

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 16, 1896.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—St. John Sun: The Grand Trunk has got a subsidy for its Portland connections. It expects larger pay for carrying the mails and looking after the abolition of the coal duties.

—The Montreal Gazette suggests that it might be well for the Manitoba delegates, now at Ottawa on a mission to swap school concessions for financial grants, to have the heads of their agreements set out in writing.

—The Montreal Gazette: The idea of the Liberal party appears to be that because at certain times it would be unwise for steamships to run at 20 knots an hour in the St. Lawrence river, it is not right for them to steam at that rate when they are on the ocean on their way to or from the river.

—This is how a Mail and Empire writer describes part of what he discovered going on "Behind the Scenes":

"Now for the Tariff:

Mr. Laurier (in Council)—Now, gentlemen, let us consider the next question—the tariff. What is our policy on that? Chorus of Ministers—Free—tariff for trade—pro—revenue—free—tariff—pro—city.

Mr. Laurier—Yes, that's it. I see you don't agree. How shall we commence to do it?

A painful silence.

Sir Oliver—In such a case we usually have a plebiscite or a commission."

—Mr. Pettit, the defeated candidate for Terrebonne, who achieved fame at a banquet as the writer of the "business is business" letter, has written to the minister of public work. He says to Mr. Tarte: "A moment of reflection will convince you that I have not lost all sentiment of honor, like your detractors. It is remarked by the St. John Sun that he would not be taken. A moment's reflection will convince Mr. Tarte that a politician who demands a share of the profits of a three hundred dollar contract is no more devoid of all sentiment of honor than the man who gets five thousand dollars out of the blackmail levied on a government building contractor. Mr. Pettit has reason."

—Montreal Gazette: Lord Rosebery's resignation has made him a greater man than any of the striking successes he has scored in life. Today he stands the central figure in the country which sways the world's destinies, and the eyes of all Europe and America are fixed on him. For the first time in his life he is really moulding public opinion and impressing his view of a perplexing problem upon a great nation. Lord Rosebery has had many disappointments and humiliations, but he has not suffered them in vain. To stem the tide of a great popular agitation is perhaps the greatest achievement any statesman can boast. It is comparatively easy to stir popular sentiment; it is not so easy to appeal convincingly from passion to the cold light of reason.

—The Czarina previous to leaving Balmoral Castle for France, received a delegation of women who called upon her to ask for her support for the suffering Armenians. The audience, granted on the condition that nothing should be said regarding it until the Czarina left England. The delegation, it now appears, urged the Czarina to do something to stay the hand of the Sultan, and she replied that so far she had interfered but little in politics, although she was ready to do anything in her power to help bring about a crusade against the existing conditions in Armenia. She said that she was a woman, and she was not a statesman. "A more womanly or Christian action is helping to all-viate the suffering of the poor Armenians is hardly conceivable. Rest assured of my heartfelt interest in the cause you have at heart."

—The Victoria Warder is sympathetic but a little toward Mr. Joseph Martin. It says:—"Poor Joe! He began the school agitation not for principle, but for personal advancement. He played it for Greit prizes. He sees himself the despised and rejected of the very men whom he has placed in office. He sees his position a system of separate schools about to be foisted on Manitoba by Greenway and Sifton. He sees Sifton become minister of the Interior. He realizes that Greenway has found solace for his troubles. He sees Preradogant about to become a judge and Joe is out in the cold. But if he believes himself he will surely be taken in out of the wet. The whole affair is a disgrace to a free people." This last sentiment should be echoed and re-echoed all over Canada.

—Montreal Gazette: The Toronto Young Liberal Club has adopted a resolution to the effect that all persons holding office under the Crown should abstain from active participation in political action. The principle thus enunciated is a curious one to be sent forth with a Liberal endorsement. It is to be pretended that man's interest in the good government of his country ceases when he is deemed a proper person to serve his country in a responsible position. It is appointed thereto? The idea is ridiculous. It may be advisable for a public employe, if he desires to keep his place, to refrain from active participation in a political conflict. He may not desire to provoke a Blair to wrath. But that is a matter of expediency or of cowardice. The Toronto Young Liberals seek to make such a course a principle. They confound principle with temporary political expediency. They need to learn that a man's occupation is not just but to his exercise of the full rights of citizenship.

—We beg to remind the Guardian that THE EXAMINER did not attempt last spring to deal with the question of Government ownership of the telegraph lines of Canada, or of the line connecting the Maritimes with the Province of Prince Edward Island. THE EXAMINER at that time simply repelled the Guardian's attack upon the Anglo-American Telegraph Company and its esteemed manager in this Province. If we remember rightly, and we think we do, THE EXAMINER took the ground then that if the Guardian's demand for night telegrams was to be met it would be necessary for the Government to buy out the company or increase the subsidy. We are on that ground now. But does the Guardian continue to blame the Telegraph Company and its manager for the disability in respect to telegrams under which it labors. Not at all. The Guardian has learned that its complaints against the company were contrary to justice and public opinion. The Guardian's insinuation that THE EXAMINER has changed ground on the question because there has been a change of Government is without warrant.

—We are in receipt of the October number of the Canada Law Journal. In addition to its reports of cases, it gives an interesting account of the visit of the Lord Chief Justice, and deals at length with the preliminary conference and first meeting of the Canadian Bar Association, held in Montreal last month, and the objects of the organization. According to the constitution of the Canadian Bar Association, "its objects shall be to advance the science of jurisprudence and international law; to promote the administration of justice; to secure proper legislation to uphold the honour and dignity of the profession of the law, and to encourage cordial intercourse among the members of the profession in Canada." The Law Journal very properly observes that "his existence may be extended to have a more enlarged enlargement of legal thought and action analogous to that produced in the political field by the union of the provinces and the creation of the Dominion Parliament. And it may not be a mere matter of sentiment that members of the association will be able to describe themselves as members of the Canadian bar, a term which will convey a meaning almost much more significant than members of the bar of any province." The Law Journal ought to be the hands of all lawyers.

—The Halifax Mail, referring to the report that the Laurier government has decided to dismiss all the deputy ministers says: "When the liberal conservatives took office in October, 1878, they found the following deputy ministers appointed by the Mackenzie government: Z. A. Lash—Justice. J. M. Courtney—Finance. James Johnson—Customs. L. Vankoughnet—Indian affairs. O. E. Paret—Military. Wm. Buckingham—Interior. J. L. McLaughlin—Aid to General.

In addition to which Mr. Trudeau, the deputy of the Minister of Public Works (which then included Railways and Canals) was well known to be of liberal sympathies. These, as will be seen, constitute all the most important deputyships. But only one of them, Mr. Buckingham, who was appointed but a few days before the change of government, was disturbed. He was asked to leave his office almost to resign. Of the others, Courtney, Paret and McLaughlin remain till this day. Mr. Lash resigned in 1882 to take a better position in Toronto. Mr. Johnson was superannuated at his own request in 1892 at the ripe age of 76, and Vankoughnet resigned against his will in 1893, but for reasons wholly outside of politics. Mr. Trudeau, who remained a deputy of the Minister of Railways till 1893, was then superannuated at his own request, having held office since 1859. That is how the late conservative government treated the deputy ministers which they found in office installed by the preceding government.

—An Ottawa correspondent reports that so far, though diligent enquiry has been made, no member of the Government has openly espoused the campaign which the Toronto Globe has inaugurated against the deputy Ministers. Some of the Liberals think it will be better for the party to resign. Of the others, Courtney, Paret and McLaughlin remain till this day. Mr. Lash resigned in 1882 to take a better position in Toronto. Mr. Johnson was superannuated at his own request in 1892 at the ripe age of 76, and Vankoughnet resigned against his will in 1893, but for reasons wholly outside of politics. Mr. Trudeau, who remained a deputy of the Minister of Railways till 1893, was then superannuated at his own request, having held office since 1859. That is how the late conservative government treated the deputy ministers which they found in office installed by the preceding government.

—The Executive committee of the National Liberal Federation has unanimously passed a resolution of profound regret that the Earl of Rosebery felt it necessary to resign the leadership of the party. The resolution acknowledges Lord Rosebery's signal services as a leader under circumstances of unusual difficulty, and recognizes that his action in resigning was dictated by an earnest desire to promote unity. The French are already finding Madagascar a troublesome possession. The natives have taken to killing off the white population and raising Cain generally. Captain Lothaire, who was in the service of the Belgian Government, was sent to the island, and if he applies the methods he learnt on the Congo, there will be a lively time. It will be a case of diamond dust on diamond, and the probability is that if it comes to a question of slaughter, the Captain Lothaire will come out ahead.

—The Italian Government is addressing a forcible remonstrance to the Sultan on account of the maltreatment of an Italian subject by Turkish troops. If the Turks would only behead a Russian, or a German, or an Englishman, there would be some chance of their getting what they really deserve. If once a British subject were harmed, Englishmen all the world over would be as one in desiring that the matter should be attended to, whatever the rest of Europe might think about it.

—The troubles of the Manchester ship canal are taking a new phase. The railways have heretofore more or less ignored its existence in making their freight rates. Now, it is said, they are about to institute a rate war against it. The effect on the finances of the canal is likely to be unpleasant, but good will come to the city and its trade in the process. A rate war by the railways means cheaper transportation and signifies that the ditch is being dug at least some of the work expected from it.

—Prince Bismarck has been studying the Scriptures. In a letter to a certain Duke he justifies his hostility to the Catholics by quoting St. Paul, who relied for his unfavorable estimate of the islanders on some unknown authorities. "All these are liars," writes Prince Bismarck with evident satisfaction. What this has to do with the merits of Turkish administration in Crete does not appear. St. Paul would probably have said some strong things about the Turks if he had been too early to make their acquaintance.

—Some time ago it was reported that Lake Nepigon, the largest trout lake on the continent, had been leased to an American syndicate by the provincial government. The deal was not finally closed as the provincial council was divided on the question whether the domain or provincial government had control of such waters. The decision handed out a few days ago relegated control of the inland lakes to the provincial government. Mr. Dymally, M. P. for Algona, is bringing strong objections to the leasing of the lake to Americans.

—Mr. Tallon has written a letter declaring that, as leader of the Conservative Opposition at Quebec, he knew nothing of Mr. Tarte's receipt of \$5,000 from Mr. Paton. The use of the word "know" has made of the money. If Mr. Tallon's word needed any support in such a matter it would be found in Mr. Tarte's oath. Before Judge Desnoyers on Friday Mr. Tallon was asked, and replied to the following question:—"Did you give Mr. Tallon to understand that if no opposition was offered to the vote of \$140,000 you would get the money for the election?" Answer by Mr. Tarte:—"No; I would not dare to make such a proposition to Hon. Mr. Tallon."

—The Underhills of the Austrian Reichsrath has passed a resolution favoring the Government making overtures to the powers for the formation of an international court of arbitration.

—There is some prospect of a revival in gold mining operations in the old mines at Mount Uniacke, N. S., during the coming winter. Thirty-one years ago the first discovery of gold was made in this region.

—The Northwest government has resolved not to translate its ordinances into the French language. The reason given is that the federal government does not allow sufficient money for the translation.

—Advices from Winnipeg state that Father Richot, one of the pioneer priests of Manitoba, has been elevated by the Pope to the rank of Archbishop of the Province, which is the highest dignity after the bishops.

—The annual report of the Boston and Marine Railway shows a surplus of net income over fixed charges of \$1,378,162 and after payment of dividends on preferred and common stock a balance of \$71,467.

—J. A. Balcom, collector of taxes for the parish of Manuash, St. John county, has departed to the States. Officials are trying to find out the amount of his shortage, which is thought to be up in the thousands.

—The latest transaction in real estate in New York city is the sale of a lot of land six inches long and six inches wide for \$100, which is not quite \$1 a square inch. It occupies considerably more space than the New York Recorder has ceased pub-

—PLEASE REMEMBER that these are bright, new, fresh goods, and new shapes and patterns. Ladies' Night Dresses, made of the best grade flannelette tucked down collar, full large sizes and extra long. These are regularly worth \$1.00; our price, 85c each.

—Ladies' Night Dresses, made of good flannelette with pointed and square yokes, full width, 58 and 60 inches long, as-orted patterns, only 65c each.

—Ladies' Night Dresses, made of good flannelette, fast colors, full length and extra wide, and the price only 56c each.

—Ladies' Skirts, Good heavy flannelette, fast colors, full length and extra wide, and the price only 56c each.

NO ADVANTAGE FOR ENGLAND.

Is Sought by Any Action Which May Be Taken in the Eastern Question. LONDON, Oct. 14.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at Darlington last night, declared that the actual position of the powers with regard to the Eastern question was that Russia, Austria and Germany were determined, with a view to preserving European peace, to maintain the status quo of Turkey. That had been England's traditional policy, he said, and any departure from which would meet with active resistance by the powers. At the same time, absolute inaction was more dangerous to the peace of Europe than would be united interference by the powers to compel Turkish reform. England's present policy, the chancellor affirmed, was to assure a concert of the powers to insist upon reform. He asserted most emphatically that the government did not desire to act alone or to obtain any special advantage for England.

A SPOKE FATALITY.—The residence at Upper Gagetown, N. B., of a well-to-do farmer named Eastbrook's was destroyed by fire during the gale of Tuesday night. Eastbrook, his wife and family and guest escaped in their night clothes, but a hired man and girl, Sylvester Wright and Amelia Appleby, perished in the flames. Their cries were heard, but nothing could be done to save them. Eastbrook lost absolutely everything but had an insurance.

NAVAL NOTES.—There now floats off the Halifax dockyard, a late despatch, the strongest fleet of modern warships ever in that port. They are fighting cruisers. The latest addition is H. M. S. Talbot, which develops the extraordinary speed of 23 knots. She has a more powerful armament than the flagship Crescent, and her hull is highly protected. A destructive and new feature on the Talbot is the revival of the obsolete fighting tops for cruisers. In a few days more the warships of the British fleet will be in the Atlantic. The fleet will consist of the battleship Renown to the North Atlantic squadron will undoubtedly raise it to the designed level of size and strength to offset the power of the American White Squadron and the expected strengthening of the French fleet in these waters next year.

The more the merrier.—We like to see a crowd. Come and buy an Alarm Clock at W. W. Wellner's.

DIED.—At Lower Freetown, on the 9th inst., after a brief but painful illness, Duncan McPhee, in the 94th year of his age. For some days he had resided with his family at North River, but for the past thirty years he has made Freetown his home. A member of the Baptist church and a careful student of the Bible, he led a quiet, exemplary, Christian life, and left behind him a good reputation and a worthy repute.

At Elmira, Oct. 14, on Sept. 29th, of disease of the stomach, Ann Collins, relict of the late John Campbell, in the 78th year of her age. D. ceased was a woman of many sterling and estimable qualities. Her charity toward the poor and sick was well-known, and the large concourse of people who followed her remains to their last resting place in St. Columba Cemetery showed the high esteem in which she was held. She leaves one son and three daughters besides a large circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn the loss of a kind and loving mother, and a true and trusted friend and neighbor. May her soul rest in peace.

AS OLD AND WELL TRIED REMEDY.—McWaters' Sarsaparilla Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Sarsaparilla Syrup, and take no other kind. 513 W. Water St., Montreal.

The "Thanksgiving Number" for November of the Delinquent, a splendid number, has just arrived at Carter's Bookstore. Also, Fashion Books, Patterns, etc.

Come and get a little low priced bliss. Alarm Clocks at W. W. Wellner's.

The original and the best—Watson's Baking Powder, 25c a pound. One teaspoonful to the pound of flour.

Ullster and jacket cloths at less than half price at Paton & Co's.

Get an ulcer at \$3.25 at Paton & Co's.

"Pettibony's Best" makes a very nice breakfast dish. Try a package of it from Beer & Gott's. oct-13 3f.

When You Have POCKET BOOKS. We have just opened an assortment of Ladies Card Case and Pocket Book combined, of the best quality and low in price. Pursues of all kinds. REDDIN BROS. Opposite P. O.

WANTED. At once, a few good men to be an agent. Salary \$10.00 per week to be an agent. See Reference. The Bradley Garage Co. Ltd., 41 Richmond St. W., Toronto Ont.

JOINT.—On Tuesday, between Reddin Bros. Drug Store and W. E. Dawson's corner, pure containing eight dollars and some change. Owner will be obliged if same sent to Reddin Bros. oct-13 2p.

LET—A house containing six rooms, on Tunst Street, facing Great George St. Apply at Worth's Bakery. oct-11 2f.

LET—A house containing eight rooms, situated on Water Street, nearly opposite Round House. Apply to Mrs. Lowden. oct-13 2p.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.

Liberal-Conservative Organization.

HALIFAX, Oct. 16. At a well attended conference, held yesterday, between Sir Charles Tupper and the leading Conservatives of Nova Scotia, with the object of perfecting the organization, it was decided to form a "Liberal-Conservative Union of Nova Scotia." John P. Starrs was elected President.

Mr. Tarte's Latest Plea.

MONTREAL, Oct. 16. Here is what Mr. Tarte now has to say: "I may have been wrong or I may have been right; an arbitration had awarded Whelan \$140,000; Paquet, who was at that time manager of the Liberal party, very foolishly in my estimation informed me that he was prepared to subscribe \$5,000 if there was no opposition to the item in the House. The leaders of the Conservative party had decided not to oppose the vote. Where was the harm in my taking that \$5,000? In what way was the public interest sacrificed? It will be remembered that Tarte swore a few days ago that he did not know the money came from Whelan."

Annual Returns Wanted.

OTTAWA, Oct. 16. Only one-fourth of the railway companies of the Dominion have sent in their annual returns of traffic, which are due October 1st. The department may take radical measures to compel the delinquents to comply with the statute.

The Teachers' Tribute.

TACOMA, Oct. 16. Sir Charles Tupper was yesterday presented with a eulogistic address by the Teachers' Association of Nova Scotia. Sir Charles made an eloquent reply.

Johnson's Baking Powder gives fullest satisfaction 25c a pound. Johnson & Johnson.

See our stock of Waterproof Coats. Our \$5 line Coat, with large detachable Cape, is a rather, look at them. J. B. M. cloand & Co. oct-13 3f.

JUST ARRIVED

Fine Japanese Awaia Vases...

These are the same vases you will see in the Fancy Goods stores of New York marked \$5.00 to \$25.00 each. One of our firm while in New York last march, arranged with a Japanese manufacturer agent for a direct shipment of these fine vases. They have now arrived. They came via C.P.R. Steamer and Railway line. We have marked these goods at same rates of profit as other Chinaware. Only one pair each in the finest goods. Samples in our south window this evening. This is a chance to get exclusive patterns of fine goods at less than half usual prices.

Geo. Carter & Co. Fancy Goods Importers. Sept 24—dy & wky.

FOR SALE.

(OFFERS will be received by W. L. Strickland, Concessioner, 82 Water Street, Boston, Mass., and the undersigned, for that valuable property situated on the FAIRBANKS ROAD, in Charlottetown, being part of Common Council's lot 10, and containing about 100 acres of land. The property will be sold by Public Auction if not disposed of by Nov. 1st. For full particulars apply to the undersigned. PETERS, PETERS & INGS. Solicitors, Cameron Block, Charlottetown. Oct. 16—m-r-od

Money Wanted. On a good investment. Seven or eight hand drawn dollars is wanted at 6 per cent for 6 or 12 months on Real Estate. Insurance on same for \$500. For further particulars to P. O. box 154. oct-11 2f.

A WORD ABOUT POCKET BOOKS

We have just opened an assortment of Ladies Card Case and Pocket Book combined, of the best quality and low in price. Pursues of all kinds. REDDIN BROS. Opposite P. O.

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CLEARING LOTS FOR TOMORROW ONLY.

400 yds Ulster Cloth, 6-4 goods, regularly sold at \$1.25, \$1.30, \$1.40, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$1.95 and \$2.25, your choice for 75c. 100 doz Buttons to match, half price. 50 Golf Jerseys, regularly sold at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.50, your choice for \$1.50. 50 Feather Bos only 13c each. To-morrow only. Men's Ulsters at \$3.95. 50 Jackets, black, brown and grey at \$2.50, worth a half more, 25 Macintoshes, worth from \$2.50 to \$5.00, for \$2.00. 50 Men's Overcoats at half price.

James Paton & Co

PROMPTNESS IN PAYING IF YOU KEEP HOUSE

Claims, with good security as well, is the chief characteristic of the insurance companies represented by E. R. BROW, AGENT. And want a pure soap of the best quality, made from the very best materials, buy Royal Oak. MATCHLESS for the laundry, L.L. UROUS for the bath, and cheapest, it lasts longest. All people use it, all stores sell it—especially grocers, send 35 Royal Oak Wrappers to Ch'own Soap Works, and secure free that beautiful picture, "Burns in Edinburgh, 1786."

"Leather-Food."

A pictured lecture to Shoe wearers by a wee Brownie named "SPIRIT-OF-THE-SHOE." Tells you things you never thought of, about the life of leather, and how you can make one pair of healthy, well fed Shoes wear longer than two pairs that are starved and poisoned through ignorance of leather needs. If you paid a dollar for the booklet, you would save its price in three months, by acting on its suggestions. But—you can get a copy free, if you're quick enough. Call on, or write to—

"THE SLATER SHOE."

J. M. McLeod & Co, AGENT

Just a Moment, Please. Did I hear you say you wanted a pair of Rubbers? Yes. Let me show you a pair of the "Maple Leaf Brand," the finest rubber made in Canada. You do not want American rubbers when you can get the Maple Leaf—take no other. A. E. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN. NORTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE. OPPOSITE P. O. sept-25—ly & wky. I Ought to have mentioned that the ring wears so well these long eight years from G. G. JURY, I would be bought from him since my friend Nedding married a few days ago, and should see the beautiful ring she has, and oh, so cheap. Mr. McE. has a large stock of shoes from the largest establishments in Canada, and they will last a lifetime and you know one wedding ring must do these hard times.

SPECIALS

Of interest to economical buyers. 'Twill pay you to study the list—and pay you better to take advantage of it.

GLOVES.—A full line of Perlin's Kid Gloves just opened. All the newest shades. A good suit, 30c. Heavy ribbed per suit, 85c. Plain, all wool, Good Black Cashmere, 13c. Full range of White woolen Gloves, full range of Children's woolen Gloves.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.—Good warm, long sleeved Vest, 18c. Good warm, long sleeved Vest, 22c. A splendid value, very warm, 25c. Very fine, soft finished Vest, 30c.

CORSETS.—Best value in town for the money, 30c. A very nicely made Corset, 42c. An excellent value, well made per feet fitting, 58c.

HOSE.—Warm, heavy ribbed 1/2c. Fine smooth, 22c. Plain Cashmere, 25c. Good ribbed Cashmere, 26c. All sizes in Children's Hose.

READYMADE APRONS.—Large, neatly made, flannel with bib and pocket, 16c. White Lawn, neatly made, 21c. Large very nicely made white apron, trimmed pink, 23c. Large well made linen apron, bib and pocket, 38c.

OUR MEN'S FALL BOOTS. Are newest styles, best quality and lowest prices. Full lines for men and boys, women and children. W. H. Stewart & Co London House Building.

WE BELIEVE these goods are cheaper than have ever before been sold in Charlottetown.

Ladies' Flannellette Drawers, Good quality, large full sizes, well made and finished, at the bargain price of 36c each.

THE VALUES we are offering must create the most spirited buying. Ladies' Skirts, Good heavy flannelette, fast colors, full length and extra wide, and the price only 56c each.

Another Large Purchase

FLANNELLETTE UNDERWEAR. In Ladies' and Gentlemen's, at prices lower than ever before offered by us. STANLEY BROTHERS.

COME TO-MORROW and see the genuine bargains we are offering.

Men's Night Shirts made of the best grade flannelette, well made and finished, collar attached, sizes 15 to 17; positively worth 85c, our price only 60c each. (STANLEY BROS.)

THE BASIS of our business has always been in giving to our customers the best in quality, assortment and price.

Ladies' Night Dresses, made of good flannelette with pointed and square yokes, full width, 58 and 60 inches long, as-orted patterns, only 65c each. STANLEY BROS.

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