

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 20, 1886.

Editorial Notes.

The writs are out for the Legislative Council election. The nomination is on the 4th, and the election on the 11th November.

The St. John Sun, commenting on the recent interview a San Francisco reporter had with His Lordship Bishop McIntyre, says:—"The Pacific coast journalist wanted to know what the Prince Edward Island people thought of the repeal movement, and whether they would join it. The Bishop gave no uncertain sound. 'Prince Edward Island,' said he, 'is perfectly contented with the Dominion Government.'

One of Mr. Robert Harris' pictures on exhibition at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition is used to illustrate an article on "Art in Canada," published in the London Magazine of Art. The writer of the article pays a high compliment to Canadian artists, and adds that "while walking among the Canadian pictures, one can imagine himself in a good European gallery much more easily than he can if he is in the fine art section of any other colony."

A severe contest took place in the French chamber of deputies a few evenings ago over the order of the day, which related to a measure concerning the strike at Vierson-in-Chere. The chamber debated the strike, and voted the order of the day, pure and simple, despite the government's objection. M. Sarrien, minister of the interior, M. Develle, minister of agriculture, and M. Brialmont, minister of public works, representing the moderate element in the government, at once resigned.

The steamer Clifton, which sailed for London direct this morning, had as a portion of her cargo a shipment of 855 sheep for the English market. The sheep, which were shipped by Messrs. Blake Bros. are all splendid specimens, and have been pronounced by competent judges to be the finest lot ever sent from the Island. The success which attended their shipment of cattle last spring has encouraged them to make the present venture, which we trust will prove highly successful. Mr. Patrick Blake, M. P., accompanied the shipment, and will attend to the sales in person.

Bradstreet says:—"The statistics of passenger traffic on the New York elevated railroads reveal how largely the life movement of the metropolis has come to be independent on transportation facilities. For the year ending September 30 the total number of passengers carried was 115,109,000, an increase of 54,277,000 compared with 1880. From November 1 the fare on all the lines is to be only five cents. This must operate to increase the traffic still further. The increasing means of travel throughout the country have been making fast for the growth of New York. The city is becoming more and more the metropolis of the country. This constant growth must before long compel an advance beyond the facilities provided by the elevated roads of to-day.

The Montreal Gazette says:—"In opening the Prince Edward Island Agricultural fair, the Lieutenant-Governor referred in flattering terms to the excellent quality of the grain exhibits. The wheat was peculiarly excellent. This is a cereal that has not heretofore been greatly cultivated on the Island, but the experience of the farmers last season will likely encourage them to go more extensively into that branch of their business. The yield in many places was at the rate of 40 bushels to the acre, and the average higher than in any other province in the Dominion, and for the first time for nearly a century there is a probability that the Island will not only raise enough to provide all the flour necessary for home consumption, but that there will be a small surplus for export. The Government has wisely encouraged the importation of high class live stock, and for horses especially Prince Edward Island is rapidly gaining a reputation as a good purchasing ground.

It is pleasing to learn that Charlottetown is not to be behind its sister cities in according a right royal reception to Mr. Justin McCarthy, M. P., the celebrated statesman, author and journalist, who visits and lectures in this city on the 1st and 2nd of November. This is as it should be. Mr. McCarthy does not come amongst us as a politician; but to use his own language, "It is as a literary man that I visit America." This being the case, it is but fitting that the reception should be general, and not confined to any particular creed or nationality. A citizens reception committee is now being formed, representing clergymen, politicians and Civic government. The shape the reception is to assume is as yet undecided, but it is thought that an address of welcome, followed by a banquet and levee will be the principal features. The Benevolent Irish Society are also moving in the matter, and at a meeting held on Monday evening a committee consisting of Rev. A. E. Burke, Hon. Senator Howland and W. C. DesBrisay, Esq., were appointed to assist in preparing the address of welcome, and another committee was appointed to make other necessary arrangements. The matter is to be further discussed at a special meeting of the Society to be held Friday evening.

Wedding Bells.

PETERS-GRAY.

The seating capacity of St. Paul's Church in this city was taxed to its utmost yesterday, to accommodate the numerous persons eager to witness the marriage of one of Charlottetown's most popular and rising young barristers to one of Charlottetown's fairest daughters.

About half-past twelve o'clock Mr. Frederick Peters, son of the Honorable Mr. Justice Peters, of Sidmouth, attended by Mr. W. A. O. Morson, Dr. S. R. Jenkins, Masters Harry and Jeffrey Bayfield and Masters Arthur Gray and Ray Poole as groomsmen, took his place in front of the chancel steps, shortly after which he was joined by Miss Bertha Hamilton Gray, youngest daughter of the Honorable John Hamilton Gray, C. M. G., of Inkerman House, attended by her sister, Miss Gray, Miss Davies, Misses Mabel and Carrie Peters, and Misses Dorothy Poole and Gladys Lords as bridesmaids.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Charles O'Meara, Rector of St. Paul's, the bride being given away by her father. The choir, under the direction of Prof. Earle, favored the occasion with choice and appropriate music.

The bride was dressed in cream satin, trimmed with lace and orange blossoms, and wore a veil and wreath of orange blossoms. The bridesmaids, Misses Gray and Davies, wore dresses of crimson plush and cashmere with crimson plush hats. The Misses Mabel and Carrie Peters wore dresses of pale blue nun's veiling with Swiss waists of crimson plush and Tam O'Shanter's of the same material. Misses Poole and Lord wore dresses of pale pink nun's veiling with Swiss waists of crimson plush and Tam O'Shanter's to match. The bride and all the bridesmaids carried bouquets.

Among the guests present we observed Col. and Mrs. Gray, Dr. and Mrs. Hobbkirk, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lord, Mr. and Mrs. T. Sherman Peters, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Peters, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bayfield, Mr. and Mrs. Poole, and Miss Peters. We understand that Mr. Justice Peters, through indisposition, was unable to attend the ceremony at the church.

After the ceremony, on leaving the church, the bride and groom were treated to the usual storm of rice prevailing on such occasions, and then with the guests repaired to Inkerman House, where they were entertained at breakfast.

The bride and groom left by the afternoon train for Summerside en route for New York, whence they sail for England, where they expect to remain for about three months.

The Superintendent, Mr. Coleman, kindly placed his own drawing room car at the disposal of the bridal party.

THE EXAMINER has much pleasure in extending its hearty congratulations, and wishes the contracting parties the fullest measure of success.

STANLEY-HARVIE.

A large number of the relatives and friends of the contracting parties assembled at the residence of Henry A. Harvie, Esq., last evening, to witness the marriage of his daughter, Miss Carrie L., to Mr. W. W. Stanley, of the dry goods firm of Stanley Bros. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. Shenton. The bridesmaid was Miss Annie L. Finlay, and the groomsmen Mr. George Stanley, brother of the groom. The wedding presents were numerous and valuable, among them being a handsome bronze clock, presented to the bride by the Prince Street Methodist Sabbath School, of which she has for many years been the organist. THE EXAMINER, in common with the hosts of friends of both bride and groom, extends its hearty congratulations and best wishes for happiness and success.

The Charleston Earthquake.

We publish below a letter to Prof. J. T. Mellish from the Rev. J. M. Pike, a Methodist Minister most favorably known in the lower provinces, who removed to South Carolina a few years ago on account of failing health. Mr. Pike's church and parsonage were nearly demolished by the earthquake:—

SUMMERSVILLE, S. C., Oct. 14, 1886.

MY DEAR BRO. MELLISH,—Yours of the 9th inst. with enclosed draft was received this morning. I hasten to acknowledge receipt of the same, and to assure you of our appreciation of your sympathy and practical aid. The kindly words of sympathy which I have been continually receiving since the earthquake, have greatly aided in sustaining me in the midst of trial, and the immense work which has fallen upon me these last few weeks. We are not yet free from care and anxiety. Our little daughter had a relapse last week of malarial fever and is only just now beginning to rally. The earthquake shocks still continue at short intervals,—scarcely a day or a night passing without some. We had just retired last night when quite a violent shock occurred causing the house to tremble to its foundation. We are at present endeavoring to get our chimneys up and to patch up some of the house inside. We are obliged to live in one room while the workmen are repairing another, and are continually in the midst of dust and confusion. As the shocks continue we do not know the moment when the chimneys will again come down upon our heads, but we must have them up. We are somehow getting accustomed to the shocks. Malarial fever is raging around us now, and there is still a great deal of destruction—chiefly among the negroes.

I am nearly worn out with care and work—but hope to get a rest here and bye. Please present my warmest thanks to your daughter Annie for her kindly interest in us, and also to the kind friends of Charlottetown for their contributions.

I am yours very truly,  
JOHN M. PIKE.

The London Sportsman says Wm. Beach has decided to retire into private life. The champion has beaten all the prominent scullers of his day, and therefore considers that he is entitled to rest on his laurels. His private affairs now claim so large a portion of his attention that he is unable any longer to devote the necessary time to the pursuit of sculling. He also feels that age is creeping upon him, and that though he is still hale and hearty the strict ordeal of training will be found too trying for his constitution. In leaving the field for younger men to contest he believes he is taking the right course, and considers that having beaten every sculler of any pretensions to championship form, he has done all that can reasonably be expected of him. On this announcement and Beach's refusal to accept Hamlin's challenge it is thought probable that the latter's friends will now claim the championship of the world for him.

The Top Question.

HOME RULE STILL HOLDS A PROMINENT PLACE IN ENGLAND.

The New York Tribune's cable despatch from London is as follows: Last Saturday's sensation of the Daily News is now exploded. For three or four days that paper induced the public to believe that the government was framing a home rule bill, according to Mr. Chamberlain's proposal. After Lord Hartington denied his alleged assent the public became dubious and the Daily News climbed down with the naive remark that, if the bill were proposed, it would have the credit of making the first announcement and, if abandoned, it must be set down to the Daily News' exposing the ministerial designs. The true history of the affair is simple. The government just now is making active inquiries into diets, provincial councils and other double-barrelled methods of representation in Austria, Germany, France and Belgium, it being somehow understood that the Belgian method finds most approval. The Government also asked Mr. Chamberlain to favor them with his scheme for four councils in detail. Mr. Chamberlain's compliance was the most likely cause of the Daily News' self-deception. The editor was made aware of Mr. Chamberlain's assent, and assumed that the cabinet had accepted the scheme.

Now that Lord Randolph Churchill has been found, and his identity really established, the fickle public takes less interest in his movements. It is suspected that he assumed a shallow incognito in order to attract attention. Even the Vienna papers have ceased to watch his movements or catalogue his purchases. He is due in London shortly, therefore it is unlikely that he will visit Varzin, if invited.

The country party, through Mr. Henry Chaplin, have raised the flag of revolt against Lord Randolph Churchill's Dartford speech as representing the new Conservative democracy of the towns. It is notable that Mr. Chaplin's protest comes within a few days of the announcement that Lord John Manners will not retire to admit Mr. Chaplin to the ministry. It is not many weeks since Mr. Chaplin and some half-dozen others endeavored to form a cave against the government, but the movement failed to pass beyond the stage of a preliminary dinner. Mr. Chaplin's letter displays patronage, contempt and distrust of Lord Randolph Churchill. His leading Dartford proposal to maintain union with the Unionist party is regarded as handing the government of the country over to Lord Hartington, as to whom this leading Tory writes:—"In the present crisis the country probably has no safer and sounder guide than the judgment and good sense which Lord Hartington invariably displays." Mr. Chaplin objects to Lord Randolph Churchill's preference for Jesse Collings' freehold plots for throwing the burdens on the rates in preference to his own system of laborer's allotments, which he would make compulsory. Save a sneer at its vastness, and that it does not come from a recognized leader, he does actually traverse the remainder of Lord Randolph Churchill's programme except the proposal of the closure by a bare majority.

To the crucial question Mr. Chaplin declares deadly war, and points out that the Conservatives always opposed closure. He might have illustrated this by recalling that their farthest advance never got beyond a two-thirds majority, and might also have reminded the public of Lord Randolph Churchill's letter to the Times, demanding that no parliament should impose the closure without an express mandate to the electors.

Affairs in Ireland are pursuing a course which is exceedingly satisfactory to the government. Gen. Sir Redvers Buller's mission has certainly accomplished much, and landlords are generally responding to Lord Hartington's appeal to deal tenderly with their tenants. The result is that we hear nothing of the sweeping evictions which were predicted. Even United Ireland admits that there have been extraordinary reductions on the judicial rents, and says that it only remains for tenants themselves to carry out Mr. Pamell's 50 per cent. reduction. Happily for the country, and against this advice, the improvement in prices to which I referred last week is maintained, but the critical time is yet to come, and the real condition of affairs cannot be seen until demand is made for the November "Gale." The latest phase of the Nationalist campaign is found in Mr. Dillon's promise that persons suffering on account of the league's orders shall be compensated by the new Irish parliament or any legislative body having the power of money grants. Mr. Kealey's suggestion that police officers intruding upon meetings in private houses should be thrown out of the window, is regarded as another example of his saturnine humor.

The outcome of the Belfast commission is to show that Mr. Gladstone's home rule scheme scared the Orangemen until they lost their heads, and, what was quite expected, the fiction that Mr. Morley selected the Catholic constabulary from the southwest to punish the Protestants is entirely exploded.

Christian Fraternity.

In the Protestant episcopal convention in Chicago the house of bishops sent to the house of deputies a communication relating to the resolution passed by the deputies, in which they proposed to send brotherly greetings to the congregational council in session there. It says: "The house of bishops takes the opportunity to assure the house of deputies of its profound sympathy with the spirit of their resolution. This house declares its hearty respect and affection for all who love the Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity, and this time especially for their fellow Christians assembled in this city as the national council of Congregational churches in the United States. This house also avows its solemn purpose under the guidance of the Holy Spirit to promote, with the concurrence of the house of deputies, some practical plan for bringing before all our fellow Christians in this land the duty to our common Lord and Saviour of terminating the unhappy divisions which dishonor his unhappy name and hinder the triumph upon earth of his glorious kingdom.

Rev. J. Hutchinson hereby respectfully intimates to the good people of North River and of New Glasgow Road that in consequence of an unforeseen arrangement he cannot attend with them the Sabbath first, the 24th inst.

COMPETITION SCALPING.

was never keener than it is at present in the Dry Goods Trade.

Every One Wants Low Prices.

WE HAVE THEM

No Damaged Goods, but this Fall's New and Attractive Stock.

See our DRESS GOODS for genuine Bargains.  
See our FUR GOODS for genuine Bargains.  
See our WOOLEN GOODS for genuine Bargains.  
See our COTTON GOODS for genuine Bargains.  
See our whole stock of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS for

GOOD GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES!

Our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is the Largest and Most Complete in the city, and our Trimmed Millinery, as usual, leads for Style, Attractiveness and Low Prices.

BEER BROS.

Ch'town, Oct. 19 1886.

TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER.

CLEARING OUT SALE.

J. B. Macdonald's

CONTEMPLATING making extensive alterations in my store, early in the new year, which will necessitate my closing for some time, I will

SELL OFF MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

New and Seasonable Goods.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

AND

C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G

AT A TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE.

All the stock of Fancy Dress Goods and Dress Cloths at 33 1/2 per cent discount.

All the Cloths and Tweeds at a discount of 33 1/2 per cent.

Knit Wool Goods, Shawls and Mantles at 33 1/2 per cent discount.

Gray, White and Scarlet Flannels at 33 1/2 per cent discount.

Velvets, Plushes, Ribbon and all Millinery Goods at 33 1-2 per cent discount.

All the stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Overcoats, Reefers and Suits at a discount of 33 1-2 per cent.

All Cotton Goods at a discount of 25 per cent

The entire stock must be cleared before the first of the New Year. You can depend on getting the BEST BARGAINS ever offered in this city.

All Goods Sold for CASH only.

J. B. MACDONALD, QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Oct. 19, 86—dy wy

A judicious application of Printer's Ink is one of the leading avenues to wealth.



34 Per Cent Discount.

FOR 10 DAYS ONLY.

THIS KNOCKS THEM OUT.

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

In order to hold our customers, we are driven to offer these large discounts and have decided to sell at these figures, although we can't afford to do so because our profits are smaller than Dry Goods Scalpers, who handle all kinds of small wares.

Our stock of merchandise is all fresh and new, and is not the accumulation of twenty years. Our goods are all marked in plain figures, which will prevent any deception being practiced upon the purchase.

REID BROS., CAMERON BLOCK.

Ch'town, Oct. 20, 1886—3mos

APPLES, ONIONS, &c.

BY Auction, to-morrow, THURSDAY, Oct. 21st, at 10.30 o'clock, at my Auction Room.—

30 Barrels Choice Gravenstein APPLES—the only really fine No. 1 lot in the market; 75 barrels other kinds.

ONIONS, PEARS, &c.

25 Barrels FLOUR, slightly damaged.

Oct. 20. A. MCNEILL, Auctioneer.

Furniture, &c.

BY Auction, at my Salesroom, TUESDAY, 22nd inst., at 1.30 p. m.—

1 Bed-room Set.

1 Mahogany Extension Table and a general lot of Household Furniture, Carpets, Stove, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

1 General Purpose Horse.

1 Light Wagon, 1 Express and 1 Peddlar's Wagon.

Oct. 20, 1886. G. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Dry Goods & Crockery.

AT Auction, in Bremner Bros. old stand, commencing SATURDAY, 23rd inst., at 2 o'clock, p. m.—

A General Assortment Dry Goods and Crockeryware.

This Sale will be continued from day to day until the whole stock is cleared out.

Oct. 20—31 G. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

Glen Stewart Market Garden, SOUTHPORT, LOT 48.

10,000 CABBAGE, from 5 to 20 lbs. in weight, 20 to 30cts. per dozen.  
6,000 Celery, 30cts. per dozen, boxing extra.  
100 Bushels Onions, \$1 per bushel.  
100 do Table Carrots, 40cts. per bushel.  
Beets, Parsnips, Pumpkins, Squashes, Tomatoes, &c.

Address all orders to JAMES BURKE, Southport, P. E. I.

Oct. 20, 86—1mo 2aw

PERFECTION & EXCELLENCE

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER

RETAILS EVERYWHERE.

Cans, 8, 14, and 25 Cents.

Paper, 6, 12, and 24 Cents.

Oct. 20, 1886.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET—A House near the Foundry. Apply to Patrick Farmer, near McKinnon & McLean's Foundry. oct19 1f

WANTED—By a respectable person, position as child's nurse, seamstress or chamber work. Apply at EXAMINER office. oct19 11 pd

WANTED A Nurse-maid; good references required. Apply to Mrs. George Penke, Edgemoor House. oct19 1f

TO LET—The House on Prince Street, at present occupied by C. B. Macdonald; possession given at any time. Apply to C. B. Macdonald. oct19 1f

TO LET—House on Water Street, opposite the Railway Station. Apply at this office. oct19 1f

WANTED—A permanent; good references required. Apply to Mrs. J. C. Macdonald Prince Street. oct19 1f