

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1882.

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THE DAILY EXAMINER
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
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Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50
Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Third Quarter 6th day, 2h. 0m., a. m., S. E.
New Moon 13th day, 4h. 58m., p. m., W.
First Quarter, 21st day, 8h. 42m., p. m., S. W.
Full Moon, 28th day, 5h. 5m., p. m., E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
1 Tuesday	4 47	7 25	8 14	11 52			
2 Wednesday	49	23	8 44	11 32			
3 Thursday	53	22	9 14	11 13			
4 Friday	51	21	9 47	1 58			
5 Saturday	52	19	10 24	2 48			
6 Sunday	53	18	11 6	3 54	14 21		
7 Monday	55	16	11 54	5 16			
8 Tuesday	56	15	morn	6 37			
9 Wednesday	57	13	0 49	7 49			
10 Thursday	58	12	1 47	8 42			
11 Friday	59	10	2 48	9 25			
12 Saturday	5	1	3 49	10 4			
13 Sunday	2	7	4 52	10 57	14 07		
14 Monday	3	6	5 53	11 8			
15 Tuesday	4	4	6 54	11 39			
16 Wednesday	6	2	7 56	morn			
17 Thursday	7	1	8 54	0 10			
18 Friday	8	59	9 54	0 41			
19 Saturday	9	57	10 55	1 4			
20 Sunday	11	56	11 56	1 51	13 47		
21 Monday	12	54	12 56	2 35			
22 Tuesday	13	52	1 53	3 30			
23 Wednesday	14	40	2 59	4 42			
24 Thursday	15	48	3 40	6 11			
25 Friday	17	46	4 24	7 30			
26 Saturday	18	45	5 4	8 34			
27 Sunday	19	43	5 39	9 25	12 26		
28 Monday	21	41	6 11	10 11			
29 Tuesday	22	40	6 41	10 53			
30 Wednesday	23	37	7 13	11 33			
31 Thursday	5 24	5 24	7 46	12 13			

D. A. BRUCE, MERCHANT TAILOR,

Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that can be had in the market, in
Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian Tweed Suits.

A magnificent range of
GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS

Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.

Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises,

fashionably out, well sewed, and having good trimmings,

Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.

We invite you to inspect our Goods.

D. A. BRUCE,

Charlottetown, May 22, '82. 72 Queen Street.

Beautiful Summer Resort.

THE SEASIDE HOTEL,

(UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE),

Rustico Beach, - - P. E. Island.

THIS beautifully-situated and well-known establishment will be opened from July 1st till September 10th, for the accommodation of Guests and Visitors.
RAIES—\$1.75 per day; \$10 per week; \$32 per month.
TO REACH THE HOTEL—Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a. m. Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to meet trains from all points at Hunter River, for passengers to Seaside, seven miles.
Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6.45, 9.20, a. m., and 4.20 p. m.
Hunter River for Charlottetown, 9 a. m., 2.11 and 7 p. m.
Hunter River to Summerside 7.45, 11.10 a. m., and 5.42 p. m.
Address,
JOHN NEWSON & CO.,
Charlottetown

June 24, 12

GREAT CLOSING UP AT 83 QUEEN STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS in Dress Goods, Tweeds, Winceys, Silks, Curtains, and all kinds of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS. Come early and secure Bargains.

N. B.—Customers will please not ask credit, as sales are for cash only; hence bargains. Parties owing accounts will please call and settle without delay.

"CITY STEAM BAKERY."

THE proprietor of this Establishment, owing to the increased demand for his Goods, has added new facilities to his Bakery, consisting of the latest and most improved machinery, etc., and is now prepared to supply the trade with

Hard Bread, Plain and Fancy Biscuits, &c.,

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

1000 lbs. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY

To arrive per Steamship "Miramichi," from Montreal.

Orders by mail promptly executed.

J. QUIRK,

Prince Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

May 4, 1882.

Bank of Nova Scotia.
ESTABLISHED 1832,
Paid Up Capital . . . \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000
An Agency of this Bank will be opened on Monday next, 19th inst., in the building lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward Island, under the management of the undersigned.
Deposits will be received on interest, and on current account.
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and correspondents of the Bank.
Sterling and other Exchange bought and sold, and general banking business transacted.
D. C. CHALMERS,
Agent,
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—tf

INSURANCE OFFICE.
Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
City of London Fire Insurance Company,
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
Insurance effected on all kinds of property at current rates. Losses settled promptly and equitably.
F. KENNEDY,
General Agent,
Office—South Side, Queen Square.
Ch'town, Feb. 3 1882.

W. C. BISHOP,
SHIPPING
—AND—
FORWARDING AGENT,
Marine Insurance Broker,
—AND—
General Commission Agent,
BEDFORD ROW,
P. O. BOX 1 . . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks thereon.
Hulls, Cargoes, and Freight insured in first-class offices at most favorable rates. Consignments of Produce solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed.
Correspondence solicited and answered promptly.
Nov. 14, 1881—lyr

To shippers of Produce to Newfoundland.

BOWN & WOODS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
ST. JOHN'S, N. F.,
Give particular attention to Shipments from Prince Edward Island. Consignments Solicited.

REFERENCES—
The Manager Union Bank, St. John's, N. F.
Messrs. C. F. Bennett & Co., "
Messrs. Ayre & Marshall, "
John H. Cathine, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
April 24, '82—pat 2m sod w 2m



GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Cough, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals St. James Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Steam Communication
Between Pictou, N. S., Georgetown and Souris, P. E. I., Magdalen Islands and Gaspe.
THE Strongly-Built Iron S. S. BEAVER, P. P. Lemaitre, master, carrying Her Majesty's mails, will leave Pictou Landing during the season of Navigation, every Monday afternoon, on arrival of Express Train from Halifax for Georgetown, Souris and the Magdalen Islands; and every fourth trip, commencing Monday, 19th June, will extend her voyage to Gaspe, calling (weather permitting, at Perce.
Pictou, C. B.
Will leave for Port Hood every Friday Night, from Railway Wharf, Pictou Town, on arrival of Passengers by accommodation train from Halifax.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort of passengers.
For freight or passage apply to
A. FRASER & CO, Quebec;
FRED. W. FRASER, Pictou, N. S.
A. A. MACDONALD BROS., Georgetown, P. E. I.
C. J. HALEY, Souris, P. E. I.
JOHN MACKAY, Port Hood.
July 14, 1882.

STR. SOUTHPORT.
WEST RIVER,
FROM PRINCE ST. WHARF.
WILL LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN EVERY MONDAY, at 5.30 a. m., for Shaw's Wharf, returning at 7 a. m., calling at Westville and Rocky Point (when tide permits); returning, will leave Charlottetown again on Monday, at 3.30 p. m., and on Friday, at 4 p. m.
FOR EAST RIVER.
Will leave Charlottetown, at 4.30 a. m., on Tuesday morning for Mount Stewart, returning at 7 a. m., calling at Cranberry and Hickey's Wharves. Also will leave Mt. Stewart, on Wednesday morning, at 7 a. m., calling at Cranberry and Hickey's Wharves, returning to Mount Stewart same evening, occasionally on Tuesday mornings (when the tide will not otherwise permit) the Steamer will not proceed beyond Cranberry Wharf, but will invariably leave Mount Stewart for Charlottetown on Wednesday mornings, returning same evening as above.
On Sundays, Steamer will leave Charlottetown for Rocky Point (tide permitting) at 9 a. m., and 1.15 p. m.; returning, will leave Rocky Point at 9.30 a. m., and 1.45 p. m.
If Steamer is not on route on Sundays, sail boat will take her place.
F. L. HASZARD,
Ch'town, June 1882—pat 1y 3

TO LET.
THE SHOP at present occupied by the New York Singer Manufacturing Company, Queen Street. Application to be made to
M. STEVENSON,
June 9, 1882—eod 1f Tinsmith

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE
Nerve Food
Is a Sure, Prompt and Effective Remedy for Nervousness in ALL its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats, Superstitions, Sensual Weakness, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Genitive Organs. The experience of thousands proves it an INVARIABLE REMEDY. The Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box contains sufficient for two weeks' medication, and is the cheapest and best. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.
Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at 50 Cts. per box, or 12 boxes for \$5, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by direct order.

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada
Sole in Charlottetown by Apothecaries' Hall Co., Agents for Prince Edward Island, and by all Druggists everywhere.
June 11, 1882

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Canadian Manufactures.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—It is to be regretted that the Colonial Ministers in Britain do not make themselves better acquainted with Colonial interests and productions—I had almost said, with Colonial Geography. If Lord Kimberley, Secretary to the Colonies, had been better acquainted with Colonial manufactures, he would hardly have said, at the meeting of the Cobden Club, that the Dominion Government had succeeded in compelling all its agriculturists to buy their implements dear and bad. He must have been misinformed by some of his free-trading friends—he says by an American manufacturer—that the machinery made in the States was of the best and cheapest description. I hope our manufacturers will be able to prove to His Lordship that they can manufacture machinery quite equal to that imported from this gentleman, whoever he may be, and superior to most of those hitherto imported from Great Britain. Of the quality of the latter I shall say nothing, except that it is not long since anything was considered good enough for the Colonies. The Dominion possesses as good iron ore as any in the world, and its coal is well adapted for all manufacturing purposes. As to workmen, we can get any number from England and the States, and all our workshops are at this moment, I believe, full of orders. As to price, it is possible though I am not aware of the fact that the capitalist of New England may, for a time, undersell his brother on this side of the border, but that will soon be remedied by brisk competition. I give full credit to the Americans for their ingenuity and enterprise. They enjoy the advantage of bounties as well as protection, and they have been in the habit of sending their drummers through these Provinces, where, till within the last three or four years, they enjoyed a slaughter market. Let His Lordship remember that it is not prohibition but protection we seek, the same as our neighbors have long possessed, and which has enriched them. I trust our manufacturers will send some specimens of Canadian workmanship to the Mother Country, and His Lordship may find that they can equal the workshops, not only of the boasted States, but of those at Sheffield, Birmingham, &c. The machine shops at Kingston, the foundries at Moncton, St. John, Sackville, and even at Charlottetown, young as most of them are, will not long shrink from the comparison.
Yours, &c.,
SENEX.

Home Industries.

To the Editor of the Examiner.
SIR,—Some of the Grit annexationists have recently discovered that protection may benefit certain industries, of course, according to their creed, to the great injury of the people at large. Whether this illumination proceeds from the Toronto Globe, or from the learned gentlemen who edify the Island on the subject of free trade (but who failed to convert their clients) is immaterial. They may, perhaps, at some future time, find out that these industries, so benefited, give employment to a large population who are fed by the industries of the agriculturists, thus affording a home market for the farmers within, at any rate, a certain area. What the area thus also benefited, whether extensive or circumscribed, we leave these oracles to discover; but the progress of knowledge is sometimes slow.
Yours, &c.,
O.

Newfoundland Fishermen.

MORE TROUBLE BETWEEN FRENCH AND BRITISH FISHERMEN—TWO BRAVE FISHERMEN.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Aug. 8.—Steamer "Curlew" arrived from the West Coast last evening, and reports the fishery prospect very discouraging. On the so-called French shore, fresh complications have arisen between the Newfoundland and French fishermen. The latter insists upon the exclusive right to fish there, while the former persist in claiming concurrent right according to the treaty. The French are very arbitrary in conduct, and serious disturbance is feared. Evidently the matter will have to be submitted to the French and English Governments again.
Schooner "Blooming Dale," belonging to a Jersey firm at Burgeo, when off New Harbor on first, was upset by a heavy squall. The crew (five men) succeeded in getting into the jollyboat, which was stove, and they were fast drifting to sea when two fishermen went to their assistance at the risk of losing their lives, and rescued the "Blooming Dale's" crew. The leaky boat was in a sinking condition, and the five men would have perished but for the gallant conduct of Knott and Oxford, the two fishermen.

A writer in the Argonaut describes the Duke of Hamilton as "a great, coarse, sensual-looking, red-haired man of seven-and-thirty, without a feature in his face evincing intellect or refinement, without a point in his unwieldy person to indicate blood. His estates long since passed into the hands of his creditors. He then became a pensioner, so to speak, upon their bounty, living on what they chose to allow him. He is married to one of the Duke of Manchester's daughters."
JAMES SLAUNWHITE, North-West, says he was almost fatally injured by the fall of a tree. After doctors gave him up, Minnie's Liniment, used externally and internally, cured him.
j2 eod wkly

Egyptian War Notes.

THE FIGHTING PORTION OF THE CORPS will consist of 13,400 infantry, 2,400 cavalry, and 1,700 artillery, with 48 guns. A reserve of 3,100 men will follow. But these fighting men require other aid than their weapons. They and their horses must be fed and cared for in sickness. Their spare ammunition and many other necessities must be carried for them, and they must, moreover, have scientific direction in sieges and in battles. Such work will be performed by transport, commissariat, medical staff, and engineers. A proportion of garrison artillery will form part of the force, not for garrison duties only, but for besieging purposes also. Thus the fighting force in first line will consist of 17,500 men, who are in part already in Egypt, with a reserve of 3,100 and these with what may be called technical troops, will make up a total of 24,300. If we include a division some 10,000 strong from India, there will be altogether about 34,000 men, or almost a full army corps.

THE SIXTIETH RIFLES is one of the crack regiments of the British army. Its honorary title is "The King's Royal Rifle Corps." Its Colonel-in-Chief is His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces, and its officers are great favorites in society and highly esteemed among their professional brethren. The regimental plate, which has been accumulating for years, is gorgeous, most of it being solid silver and no inconsiderable portion gold. The regiment has seen much hard campaigning and bears on its colours the names of most of Wellington's hard fought battles. It has served in Europe, Asia, Africa, and America—and always with honour.

AMERICAN NAVAL MOVEMENTS
NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Admiral Nicholson has been instructed by cable to hasten the departure of his vessel to Tripoli and Tunis, also to remove the consular records of those places, and dispose the vessels of the fleet along the Mediterranean coast so as to protect American interests in that locality. It is understood that previous instructions to the same effect were sent to Admiral Nicholson, but he had not reported compliance with them.

ARABI AND NAPOLEON.
Arabi Pasha recently gave orders to have the life of Napoleon I. translated into Arabic, saying to his friends:—"Napoleon is my model; I will do what he did—may, I will do more. I will found an Arabian empire." He has also tried to play the role of a prophet by frequently quoting the Koran and professing to have familiar interviews with the ghost of Mohammed.

Big Things.

The largest island in the world, which is also regarded as a continent, is Australia. It is 2,500 miles in length from east to west, and measures 1,950 miles from north to south. Its area is 2,984,287 square miles.

The longest span of wire in the world is used for a telegraph in India over the river Kistnah, between Sezarah and Setaanagram. It is more than 6,000 feet long, and is stretched between two hills, each of whom is 1,200 feet high.

The largest empire in the world is that of Great Britain, comprising 8,559,653 square miles, more than a sixth part of the land of the globe, and embracing under its rule nearly a sixth part of the population of the world. In territorial extent the United States ranks third, containing 3,580,242 square miles, including Alaska; in population it ranks fourth with its 50,000,000 of people. Russia ranks second, having 8,352,940 square miles.

The largest library is the Bibliotheque Nationale, in Paris, founded by Louis XIV. It contains 1,400,000 volumes, 300,000 pamphlets, 175,000 manuscripts, 300,000 maps and charts, and 150,000 coins and medals. The collection of engravings exceeds 1,300,000, contained in some 10,000 volumes. The portraits number about 100,000. The building which contains these treasures is situated on the Rue Richelieu. Its length is 540 feet, its breadth 150 feet.

Among the most remarkable natural echoes are that of Eagle's Nest, on the banks of Killarney, in Ireland, which repeats a bugle call until it seems to be sounded from a hundred instruments, and on the banks of the Naha, between Bingea and Cobleutz, which repeats a sound seventeen times. The most remarkable artificial echo known is that in the castle of Simonetta, about two miles from Milan. It is occasioned by the existence of two parallel walls of considerable length. It repeats the report of a pistol sixty times.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives an awful picture of the hideous cruelties perpetrated on the American ship "Gatherer," and the Glasgow Herald earnestly hopes that both the captain and chief officer will be hanged. One of the crew was driven to suicide, another to insanity.