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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, FRIDAY, MARCH 6, 1891.

VOL. 27.—NO. 67

DR. GEO. A. BAYNES,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Specialist in Chronic Diseases
CHARLOTTETOWN.
OFFICE—Queen Square, over Apothecaries
Hall. Postal Address, Box 47.
183—184 w y

Settlement to Dec. 31st, 1890.

WE request a settlement of all accounts due, notes, judgments, etc., before the end of January. All debtors will please make notice and save us trouble and themselves expense.

NORTON & FENNELL
181—182 w y pat dw 3w her sum jour

WOOD! WOOD!

OWING to the scarcity of Coal I have started a Wood Yard, and am prepared to supply Hardwood at a reasonable price, cut up to suit stoves, and delivered to all parts in the city.

A. DOWN,
Pownal Wharf.



THE CELEBRATED
PATENT
Cooker and Roaster,

That Everyone Speaks so Highly of,

(SEE TESTIMONIALS),

—IS TO BE HAD—

One Dollar Less Than Old Price

—AT—

R. K. BRACE'S.

To be had from most any Country Store-keeper. 1m eod & wy—feb19

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TRADE MARK
BALSAM
OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED FOR
CROUP, COUGHS, AND
WHOOPIING COUGHS.
40 YEARS IN USE.
PRICE 25¢ PER BOTTLE.
ARMSTRONG & CO. PROPRIETORS
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Dispensing Chemist & Druggist,
Great George Street, opposite the
R. C. Cathedral.

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Patent Medicines of all kinds; Horse Preparations, viz., Condition Powders, Liniments, Blisters, etc.

Special attention, at any hour, given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day or night. DAVIES' SALVE—positively no equal in the market. Once tried, no other used. Price 25 cents per box.

Also—The Genuine No. 7 Liniment, 25 cts a bottle, and Dr. Eaton's Asthma Remedy, price 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle.

Spending line of French Perfumes and Toilet Preparations; Atkinson's, Colgate's, Gosnell's and other celebrated makers' Perfumes; Pears', Margerison's, Colgate's, Crown Perfume Co's., Cuticura, Morse's, Herles' and Albert Soap Co's. Soaps.

Havana Cigars—the finest line in Charlottetown—Oscar Amanda, Entre Nous, New, Queen, Pleador, and other well-known brands.

Pipes, Tobaccos and Smokers' Requisites generally.

WINTER CROSSING!

THE WINTER ROUTE between Cap Traverse and Cape Tormentine is now open. Passengers and Luggage at the regular rates. Passengers will find this route very much the cheapest. Passengers accommodated in the very best manner.

CAPT. GEORGE IRVING.

181—182 w y

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PRINTERS, BOOKBINDERS,

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STATIONERS! A Complete Stock of PLAIN and FANCY STATIONERY, at prices that cannot be beaten.

Headquarters for Books of all kinds

SCHOOL BOOKS! SCHOOL BOOKS!

Charlottetown, January 6, 1891—g f s

DO YOU KEEP IT IN THE HOUSE?
ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.
NO BETTER REMEDY FOR
COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, CONSUMPTION, &c.

GOOD TEA FOR EVERYBODY

BEER & GOFF'S.

Our Teas, as a rule, have given excellent satisfaction, but the lot that we are retailing this winter has turned out to be the best value that we have ever imported.

Our 24 cent is the Strongest and Finest-Flavored Tea for the money on Prince Edward Island.

Reductions made on parcels of 5 lbs. and upwards

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Queen and King Square Stores.

TAYLOR & GILLESPIE.

We are making Special Reductions during this month on the binding of Magazines, Illustrated Papers, Periodicals, etc.

TAYLOR & GILLESPIE,
Sign of the Big Book. J. D. McLeod's Corner.

Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER
DIRECTLY TO THE SPOT.
INSTANTANEOUS IN ITS ACTION.
For CRAMPS, CHILLS, COLIC, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA MORBUS, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS, NO REMEDY EQUALS THE PAIN-KILLER.
In Canadian Cholera and Bowel Complaints its effect is magical. It cures in a very short time.
THE BEST FAMILY REMEDY FOR BURNS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA and TOOTHACHE.
SOLD EVERYWHERE AT 25c. A BOTTLE.
Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

OUR \$2.75 WATCH, made by the Waterbury Watch Company, will not last as long as the more expensive Watch, but is just the thing for a boy attending school or for boating or fishing parties, saving the risk and yet doing the work of the better Watches.

OUR \$4.50 WATCH, made by the same Company, only better quality, is short wind and jeweled.

OUR \$7, \$10, \$15 AND \$20 WATCHES are correspondingly better goods. You will be safer in trading with us than by sending to irresponsible parties at a distance, and who, if a mainspring breaks or anything goes wrong, are too far away to send to. We are here to guarantee and stand by every Watch we sell.

E. W. TAYLOR,
CAMERON BLOCK.

Charlottetown, Feb. 23, 1891.

The Spread of Electricity.
THERE ARE 1,985 CENTRAL STATION PLANTS AT PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES.

A very interesting publication has just been put forth by one of the leading electrical companies of this country. It is a large atlas, showing State by State the distribution of electric lighting central stations and of electric railways, the various plants being marked at each of the towns and cities in which they are installed. The grand totals shown are 1,985 central station plants and 240 electric railways, figures which, of course, would be much larger if brought down to later date. A vivid idea is given of the great variety still existing in electrical apparatus by the fact that in such States as New York and Pennsylvania no fewer than sixteen different kinds are running in the stations to produce light and five different kinds for electric railway work.

The tendency during the last five years has been toward a reduction in the number of "systems," but as fundamental patents expire, and the industry is more generally thrown open, it is not unlikely there will be as great a variety of dynamos and lamps as there now is of steam engines or of locomotives. These new systems, however, will be sold on a basis of ordinary manufacturing profit, unless radical departures are made, for the time when either a charlatan or a genius could put a "system" together and get \$1,000,000 for it offhand has gone by. Up to the present period much of the apparatus has had somewhere in its selling price the items of cash or stock given out to the inventor, and of costly experiments that probably led nowhere. In the older branches of electrical industry much of that experimental work has been done forever, and the knowledge of the things that need not be attempted has become common property.

Mr. Edison himself has said that he had 3,000 theories about his incandescent lamp, and it is safe betting that he tried them all. It is said that when the first big electric railway was tried at Richmond, at least 100 "underrunning" trolleys were put to test in a few brief weeks, to say nothing of new forms of gear, new styles of brushes, new lightning arresters, new switches and other details. In work of that nature money goes like water, but there is no help for it; and in due time there is the reward, for had there been no Richmond in 1888 there would certainly have been no arcs in 1890 with 240 electric roads, 203 of which, with nearly another 100 now building, dating from that eventful victory in a great new industry.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The Hawaiian Islands.
SOMETHING ABOUT THE ISLANDS AND THOSE WHO INHABIT THEM.

As touching the Hawaiian islands, which for upwards of a hundred years have been known to the civilized world—having been discovered by Capt. Cook in 1778—they are the most important Polynesian group in the North Pacific. They are twelve in number, eight inhabited, and four uninhabited. The natives, which belong to the Malayo-Polynesian race, are thus described by a writer in the Britannica: "The Hawaiians are a good-tempered, light-hearted, and pleasure-loving race. Their reddish-brown skin has been compared to the hue of tarnished copper. The hair, usually raven black, is straight or at most wavy; the beard is thin, the face broad, the profile not prominent, the nose rather flattened, and the lips thick. The bulk of the population are of moderate stature, but the chiefs and the women of their families are remarkable for height." Like the natives of Polynesia generally the Hawaiians were originally idolaters and cannibals. Despite the moral and material progress which has been made in the islands since the introduction of Christianity in 1820 the race is dying out, and, indeed, is threatened with extinction in the course of a few years. Captain Cook estimated the natives at 400,000; in 1823 the Americans calculated them to be only 142,000; the census of 1832 showed the population to be 130,313, and the census of 1878 proved that the number of natives was not more than 44,088. This decadence is attributed to the poisoning of the blood of the natives by the introduction of foreign diseases. Another instance in which the vices of Christians (?) have brought desolation and death to the native races.

Fasters in a Mine.

The rescue of four men who had been imprisoned nineteen days without food in the Jeanesville mine at Hazleton, Pa., is unprecedented in mining annals. There is not on record another instance in which entombed miners, deprived of food, have survived so long. Yet these men, though forced into cramped and narrow quarters, successfully endured starvation for almost three weeks. The case suggests the thought that the public exhibitions of fasting that have taken place of late years may have been of some indirect benefit after all. It is well known that in deprivation of food, as in other severe hardships, the endurance of the body depends in a marvellous degree upon the mind. May not the widely advertised example of Suoqi, for instance, by showing that it is possible for a human being of resolute will to exist for a long time without food, have contributed to stimulate and inspire with courage these poor fellows who lay hungering day after day in the darkness of the mine? There is, at any rate, nothing impossible in the idea.—New York Press.

Three thousand men who cannot get work gathered around Jackson Park in Chicago the other day, when the contractor began the grading in preparation for the World's Fair, and raised such a disturbance that the one hundred men lucky enough to get work could not proceed. The police had to be called to protect them, yet the annexationists tell us that the States are prosperous.

Great Battle at Iquique.
CHILIAN REVOLUTIONISTS CAPTURE THE GOVERNMENT FORCES.

On the 15th, say advices from Iquique, a battle was fought on the pampas of Dolores. The government was defeated with the loss of about 300 men. On the 16th Iquique surrendered to the fleet. A riot the same night caused by an incendiary mob was quelled by the fleet and the foreign residents. One hundred and seventy-five of the mob were killed and wounded. On the 17th the Opposition suffered a check on the pampas near Huara. On the 19th Iquique was surprised by the remnant of the Government troops defeated on the pampas. There was hard fighting from morning till evening in the town, the Opposition holding the intendencia and firing from the fleet to protect the intendencia, and to cover the landing of the marines. The business part of the town was fired by incendiaries the same evening. Captain Lambton, of the Warspite, landed under fire to arrange an armistice and to take on board any of the remaining women and children from the town. An armistice was declared till noon of the 20th and was arranged by the mediation of Admiral Hatham. On the afternoon of the 20th the Government troops surrendered to the fleet by Colonel Soto, who had fought gallantly. The town is now in possession of the fleet. No foreign residents were killed. The women and children are mostly living in the ships in the harbor, all the men remaining at their offices. The hospital is full. It is probable there will be a decisive battle north of Pisagua soon. Much loss of life and damage to property has been avoided by the action taken by the English admiral on the 21st.

News Notes.

The governor of Kansas has signed a bill providing for separate coaches on railroad trains for negroes.

The heirs of Meissonier, the deceased French painter, have decided to sell the contents of the great artist's studio at auction.

Heavy rain on Tuesday night caused a freshet which carried away Dodge's milldam at Milford, Cal., and caused damage to the extent of \$1,000.

Mr. Parnell is considering a proposition to send a delegation to the United States in opposition to the McCarthyite delegation to collect funds.

The North German Gazette says that the government, anticipating a general strike in the coal trade, has ordered large supplies of coal from England.

A British warship has landed at Corunna the presents from the British Government to all who assisted at the time of the wreck of the war vessel Serpent.

The National Press is the name to be given to a new daily paper in Dublin, in the interest of the McCarthyites, who will open a vigorous campaign on March 8.

General Booth lectured in Brussels the other night on the subject, "In Darkest England." The people seemed to be greatly amused with the lecturer's remarks.

The town of Utica, Indiana, was visited by a cyclone on Tuesday night, which demolished the town hall and ten residences. Some persons were injured, but none killed.

Twenty-five million dollars worth of property will be sold in New York in March for unpaid taxes and assessments running back for over a quarter of a century.

Russia has the largest royal family of all civilized countries. On January 1 the twenty-seventh living Russian grand duke was born. The Russian grand duchesses number eighteen.

Roosevelt Hospital, New York, has brought suit against the elevated railroad for one hundred thousand dollars on account of damages to the institution done by the noise of the trains.

Count Herbert Bismarck has had a famous present. The ancestral estate, where the iron chancellor was born, Schonhausen, Maderburg, Prussian Saxony, has been given him by his father.

The Czar is credited with these words when the closer alliance with France was pressed upon him recently: "If they could only have one of my brothers for emperor, the alliance would be concluded speedily."

The Sultan is said to be studying German with avidity—something new for the Grand Turk. He says that when Emperor Wilhelm visits the Bosphorus again he will be able to welcome him in the German language.

Immense snowslides have demolished the quartz mill of the R-d Jacket mine, in Baker City, Oregon. Hugh Curran, fireman; P. Holstein, watchman, and Jules N. Olsen, holding house keeper of the mine, were buried.

Willow Creek overflowed its banks at Paisley, Ont., on Wednesday, completely stopping traffic. The bridge was broken, a barn carried away and other damage done. A large number of men were put to work clearing the main road.

The King of Italy has conferred the order of knighthood on Police Inspector Byrnes, of New York, for his services to Italian immigrants, as well as his assistance in capturing escaped brigands. The Inspector, however, declines the honor.

Mrs. P. C. Coffey, of Omaha, wife of a mechanic, is said to have become sole heir to \$75,000,000, left by a millionaire manufacturer named John O'Neill, in Bradford, England. The deceased was Mrs. Coffey's father, but disowned her for her humble marriage.

At Nelsonville, O., on Tuesday night, Dave Seville, of Columbus, and Tom Tracey, of Toledo, had a prize fight. Tracey was blinded, but was otherwise strong, and stood up saying, "I can't see any longer; hit me if you want to." Seville hit him on the jaw and broke his neck. The brute was arrested.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
DOES CURE
CONSUMPTION
In its First Stages.
Palatable as Milk.
Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and \$1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Philadelphia.

DR. J. P. MURRAY'S
Dyspeptique and Digestion.
Dyspeptique cures Indigestion.
The most serious and long-standing cases of Chronic Dyspepsia positively cured by Dyspeptique.
Price per bottle 75c. and \$2.00 (large bottles four times as large).
Charles K. Sheri, St. John, N.B.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Skating Races!

RACES will be held at the Hillsborough Skating Rink, on FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, 6th March, commencing at 8 o'clock, as follows:—

1. Five-Mile Race for the Amateur Championship of P. E. Island.
2. Three Mile Race for Boys under fifteen years of age.
3. Obstacle Race.
4. Mile-Race Backwards.
5. Potato Race.

A first and second prize will be offered for each race. Entries to be made at the rink on Thursday night.

Rink will be open for skating for half an hour after races are finished.

Doors open at 7.30. Admission, 15 cents. mch3

\$8 to \$10 Teeth

A Set. Satisfaction guaranteed. Teeth extracted without pain.

DR. J. P. MURRAY,
Queen Street.
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FANCY SALE!

The Ladies of St. James' Church WILL HOLD THEIR

ANNUAL TEA AND FANCY SALE
—ON—
Thursday, 2nd April.

mch4—3w pat

FURNITURE FOR SALE, BY AUCTION.

I AM authorized to sell by Auction, at the late residence of Robert Crabb, Esq., Sidney Street,

On Wednesday, 11th instant,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

All the Household Furniture, comprising Parlor, Dining Room, Smoking Room, Hall, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale Positive. No Reserve.

R. BEAIRSTO, Auctioneer.

LONGERS.

FOR SALE.—A Few Thousand CUT LONGERS. Apply to F. TURNER, Marshfield, East River, Lot 34.

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