

THE DAILY EXAMINER. OCTOBER 7, 1896.

A FEDERAL QUESTION.

The fact that four Provincial Premiers have entered the service of the Dominion as a result of the recent election and the fact that negotiations have been carried on with a fifth Provincial Government, the end being that Attorney-General Sifton, and Mr. Martin remain to be provided for, have naturally and properly attracted wide-spread attention.

Is mutual log-rolling between Provincial and Dominion Governments, and between the individual members of such Government, advisable or permissible under our Federal constitution? This is the question that has been revived in view of the facts set forth.

We know that the Liberal Leaders of the old time, McKenzie, Blake and their colleagues—look strong ground against this important point. Mr. McKenzie declared "it is desirable that there should be no connection whatever between the central and local governments," and Mr. Blake contended that "the local government should be perfectly independent of the central government and should neither be entangled by alliance nor embarrassed by hostility."

But in the recent election we have seen the closest possible union and co-operation between five of the governments of the Province and the Liberal Party of Canada—we have seen the whole influence and authority of these governments thrown into the scale in favor of Mr. Laurier—and we have seen Mr. Laurier, successful as a result of the exertions of the Provincial Governments, turn round and reward the Premiers and members of these governments by taking them into his cabinet over the heads of Liberals of equal if not superior ability, who had fought by his side in the Dominion Parliament during the long years that he was in Opposition, and by giving them the handsomest returns at his disposal.

Is such conduct good for the Federation and for the people of Canada? This question was vigorously discussed in the Senate a few days ago by Hon. Messrs. Kirchhoff, Ferguson and others. Senator Kirchhoff brought the matter up. In the course of his speech, as reported in Hansard to hand this morning, he referred to the employment of Hon. Mr. Davies, then Premier of P. E. Island, as one of the counsel before the Fishery Commission. Mr. Davies received for that service \$14,600, and the Government of P. E. Island lost her share of the award.

Mr. Davies, after the defeat of the McKenzie Administration, laid claim on behalf of the Province to this share. But the award of the Commission had been made, the money had been given to Newfoundland and Canada, and the matter was settled. Mr. Davies, having taken the Dominion's retainer, was not in a position to plead for P. E. Island—until it was too late to do so effectively.

As Senator Kirchhoff remarked: "Mr. Davies was just in the position of a lawyer who has had a claim for a client and has obtained a verdict for him, and as soon as the money has been paid into court, turns round and garnishes it on behalf of another client. That is the position which he occupied in regard to this matter, and it is only an illustration of what Mr. Blake characterized as an entanglement, an alliance—an unfortunate alliance—between these governments, to prove that although Mr. Davies must have had in his mind such a matter as this, he still never put it forward, or never promulgated it as the McKenzie Government remained in power, I suppose because he did not want to oblige them to refuse him, but as soon as the change took place, it was at once brought forward. And what was the result? It was refused. Nothing further was done about it, and Mr. Davies never pushed it any further. Therefore, the matter is in this position, either Prince Edward Island has suffered a very great injustice in not getting what she was entitled to, or else this matter must have been brought forward by the provincial premier at that time, not with the intention or expectation of ever being able to collect it, but for the purpose of causing trouble between the province and the tory government which had just come into power."

Here is, upon the record, a case showing that the close alliance now existing between the Dominion and Provincial Governments is calculated to work an injury. Another case has arisen in which it is possible that this Province may be a loser as a result of the entry of Premier Peters into the service of Canada. Mr. Peters has repeatedly assured us that upon the accession of Mr. Laurier to office this Province would obtain additional financial assistance from the Dominion. That was one of his cries immediately before and during the election contest; and it is possible that many votes for the Liberals were won by it. But Mr. Peters has entered the service of the Dominion. He cannot, therefore, with a free and independent hand, press the claims of the Province upon the Dominion; and the opportunity to do so before he will be called to his account by the electors of the Province is passing away while he is at Ottawa or away out on the Pacific coast. These instances of the impropriety of such alliances and entanglements as now exist in the Federation of Canada will come home with special force to the people of P. E. Island. They are, however, of general application. We refer to them, not to make a point against Mr. Davies or Mr. Peters, but to show that the mutual co-operation and political log-rolling of Dominion and Provincial Governments are opposed to the interests of the Federation.

Montreal Gazette: Those who expected that the advent of a Liberal Administration would be followed by an era of economy have met a disappointment.

Every workman should have a cake of Mechanic's Soap—a very large piece of soap—which removes all grime and stains and leaves the hands soft—only 10 cents at Watson's Drug Store.

EMINENTLY SENSIBLE.

The Patriot quotes from The Week a paragraph in which it is urged as "entirely unreasonable to expect members of Parliament to decline pay for attendance during a regular session, however brief," with the comment that these remarks "are about the most sensible that we have seen." The Patriot, then, approves of honorable members taking six weeks time to do three weeks' work, in order that they may pocket the full indemnity of \$1,000, instead of \$210, which would be their pay, at \$10 each per day, if they had done their work as promptly as they might. Those who pay the taxes will not fail to make a note of this eminently "sensible" opinion of the Patriot and its Parliamentary friends.

CAMPBELL'S COVE BREAKWATER.

In the House of Commons a few days ago, Mr. MacDonald, M. P., pressed for the repair of Campbell's Cove Breakwater. We print, from Hansard, the honorable gentleman's remarks and also the reply of the Minister of Public Works:—

Mr. MacDonald (King's): I regret that there are no estimates for the repair of Campbell's Cove breakwater. For many reasons it would be well to have this work done this season. There is a large population depending upon the precarious business of fishing, which has been almost a total failure this year. This expenditure would have been a great benefit to the people if made during the coming winter. Again, the work could have been done more cheaply during the winter than at any other season. I trust that the hon. Minister will give this his attention, and that on another occasion he will be ready to propose this expenditure, since he has not been able to provide for it now.

THE THREE-MILE LIMIT.

Keeping United States Fishermen Outside the Limit. GLOUCESTER, Mass., October 5.—The American fishermen at North Bay claim they are being severely and unjustly harassed by Canadian cruisers and have lodged complaint with U. S. Consul Carlton, at Souris, P. E. I. Mr. Carlton has written John F. Woson & Co.: "We had some excitement here Thursday when Captain Hartley and several of the schooners Nos. 2 and 3, under the command of H. Story, came into port and were boarded by Commander Spain of the fishery protection service of Canada, who ordered them not to fish inside the line drawn from the east point of Prince Edward Island to Cape George, N. S., to the westward, where the waters of Northumberland Strait are closed to American vessels fishing for mackerel. On bearing this from Messrs. Hearty and Sweet, I at once wrote to U. S. Consul Kane at Charlotte, as it was a matter of much importance to the mackerel fishermen, as it puts them outside the best fishing grounds, that is outside of the three mile limit and where mackerel play at this time and later in the season. I should have let you know of it yesterday but was put to more than I was able answering questions of anxious captains. Your folks should look this up immediately. The letter will be brought before the board of trade, so that decisive action may be taken in regard to the matter that fish men may be protected in their rights. Mr. Woson has instructed his skippers to keep outside the three mile limit, but will pay no attention to the orders of Commander Spain.

TO FIRE CONSTANTINOPLE.

The Armenians Threaten to Light a Path to Liberty by Violence. LONDON, October 5.—The Daily News publishes a review by a correspondent in Geneva with Garo and Branch, two leaders of the Armenian refugees. They give a graphic description of the recent outbreak in Constantinople, and declare that the revolutionary committee in Constantinople would wait perhaps a month to see whether the powers would act. If they would not, his committee would again write the embassies asking them to force their promises. They prefer to have no knowledge of the precise lines of the next upheaval. If such action is necessary they said it would be terrible. They repudiated any animosity against the Turkish nation, saying they were only against the government. When it was proposed last August to set fire to Constantinople they negatived the proposal because it would have been cruel. They supported the plan to attack the Ottoman bank in preference to doing anything that would cause suffering to the residents of Constantinople. They added that they would not hesitate to kill soldiers and policemen, but would injure peaceable people. The government, they significantly said, might reflect that the scheme for the burning of Constantinople might have been more easily affected than the capture of the Ottoman bank. The city was built of wood and could be quickly destroyed.

LONDON, October 5.—The Daily Mail publishes a despatch from Vienna confirming the report that the powers have agreed upon a pacific settlement of the eastern question, honorable to all the parties concerned and amply guaranteeing the future security of the Armenians. The despatch adds that the leading feature of the agreement is the formation of a Christian zone on the basis of the Jewish pale in Russia in which security of life and property will be assured the Armenians by all the powers or some of them, any necessary a-tive operations to be undertaken by Great Britain, France and Russia and perhaps Italy.

Replying to a remark of Sir Richard Cartwright that the late Government had intended to bring down supplementary estimates to the amount of \$4,600,000, Mr. Foster explained in the House of Commons that the document to which the Minister of Trade referred, was merely the Departmental estimate which was subject to the revision of Council. When the late Government realized that there was no likelihood of the main estimates passing, they considered it expedient to prepare supplementary estimates which were not proceeded with.

THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMIN'.

Air—"Bonnie Dundee," Brave William rides fast from the New London shore, Wielding his sword and his trusty claymore; His foes are retreating in fear and dismay, For the Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah!

Chorus: The Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah! The Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah! The Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah!

Man: The Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah! The Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah! The Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah!

Mr. round him fast gather the lead men and true Of Kingston, Newton and, Centerville too. An' the Kinkora men are in battle array, For the Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah!

Chorus—"The Campbells are comin', etc. Poor Peter! too late now to flee or to yield, The Campbell is on thee, thy fate it is sealed. Not all the plumed braves or "devils" of Fred Could save till the morn thy unfortunate head.

Chorus—"The Campbells are comin', etc. Brave Campbell has triumphed without wound or scar, An' the good news is speeding at home an' afar. While the fate of the tyrant's toll plainly an' well In the ominous toll of the Western Bell.

Chorus—"The Campbells are comin', etc. Now Freddy's awa' to the frozen North Sea To tax the poor seals and to scoop a big fee. An' he's welcome his lifetime among them to stay, For the Campbells are comin', hurrah! hurrah!

Chorus—"The Campbells are comin', etc. In the van is brave Gordon an' bold, d'ringin' Shaw, Of whom Freddy's minions have long stood in awe; An' the trusty MacDonalds, all men of renown, An' the brave son of Gaul from the Western Town.

Chorus—"The Campbells are comin', etc. Arise, P. E. Island, too long you've bowed low To schemers o'er an' knives like sleek Freddy & Co. Who've ground you with taxes and mortgaged your hames, An' r'quandered your siller to rivet your chains.

Chorus—"The Campbells are comin', etc. The bugle has sounded each man to his gun, An' fight till the battle of Freedom is won; An' none be so base as to be Freddy's slave, But down with the bootlers, tyrants and knaves.

Chorus—"The Campbells are comin', etc. TAM O'SHANTER.

LEAN HOGS MUST BE FURNISHED.

(The National Provisioner.) From all reports to hand it is very apparent that we are going to have another large crop, and consequently another year of undesirable hogs, unless farmers have let the matter to place him on the market weighing less than now, and with a greater percentage of lean in his make-up than heretofore. We are greatly pleased to note that our contemporaries in the agricultural press have taken this matter up in good earnest, and that the campaign of education grows apace. This is only as it should be.

The popular taste, as we have said before, has greatly changed during the past few years, or perhaps it would be more accurate to say that the demand has changed, for one could hardly imagine any one preferring coarse meat to that which was finely graded.

Until comparatively recent years the "biggest was best" in pork. Now, however, there is little demand for big joints, which in cooking are found to waste very much, while the grossness of the fat renders it distasteful to any but the strongest appetites. When high prices were maintained in beef and mutton pork was practically the only meat within the reach of the laboring and poorer classes, and they had little opportunity of choosing their joints. This, however, has all changed in late years, and with a greater variety of meats to select from the modern housekeeper, whose great ambition is to make a dollar go as far as possible, has become somewhat epicurean in choosing her meat, and hence it is that the packing trade to day finds that coarse, fat laden hog products hold no place on the menu of the exacting housewife, and we are really inclined to think that the lady is right, despite the fact that such action by twenty million housewives means a great deal against those who must prepare such meats at their packing houses because the farmers won't produce anything else.

There is now considerable demand for joints of fresh pork, and these must be furnished if pork is to compete at all with fresh beef and mutton. It is not, therefore, surprising to hear that the packer greets the light lean hog with a long lost brother, and has little use for the heavy weights. We feel that this matter will right itself in time, but in the meantime the hog packers' meat is put aside for mutton and beef in this country, and by the competition of other nations in foreign markets because the farmers of other countries have paid attention both to the matter of breed and feed. The altering conditions will, of course, demand that a wide difference of price be shown in the purchase of desirable hogs, as against those which are not desirable, and in this way the latter will be relegated to its proper position in the market and the farmer will get his lesson. As packers are prepared to pay the highest price for hogs averaging from 150 to 175 pounds, the typical hog should be one which is fit to kill at that weight, and until a standard is established it might be a good idea for packers to set off so much per hundred until a uniform weight is obtained.

Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will give you an appetite, cleanse your stomach and strengthen your nerves.

THE BEST DETECTIVES.

The Chinese Are the Best Thief Catchers in the World. A Frenchman naturally thinks the Parisian detectives the best. Englishmen swear by the shrewdness of Scotland Yard men, and Americans, of course, swear by the New York detectives. After three years' residence in China, says a traveler, I do not think either of the three bodies are entitled to the credit given them. The Chinese beat them all. They are at one time the most expert thieves, and at another the most skilled detectives in the world. A Chinaman can steal your watch while you are looking at it, and he can catch the man who stole it, if it happens to be some other man than himself, when a French detective could not.

I have seen evidences of detective ability among the Chinese which would startle even Legation. It is impossible for an evil-doer to long elude the Chinese detectives. They scent a crime and follow it to the lock before any civilized detective would know of it.

The Chinese detective force is a secret body, and the best organized in the world. They have an eye upon every man, woman and child, foreign or native, in China, and in addition watch over each other.

Informers are encouraged, and collusion is impossible. The best of the Chinese police is not known, but there is one, and a very active one, too. I have heard that the present head was once an ambassador to the European country, but really I do not believe that anyone knows who he is. There are said to be over 60,000 men under him and his assistants, who control the various districts.

Police to the Principles. The man with the long beard, throw his paper down in disgust. "This settles it," he said. "Byron has got no vote from me. He ain't to be trusted. He talks a lot, but when it comes to the proof of his devotion to silver they ain't to be found."

"What's the matter now?" asked the man with the side whiskers. "It's his wife agin'," returned the man with the long beard. "I s'pose he'd claim he ain't responsible, but a man has got to take the blame for what his wife does or else throw her over."

"He'd have a lot of fun throwing her over," said the man with the side whiskers. "Why, she's pretty near the whole thing in this campaign. But what's she been doing?"

"This here paper says her only jewelry consists of three rings and a gold comb."

"Well, what's she doing with a gold comb when we're doin' all our energy to 'push' up the price of silver?"—John Joe Post.

No incident of recent years has done more to arouse admiration among British people for their Queen than the spirited and effective protest she has made against Bismarck's unseemly conduct in publishing a private letter which she wrote to the late Emperor William I. in 1873. This letter was of the nature of an appeal to the venerable monarch to use his influence to prevent a war of extermination against France. Bismarck was bent on the terrible dismemberment of the defeated country, and his resentment at being thwarted by the Emperor has been deep and lasting. Why he should have published Queen Victoria's letter just now seems inexplicable except on the supposition that he desired to inflame German public opinion against the British Royal Family. Her Majesty resented his most unpardonable offence against common decency, and the present Emperor has been constrained to apologize for the boorishness of his former Chancellor and to give a virtual pledge that nothing of the sort shall occur again.

TIRED MOTHERS find help in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives them pure blood, a good appetite and new and needed STRENGTH.

SPECIAL OPERA HOUSE, CHARLOTTETOWN.

ONE SOLID WEEK COMMENCING Monday, Oct. 5.

The Engagement of the Favorite Actress MISS ETHEL TUCKER

SUPPORTED BY Meldon's Excellent Company TO-NIGHT

The Romantic Military Play, Rosedale.

Matinee Wednesdays and Saturdays. Evening Prices 25c and 35c. Matinee prices, 10c to all parts of the house.

TO LET That beautifully situated two story dwelling on Prince St., now occupied by Mr. Thos. R. Brooks. Possession given about 1st November. Apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Sifton's Appointment and the Manitoba Question.

A Wily Innovation Criticised.

OTTAWA, Oct. 6. The appointment of Clifford Sifton, Attorney-General of Manitoba, to the vacant portfolio of Minister of the Interior may be expected any day. It is likely that Sifton will run in Brandon on the basis of the settlement of the Manitoba School question, whatever that may be.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Aberdeen, with their suite, leave for British Columbia today.

It is a subject of comment in the city that on Monday Lady Aberdeen drove to and from the Parliament building with the Governor-General on the occasion of the closing of Parliament. This is a decided innovation, so far as the wife of the Governor-General is concerned. Not even in Lord Lorne's time did the Princess Louise venture to infringe on the gubernatorial prerogative.

After repeated revisions the regulation respecting the importation and exportation of horses has been approved, and may be had on application at the Department of Agriculture.

OPINION IN NEW ENGLAND.

Republican Gains. HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 7. Returns from each of the 162 towns that voted yesterday show that 109 went Republican, 28 went Democratic and that 31 divided. A number of the divided towns were really carried by the Republicans. The contest was on a board of selectmen. Yesterday's results show a Republican gain of 11 towns.

Moderator of the Synod. PICTON, Oct. 7. R. V. Alexander Falconer was elected Moderator of the Presbyterian Synod of the Maritime Provinces, which opened here last night.

Heavy Failure in Montreal. MONTREAL, Oct. 6. John McLean & Co., wholesale milliner, assigned today, their liabilities being \$1,000,000.

Children. FLOCK TO CARTER'S BOOKSTORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS. EXERCISE BOOKS. SCRIBBLING BOOKS. PENS, INKS, PAPER. SATCHELS, &c., &c.

Prices always the lowest. Geo. Carter & Co. Fancy Goods Importers. Sept 24—dy & wky.

Shorter Days. And longer evenings make a pair of good glasses desirable. Can we help you in this respect? New gold and white frames. Also large stock of lenses just received.

E. W. TAYLOR. Cameron Block.

Black Diamond Line. The S. S. Coban, sailing from Montreal Tuesday morning, Oct. 6th, will be due at Charlottetown, Friday morning, Oct. 9th, and will sail for St. John's, & Harbor Grace, Nfld., via North Sydney, carrying horses, cattle and sheep on deck and produce under deck, at lowest possible rates. For further particulars as to freight and passage, apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents.

Ch'town, Oct. 3, 1896.

SOILED BLANKETS at PATON & CO'S.

"The Sick Man... of Leatherhouse" Being a modest little book which recounts the discovery, by Messrs. Footfriend and Proudfoot, of a certain party who lives in a fine house but is much in need of a bath.

The Slater Shoe. If you are qualified, please call, or write, and get one from—

J. M. McLeod & Co. AGENT

IF YOU KEEP HOUSE And want a pure soap of the best quality, made from the very best materials, buy Royal Oak.

YOU'VE A RIGHT TO THE BEST. Your money will buy, and you'll get it too, if you buy Dressy goods of us.

WHATEVER IS NEW. Stylish and popular, is here, and nothing is here that isn't. Let us show you.

Moore & McLeod. One of the Main Features

Of this store is that every employe appears to be and is interested in seeing that you receive prompt attention and careful service. They are always ready to offer any suggestion as to the proper selection of goods.

JOHN T. MCKENZIE. 50c and upwards. Quality Guaranteed.

A. W. REDDIN, PHM. B. CENTRAL DRUG STORE

STOLEN—WARNING.—On Saturday night last, Mr. Wm. Stanley's Waterproof Suit was stolen from the back hall of Stanley's marked so that the owner will know it on sight, and he warns anyone from purchasing or receiving same. A liberal reward will be paid anyone giving information that will lead to recovery of same.

Cheaper to Buy than Make up Yourself.

Ladies' Flannellette Underclothing, Night Dresses, Drawers, and Skirts. See our prices, examine the workmanship and finish, and be convinced.

Coods Shown on Front Counter, Crown & Floor. STANLEY BROTHERS