the public money to enable him to publish it. The "work," as it was called, after being turned over by some of the members, was very properly laughed out of the House, and not a shilling given for it. Master George then palavered his colleagues at the Board of Education, and, to give him a "lift," they encouraged him to get the thing printed, and they positively advanced him seventy-five pounds of the public money, placed at their disposal for the purchase of school books for the whole Island, taking a certain number of copies of his trash in return for the seventy-five pounds; and we believe that nearly all of them are now lying as so much useless lumber at the Depot where the books for the public schools are sold. But George was not satisfied with this haul. He and his friend the Visitor went to nearly all the District Schools in the Island, and forced upon each from half a dozen to a dozen copies. It was in vain for the schoolmasters to plead that they had no money to pay for them, and that their scholars were too poor to buy them. Mr. Suther-[illegible] answer for them all. The book, he [illegible]ded by the Board of Education [illegible] class-book—indeed it could not be dispensed with; "and if you haven't the money," says George, producing a slip of paper already filled up, "sign this order on the Secretary of the Board, and the amount of the cost of the books can be deducted from your next half year's salary." In this way many poor Teachers were fleeced by this Reverend pedlar out of sums varying from eighteen to thirty-six shillings, and the worthless books still remain upon their hands. There might be some consolation under the imposition if the book were of any value; but it is, without exception, the trashiest thing, assuming the pretentious name of a History, that ever came under our notice. The facts are huddled together in the clumsiest manner—some of the most insignificant cheek by jowl, with the gravest, and some of them vilely distorted; while the style of the composition is so bad that we question if there is one page of correct English in the whole book. Now, it is very evident that if Mr. George Sutherland were not a member of the Board of Education he would not have received the seventy-five pounds referred to in the first instance; and in the second, the Schoolmasters would have been saved from the imposition practised upon them, because that imposition was the inevitable result of a flagrant abuse of Mr. Sutherland's position at the Board of Education.

Is it any wonder, then, that Mr. Sutherland should be intensely anxious to have the present Government sustained, under the shallow pretence that the Protestant religion depends upon their continuance in office? His real motive is, to have himself continued in a place where he may, from time to time, cut out discreditable jobs for himself like those we have noticed.

ELECTIONEERING MOVEMENTS.

ALTHOUGH nearly a fortnight has elapsed since the dissolution of the House, we have very little information to give our readers regarding the preparations making by rival parties for the political contest rapidly approaching. Judging from private letters and other sources, Prince County, indeed, seems to be quite alive; and the success of Liberal candidates for both House and Council is a thing that seems to have resolved itself into a certainty. We have always felt confident that the Government would be signally defeated in Prince County; but we now believe that their discomfiture in that quarter will be greater than we at first anticipated. King's County seems, from present appearances, to give proof of a pacific temper not usually expected from a place where fire-eating political combatants "most do congregate." There is not the faintest breath of political warfare from that County. Perhaps it is that no Government partizan is found reckless enough to trail his coat-tail through any district in the County, and the lovers of fight are waiting for some novel spectacle of the kind, to show how easily a bold adventurer in an unpopular cause may be chawed up when he presumes to go too far. In Queen's County, the belligerents seem to be practising "a masterly inactivity"—one side waiting for the other to make a move. There was a little reconnoitreing by the enemy on Friday. Stragglers were called into camp, and a Council of War was held at the Temperance Hall in the evening; but report saith that there was much dissension at the Council. In plain words, the Tory party were and are divided in opinion with regard to the selection of their candidates for the House. They all seem willing to take Mr. Daniel Davies again, but Mr. Beer does not appear to be regarded as a "white-headed boy" by a large number of them, although we think he has laboured more zealously for the party than Mr. Davies, and has, in every respect, been quite as useful a member as the latter. The nomination was, however, carried in his favour; but the dissentients are, we understand, determined to put out another man.

For the Council, the Hon. E. Palmer has been nominated for Charlottetown on the Tory side. We understand that the Hon. R. Hutchinson will offer on the Liberal side, and we have no doubt of the election being in his favour. The Hon. Dr. Johnson and the Hon. J. Simpson are spoken of as candidates for the Council for the First Division of Queen's County, on the Conservative ticket, and the Hon. George Bagnall will contest the same district in the Liberal interest. Another Liberal candidate will be announced in a few days. We don't think it is possible to defeat the Liberals in this contest.

We have, at present, no further precise information respecting Election movements; but our readers may rest assured that we shall not be backward in keeping them well advised touching these matters, so far as our opportunities extend.

PUBLIC DEBT AND EXPENDITURE.

WE have been pleased to notice in the *Islander* of Friday last a Tabular Statement of the expenditure of the present Government, compared with that of the previous Liberal Government, for the three years anterior to their retirement from office. The statement fully bears us out in the assertion we have repeatedly made, that our Tory Government have allowed their expenditure to exceed their revenue, although they promised to bring the former not only within the compass of the latter, but they pledged themselves to reduce taxation, and to pay off the public debt. They have doubled the debt of the Colony in less than four years; and they have, besides, largely increased the taxes. We can prove all this, as we intend to do, with the help of the Tabular Statement which the 'Islander' has so opportunely furnished, and which we intend to copy into our next No. We are astonished at the blindness of our contemporary in offering evidence to prove that the party in power are a set of reckless spendthrifts; and the humble excuses which he makes for their unpardonable extravagances, are, as we shall show, the most frivolous and contemptible that can be imagined.

To show what paltry and contemptible falsehoods the supporters of the Government will resort to, we may observe that many of those supporters, even intelligent and well informed persons, have reported that the Duke of Newcastle caused the Royal assent to be given to the Elective Legislative Council Bill solely for the purpose of defeating the intention of the Island Government with regard to the holding of a special Session for the purpose of memorialising the Queen in favour of the Sham Bills relative to the Award. Now, if any person will look at the official correspondence they will find that the Council Bill received the Royal allowance on the 1st November, and the despatch informing the Duke of Newcastle of the intended meeting of the Legislature was written in Charlottetown on the 27th October—only four days before the Council Bill was confirmed! The supporters of the Government will press any nonsense or falsehood into their service if they can only get their masters out of a disagreeable dilemma.

"An Authentic History of the Land Commission and Stirring Events in Prince Edward Island. By the Author of the Island Minstrel."

SUCH is the title of a little *brochure* by Mr. LePage, written partly in imitation of Hiawatha, and partly in rhyme. The aim of it is to burlesque the Land Commission—and that great humbug is fit for nothing else—and the "Minstrel" will, no doubt, succeed in raising a hearty laugh over the thing. The *poetry* will not be considered superior to Longfellow's, but, nevertheless, we should as soon read it as read "Hiawatha," and if it brings shillings to the purse of the "Island Minstrel," why it will have accomplished its purpose just as well. The Squaw who inspires the Muse has a very irreverent way of speaking of the Governor's "Ministers of State," who are described in the following not very complimentary lines:—

" ——— When Dundassum
Came to rule the Island Indians,
He pick'd out for his big talkers
Not the men that Great Dominkha
Had to help him in his Councils,
But the opposition Indians—
EDWARD Longwaist Snatcher hater,
Nacut GRAY-quill "Painted Pigeon,"
Magna Charta HAVILAND co,
LONGWORTH JOHN, and JERRY SIMSUN;
ALEXANDER *shaky* brother,
JEMMY POPE the son of Joseph,
Also, JEMMY YEO "*whatever.*"
These were chosen to palaver
With Dundasum once a fortnight."

Mr. LePage's Squaw does not appear to have entertained very friendly feelings towards Land Proprietors, whose titles she considers quite worthless, as appears by the following:—

" ——— I b'lieve some titles
Of the Landlord Indian brothers
Pretty good for nothing also,—
Not worth hardly half so much as
One full pipe of old mundungus,
One wow-whisk's skin in the summer,
Or old blanket in the winter."

We recommend everybody to run and buy this little book before the edition shall run out. 'Tisn't every day we get original *poetry*, and we haven't many *poets* of our own, so we ought to encourage them liberally. Besides, the "Minstrel" assures us that he expects another visit from the Squaw very shortly; and how, in the name of Nonsense, can we expect her to give any more sublime strains if the Bard has not the wherewithal to wet her whistle when she comes from the forest?

WE have no space, nor indeed inclination, to reply to the snappish remarks about ourselves in the last *Vindicator*. We will only say that we are not in the habit of apologising to our cotemporaries for anything we may choose to publish in our columns, and it is not likely we can be scolded into the adoption of *new* habits *by any person*. If we were wrong in publishing the communication of "P. B." in our last paper, we are at a loss to say how far we were right in publishing the letter signed "Edward Reilly," which appeared in a previous No., and which irresistibly provoked "P. B." We regret that we were asked to publish either of them; but, in a spirit of fair play, which we hope will be ever our guide, we felt that "P. B." had a right to be heard in his defence.

Since the above notice was put in type we have received another letter signed "Edward Reilly," in answer to "P. B.," but we cannot see that the least good would result from continuing the correspondence, and we must stop it now. We may, however, state that, amongst other things, Mr. Reilly denies having been bribed or influenced by any improper motive not to present a farewell address from the C. Y. M. L. Institute to Sir D. Daly on his leaving the Colony, as alleged by "P. B."—he, Mr. Reilly, not having been Secretary of the Institute in that year. He also denies another allegation made by "P. B." to the effect, that he "dishonestly retained moneys belonging to the C. Y. M. Institute." With these disclaimers, this very uninteresting controversy must drop.

WE have received a letter from George W. Howlan, Esq., Cascumpec, in which he states that the paragraph which appeared in a late No. of the 'Islander,' respecting the loss of a vessel belonging to him, at the mouth of Cascumpec harbour—is entirely incorrect. The vessel was *not bound to Boston, as stated, but was destined* for Shediac—Mr. Howlan's loss was *not* £800, as also stated. The loss will not exceed £400. Mr. H. believes that the false report emanated from a certain well known public character in Prince County, who cannot tolerate rivalry in trade any more than he can political differences, and was circulated for malicious purposes.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

BY TELEGRAPH.

DESPERATE BATTLE IN ARKANSAS—HEAVY LOSSES ON BOTH SIDES—ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH REVIVED—GUARANTEE OF BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Dec. 10, 1862.

General Heron's forces seven thousand (7000) strong, when *en route* to reinforce General Blunt's force, were attacked on Sunday last, on Crawford's Prairie, two miles from Fayetville, Arkansas, by General Hindman's army, twenty-four thousand (24,000) strong. The latter were flanking Blunt's position, and attacked Heron's forces to prevent an injunction. The battle commenced at 10 o'clock, the Federals keeping overwhelming numbers at bay. At 4 o'clock General Blunt with five thousand (5,000) men attacked the enemy in the rear. The Federals held the whole field until dark, and at 9 o'clock the entire Confederate force began to retreat over the Boston Mountains. The Federal loss in killed, wounded, and missing, was six hundred (600); and the Confederate losses amounted to fifteen hundred (1500), and four prisoners.

Colonel Dickie's cavalry had an engagement with Confederate forces near Coffeeville, Mississippi, losing one hundred and twenty (120) men.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company has issued a call for an extraordinary meeting of the Shareholders, to take into consideration the propriety of issuing preferential shares of £5 each, bearing eight per cent interest, guaranteed, in the event of success, by the British Government. The Directors have received a very favorable tender from Messrs. Glasse, Elliot & Co., to make and lay down a Submarine Cable from Ireland to Newfoundland.

The American Telegraph Company has abolished the extra charge on cypher messages.

P. E. ISLAND PRODUCE ABROAD.—The Halifax Sun of the 10th inst says:—

On Monday last a cargo of P. E. Island produce consigned to Messrs. J. & R. B. Seeton, realized excellent prices at auction. Oats brought from 2s. 3d. to 2s. 4½d.; potatoes, 2s. The oats and potatoes were very superior. These prices will not likely be sustained, as there is at present a larger quantity of P. E. I. produce afloat in our harbour than we ever remember to have known at one time. Some of our merchants who recently led buyers to believe that our supply of oats, potatoes, &c., was going to be exceedingly short, will now find that their statements were "largely inaccurate." Between Saturday and Monday there was entered at the Custom House, from P. E. Island, 17,601 bush. potatoes; 21,184 bush. oats; 1757 bushels barley, and 725 bushels of turnips.

The Morning Journal of the same date says:—

On Saturday, Sunday and Monday, sixteen vessels arrived at this port from P. E. Island, laden with produce.

It is said that never in the history of this Province has country produce in this market been so low as at present. Superior pork sells at 4 cents a lb. and first rate beef at 3 cents.—Turkeys are worth ten cents, and geese from 30 to 40 cents each. First rate butter brings 16 cents a pound.—*St. John News.*

Potatoes are very scarce in the St. John market. Miserable watery affairs bring 70 cents a bushel—while better ones are sold at $2 a barrel.

The Halifax Journal furnishes the following items of news:

The number of cases of Diptheria in Halifax is said to not exceed one hundred cases, instead of three hundred, as previously reported.

There have been 3000 barrels of fine apples shipped from Annapolis for the English market this season. The shippers expect to realize $5 per barrel.

The bark *Halifax*, which sailed for Boston on Friday last, returned from sea on Monday morning in a disabled condition. She lost her flying jib-boom and trysail boom, and her sails split, decks swept, and top strained. It was little less than madness to send a vessel to sea with such a storm brewing, and but for the weatherly qualities of the vessel, and the careful seamanship of Capt. O'Brien, she might not have returned to port in so good a condition.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that a man named Barrett was killed on the Railroad yesterday, and two others were severely injured, one of them having his leg badly broken, while the other had his shoulder dislocated. It appears that the three men were in the employ of the Railway Board, and were on their way up the Windsor line, beyond the Junction, having a lot of provisions, &c. in a trolly. The train coming along they incautiously attached the trolly to the cars, and while going at speed one of the wheels of their vehicle broke. The men were consequently pitched off, with the result as above stated. The foregoing is the version of this melancholy affair, as related to us on Tuesday evening, by a party who had just returned from the Richmond Depot, since which we have heard nothing farther relative to the matter. The injured were brought to the city same evening.—*Halifax Express, Dec. 5*

TIMES IN ST. JOHN.—There is considerable business doing in St. John this fall. A great many new, and some of them first-rate houses are being put up. Our lumber mills are daily puffing off great quantities of steam, showing them to be actively engaged cutting deals for the English market. Ship building is being prosecuted vigorously. Nearly every yard in the vicinity has one or more vessels on the stocks, and men hard to work upon them. Money with good security is abundant. Instead of shinplasters our stores are flooded with cents, and five and ten cent pieces belonging to the new currency; as well as Bank Notes which are convertible into gold whenever wanted. There may be hard times, as there always are, among some folks, but as a general thing we believe that the business of St. John is in a sound, wholesome state, and there is considerable doing.—*St. John. N. B. Morning News.*

AMERICAN ITEMS.

Messrs. Curtis & Tilden, of East Boston, Mass., are building a side-wheel steamer for the Government, of the following dimensions: 240 feet long, 35 feet wide and 12 feet deep. She is designed to be of very light draft, for service in the Southern rivers and harbors. Of twenty-seven steamers of the same class, contracted for by the Government, this is the furthest advanced toward completion.

Judge Swayne, who is holding the United States Circuit Court in Cleveland, has made an important decision. He held that the law prescribing penalties for the issue of small notes or checks, to be used for currency, was illegal, and that, consequently, no prosecution could follow the issue of such notes.

General Butler has issued an order confiscating all the property in the territory of Louisiana west of the Mississippi, except the counties of Plaquemine and Jefferson, believing that it is held by parties disloyal to the government of the United States. Gen Bragg's plantation near Thibodeaux is now in possession of the United States, and is completely cleared out. Gen. Shepley, Military Governor of Louisiana, has issued an order for the election of members of Congress from that State to the United States House of Representatives at Washington.

There are now in the 150 general hospitals in the United States 60,615 sick and wounded soldiers. Of these 12,665 are in the Western Departments, 17,214 in Washington and vicinity, and the remainder in the various general hospitals throughout the Atlantic and Gulf States. To attend these properly, it is necessary to keep employed a force of 400 stewards, 300 ward masters, 6051 male and female nurses, 3025 laundresses, and 2017 cooks, making a total of 72,308 noncombatants, although medical officers are not included. If to these were added the sick in the Departments of the Pacific and New Mexico, these at home and in regimental brigade, division, army corps, and private hospitals, there is no doubt that the number would be swelled to 100,000.

The disregard for the Sabbath by the Federal government and its armies, is as marked as the religious tone which pervades the South. In most of the battles which have been fought the Federals have made the attack on Sunday, and curiously enough an order emanating from President Lincoln for the purpose of suppressing the habit of breaking the Sabbath in the Northern armies, was dated on the Sabbath, so that the President violated his own order. Sunday week, we see by the Boston papers, he was engaged in *finishing the Message.*

A diamond weighing 12 carats, and valued at between $10,000 and $13,000, is now on exhibition in Boston. It is reported to have been found a year since in Kentucky, on the Virginia border. In size it approaches a large plum stone in length, but is deeper and broader, almost a square on the face, with rounded corners. In the rough it was about a square. Each of the numerous facets had to be ground down separately, it being unsafe to chip off corners for fear of cracking the stone. The cost of the fine sand used for this purpose was over a hundred dollars, and the total charge for the work will be $1500, more or less.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.—The following is an extract from a letter dated New Orleans, Nov. 15:—

"General Butler has seized all the sugar and molasses on the levee, to investigate in regard to original ownership. If it has come from rebel owners it will all be confiscated, no matter who has bought and paid for it. Freights are nominally $7 50 per hhd. to New York, but everything is stopped for the present. Exchange has run down to par and treasury notes the same."

The leading American book publishers have advanced the trade price of their books from ten to twenty-five per cent, on account of the increased cost of printing paper.

THE LIVERPOOL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND THE STEAMER ALABAMA.—At an adjourned meeting of the council of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, held on the 3d inst., for the purpose of considering the destruction of shipping by the Confederate steamer Alabama, the committee on commercial law brought up the following resolutions for confirmation—

"That this committee recommend the council to address a letter to Earl Russel, Foreign Secertary, to the following effect: That this chamber having had brought before it the fact of the destruction in one case and of the seizure and release under ransom-bond in another case of British property on board federal vessels (the Manchester and Tonawanda), by an armed cruiser sailing under a Confederate flag (as shown by the statement to accompany such letter), begs to submit the same to the attention of his lordship, and requesting to be informed what steps her Majesty's government contemplate taking to obtain redress for acts which appear to this chamber to be flagrant violations of the international law, and to prevent their recurrence."

Considerable discussion arose with regard to the expression of any opinion upon the legality of the proceedings of the Alabama, several members urging that as no statement of the fact had been submitted to the Council they were not in a position to assert that British property was destroyed by Capt. Semmes.

In one week recently—the storm week as it is called—nearly *nine hundred* vessels were wrecked on the coast of England. What a commerce that must be that can afford to give so much of its life to the sea, and yet retain its vigour!

THE REVOLUTION IN GREECE.—The recent revolution in Greece has alarmed some of the more reactionary European governments. The King of Prussia cannot be expected to view it very favorably, for the flight of Otho and his Queen must seem very ominous, but that Austria should betray nervousness can only arise from the curse that always accompanies bad rulers—an uneasy conscience. A letter from Vienna states that the Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs has declared to the British Ambassador, Lord Bloomfield, that if the Greek question interfered with the *status quo*, why Austria would do terrible things.

A small Schooner, belonging to a Mr. Beer of Murray Harbour, from the Gut of Canso, was wrecked on Saturday night week, on the Indian Rocks, and, we understand, both vessel and cargo—consisting of Fish, &c., are totally lost.

The English papers announce the receipt of £10,000 sterling from Victoria and £15,000 from New South Wales, in aid of the sufferers in the Cotton Districts.

The London *Mechanic's Magazine* states that "excellent paper is now made in Europe from the leaves of Indian corn. There is one paper mill in operation in Switzerland, and one in Austria, in which paper is made from such leaves exclusively. The husk which envelopes the ears of corn makes the best quality."

DEBATING CLUB.

Owing to unforeseen circumstances the debate was not held as usual on Friday last. It will, however, take place on Friday next, the 19th inst., at the usual hour. Subject—"Is the Royal Agricultural Society, in its present state, a benefit to the Island." Opener, Mr. Jno. Williams.

Some important business relating to the annual subscription, will also come before the Club, and a good attendance is expected.

L. H. DAVIES, Sec'y.

15th Dec., 1862.

On Saturday 6th we were visited with another tremendous storm, which lasted from early in the morning on that day until sometime on Sunday morning, the wind blowing from the South West most of the time. Quite a number of wrecks have taken place on the Island, and some in the neighboring province. A schr. named the F. R. Goodman, laden with produce, from Cascumpec, for Charlottetown, was driven ashore at the West Point, and the cargo damaged, if not lost. Another vessel the name of which we have not learned, went ashore at or near the same place. A vessel from Charlottetown, for Cascumpec, lately owned by Mr. Pillman, of New London, was driven on the shoals at Cape Tormentine, and is a total wreck. Some £200 worth of goods on board of her were lost. The Bark *Springfield*, of London, G. W. Ogilvie, master from Shediac, laden with deals, and bound to Dublin, went ashore at Carleton Point, on this Island, on the night of Wednesday 2nd inst.; she has since been condemned and sold for the benefit of all concerned.—*Islander.*

ABOUT TO RETIRE FROM BUSINESS.—Thousands of our fellow colonists will learn with extreme regret that Hon. D. Brenan is about to retire from business. He will carry into retirement the best wishes and sincere respect of his numerous neighbors and acquaintances, as no business man in the community can show a higher record for honest worth and sterling integrity. We trust that, as Mr. Brenan has reached a period of life when a relaxation from the cares of business may be considered necessary, he will enjoy the comforts which should fall to the man who earns them through a long and useful career.—*R. W.*

THE FIRE AT NORTH LAKE.—Since our last issue we learn further particulars of the fire at North Lake, East Point, which destroyed the Grist and Saw mill of Messrs. Stephen & Peter Rose. The fire was first observed at 4 o'clock on Wednesday morning, Nov. 26th, when the mill was discovered to be one mass of flames. Nothing was saved but the waterwheel. The contents of the mill were one set of gear for flour, another for oat-meal, two circular saws, a quantity of oats and oat-meal, together with numerous articles and materials pertaining to such an establishment. The fire is supposed to have originated from a stove-pipe which projected through the roof. The Messrs Rose are industrious, enterprising men, and stand high in the esteem of their neighbors, who very generously, the day following the fire, at a public meeting, agreed each to furnish a share of timber for the erection of another mill. The destruction of the mill will prove a great inconvenience to the neighborhood, and was a severe loss to the proprietors; but we trust that they will soon be re-established again in the milling business.—*Ib.*

The Dredge Boat, in charge of the Superintendent, Mr. Beattie, left our harbor last week, in tow of the little steamer *Experiment* and succeeded in reaching Port Mulgrave safely. The Dredge was moored there, and the *Experiment* returned to Pictou on Saturday for the scows, and left again on Monday last, for the Strait. We were informed by Mr. Beattie that it is his intention to proceed to Halifax. We wish him success in the attempt, but we fear that the season is too late. The danger of losing the machine on our stormy coast is so great, that we think prudence would suggest the proprietary of securing the Dredge where it is for the present, and when spring opens embrace the earliest opportunity of removing it to Halifax.—*Pictou Chronicle.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.—*Holloway's Ointment and Pills*—Dropsy.—Watery enlargments. No matter whether the undue deposit of water be in the body or its members the case is the same, and the means of cure identical. Prevent over-secretion, and stimulate torpid absorption. This is the only rational and reliable method of successfully treating this terrible complaint. Holloway's Ointment, well rubbed over the seat of the watery enlargement exercises this double curative effect with ease, safely and certainly, without weakening or otherwise injuring the oppressed capillary system, but rather by rousing the absorbing power. Hence the disease soon diminishes, and health is steadily restored. Holloway's Pills should likewise be taken to rid both solids and fluids of depraved and poisonous products.

Married,

At Mr. Donald Jardan's, Bedeque, on Friday, the 10th of October last, by Augustus Holland, Esq., J. P., Mr. David Howat, to Miss Mary McEachern, both of Tryon.

Died,

At Charlottetown, of Consumption, about three o'clock this *morning*, 15th instant, JOHN, youngest son of Mr. John Handrahan, of this city, aged twenty-one years.

At Cascumpec, on the 20th November last, of consumption and disease of the heart, Mrs. O'Leary, in the 32nd year of her age. She was a good, dutiful and kind wife, a loving and tender mother, and a sincere friend. She leaves a husband and three young and helpless children to mourn their loss. She is gone where the wicked cease to trouble and the good find repose. May she rest in peace.

At Kildare River, on the 1st inst., Mr. John Haywood, sen., after a few days illness, aged 79 years. He left, to mourn his loss, a widow who had been the sharer of his joys and sorrows for more than half a century, ten children, all settled in life, together with sixty-two grandchildren and four great grandchildren. Mr. Haywood led an upright and consistent life, and died in the hope of a blessed immortality.

On the 6th Nov., at Campbelton, of Diptheria, Mary Ann, second daughter of Mr. Archibald Taylor, formerly of Malpeque, in the 20th year of her age.

At Oyster Cove, on Saturday, the 29th Nov., Mr. Archibald Ramsay, aged 54 years, leaving a widow and five children to mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate husband and parent.

At Green Vale, Lot 23, on the 19th ult., James Proudfoot, Esq., aged 60 years. Deceased emigrated from Scotland to this Island in 1832, and was highly respected in the community. He died in the full assurance of a blessed immortality.

At New London, on Monday, 17th Nov., Elizabeth Lock, eldest daughter of Mr. John Adams, in the 7th year of her age.

At Cardigan, on the 7th ult., Margaret, the beloved wife of Donald Stowart, Esq., shipbuilder, aged 22 years. Deceased has left five young children, a sorrowing husband, and a large number of friends, by whom she was highly esteemed, to mourn her untimely death.

On the 28th Oct. last, Sophia Jane, wife of Mr. Thomas Henderson, Brackley Point Road, aged 48 years.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Dec. 5—Schr. Conservative, McFadyen, River Philip; juniper. Ellen, Chivirie, Newfoundland; herrings. 6—Christiana, McNeill, Pictou; mails. 8th—Woodbine, Robertson, do.; coals. Geo. Dundas, Young, Boston; goods. Patience, Strachan, Pugwash; bal. Lady Milne, O'Hara, Richibucto; deals.

CLEARED.

Dec. 4—Brigt. Ellen Davies, Campbell, Bermuda. 5—Schr. Foaming Billow, Glawson, Halifax. Union, May, Port Mulgrave; produce. 5—Brig Prairie Bird, Baie, England; timber, &c. 8—Schr. Patience, Strachan, Halifax; pro. Adina, Balcom, do.; do. Christiana, McNeill, Pictou; mails. Brig Fredk. Douse, Furness, Philadelphia; oats.

SERIOUS A[illegible] inst., Mr. John [illegible] at his own bar[illegible] the machine lo[illegible] immediately w[illegible] in the act of s[illegible] feet slipping an[illegible] trods, therefore was dragged [illegible] between the trods and spindle, until his body actually checked if not almost stopped the machine, thus bruising him dreadfully, and, as those present supposed, fatally. On Mr. Wood being extricated from his perilous position, Dr. Boswall's invaluable services were immediately procured, and by prompt and judicious medical treatment being rendered, Mr. Wood is now favorably progressing to convalescence; fortunately, however, no bones were either fractured or broken, but it is miraculous how his leg escaped being smashed or amputated. This should be a salutary warning to others who are in the habit of following threshing machines to use every precaution against similar accidents.—*Com.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To the Electors of the Third Electoral District of Queen's County.

GENTLEMEN;

THE House of Assembly having been dissolved, I have much pleasure in again offering myself as a candidate for your suffrages. And should you return me, nothing shall be wanting on my part to promote the best interests of the District and Island generally. As soon as the ice and roads are fit for travelling I intend to call public meetings, to explain my views on local and public affairs.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
GEORGE COLES.

Charlottetown, 13th Dec., 1862.

TO BE SOLD!

A GREAT BARGAIN!!

THE Subscriber being desirous to retire from business, is willing to sell his entire **Stock in trade at a very Cheap Rate,** AND UPON ACCOMMODATING TERMS. In order to facilitate the sale of the whole to one party, it may be paid by instalments of £2000 per year, extending over a period of 4 or 5 years, upon security being given for the respective payments, at the option of the purchaser. The stock is well assorted and consists of nearly every article of Merchandize usually imported into this Colony. The business has been long established and is connected with nearly every section of this Island; the position of the premises as a business mart—if not superior to—is not surpassed by any in this city, and is considered entirely Fire-proof from without. The Shop, Cellarage, Ware Rooms, Warehouses, Dwelling House, Out Offices, &c., will be let on very reasonable terms for any number of years which may be desired by the purchaser of the Goods. In the meantime, however, in the absence of such purchaser, the Goods will continue to be sold at the lowest price that will cover the costs of importation. And as the whole business must be wound up before the Spring, all debts due after the first of March next will be placed for immediate collection in the hands of the Attornies of DANIEL BRENAN.

Charlottetown, Dec. 15, 1862. 4i

"Christmas Requisites."

LAYER, Muscatel and VALENCIA Raisins, Currants, Apples, Onions, Cheese, Spices, Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels, &c. &c. All warranted Fresh and Good.

BEER & SONS.

Dec. 15, 1862.

Warranted Axes

OF the most approved pattern.

BEER & SONS.

Dec. 15, 1862.

Buffalo Robes.

BEER & SONS.

Dec. 15, 1862. 4i

AUCTION!

Stock, Implements, &c., &c., at Bingham Cottage, Cornwall, the residence of Mr. Fred. Strong.

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, at 12 o'clock, the following STOCK, &c:

3 Horses, 2 setts Harrows, 4 Cows, 1 Roller, 16 Sheep, 1 Cart, 1 Truck, 1 superior Turnip Drill, 1 Moulding Plough, 1 Cultivator, 1 new Boat, 12 foot keel, setts of Cart Harness, Backbands and Traces.

—ALSO—

A quantity of HAY and STRAW.

TERMS—All sums over Five Pounds, a credit of Twelve Months will be given.

WM. DODD, Auctioneer.

Cornwall, Dec. 15, 1862.

LONDON HOUSE.

NEW CHEAP GOODS, JUST RECEIVED,

☞ *At the Stand formerly Dempsey's, opposite Apothecaries' Hall, Queen Street.*

H. HASZARD begs to inform his friends and the public that he has received by the "Uranus," from London, the "Prioress" and "Theresa," from Liverpool, a large supply of British Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Hardware and Groceries. Having been purchased on the best terms and personally selected, they will be sold at the lowest rate for Cash only, comprising:

7 cases Dress Goods	2 bales Striped Shirtings
1 case Silks and Ribbons	1 do Bleached do
1 do Buttons & trimmings	1 do Printed Cottons
1 do Ladies' Mantles,	2 do Cloths and Doeskins
3 do Hats and Caps (great variety)	1 do Blankets and Sheets
	1 do Wadding
5 do Ready-made Clothing	1 do Carpeting & Hearth Rugs
1 do Ladies' and Gents' Waterproof Mantles & Coats	7 do Paper hanging (3000 pieces)
1 do Gloves and Hosiery	5 casks Hardware
1 do Haberdashery	4 cases do
1 do Shirts, Collars, Braces &c.	1 do Cutlery
	1 crate Coal Scuttles and Zinc Buckets
1 do Shawls and Mufflers	
e do Jewellry, Pomatum and Soaps	60 chests Tea, cheap and good
2 do India Rubber Shoes	5 casks Soda
3 Bales Brown Cottons	

—ALSO—

Crushed and Moist Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Rice, Mustard, Starch, Blue, Raisins, Currants, Spices, Glass, Putty, Nails, Leather, Buckets, Brooms, Soap; Candles, Manilla Rope, Plough Mounting, Iron, all sizes, Sheet Iron, &c., &c.

Charlottetown, Dec. 15, 1862.

CAKE ORNAMENTS AND CONFECTIONARY.

THE subscriber has on hand A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CAKE ORNAMENTS and CONFECTIONARY, which he will supply to order.

—ALSO—

Superior CRUSHED SUGAR, TEA, LEMON SYRUP, JORDAN ALMONDS, CRACKERS, and PRESERVES of all kinds.

Orders from the country will be attended to punctually.

ALEXANDER McKENZIE,
Near Lord's Wharf.

Water-street, Charlottetown, December 15th, 1862. R W 5ins

To the Electors of the Second District of King's County.

GENTLEMEN—

THE House of Assembly having been dissolved, the trust with which I have been honoured since the General Election of 1846, is again returned to you. Trusting that I still retain your confidence and good will, I purpose to offer myself again for the representation of your District.

I remain, Gentlemen,
Your obed't serv't,
EDWARD WHELAN.

Charlottetown, Dec. 8, 1862.

Notice to the Public.

THE subscriber begs to inform the Public, that for mutual accommodation, he has opened an Office in Mr. Snardon's Building, under the name of "BRIGHTON BREWERY DEPOT," where orders will be taken between the hours of 10 and 6 o'clock.

R. H. A. SMITH.

Charlottetwon, Dec. 15th, 1862. isl 5ins

NOTICE.

IN consequence of some misunderstanding with regard to the meeting of the C. Y. M. L. Institute on Wednesday evening last, the Benevolent Irish Society were obliged to return to a private room to hold their meeting, when it was moved and unanimously carried, that there shall be a room provided for the occasion in future, and a Committee of three persons appointed for that purpose; and the said Committee proceeded on their mission, when they selected their old Room, at Mrs. Gilligan's, where their meetings will be held until further notice.

S. W. MITCHELL, President,
MARTIN HOGAN, C. C. C.
FRANCIS McCARRON, Treas. } Committee.

Charlottetown, Dec. 13, 1862. 2i

W. DOUGAN

HAS removed to the Shop lately occupied by W. W. Irving, Esq, Queen Square.

Ch. Town, Oct 6, 1862.

Electors of the Second District of King's County.

GENTLEMEN;

THE General Elections, to come off next month, furnish me with the agreeable occasion for thus addressing you.

To as many of you as are my friends I beg to say, that as the time has come for reducing our mutual promises to acts, I shall be one of your candidates at these Elections.

And should I be successful, I shall give a loyal political support to the Liberal party; whilst ever faithfully aiming at the general improvement of the country, and your locality in particular.

The first essential condition of this general improvement I take to be the immediate and complete abolition of the present landlordism of the Island, as being in its effects disastrous to the best interests—both agricultural and commercial—and altogether alien to American sentiment.

And as our Government constitutionally possesses the full plenary legislative powers for this business, I should be for confining its equitable adjustment to colonial domestic enactment. The Imperial Government is clearly bound—(in consequence of its own "improvidence" in gifting away the inheritance of its own emigrants to absentee favorites, and thus defeating, to an incalculable extent, the prosperity and destiny of an Island, which, from its fruitful soil and favorable situation for commerce, ought long since to have been crowded with inhabitants)—to guarantee the credit of this Province to whatever extent needful for the liquidation of all landlord claims, admitted by a Commission appointed (as in Canada), under a Provincial Act, for the abolition of the present landlord tenure.

With regard to your local improvements, I shall confine myself to merely indicating two, namely: the early construction of a Plank Road of seven miles, from the Bay to Grand River, by which your best markets might readily be reached; and the establishment of one or more Chartered Fishing Companies, for giving useful employment to your young men, and remedying your individual inability to arrest some portion of the great wealth annually visiting your shores.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient humble servant,
P. E. McKEON, M.D.

Charlottetown, Dec. 13, 1862.

KING SQUARE HOUSE.

HATS and CAPS.

A GOOD variety in FUR, CLOTH, Wool, Felt and Silk, latest styles.

BEER & SONS.

RUBBERS, RUBBERS.

THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE CITY, including Ladies' Misses', Gents', Youths' and Children's Boots and Shoes.

BEER & SONS.

BOOTS & SHOES,

IN GREAT VARIETY, for Misses, Gents, Youths, and Children.

BEER & SONS.

SEALSKIN COATS,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY; also, Russia Pup, Astrican Lamb and Nutria Skins, very suitable for Caps and Coat Collars.

BEER & SONS.

DRESS GOODS!

INCLUDING Plain and Fancy REPS, BARATHEAS, Plain and Checked Wincies, Galas, Circassian Cloths, Coburgs, Lustres, &c. &c.

BEER & SONS.

A CAPITAL Assortment of Mufflers, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Gloves, Printed Flannel Shirts, &c. &c. &c.

BEER & SONS.

Blankets, Blankets.

ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES.

BEER & SONS.

HARDWARE.

THE usual assortment, including IRON, Spring, Cast and Sleigh Shoeing STEEL.

BEER & SONS.

STOVES, STOVES.

THE LEVIATHAN COOK, for wood, which gives such excellent satisfaction. A few "superior" COAL COOK STOVES, Parlor Stoves for both wood and coal; large Box Stoves, suitable for churches and schoolhouses.

BEER & SONS.

TEA, TEA, TEA.

EIGHTY CHESTS and TWENTY HALF-CHESTS, warranted a superior article.

BEER & SONS.

We invite inspection of the above, together with a large and varied assortment of useful GOODS, from intending purchasers, confident that the quality and prices will meet their expectations.

BEER & SONS.

November 24, 1862. 6w

Re-Opened.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of Charlottetown, and the Island generally, that he has re-opened in his

NEW BUILDING,

Grafton Street, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line, with accuracy, neatness and dispatch.

Constantly on hand, a large assortment of STOVE PIPE and TINWARE, COPPER BOILERS, STILLS and WORMS made to order, at the lowest possible prices. Wholesale Dealers will please call and examine my Stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

W. B. ALLIN.

Grafton Street, Oct. 27, 1852. 2m

APPLES!

JUST Received, by Schooner CECILIA, from BOSTON,

50 Bbls. WINTER APPLES.

DODD & ROGERS.

Pownal-street, December 8, 1862.

BANK OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of FIVE POUNDS per centum on the Capital Stock of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, for the last half year, hath been this day declared, and is payable to stockholders forthwith on demand.

By Order,
WM. CUNDALL, Cashier.

1st December, 1862.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.

AND

ZYLOBALSAMUM,

The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair.

Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.

IT NEVER FAILS

To Restore Grey Hair

TO

Its Original Youthful Color

It is not a Dye,

But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

For Ladies and Children

Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE

198 Greenwich Street, New-York City.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.

W. R. WATSON,
Agent for P. E. Island.

BAZAAR

FOR SAINT DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE!

Under the patronage of His Lordship the Bishop of Charlottetown.

A BAZAAR, having for its object the raising of Funds to aid in liquidating the debt incurred by the re-building of ST. DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE, will be held in CHARLOTTETOWN during the ensuing Winter. The ladies of the Convent of Notre Dame are the principal organizers thereof, and are zealously seconded in their laudable efforts by many ladies of the city.

The following articles will be disposed of by Lottery:

1. A Drawing-room Chair, embroidered on cloth and mounted, 6s. per ticket.
2. A pair of Fire Screens, 3s. "
3. An elegant Sofa Cushion, 3s. "
4. A Fire Screen, No. 1, 2s. "
5. Do. No. 2, 2s. "
6. A Work Box, embroidered on purple velvet, 1s. 6d. "
7. A pair of Foot-stools, 1s. 6d. "
8. A Work Box painted on velvet, 9d. "

Contributions in money, fancy work, materials for fancy and useful works, &c., will be thankfully received by the following:—

The Ladies of the Convent,

Mrs. Walker,	Mrs. McIsaac,
Mrs. O. Connelly,	Mrs. D. Reddin,
Mrs. Gaul,	Mrs. Gleason,
Mrs. Eckstadt,	Mrs. J. Murphy,
Miss McDonnell,	Miss McDade,
Miss Reddin,	Miss Kelly,
Miss Longard.	

The ladies and gentlemen belonging to the country, as well as those belonging to the city, are respectfully solicited to send in their contributions as soon as possible to either of the above ladies.

Persons desirous of obtaining tickets for the Lotteries will also please send in their names to any of the same parties.

Charlottetown, December 1, 1862.

RENFREW HOUSE!

Thomas's old Stand, GREAT GEORGE STREET, IS NOW OPEN.

THE subscribers have much pleasure in announcing that they have now ready for inspection AN EXTENSIVE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF

British and Foreign Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS,

received via Halifax, in advance of Fall importations, consisting of—

Grey and White Cottons	**Groceries.**
Striped Regatta Shirting	Tea, Tobacco, Sugar, Molasses, Soap, Candles,
Prints, Ginghams	Indigo, Starch, Pepper,
Denims, Drills	Mustard, Ginger, Blue,
Bed Tick Osnaburg	Baking Soda, Saleratus,
Blankets, Flannels	Washing Soda, &c. &c.
Mantle Cloths, Shawls	and other Groceries,
Bal. Skirts and Skirting	which we can recommend for family use.
Hosiery, Gloves	
Straw & Felt Hats, N.S.	
Flowers, Feathers, and Ribbons	**Hardware.**
Mohair, Silk & Chenill Hair Nets	Nails—4d, 6d, 8d, 12d, 20d
Black and Colored Coburgs, Lustres	Horse Shoe Nails, &c. &c.
	Table Knives and Forks
Wincy Cloths, Gala Plaid	Dessert do do
Fancy Dresses and Dress Material, in the most fashionable styles	Carving and Butcher's Knives
	Shoe Knives, Sheath do.
Polka Jackets,	Scale Balances,
Fancy and Chenill Scarfs in great variety	Weaver's Reeds
	AXES
Elastic and Leather Belts	Rope, Powder, Shot,
White and Colored Stays	Gun Caps, Candlewick
A further supply of Hats,	Plough Mounting
Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, Gloves, Mantles,	Hame, Traces, Backbands
	Shovels, Hoes
Shawls, Fancy Dresses,	Blister Steel
and other fresh Goods shortly expected	Blacking, Shoe & Scrubbing Brushes
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers in Ladies' and Gents'	Paint, Putty and Glass
	Wrapping Paper
Grain Bags	Blacklead, Shoeblacking
Men's and Boys' Cloth Caps, Storm ditto	Patent Stove Polish &c. &c. &c. &c.

The above Goods have been purchased with the greatest care, from some of the first Houses in Great Britain, and with a view to suit the requirements of Town and Country, and are offered to the public at prices that will, we are satisfied, compare favorably with any in the trade.

DELANY & WILSON.

Renfrew House, Oct. 6, 1862. Isl

Tea! Tea!

JUST landed from Barque 'THERESA,' and for sale by the subscriber,

100 Chests & Boxes TEA,

Warranted good, and will be sold cheap for Cash.

WM. McGILL.

Ch. Town, Nov. 3, 1862. rw 6 w

EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF NEW GOODS!

BEER & SONS

HAVE received the greater part of their FALL SUPPLY of BRITISH, WEST INDIA, AND AMERICAN GOODS, which, for variety and price, will compare favorably with any STOCK of GOODS in the Colony.

Persons from a distance visiting the City will do well to call and examine before making their purchases.

WANTED—A QUANTITY OF GOOD HOME-SPUN.

King Square House, Nov. 3, 1862. 2m

PAINTS AND PAINT OIL, BAR IRON; also, 100 chests and half chests TEA, for sale cheap for cash by

JAMES DUNCAN & CO.

Charlottetown, June 30, 1862.

Notice! Notice!!

ALL PARTIES indebted to the Subscriber by Bond, Note, or Book Account, are requested to make payment on or before the First of DECEMBER next, as a list of defaulters is to be handed to the Hon. J. Longworth for collection. Schooners are now loading at Pinette, China Point, and two at Orwell, where parties indebted can pay in produce, and where the subscriber is giving the highest price IN CASH for OATS and BARLEY.

The Subscriber also notifies those who are indebted for the MOWING and REAPING MACHINES, and STOVES, due over twelve months, the sums respectively due by them must be paid on or before the 20th instant, as the Proprietors are now on the Island, and only await payment of the amounts due.

P. STEPHENS.

Orwell Cheap Store, Nov. 8, 1862.

N. B. Amounts due in King's County to be paid to the Hon. James McLaren, or Mr. Thomas Annear, at Montague Bridge. P. S.

TAKE NOTICE!

ALL parties indebted to the Subscriber, are requested to make payment before the FIFTEENTH DAY of DECEMBER NEXT, as any amounts remaining unpaid after that date will be sued for without distinction of persons.

G. F. C. LOWDEN.

Charlottetown, Oct. 27, 1872. 2m

Important to the Afflicted. Located at Last.

DR. J. HOMER, Physician and Surgeon, late from Boston, has opened a Medical Office at Summerside, where he can be consulted, FREE by letter or otherwise, on all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, and Generative Organs.

A sure cure for Asthma, Catarrh, Deafness, Liver Complaint, Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

☞ Dental operations on Teeth, and Surgical operations on Tumors, Cancers, &c. &c.

Having recently imported a nice large case of instruments, he will cure Cross Eyes in 30 minutes, and operate upon the Eye for dislocated Lens, Cataract, &c., in a very short time, with perfect satisfaction.

☞ All letters received, giving full descriptions of disease, &c., will receive immediate attention, and medicines sent by mail, in care of the Postmaster, to any part of the Island.

Charges to suit the times in all cases.

Examination and advice FREE to all on Tuesday of each week.

Professional vsits made in any part of the Island.

Summerside, Nov. 22, 1862. tf

Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of Resolutions passed by the Committee on the 20th of March, the following Rules have been amended, viz:—

Sec. 39, so as to require that ships, the length of which exceeds eight times but is under nine times their depth, shall have the same longitudinal strengthening as is prescribed for ships the length of which exceeds five times their breadth.

And that, where the length exceeds nine times, and is under ten times their depth, they be subjected to the same requirements as those which exceed in length six times their breadth.

And in cases where the length exceeds ten times the depth, the Builders or Owners are to submit, for the Committee's approval, their plans for giving the Vessel the necessary strength longitudinally.

By order of the Committee,
GEORGE B. SEYFANG, Secretary.
RICHARD SLOGGETT, Surveyor.

2, White Lion Court, Cornhill, E. C.
31st May, 1862.