

AUCTIONS.

ON TUESDAY next, the 8th instant, at the Subscriber's Sale Room, head of the Queen's Wharf, at Twelve o'clock.

- 2 Panchoons High proof Demerara Rum, 2 Chests Congo Tea, 4 Kegs Negrohead Tobacco, 1 Case Paper Hangings, 2 Cases Glazed Hats;

A considerable quantity of well assorted Earthenware, now open for inspection; which will be disposed of in small Lots, to suit purchasers.

WILLIAM CULLEN, Auctioneer.

June 5, 1841.

Buoys for New London Harbour.

THE Subscriber will let by Auction, to the lowest bidder, at the Point of New London Sandhills, on Monday, the 14th day of June next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, the constructing and preserving of Two BUOYS at New London Harbour, for a term of from three to five years. Conditions of Contract made known at the time. Ample Security will be required for the performance.

W. MACNELL, Road Commissioner. Cavendish, May 19, 1841.

LAND ASSESSMENT.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, 1st June, 1841.

IN pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the Seventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled 'An Act for levying an Assessment on all Lands in this Island—do hereby publicly notify the Owners or Occupiers of Land within this Island, for which the Annual Assessment charged thereon by the said recited Act, of Four Shillings, lawful money of this Island, for every Hundred Acres of wilderness or unimproved Lands contained in the several Townships, and the several Islands belonging thereto; and the sum of Two Shillings for every Hundred Acres of cultivated or improved Land in the said several Townships and Islands as aforesaid; and the sum of Four Shillings for each and every uncultivated or unimproved Town Lot, Pasture Lot, Common Lot and Water Lot, granted in the Town and Royalty of Charlottetown; and the sum of Two Shillings for each and every cultivated or improved Town, Pasture, Common and Water Lot as aforesaid; and the sum of Two Shillings and Eightpence for each and every Town Lot, Pasture Lot and Water Lot, granted in the Towns and Royalities of Georgetown and Pricetown; and the sum of One Shilling and Fourpence for each and every cultivated or improved Town, Pasture and Water Lot, granted in the said last-mentioned Towns and Royalities, and so in proportion for a less quantity; and the sum of One Penny per acre on each and every acre of cultivated or improved Land in the Royalty of Georgetown, called reserved Lands; and the sum of Twopence per acre on each and every acre of such Lands as may be deemed uncultivated or improved Lands, is payable, that unless the Assessment for the current year be paid into my hands, or the hands of my Deputies, on or before the Twenty-first of December, 1841, I shall, on the last day of the next Hilary Term, at Charlottetown, make Proclamation of all such Lands as shall then be in arrear for non-payment of the sums charged thereon, agreeably to the directions of the said Act.

J. SPENCER SMITH, Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office, June 1st, 1841.

IN compliance with the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly, for levying an Assessment on all Lands within this Island, I have appointed the following persons to be Receivers of the said Assessment:

Prince County.

- Joseph Pope, Bedouque; Thomas C. Compton, St. Eleanor's; James Yeo, Port Hill; Allan Forsyth, Casumpeque.

Queen's County.

- James Pidgeon, New London; Thomas Fairbairn, Sable; Solomon Desbrisay, Charlottetown; Allan Macdonald, Belfast.

King's County.

- John Jardine, St. Peter's; Alexander Macdonald, St. Margaret's; William S. Macgown, Souris; Hugh Macdonald, Three Rivers; James Richards, Murray Harbour.

J. SPENCER SMITH, Treasurer.

AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.

THE Committee of the Bible Society have received from London a small supply of large and elegant Bibles, which are now on sale at their Depository, Mr. H. Stamper's Book-Store, Queen Street. June 3, 1841.

GEORGETOWN STAGE.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs the public, that he continues to proceed from Charlottetown to Georgetown with his STAGE on Wednesdays and Saturdays as usual, at Eight o'clock in the morning, returning on Thursdays and Mondays as formerly. He also takes an Extra Mail and Passengers for Georgetown on the Monday of the arrival there of the Steamer from Pietou, leaving the following day for Charlottetown.

To those who have kindly encouraged his establishment, he returns his sincere thanks, and refers the public to them for the efficiency of his carriages and cattle.

Dinners, Breakfasts, Refreshments, &c. to be had, on Temperance principles, at his House, eight miles from Charlottetown Ferry, and twenty-one from Georgetown.

SAMUEL LANE.

His House of call in Charlottetown is the Commercial Inn; and in Georgetown, Mr. Charles McLaren's.

THE Subscriber having taken that commodious Store on Mrs. Wright's Premises, head of Queen's Wharf (formerly occupied by Mr. Alexander Davidson), as a Sale Room, will be ready to receive any description of Goods, Furniture, &c. to be disposed of by Auction.

WILLIAM CULLEN.

JOHN JURY, Jun. Watch and Clock-Maker, Jeweller, &c. begs to inform the Inhabitants of Charlottetown, and the Island in general, that he has commenced Business in the above line, in Queen Street, in the Shop lately occupied by Mr. Joseph Pippy, two doors from Mr. Henry Stamper's, Stationer, and directly opposite Messrs. J. & W. Macgill, Merchants—where all orders will be punctually executed.

Watches and Clocks, of every description, carefully cleaned, repaired and warranted. Jewellery made and repaired in the neatest manner.—Silver Spoons made to order.

JEWELLERY FOR SALE.

Gold Sells, Keys, Ear-drops, Wedding and Dress Rings; Corals for Children (Silver mounted), Thumbles, Pencil Cases, German Silver Guards, Brouches, Snaps, Penknives, and a quantity of common Watch Keys. Also—A few new Silver Watches and Kitchen Clocks. N. B.—Old Gold and Silver bought. Charlottetown, June 4th, 1841.

TO BE LET,

And possession given on the 1st December next,

THAT part of the HOUSE and PREMISES now in the occupation of Mr. James Webber, well known as the Wellington Hotel, and as being the most desirable situation for a Hotel in Charlottetown. It could be made to accommodate a person in mercantile business.

Also,

TO BE LET (and possession given as above), in BUILDING LOTS, for a term of Twenty-one years, Half-Lot No. 80, in the First Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting on Sydney Street. Apply to the Subscriber,

THOMAS WITTER.

FOR BOSTON.

THE Brigantine SEAFLOWER, of 120 tons burthen, James Loughlin, Master, will be ready to sail for the above Port about Tuesday next. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Master on board, or to the Hon. Charles Worrell. Charlottetown, June 1st, 1841.

pose sent down by the Council, and another introduced in the Assembly itself, were alike thrown out, as if there were a fixed determination to arrest the progress of all law.

In pursuance of the same line of conduct, the Assembly has likewise rejected a Bill arising out of the Presentment of the Grand Jury of King's County, for enforcing the performance of the office of Constable; which office, owing to the excited state of the public mind in that County, referable to the resistance of rents, has become unpopular; thereby deciding that the Sheriff and Magistrates shall not have the means of enforcing any legal process; whilst on a past occasion, when it was necessary for the Executive to aid the Sheriff, by sending to his assistance Special Constables from Charlottetown, the employment was the subject of animadversion by the Assembly, and of Address to the Lieutenant Governor.

Owing to the inefficiency of those officers, the Lieutenant Governor judged it expedient to re-appoint the Sheriffs for the ensuing year—a practice which prevails in the neighbouring Colonies, and is authorised by law, and which, moreover, has been frequently, and even last year, exercised here—His Excellency so deciding, however, produced a remonstrance from the Assembly; and on its not being deemed proper by His Excellency to change his determination, the usual salaries were voted in the Appropriation Bill, by the Assembly, only on condition that others were appointed; and although this attempt to coerce your Majesty's Representative was defeated by the firmness of the Council, yet your Petitioners humbly represent those facts to your Majesty, in proof not only of the disposition of the Assembly to arrogate to themselves the functions of the Executive, but of their pursuing an organized system of opposition to the execution of the laws of property.

A Petition, during this same session, has been presented on behalf of his constituents, by one of the members for Charlottetown, praying for the establishment of a Police, which has become necessary—although this Petition was supported by his colleague, and signed, with little or no exception, by every inhabitant householder—and though the measure was recommended in the Presentment of the County Grand Jury, and had the sanction of the Chief Justice—though the Bill prepared made provision for the charges at the expense of the petitioners themselves—yet it was rejected by the Assembly.

Your Petitioners cannot but view with alarm the process in operation by which it is sought to bring your Majesty's person and government into disrepute, and whereby disaffection is fostered. This process consists in the reiterated sending bills to the Council, the principles of which are known to be disapproved of by your Majesty, and one of which has actually received your Royal disallowance, and cannot be received without a direct violation of the Colonial instructions; and by which means it is attempted to throw odium on your Majesty and the Council, of refusing to adopt measures which are represented as popular to the ignorant and deluded, but which your Majesty has already pronounced inexpedient and unjust.

Your Petitioners humbly represent that a Bill was sent down to the Assembly by the Council to amend the conditions on which persons are admitted to practice as Barristers and Attorneys. The provisions of this bill would have rendered persons admissible to the Bar who had graduated at the Colleges in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick at an earlier period than others who had not so graduated. It has been the policy of all times and of all nations to hold encouragement, by such privileges, to learning and proficiency—such privileges likewise exist in the neighbouring colonies—but as if there existed a fixed enmity to all advancement, this Bill too, was rejected by the Assembly.

Your Petitioners beg humbly further to represent, that during the Session the Assembly had appropriated a sum of £150 per annum to pay a Colonial Agent, and had, without any conference with the Council, named Joseph Hume, Esq. M. P. for Kilkenny, to fill this office. For years past, this Province has not required a Colonial Agent, and there cannot now be any increased necessity for such an officer, since the opportunities of communication with Great Britain have become so easy and frequent by means of steam navigation; your Petitioners are of opinion, not only that such an appropriation of money would have been a wasteful expenditure of their small resources, but they trust, that although they have been saved from the consequences by the decision of the Legislative Council, your Majesty will not believe that they could have concurred in entrusting their interests to the agency of the correspondent of Papipeau or Mackenzie.

During the Session of the present year, commencing the and terminating the the Legislature of New Brunswick has passed Acts, whilst by the Legislature of this Island, which met for business this year on the 26th January, and closed its Session on the 29th of April, fourteen Bills only have been passed—two of which were the usual revenue and appropriation bills—seven were bills to revive, and in some cases to amend expiring statutes, and only five contained original matter; four besides these were sent up to the Council which had been rejected previously by that body, and one other which had been disallowed by your Majesty. Many days have been spent, as your Petitioners think, not only uselessly, but injuriously, in ex parte enquiries, and the discussion of petitions, the object of which has been to criminate various individuals who are obnoxious to the majority of the Assembly, by having fearlessly and faithfully discharged their several duties, both judicial and ministerial, under the Executive.

Your Petitioners beg leave respectfully to represent, that according to the last returns, and including the permanent revenue of this Island, which is at the disposition of your Majesty, the resources of this Colony amount only to £14,279 1s., out of which £744 17s. are charged in the Appropriation Bill for the attendance and travelling expenses of the Speaker and Members of the House of Assembly; that the other expenses of the Houses of Legislature, owing to the unnecessary protracted sittings, amount to £1110 2s. 9d., making a total sum of £1855 0s. 7d., or about one seventh of the whole revenue; whilst, were the qualification of the Members of the Assembly raised, and the practice of paying for their attendance discontinued, as recommended, no doubt is entertained by your Petitioners that, not only would a better system of Legislation be the result, but that more confidence would be felt, and thus a progressive increase of colonization and consequent revenue take place, whereby the Colony might, at no distant period, be able to defray its own expenses—capitalists would resort to its shores, and corresponding peace and happiness would ensue to this Island, so highly favoured by natural causes.

That your Majesty may be pleased to take into your gracious and favourable consideration the prayer of your humble Petitioners, and that your reign may be blessed with public peace and domestic happiness, is the earnest prayer of the undersigned, your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLONIAL HERALD.

SIR; In the Royal Gazette of the 18th instant, I observed a communication signed "JOHN THOMSON," the purport of which seemed to be, to caution the public against the influence of Mr. Roderick Macaulay, and to impress on the public an erroneous opinion, that the inhabitants of Georgetown are not empowered by Law to elect their Assessors annually, and that the officers appointed by the present Assessors cannot legally execute the law.

To guard the public against the insinuations of this interested individual, I would refer them to the Assessment Act, and amendment thereto; and for the information of those who are interested, I have to state, that agreeably to the above named Act and amendment, a public meeting was called by the senior Magistrate, A. Macdonald, Esq., on the first Tuesday in May, for the purpose of electing Assessors and Fire-Wardens for the present year. The meeting was held accordingly, and those officers duly elected, though to the manifest dissatisfaction and great annoyance of John Thomson, Esq., who contended that the Law did not authorize annual elections; but yet declared it was the intention of the Legislature, on passing the Act, that the elections should be annual. If Mr. Thomson, by his caution to the public, for their protection against the influence of Mr. Mac-

aulay, means to infer, that the electors acted under the influence of any individual, such insinuation is flagrantly false. The electors acted according to their own judgment and the evident meaning of the law; and the late Assessors admit the legality of the new election, as they have not levied any Assessment for the present year, but have surrendered that power to their successors in Office.

But, as the public must be surprised at Mr. Thomson's mysterious and inconsistent conduct, I will endeavour to throw some light on his windings, that the public may perceive the real motives of the crafty Squire. At the last general Election, Mr. Thomson, with spacious promises of reform, ingratiated himself into the favour of a number of the electors, through whose suffrages he was enabled to add Esquire to his name; but previous to displaying his talents in Parliament, he was instructed by his constituents to endeavour to get an Act passed to empower them to elect their Assessors annually. At the close of the Session, he presented them with the first fruits of his legislative qualifications, in the shape of an Assessment Act, which proved so lame and unintelligible, that it was not put in force—so the Assessment for that year was lost. Next Session, Mr. Thomson got an Act passed to explain and amend the former, by virtue of which an election took place, and he was appointed one of the Assessors. He then, in gratitude to his constituents, declared that this was the first time they had the opportunity of choosing their own Assessors, and if he could help it, it should be the last! Being appointed Collector, he got the balance remaining in the former Treasurer's hands, Mr. Rufus Shattuck, of the public funds, passed to his own credit. During the time he acted Collector, the necessary improvements of the town have been very little attended to, while there remains a balance of upwards of £30 unexpended.

I shall now leave his conduct to a discerning public, and not trouble myself to answer any more of his futile effusions. I remain, Sir, yours, &c.

RODERICK CAMPELL.

Georgetown, May 26th, 1841.

PASSENGERS.

In the steamer Unicorn, from Quebec—For Charlottetown—Capt. Bayfield, R. N., Mrs. Bayfield and family; Mrs. Bedford and family; Mrs. Hannah and two daughters; Mr. Ritchie and family; Dr. Kelly; Rev. Mr. Brown; Mr. Orliber—For Halifax and England; Messrs. Gilbert, Grant, Layeroff, Ballantyne, Mackenzie, Macmillan; Miss Evans.

In the Pocahontas (at Georgetown), on Monday—Rev. Mr. Williamson, Messrs. J. Weeks, J. Walsh, D. Ramsay.

In ditto (at Charlottetown), on Wednesday—Capt. Gourley and wife.

In do. from do. yesterday—Capt. Pearce, Messrs. C. Welsh, W. Cundall, P. Walker, Finlayson, J. Macdonald, and three in the steerage.

In the Bay Verte Packet Christy Ann, on the 27th ult., at Bedouque—Mr. Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Treanman.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Schooner Jessie, Macdonald, Miramichi; Salt. George Henry, Shellnutt, Halifax; Goods. Lucy, Gerroir, Kouchebeque; 12,000 feet Boards. Mahone Bay Packet, Fraser, Halifax; Goods. Barbara, Le Roche, Miramichi; do. Christy Ann, Weeks, Bay Verte; 10,000 feet Boards.

CLEARED.

Schooner Swan, Bishop, Fishing Voyage. Manly, Forrest, Halifax; 1,100 bus. Potatoes, 100 do. Oats, 100 do. Barley, 8 cwt. Oatmeal. Mary Louisa, Campbell, Miramichi; 880 bus. Oats, 400 do. Potatoes, 2 tons Oatmeal, 9 lbs. Pork, 1 do. Beef, &c. Providence, M-Kany, do.; 500 bus. Potatoes, 100 do. Oats. William Horatio, Sanderson, St. John, N. B.; 300 bus. Barley, 800 do. Oats, 3,500 bus. Potatoes. Jessie, Macdonald, Dalhousie; 750 bus. Potatoes. George Henry, Shellnutt, Halifax; 1000 bus. Potatoes, &c. Mahone Bay Packet, Fraser, Miramichi; 24 lbs. Pork, 100 lbs. Oatmeal—by J. Purdie & Co. Christy Ann, Weeks, Bay Verte; Ballast.

Ship News.

Arrived yesterday, H. M. surveying vessel Gulnare, Capt. Bayfield, from Quebec.

The Steamer Unicorn, 584 hours from Quebec, arrived here on Monday, at half past ten, p. m. After landing her passengers with their horses, carriages, luggage, &c., she proceeded for Pietou at half past six next morning.

The ship Dublin, of this Island, sailed from Miramichi on the 29th May, for Plymouth.

MIRAMICHI, May 25.—The ship Paragon, Anld, master, from Liverpool, bound to Halifax, with a valuable cargo (valued at £100,000), was run down at 2 o'clock, on the morning of the 8th inst., by a large ship, supposed to be one of the New York Liners. A number of the crew and 4 passengers arrived here on Friday last in the Ballona, of Bideford. We have been kindly furnished by the captain of the last named vessel, with a statement made by the mate of the Paragon, whose watch it was, when the melancholy accident occurred, from which we take the following particulars:—On the 8th of May, at 2 o'clock, A. M., the weather stormy, and the ship being under three close reefed topsails, and very thick at the time, saw a ship running for our midships, we not having time to keep our vessel away, we gave all the alarm we possibly could, but it was of no avail, the ship struck the Paragon amidships, and cut her down as far as we could see. We then hailed the ship; and requested them not to leave us, as we were making water very fast, but we received no answer, and she bore away from us. She had bright sides, with white mouldings, and from her appearance, we supposed her to be one of the New York Line of Packets. We were then a total wreck, our main and mizzenmasts being carried away, and all the boats stove in. We then commenced to lighten the ship by throwing the cargo overboard, to nail canvass on her sides, and all the hands that could be spared, were placed at the pumps, but all our efforts were futile, the ship rapidly made water, and was sinking fast. At six, p. m., we saw a barque bearing down for us, which proved to be the London, of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, bound to Liverpool. We requested the captain to lay by us till the following morning, which he humanely did, and at 7 o'clock, we abandoned the Paragon, she at that time having from 7 to 9 feet of water in her hold. On the 11th May, we put 13 of the crew and four passengers on board the Bellona, bound to Miramichi. The accident occurred in lat. 43. 30, long. 36. 30. Mr. Nowland, a cabin passenger, returned to Liverpool, in the London.

The brig Ida, Robinson, master, from a port in France, bound to Miramichi, and consigned to Messrs. Crane & Allison, put into Casumpeque, P. E. Island, on the 21st May, in distress. She had cut away her masts the day previous, when off Bear Island.

Two schooners from P. E. Island, were driven on shore at Neganic Gully—expected to be got off.

Wreck of American ship in the ice.—Forty lives lost.—The American ship William Brown, from England, bound to Philadelphia, with passengers and crew, 63 in number, struck an iceberg near Newfoundland, about 1st of May—9 were saved in the jolly-boat; 14 left the ship in the long-boat and were not heard from, and it is supposed they must have perished, the other 40 went down with the ship.

DIED.

At Little York, on Monday last, after a severe illness, which he bore with christian patience, and without a murmur, Mr. George West, aged 63 years. For about forty years he was a steady, faithful and consistent member of the Wesleyan Methodist Society.

On the 4th inst., Hans Henry Emil, aged 12 months and 15 days, youngest son of John and Mary Tybring. Funeral will take place to-morrow (Sunday), at 4 o'clock.

NEW CHEAP STORE,

To be opened on MONDAY, June 7th, 1841.

J. M. TUCKER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Charlottetown, and Prince Edward Island generally, that he has taken the Store in Queen Street, lately occupied by Mr. White, Printer, where he begs to offer to their notice a large and general STOCK OF GOODS, selected by the proprietor from the best markets, and JUST IMPORTED, per Isabella—consisting of Broad Cloths, Kerseymeres, Tweeds, Mole-skins, Drills, Ladies' dresses of the latest fashion; printed, white and grey Cottons, Mouslin De Laines, and Saxony Cloths, Shawls, Muslin and Net Collars, Bobbinets and Muslins, a variety of gauze and other Ribbons, Bonnets, Hats and Caps, Blankets and Blanketing, Hosiery and Haberdashery, Umbrellas and Parasols, ready made Clothing, Macintosh Coats and Caps.

Also,

Bar Iron; Ironmongery, in all its branches, Groceries; a large assortment of Earthenware, Saddles and Bridles; a set of very good covered furniture Gig Harness, several sets of second hand Gig Harness; a lot of Leather; 1000 pairs of Shoes and Boots; Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Paints and Oil, &c. for ready money only.