NO WORK, THE HARDEST WORK.

BY. C. F. ORNE.

Ho! ye who at the anvil toil,
And strike the sounding blow;
Where from the burning iron's breast,
The sparks fly to and fro;
While answering to the hammer's ring,
And fire's intenser glow—
Oh! while ye feel tis hard to toil
And sweat the long day through;
Remember it is harder still
To have no work to do.

Ho! ye who till the stubborn soil,
Whose hard hands guide the plough;
Who bend beneath the summer sun
With burning cheek and brow—
Ye deem the curse still clings to earth,
From olden time till now;
But while ye feel 'tis hard to toil
And labour long hours through;
Remember it is harder still
To have no work to do.

Ho! ye who plough the sea's blue field,
Who ride the restless wave—
Beneath whose gallant vessel's keel
There lies a yawning grave.—
Around whose bark the wintry winds
Like fiends of fury rave—
Oh! while ye feel 'tis hard to toil
And labour long hours through,
Remember it is harder still
To have no work to do.

Ho! all who labor—all who strive—
Ye wield a lofty power;
Do with your might, do with your strength,
Fill every golden hour!
The glorious privilege, to do,
Is man's most noble dower:
Oh! to your birthright and yourselves,
To your own souls be true!
A weary, wretched life is theirs
Who have no work to do.

VARIETIES.

A ROYAL EXAMPLE.—Many of our readers, perchance, are not aware that there is in Buckingham Palace, a regularly organized Sunday School for the instruction of the children of the servants and other resident officials of that establishment. With sincere gratification do we add, that our beloved Sovereign Lady the Queen not merely patronizes this interesting seminary, but acts as an instructress therein.

This fact cannot be too widely known, as it may have a tendency to stir up the upper classes of our Colony to the discharge of a duty, in which frequently they are greatly remiss, particularly in the more rural districts. Many of our Brethren who labour in the country have complained to us of the difficulty which they experience in prevailing upon the ladies of their flocks, to take an active part in the inculcation of religious knowledge to the young on the Lord's day.

We fully grant, that higher and nobler motives than the example of earthly royalty should urge Christian matrons and maidens to the discharge of his most important, and delightful duty. Constituted however, as human nature is, the precedent afforded by the highest personage in the realm may not be without its good effects "The Queen's name is a tower of strength," either for good or for evil; and it may be that some who have heretofore kept aloof from the Sunday School through feelings of false pride, may from the example of the Sovereign be led to the performance of a work, incumbent upon all who have the leisure and ability therefor.

WE like an unpremeditated pun, but a forced, *lugged-in* pun conundrum is our especial aversion. Here is one of the first and better class:

"Are them all Bibles?" asked a countryman, the other day, in the Register's office, pointing to the big bound volumes of wills.

"No Sir," answered one of the clerks; "those are *Testaments*!"

Almost equally good was the one made by an Irishman in the course of a discussion touching the superior natural productions of various countries:

"You may talk," said he, "as you plaze about it, but Scotland is the finest counthry in the wurruld for nathural productions."

"How so?" cries one.

"Impossible!" exclaims another.

"Give us your reason!" demands a third.

"Why, gintlemen," said he, "don't ye see that Scotland has got a whole *river of Tay* running through it!"

This punning upon his own brogue would never have been thought of by any body but an Irishman, and an Irish wit beside.

Most American readers have heard of SWAIM, the "author" of Swaim's Panacea," and how, by being a book-binder, he came to find on the blank-leaf of a volume he was binding, the recipe for the celebrated medicine which laid the foundation of the princely fortune which he left behind him. Something like this was the lucky accident which made DAY and his "eminent" blacking so famous:

Day was a hair-dresser in a humble way, and was beneficent and charitable in the extreme: one day a soldier entered his shop, and stated that he had just landed from an expedition, and had a long march before him, to reach his regiment; that his money was gone, and nothing but sickness, fatigue, and punishment awaited him, unless he could get a lift on a coach. The worthy barber presented him with a guinea, when the grateful soldier exclaimed:

"God bless you, Sir—how can I ever repay this? I have nothing in this world—except," pulling a dirty piece of paper out of his pocket, "a recipe for blacking: it is the best ever was seen; many a half-guinea have I had for it from the officers, and many bottles have I sold; may you be able to get something for it to repay this you have given to the poor soldier; your kindness I never can either repay or forget."

Mr. Day, who was a shrewd man, inquired into the truth of the story, tried the blacking, and finding it good, commenced the manufactrue and sale of it, and realized the immense fortune of which he died possessed.

HUSBANDS—It may be said generally of husbands, as the woman said of hers, who had abused her, to an old maid, who reproached her for marrying him,—"To be sure he is not so good a husband as he ought to be, but he is a powerful sight better than none."

TEACHING A FOREIGNER TO SPEAK ENGLISH.—My friend, the foreigner, called on me to bid me farewell before he quitted town, and on his departure he said—"I am going *at* the country." I ventured to correct his phraseology by saying that we were accustomed say "going into the country." He thanked me for this correction—said he profited by my lesson, and added, "I will knock *into* your door on my return."

MONEY FOUND,

ON the Malpeque Road, between Town and the Ten-Mile Hill, about two months since, a small sum of Money, the owner shall have the same, on proof thereof, by making application to the subscriber.

ALEX. CAMPBELL.

Malpeque Road, 10-mile Hill, Dec. 17, 1852.

Leonard Scott & Cos.' LIST OF British Periodical Publications.

FORWARDED by mail, under the provisions of the late Post Office Law, at merely nominal rates.

1. *The London Quarterly Review (Conservative).*
2. *The Edinburgh Review (Whig).*
3. *The North Britisl Review (Free Church).*
4. *The Westminster Review (Liberal).*
5. *Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory).*

These Reprints have been in successful operation in this country for *twenty years*, and their circulation is constantly on the increase, notwithstanding the competition they encounter from American periodicals of a similar class, and from the numerous *Eclectics* and Magazines made up of selections from foreign periodicals. This fact shows clearly the high estimation in which they are held by the intelligent reading public, and affords a guarantee that they are established on a firm basis, and will be continued without interruption.

Although these works are distinguished by the political shades above indicated, yet but a small portion of their contents is devoted to political subjects. It is their *literary* character which gives them their chief value, and in that they stand confessedly far above all other journals of their class. *Blackwood*, still under the masterly guidance of Christopher North, maintains its ancient celebrity, and is, at this time, unusually attractive, from the serial works of Bulwer and other literary notables, written for that magazine, and first appearing in its columns, both in Great Britain and in the United States. Such works as "The Caxtons" and "My New Novel," (both by Bulwer), "My Peninsular Medal," "The Green Hand," and other serials, of which numerous rival editions are issued by the leading publishers in this country, have to be reprinted by those publishers from the pages of Blackwood, after it has been issued by Messrs. Scott and Co., so that Subscribers to the Reprint of that Magazine may always rely on having the earliest reading of these fascinating tales.

TERMS.

	Per ann.
For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews,	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews,	7 00
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews.	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 00

Payments to be made in all cases in advance.

REDUCED POSTAGE.

The following table will show the great reduction which has been made on these Periodicals since 1844, and the very trifling rates now charged.

		Per ann.
Prior to 1845, the postage	on Blackwood was	$2 40
" "	on a single Review	1 12
From 1845 to 1851,	on Blackwood	1 00
" "	on a Review	50
In 1851-52 (average rate)	on Blackwood	75
" "	on a Review	38
The present postage	on Blackwood, is	24
" "	on a Review	12

(*The rates are now uniform for all distances within the United States.*)

At these rates surely no objection should be made to receiving the works by mail, and thus ensuring their speedy, safe, and regular delivery.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
79 FULTON STREET, (Entrance 54 Gold street,) New-York.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal octavo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings. Price, in muslin binding, $6; in paper covers, for the mail, $5.

☞ *This work is not the old "Book of the Farm," lately resuscitated and thrown upon the market.*

GEO. T. HASZARD,
Agent for P. E. Island.

A CARD.

MRS. WINSLOW TO THE LADIES.

MRS. WINSLOW, an old an experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup for childern teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflammation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to you, children.

Price, 25 cents per bottle.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe, it the best medicine in the world for child en teething or for the cure of Dysentry and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never never heard a complaint from any one using it, never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is *a bsolutely sure.*

CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, Bangor, Me

WONDER OF THE WORLD.

Gravel Cured of five years standing.

Messrs. CURTIS & PERKINS, Bangor, Me.

Gentlemen,—I have been entirely cured of the Gravel, by the us of your *Cramp and Pain Killer.* I commenced taking the Cramp and Pain Killer in the Spring of 1847. I had been a great sufferer for ten years previous; some four or five years of the time I suffered beyond all my powers to describe.

During this time, I have had medical aid, and tried various spe- cifics, but found very little relief until I obtained your Cramp and Pain Killer. In one month after I commenced using it, I began to grow better. I continued to use it for a year, all the time improving until I was entirely cured.

MILES STAPLES.

Prospect. Me., Jan. 29, 1851.

We, the undersigned, are well acquainted with the above case, and certify to the above statement of facts.

CHARLES CLIFFORD,
HANNAH CLIFFORD,
STANTON ELLIS.

Doctor Toby, a regular practising Physician, of East Machias, writes us under date of March 20, 1847:

"Please send me half a gallon of your Cramp and Pain Killer—it is the best medicine to cure what it is represented to, that I everused."

The Doctor first made use of it in his own case, for a severe sprain in the shoulder, caused by the upsetting of a stage, and found immediate relief, and since has used it in his practice.

Read the following. It speaks for itself.

RHEUMATISM CURED.

I certify, that I was afflicted with a violent Rheumatic pain in the small of my back, which entirely disabled me, so that I could not get up without the greatest pain and effort; nor could I walk without a cane, and but very little with. I applied Doctor Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, or Liquid Opodeldoc, and several other remedies, without any relief. After suffering in this way about a week, I purchased a bottle of *Cramp and Pain Killer*, prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS, Bangor, and after *three applications* was entirely relieved and free from pain, and am now entirely well. I also cured a friend of mine, who had been suffering for a long time with a lame side, with the same bottle. I believe it the best medicine in the world, and am happy to add my testimony in its favor

OLIVER TOWNE.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations.

Price 25 cents per bottle. For Sale by
WM. R. WATSON.

Chalottetown, June 14, 1852.

R. B. IRVING,

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, AND ACCOUNTANT.

OFFICE—over the Bookstore of Mr. G. T. HASZARD, Queen's Square (South side), Charlottetown.

Improvement of HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

TWICE A WEEK! IMPORTANT TO TOWN and COUNTRY SUBSCRIBERS

THE management of the Newspaper which, for the last 30 years, has been successfully conducted by J. D. HASZARD, Esq., is now transferred to the Subscriber, who will assume all the responsibilities thereof after the publication of the present number.

The circulation of *Haszard's Gazette* is, at present, and has always been, greater than that of any other newspaper in this Colony; and—availing himself of some of the greatest recent improvements which have been made in the art and machinery of the Printer,—its new proprietor and publisher hopes he shall be able still to secure for it the first place in the public estimation.

To this end, he has, at a considerable outlay, purchased a POWER PRESS; and, on his premises, made the alterations and additions which were requisite for its proper erection. About the beginning of February, he expects to have it in perfect working order; and—that being accomplished—he will, afterwards, issue *Haszard's Gazette TWICE a week*, of the same size as that in which it is at present published, and, to *Subscribers*, at the same price. The advantages which, from this LIBERAL ARRANGEMENT, will accrue to Subscribers and Advertisers, are so apparent, that they require no comment, and a due appreciation of it, by the public, will, it is hoped, appear in the increased patronage bestowed upon the Paper.

The Editorial Department will be entrusted to the management of a gentleman, whose ability and experience as a writer for the newspaper press, combined with the liberality and moderation of his political sentiments, are such as to afford a good guarantee for the future utility and popularity of the Paper.

By copious extracts from ENGLISH PAPERS; by approved and well-written TALES; by articles on AGRICULTURE and GARDENING, so timed as to have direct relation to the immediate objects of the farmer's skill and labor; by MORAL and RELIGIOUS matter, free from sectarian bias; and by comprehensive notices of Social and Political Reformations, now happily in progress amongst all the civilized nations of the earth, there will always be manifest in the management of HASZARD'S GAZETTE, an earnest desire to provide valuable and acceptable instruction and entertainment for all classes amongst its readers.

And, further,—that the patrons of Haszard's Gazette may be duly apprised of all PUBLIC NOTICES proceeding from the Government,—they will regularly appear in it—*gratuitously* published—under one general head.

For the transmission of IMPORTANT NEWS, by means of the ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH, the subscriber has also made arrangements with CORRESPONDENTS in Halifax, St. John, and Boston.

COMMUNICATIONS directly bearing on the general interests and well-being of the community, will always be thankfully received.

GEORGE T. HASZARD.

28th Dec. 1852.

EMIGRATION TO AUSTRALIA! Shares in the Emigrating Company of P. E. Island.

THE Committee of Management of the "Emigrating Company of Prince Edward Island," having, in accordance with the power and authority vested in them, concluded an agreement with an able and experienced Ship-builder, (Mr. Francis Auld of Rustico,) in virtue of which Agreement he is bound to build, for the said Company, a good, substantial, and sufficient vessel, of about 200 tons burthen, to be launched on, or before the 1st September, 1853, and which vessel, it is calculated, will be ready to sail from P. E. Island, for a Port in Australia, on or before the 1ST OCTOBER, 1853; and all the SHARES in the said Company not having yet been subscribed for, or taken up, Do hereby give notice, that *Copies of the Articles of Agreement* are left with MR. STEPHEN BOVYER, of Charlottetown, MR. WM. MCKAY, of Cavendish, and MR. O. CURTIS, of Curtisdale, who will, each, afford all necessary information concerning the objects of the said Company; and who have power, individually, to dispose of Shares in the said Company to a certain limited extent, to such individuals as may apply for them, and are, at the same time, prepared to comply with, and abide by, the Rules and Articles of the said Company.

N. B.—It is expected that all who may wish to take any part of the unappropriated SHARES, will perceive the propriety of securing them without delay; for the sooner the Subscription List of the Company shall be filled up, the sooner will it be practicable to expedite and complete all the arrangements necessary to ensure the departure of the Company's Vessel from P. E. Island at the appointed time in the Fall.

O. CURTIS, Secretary.

Charlottetown, Jan. 27, 1853.

EXHIBITION Of the Industry of all Nations.

TO BE OPENED IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, ON THE 2D DAY OF MAY, 1853.

A COMMUNICATION on the subject of a representation of the Natural and Industrial Products of Prince Edward Island, at the above Exhibition, having been transmitted to the Committee of the "Royal Agricultural Society," in order that they may adopt such measures as may be deemed necessary to carry out so desirable an object, the Committee invite persons who may be desirous of forwarding Specimens of the Produce or Manufactures of the Island, to communicate with the Secretary on the subject.

In making up an assortment of Samples of the different Agricultultural Products, the Committee wish to obtain the undermentioned Articles, for the best specimens of which they will pay the prices affixed to each—the same to be shown on the day of the Grain Show, viz., 3d March next:—

Three Bushels of Timothy Seed,	£3	0	0
Barrel of Oatmeal (200 lbs.),	2	10	0
Half Barrel Pearl Barley (100 lbs.)	1	10	0
Cheese (not less than 20 lbs. weight), per lb.,	0	1	0
Firkin of Butter (about 30 lbs. weight), per lb.,	0	1	6
Do. Lard, (about 30 lbs.), per lb.,	0	1	6
Ten Pounds of Dressed Flax,	1	0	0
Ten Pounds of Dressed Hemp,	1	0	0
Bushel of Flax Seed,	0	10	0
Five Pounds of Carraway Seed,	0	10	0
Five Pounds of Candleberry Myrtle Wax,	0	10	0
Two Pounds of Sarsaparilla Root,	0	5	0
Three Bushels of Rye,	1	0	0
Three do. Buckwheat,	1	0	0
Half do. Indian Corn, on ear,	0	6	3

By order of the Committee,
CHARLES STEWART, Secretary.

Persons desirous of becoming Members of the Society for the current year, ending 1st July, 1853, are requested to enter their names with the Secretary, on or before Saturday the 26th day of February next.

Jan. 31, 1852.

PROSPECTUS OF THE Charlottetown Gas Company.

PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE:

Hon. DANIEL BRENAN, Chairman;

Hon. Charles Young,	Hon. W. W. Lord,
Hon. Charles Hensley,	Hon. Joseph Pope,
Francis Longworth, Esq.,	James Walkinshaw, Esq.,
Mr. James Anderson,	Henry Haszard, Esq.,
Hon. George Birnie,	Mr. George Beer,
James D. Haszard, Esq.,	George DeBlois, Esq.

THE superiority and advantages of Gas over every other method yet discovered for lighting Towns are so self-evident and so universally acknowledged, that it would be superfluous to dilate on the subject; and it is only surprising that, while every Town and considerable Village in Great Britain, as also many Towns in the neighbouring Provinces, are lighted by Gas, this, the Capital of Prince Edward Island, should be still in darkness.

To supply this desideratum, it is now proposed to form a Joint Stock Company—to be Incorporated by an Act of the Legislature—with a subscribed Capital of £6000, in 1200 Shares, of £5 each, to be managed by a body of Directors, annually chosen by the Shareholders.

As many of the inhabitants of Charlottetown may be comparatively unacquainted with the practical results of Gas Companies, it may be proper to observe, that a Joint Stock Company for the purpose of lighting the Town with Gas, can hardly be called a *speculation*; because it is now ascertained, by reference to the annual Reports and Dividends of the Gas Companies of Great Britain, and some of the neighbouring Colonies, that wherever they have been managed with ordinary prudence and economy, they have yielded a certain and steady return of annual interest on the capital invested.

Previous to bringing the scheme before the public, the Provisional Committee had been in correspondence with competent parties, both in the neighboring Provinces and in Great Britain, and from the information thus obtained, and the estimates they have received, they are of opinion that the Land, Buildings, Apparatus, Machinery and Pipes requisite to enable the Company to go fully into operation, may be acquired and completed for and with the proposed capital.

To enable the Company to commence operations at once, and on the most advantageous terms, it has been resolved that a deposit of £1 5s. per share be paid on the allocation of shares, and that no further call be made, till the Act of Incorporation be obtained; and that such further calls shall be payable by such instalments, and at such intervals, as the Directors may judge most convenient for the Shareholders and the requirements of the Company.

Although certain spirited individuals were prepared to subscribe the whole of the requisite Capital, it is deemed but fair to give the public an opportunity of participating in the advantages of the undertaking; and for this purpose the Subscription List will remain open at the Office of Mr. LAWSON, Interim Secretary to the Committee,—more than one-half of the Shares being already subscribed.

JOHN LAWSON, In. Secretary.

February 3, 1853.

☞ *Office—DesBrisay's Buildings, Queen-street, same door as the Clerk of Commissioners of Small Debts*—UP STAIRS.

In addition to its greater economy, Gas Light may also be pronounced safer than any other ordinary Light. It produces no sparks—it cannot be carelessly placed in contact with bed curtains, or substances easily ignited, and it requires scarcely any attention. It may be turned down in an instant to the most minute speck of flame, ready to be restored to full brilliancy when necessary, by the simple turning of the stop cock; and even when it escapes by the carelessness of an attendant, or a defect in the fittings, it at once indicates the accident to the whole household, by the disagreeable smell which it occasions.

From the large quantity which must be mixed with atmospheric air before it becomes explosive, it is scarcely possible that this accident should occur, in any ordinary apartment, even if the Gas were allowed to escape for the purpose. And as its smell so instantly indicates its presence in cellars, or other confined situations, where it may have escaped in quantity from the accidental breaking, or leakage of a pipe, it is only by the greatest carelessness, or ignorance, that a light will be approached to it, before it has been allowed to escape by the free admission of air. There is no such thing as the bursting of a pipe, or the blowing up of a Gasometer.

RELATIVE EXPENSE.—The relative cost of Gas has been generally considered not to exceed one-third to one-half the cost of tallow candles.

Gleason's Pictorial Drawing Room Companion,

PUBLISHED IN BOSTON, MASS.,

WILL commence on the 1st of January, 1853, a new Volume—being Volume IV—of this elegant illuminated Journal. It will appear with new type, new heading, and splendidly improved in every department, besides which, the price is to be greatly reduced. The publisher is resolved to commence the new year with a circulation of one hundred thousand, and, therefore, offers the most liberal inducements to clubs. Realizing the spirit of the age, the great improvement in art, and the constantly increasing intelligence of the people, the publisher, with this change of prices, will vastly improve his already splendidly illustrated journal. Especially will a great improvement be manifested in the engraving department, as well as in the literary character of the paper; so that the Pictorial shall appear in a style, not only to merit all the encomiums of praise so lavishly bestowed upon it, but also as to challenge increased respect for its enhanced excellence and perfection. In short, the whole paper will be far superior to anything ever yet offered to the public by the publisher. By referring to the following list, which forms a part only of the regular contributors to the Pictorial, its high literary chaarcter will at once be understood.

Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, Mrs. L. H. Sigourney, Mrs. Alice B. Neal, Miss Phœbe Carey, Miss Alice Carey, Mrs. Caroline Orne, Miss Anne T. Wilbur, Mrs. S. P. Daughty. Mrs. C. A. Hayden, Mrs. R. T. Eldridge, Mrs. E. R. B. Waldo, Rev. H. Hastings Weld, Hen. Wm. Herbert, T. B. Read, T. S. Arthur, A. J. H. Duganne, Epes Sargent, George W. Dewey, Francis A. Durivage, Park Benjamin, Dr. J. V. C. Smith, Benj. Perley Poore, &c., &c.

The following are the terms of the paper:—One Subscriber, one year, $3.00; two subscribers, $5.00; four subscribers, $9.00; eight subscribers, $16.00. The paper will be for sale at all the periodical depots throughout the country, after the 1st of January, at 6 cents per copy.

☞ Any paper inserting the above editorially, with this paragraph, shall receive the Pictorial one year.

Subscriptions received at GEO. T. HASZARD'S Bookstore.

REMOVAL.

Mrs. SELDON.

GRATEFULLY acknowledges the liberal patronage received from her friends, and begs to inform them, that she has removed to that commodious house opposite the NEW TEMPERANCE HALL, where she trusts, by keeping on hand a supply of the best *GINGER BEER, LEMON SYRUP, &c.*, to merit a continuance of their favors. Families, Picnic Parties, &c., supplied with any quantity. A few respectable BOARDERS can be accommodated.

June 1, 1852.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for JANUARY Just received,

GEORGE T. HASZARD.

Health for a Shilling!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF LOSS OF HEALTH, DISORDERED STOMACH, INDIGESTION AND DETERMINATION OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. John Lloyd, of Erw wen, near Harlech, Merionethshire.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

SIR,—I avail myself of the first opportunity of informing you, that, for a very long period, I was afflicted with a dangerous giddiness and frequent swimmings in the head, attended by loss of appetite, disordered stomach, and generally impaired health. Every means had failed to give me any permanent relief, and at length it became so alarming, that I was really afraid of going about without an attendant. In this melancholy condition, I waited personally upon Mr. Hughes, Chemist, Harlech, for the purpose of consulting him as to what I had better do; he kindly recommended your Pills, I tried them without delay, and after taking them for a short time I am happy to bear testimony to their wonderful efficacy. I am now restored to perfect health, and enabled to resume my usual duties. You are at liberty to publish this letter in any way you may think proper.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,
(Signed) JOHN LLOYD.

June 6th, 1852.

MIRACULOUS CURE OF DROPSY.

Extract of a Letter from Edward Rowley, Esq., of India Walk, Tobago, dated April 8th, 1852.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

DEAR SIR—I deem it a duty I owe to you and the public at large to inform you of a most miraculous recovery from that dreadful disease, DROPSY, and which, under God, was effected by your invaluable Pills. I was tapped five times within eight months, and skilfully treated by two medical practitioners, but could not get cured, until I had recourse to your remedy, and notwithstanding all I had undergone, this miraculous medicine cured me in the course of six weeks. (Signed) EDWARD ROWLEY.

INFALLIBLE CURE OF A STOMACH COMPLAINT, WITH INDIGESTION AND VIOLENT HEAD-ACHES.

Extract of a Letter from S. Gowen, Chemist, of Clifton, Near Bristol, dated July 14th, 1852.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

DEAR SIR—I am requested by a Lady named Thomas, just arrived from the West Indies, to acquaint you, that, for a period of eight years herself and family suffered from continual bad health, arising from disorders of the Liver and Stomach, Indigestion, loss of Appetite, violent Head-aches, pains in the side weakness and general debility, for which she consulted the most eminent men in the colony, but without any beneficial result; at last, she had recourse to your invaluable Pills, which in a very short time effected so great a change for the better, that she continued them, and the whole family were restored to health and strength. Further she desires me to say, that she has witnessed their extraordinary virtues in those complaints incidental to children, particularly in cases of Measles and Scarlatina, having effected positive cures of these diseases with no other remedy.

(Signed) S. GOWEN.

A DANGEROUS LIVER COMPLAINT AND SPASM IN THE STOMACH EFFECTUALLY CURED.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Bostock, Druggist, of Ashton under Lyne, dated July 31, 1852.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

DEAR SIR—I have much pleasure in handing to you a testimonial of the efficacy of your Medicines. A person in this neighbourhood, with whom I am well acquainted, was affected for a long time with violent spasmodic pains in the stomach and liver, arising from frequent colds, smells of paint, and the effects of a stooping position, which he was obliged to assume in his business. The spasms were of an alarming character, and frequently left him in a weak and debilitated condition. At length he heard of the salutary effects of your invaluable Pills, and was induced to give them a trial. The first dose gave him considerable relief, and by following them up in accordance with your directions, they have acted so wonderfully in cleansing the liver and stomach, and strengthening the digestive organs, that he has been restored to the enjoyment of good health.

I remain, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
(Signed) WILLIAM BOSTOCK.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Dropsy	Inflammation
Asthma	Dysentery	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the skin	Female Irregularities	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Fevers of all kinds	Piles
Cholics	Fits	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Gout	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Head-ache	Scorfula, or King's Evil
Debility	Indigestion	Tumours
Sore Throats	Stone and Gravel	Worms of all kinds
Secondary Symptoms	Tic Doloureux	
Ulcers	Venereal Affections	
	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c.	

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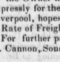

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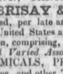
The Old  Established

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