourself. We sincerely hope she may be long spared to be a blessing to you and the Church of Christ in general.

Furthermore, as a mark of our affection for you, we beg you to accept this small sum of money as a proof of our esteem and regard for your invaluable services, praying that the virtues which adorn your life, may ever characterize your actions and exert a healthful influence on those who surround you, to whom in the Providence of God you may be called to administer the words of Life.

Robert Cameron, John McLean, Allan Macdonald, M. J. Fitzgerald, Charles D. Poole, James E. Robertson, M. D., E. T. Wickham, Daniel Reilly, James M. Aitken, John T. Poole, James Phillips, R. W. Sprague, Wm. H. Buchanan, Albert Mellish, John H. Mellish, Joseph Mellish, George F. Mellish, George Phillips, Thomas Phillips, James Poole, and fifty-four others.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—Your kindness to me, as expressed in your address and the donation following it, are so spontaneous and generous in their nature, that I feel embarrassed to find suitable words to convey to you my sense of gratitude for this manifestation of your good feelings towards me.

I regard this act of yours not only as indicative of your benevolence, but also as the result of a moral influence which commands respect.

Your kind reference to Mrs. Pascoe, combined with your expressions of sympathy for us will not fail to find a proper response in our hearts.

Allow me, for her and myself, to thank you sincerely for this demonstration of your friendship and good wishes, and to assure we shall never fail to cherish for you feelings of esteem and love. I remain, Gentlemen, Yours faithfully and affectionately,
JOSEPH PASCOE.

Our Advertisers.

F. H. Ennis calls for tenders for supplying the Dominion Public Buildings with coal.

Messrs. Campbell & Rayden advertise 125 bbls. celebrated Family Flour, which they offer low, wholesale.

Geo. L. Dogherty, Secretary Provincial Rifle Association, announces that the prize meeting of that Association, for 1883, will be held at Kensington Range, commencing on Monday, August 13, at nine a. m.

Summerside Exports.

SUMMERSIDE, July 18.	
Shipped per steamer "St. Lawrence," Evans, master, for Point DeChene:—	
3 Horses	\$ 330.00
1140 bushels Oats	517.00
40 cases Eggs	168.00
370 lbs. Cheese	44.00
2 bbls. Potatoes	1.00
	\$1,060.00

It is rumored that the Marquis de Ripon has resigned the viceregency of India.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

"Satisfactory!"

SIR,—A paragraph in your paper of Wednesday last states that the City Marshal visited over forty places where liquor was suspected of being sold in violation of the Scott Act, and that he found all the premises satisfactory! What are we to infer from this, Mr. Editor? Can it be that our vigilant police force, with such a shrewd man as Marshal Flynn at their head, have been altogether mistaken in "suspecting" that liquor was being sold in these forty places which they visited? I think it is due to the proprietors of these houses that the Marshal should make another tour, and apologize to each of them for having even so much as "suspected" them of selling liquor against the law. But I would like to ask the Marshal if he is thoroughly satisfied that there is no liquor sold in any of the places which he visited simply because he saw none whilst on his tour of inspection? The very fact of the City Marshal giving the tavernkeepers warning on Monday that he would inspect their premises on Tuesday proves the whole affair was a farce from beginning to end. In order to make his premises "satisfactory," all the tavern keeper had to do, was to see that none of his liquors were exposed when the inspector came around, and it is very probable they all did so, as it is not likely there is one of them so stupid as to have his bar in operation at a time when he expected an official visit from the City Marshal. I do not know whether I have grasped the proper meaning of the last sentence in your paragraph or not. I "suspected" when I first read it, that it was intended as a piece of sarcasm on the inspector and his men. If it was, it would apply to many others as well as to them, as there are dozens of men in Charlottetown who often visit "over forty places suspected of selling liquors," and pronounce every one of them satisfactory—to themselves, at least.

Yours, etc.
JAMAICA.

Ch'town, July 19, 1883.

Post Office—Query?

SIR,—Will the Post Office authorities give a plausible reason for removing the desk in the lobby of the Post Office? It was always a most convenient piece of furniture, and its absence is the cause of much regret to very many.

I am, etc.,
MERCHANT.

Ch'town, July 19, 1883.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

MENTAL AND BODILY EXHAUSTION, ETC.

Dr. G. Kaiser, Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I have prescribed it for dyspepsia, impotency and mental and bodily exhaustion; and in all cases it has given general satisfaction."

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.
July 17—Lavinia Jane, Anderson, Pictou, coal.
July 18—Phenora, Roberts, Tatmagouche, boards; Rising Dawn, Boudroit, Pictou, coal; Alpha, Gay, Souris, bal; Queen McLellan, Pugwash, limestone; Matilda, White, Shediac, lumber; Morning Star, Wise, Shemogue, lumber.

CLEARED.
July 18—Rising Dawn, Boudroit, Pictou, bal; Morning Star, Wise, Shemogue, bal.

OUTPORTS.
Summerside July 18—Old schrs Margaret Ann, McEvoy, Charlottetown, lumber; Zet land, Cook, Pugwash, bal.

MARRIED.

On the 11th instant, by the Rev. E. B. Corey, Charles Nelder, Esq., of North Tryon, to Louise Gambel, of Augustine Cove.

HALL'S HAIR RENEVER is the least troublesome to apply, and the most cleanly, of all hair preparations. [July 16 wkly]

PROVINCIAL

Rifle Association

Prince Edward Island.

THE Prize Meeting of the above Association, for 1883, will be held on Kensington Range, commencing on

MONDAY, 13TH AUGUST,
AT NINE A. M.

Position for firing at 200 yards—standing or kneeling. All other ranges—any position with the head to the target.

G. L. DOGHERTY,
Secretary.

Ch'town, July 19.—law wly pat dy wly tl 13



Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Coal, Public Buildings," will be received until MONDAY, 6th proximo, for Coal supply, Dominion Public Buildings.

Specification, form of tender, and all necessary information can be obtained at this Department on and after the 14th instant. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called on to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

By order,
F. H. ENNIS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 11th July, 1883. [July 19 3i]

LONDON HOUSE.
NEW SUMMER GOODS.

- New Black Cashmeres,
- New Colored Cashmeres,
- New Black French Merinoes,
- New Colored French Merinoes,
- New Plush Velveteens,
- New Satin Parasols,
- New Silk Sunshades,
- New Silk Jersey Gloves,
- New Tarlatan Frillings,
- New White Cottons,
- New Brown Hollands.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, June 22, 1883.

JULY.
SUMMER GOODS

REDUCED PRICES

J. B. McDONALD'S

- Ladies' Straw Hats,
- Men's Straw Hats,
- Parasols and Umbrellas.
- Dress Material in Short Ends and Remnants,
- Good Grey Cottons for 5 1-2 Cts. per yard,
- Good White Cottons for 7 1-2 Cts. per Yard.
- Good Strong Tweed for Men and Boys, 25 cts. per yd.

NOW RECEIVING:

- New Cashmeres, New Crapes, New Gloves,
- New Ribbons, New Feathers, New Satins,

J. B. MACDONALD.

Ch'town, July 6, 1883.—pres he

Queen Street.

British Warehouse.

To the Wholesale and Retail Trade.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

HAVE now opened the completion of their large stock of SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS.

They are offering special inducements to cash buyers.

It will be to your advantage to inspect their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Establishment closes every evening at 6 o'clock (Saturdays excepted.)

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, June 1, 1882.—wkly

Great Summer Resort of P. E. Island.

SEASIDE HOTEL

Rustico Beach, P. E. Island.

This beautiful and well known watering place will be opened for the season on July 1st. The Proprietors have taken pains to improve this establishment, so as to merit the continuance of the distinguished patronage of former years, from Charlottetown and all parts of the world.

For charming scenery, beautiful shores, shady walks, boating, surf bathing, fishing, gunning, etc., "The Seaside Hotel" is unrivalled, in America.

TERMS—\$1.75 to \$2.00 per day, \$10.00 per week, \$8.00 per week per month. Special rates for families for lengthened periods.

Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday Evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday Morning, at 9 o'clock, p. m.

Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6.45, 9.20 a. m., and 4.15 p. m.; Hunter River for Charlottetown 9.04 a. m., 2.25 and 7.11 p. m.

Hunter River for Summerside 7.45, 11.06 a. m., and 5.40 p. m.

Summerside for Hunter River 6.45 a. m. and 12, noon, and 5.40 p. m.

Mr. Bagnall will meet trains from all points at Hunter River to convey passengers to Seaside.

JOHN NEWSON & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

June 7—23m

IN STORE.

OIL. OIL. OIL.

Very Best AMERICAN KEROSENE OIL,
Extra AMERICAN LARD OIL,
Extra AMERICAN WOOL OIL,
and a full assortment of Machinery and other Oils of all descriptions, for sale at Manufacturers' Prices.

CAMPBELL & RAYDEN.

Ch'town, June 27, 1883.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

Best Quality.

JUST ARRIVED PER BRIGANTINE

"CANADIAN,"

300 tons Hard Coal,

EGG AND CHESTNUT SIZES,

will be sold low while landing. Orders left at

CAPT. J. HUGHES,
Water Street.

July 18.—4i

REMOVAL.

MISS E. B. McLEAN, of the Quincey House, has removed from Kent Street to the large newly finished brick building, at the corner of Queen and Sydney Street, near the store of H. J. Calbeck, Esq., and will be happy to entertain her old customers and the public generally.

Ch'town, July 18.—2i wkly 3i



Mail Contract.

TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa, until 12 o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 10th of August, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails on proposed contracts, for four years from 1st October next, over each of the following routes, viz:—

- Argyle Shore and Bonshaw.
- Belfast and Point Prim.
- Caledonia and Rona.
- Charlottetown and Vernon River.
- Commercial Road and Peter's Road.
- East Point and Souris East.
- Elliott's Mills and Railway Station.
- Emyvale and North River.
- Fredericton and Railway Station.
- Little Sands and Wood Islands.
- New Zealand and Railway Station.
- North Lake and Souris East.
- Orwell and Orwell Cove.
- Sea Cow Pond and Tignish.
- Vernon River and Wood Islands.

Printed notices, containing full information as to conditions of proposed contracts, may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices at which the services commence and terminate, or at the office of the subscriber.

A. A. MACDONALD,
Assistant P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I., 15th June, 1883. [July 17 3i wly 3i]

UPHOLSTERY!

I WANT to dispose of one doz. handsome Walnut Parlor Suits, in French, Grecian, American and Turkish Styles, from \$49.00 up. Also a lot of handsome student's and Smoking Chairs. A nice variety of Walnut Lounges, Ottomans, Parlor Foot Stools, etc. Upholstery of all kinds done at shortest notice. Fancy Wool and Fine Silk Work, a specialty.

Venetian Blinds Re-done.

SHOP ON KING STREET.

(Near A. A. Baldwin's Store.)

Can be seen at house any evening, corner King and Great George Street.

WM. E. HICKEY.

Ch'town, June 22, 1883.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

LOST—Four Canary Birds. The finder will be rewarded on leaving information which will lead to their recovery at THE EXAMINER OFFICE.

LOST—On Tuesday, at two o'clock, between G. H. Taylor's Jewelry Store and the Market, a small sum of money. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [July 18]

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A good Dining Room Girl, also an Assistant Cook for a hotel. Apply at this office. [July 16 3i eod pd]

A CHILD, for adoption, ten years old, may be obtained by a respectable farmer, on application to John Story, Charlottetown Post-house. [July 17]

WANTED—A lady wishes to receive into her family two or three young children to board and educate. Address P. O. Box, 274. da wkl

WANTED—House Maid. None need apply who have not filled that position before, and have a respectable outfit. Apply to C. LEIGH, Water Street.

WANTED—An active BOY to attend horse and cow. One from the country preferred. Apply immediately at this office. [July 9 tf]

LOST about ten days ago, a small silver F. Brooch, in the shape of a Maltese cross. Finder will be rewarded on leaving it at this office. [July 4]

LOST on Thursday last, between West Kent Street School and Miss Ramsay's, Fitzroy Street, a bunch of keys. The finder will please leave them at this office. [July 4]

WANTED a young man to learn the drug business—or one who understands the drug business thoroughly. Apply at once at The Apothecary's Hall, DesBrisay's Corner, Charlottetown, P. E. I. [July 4]

LOST between the steamboat wharf and Hayden's corner, Water Street, a bundle of papers, tied up in a red handkerchief. The finder will please leave the same at the EXAMINER OFFICE.

FOR SALE—A Grand Square Piano, nearly new, will be sold at a bargain. Apply at EXAMINER OFFICE. [June 28]

TO LET—One-half of that three-story Brick House, on Upper Queen Street, containing nice rooms. Possession at once. Apply to ALEXANDER HORSN. [May 28]

TO LET—(with immediate possession) that handsome and commodious residence in the northern suburbs of the city, on St. Peter's Road, lately occupied by L. B. Archibald, Esq. Enquire of LONGWORTH & HASZARD. [May 16, 1883]