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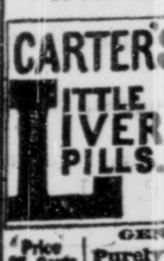
Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Wm. Wood*
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Its all Plain Sailing With Those Who Deal With Us
Our Goods are Right
Our Prices are Right

It lies with you, reader, to give us a chance to prove the above assertion. We are receiving new goods daily. See our Borden Chip Market Baskets from 10c up. Choice Creamery Butter just received. Try our Orange Pekin Tea at 25c per lb. It will please you. We also sell Hazard's genuine

BRAHMIN TEA.

A big stock of finer Teas on hand, from 20c per lb. up.
Also in stock, canned Salmon, Lobsters, Clams, etc., and a full line of general groceries, all at the lowest possible prices. Free delivery of goods to all parts of the city. Telephone communication.

R. F. Maddigan & Co
LOWER QUEEN STREET.

Dividend Notice
Merchants Bank of P. E. Island.

CHARLOTTETOWN, May 31, 1900
Notice is hereby given that a half yearly dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum on the capital stock of this bank has been declared, payable at its Banking house on and after July 3rd, 1900.
The transfer books will be closed from the 18th June to the 3rd July next, both days inclusive.
By order of Board. J. M. DAVISON, Cashier.
une9 1900 2aw 1w.

No Flies on our Bcy's at the Front!

Keep them away from the folks at home.
Order screen doors and windows now.

A. Duchemin & Co
P. E. I. Door and Sash Factory.

A CARD

R. MACNEILL, M. D.,
Having 30 years experience in the practice of his profession, may be consulted on all branches of general medicine including the specialties.
Office and Residence—Prince Street third door above Kindergarten Hall.
Hours—9 to 11 a. m. 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.
dy & wkly 3 mos.

TO BE LET.

The well-known business stand, formerly known as the Central Hotel, containing 22 rooms, with large stable and yard, situated near the market, on Richmond Street. Rent moderate.
Apply to
T CAMPBELL.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Mr. Campbell Makes an Explanation

WHY HE LEFT THE DAVIES GOVERNMENT.

Tax Act and Prohibition Bill Before the House.

THURSDAY, June 7.
House met at 12.30 and considered the journals until one.
At the afternoon session Mr. Campbell rose to a question of privilege. It was not true, as stated by the hon. member for St. Peter's, that he (Mr. Campbell) had changed his politics because he did not get the office of Commissioner of Public Works. In seeking to place himself right on this point it was not his intention to refer to what had transpired in connection with his change of political faith nor to speak of the treachery that had been practised upon him by his Liberal friends previous to the election of 1876. He would say, however, that he was forced into his district in violation of pledges made by the Leader of the Liberal party with a political millstone about his neck in the shape of a colleague whose unpopularity in the district was so great as to very nearly cause his (Mr. Campbell's) defeat. Had he been allowed to choose a local colleague (as was promised) he could have had his election by acclamation instead of securing it by a very narrow majority. After the election a demonstration was proposed in honor of the victory, to which he was strongly opposed. His Leader saw fit to attack him for not taking part in the demonstration, and an angry altercation ensued. The Leader's attack he considered unjust in view of the fact that his colleague who assisted in getting it up did not participate as he knew he had gained his election by Catholic support and that he would have to face them again in a few days. The Davies-Yeo Government was formed in September, 1876. The House met in March, 1876. Mr. Stewart had been Commissioner of Public Works from September, 1876. He (Mr. Campbell) was still a supporter of the Government and assisted in placing the present free school law on the statutes. This, he thought, showed that there was nothing in the statement of Mr. Peters. After the free school act was passed means had to be devised to support it. The Leader claimed that he had a right to place a tax on the farmers of the province for the support of education. He (Mr. Campbell) took the ground that all the people of the province should be taxed. He took the further ground that there should be a special tax for education. A caucus was held to argue on the question. After a long discussion Mr. Davies, in an angry tone, gave him a point blank rebuff and make any alteration in his assessment act, and the next morning he went into the Legislative Assembly and declared himself no longer a supporter of the Government but an independent member of the House. He did not associate with the Opposition, and never attended a caucus with them while they remained in opposition. During the session of 1878 he introduced a resolution setting forth certain reforms in the civil service showing where savings could be effected. But the resolution was voted down by the Government and its supporters. In the summer of 1878 this province was visited by Hon. Alexander McKenzie, Premier of Canada, and Sir Richard Cartwright, Finance Minister. Some difficulty arose in the Government, and four members resigned. The next morning, on the train going to Summerside, Mr. John F. Robertson, then a member of the Government came to him, and telling him that these four members had resigned suggested that he return to his old Liberal friends, promising that if he went back they would give him the office of Commissioner of Public Works. He told Mr. Robertson that if Mr. Davies had anything to say to him he would have to say it himself, as he would not have anything to do with a proxy. When they were west of Kensington Mr. Davies came to him and asked if he would like to have an introduction to Premier McKenzie. After this introduction, when they turned away, they were joined by Mr. Robertson. Mr. Davies then suggested that he had better come back, and renewed the offer that had been made by Mr. Robertson. He told Mr. Davies that if he was prepared to carry out the retrenchments and reforms laid down by him during the session of 1878 and amend the assessment act he would give him support until the end of his term, but he would not accept either office or emolument from him. In the fall of 1878 he (Mr. Campbell) was in town on business. At St. James' corner he met the Leader of the Government, John F. Robertson, the late Henry Beer and Thomas W. Dodd. Mr. Davies again urged him to join his old Liberal friends. The Leader said they were willing to carry out the retrenchments and reforms which he (Mr. Campbell) advocated, and said they would put these ideas in the Governor's speech. He asked him if he was prepared to recast his tax act and levy it on all classes of the community evenly and justly. He said they had not decided on that matter, but offered to give him the office of Colonial Secretary. He of course

declined the offer. The Leader, John F. Robertson and the late Henry Beer accompanied him to the train. Mr. Davies, holding his hand as he was getting on the train, wished him to remain in town. The Leader said that rather than lose his support he would resign the leadership and make him Leader, and he would act as Attorney-General. But he withdrew his hand and stepped on board the train, as he considered the Leader's last offer an insult, having neither the ability nor the experience to enable him to fulfill the position and he would act as a scapegoat for no man. During the short session of 1879 he was constantly urged to take a seat in the Government and support Mr. Davies. But his answer was always the same,—to come on the floor of the House and publicly pledge himself to carry out the reforms which he (Mr. Campbell) deemed to be necessary in the interest of the country. The Leader was willing to give those promises privately but refused to give them publicly. The result was that he was reluctantly forced to vote against him on the resolution of want of confidence, moved by the Leader of the Opposition. During all this time he held no communication with the opposition, neither did he attend the caucus at which the Sullivan Government was formed. When he was asked by the Leader of the Government to take a seat in his cabinet he asked him what his policy was. The Leader stated that he intended to introduce all the retrenchments and reforms possible, and to reduce the expenditure to the lowest figure consistent with keeping up the institutions of the country. Mr. Campbell accepted a seat in the Sullivan Government, but no office. It was only when that policy was put in force and offices amalgamated and Mr. McLeod (now Judge of Prince County) refused to remain any longer Colonial Secretary that he accepted office in that Government. He was proud to have been a member of that Government so ably led by the present Chief Justice who, through his economy and reform, reduced the expenditure of the country nearly \$100,000, thereby saving to the taxpayer an enormous amount of money and faithfully carrying out the pledges made to the electorate. While speaking on the question of privileges he wished to draw attention to a paragraph in the Patriot, which stated that he had to take back two different statements he had made in the House. He never had to take back any statement. He chaffed the member from Peake's and the member from St. Peter's. They made an explanation which he accepted. One of those statements was that when the member from St. Peter's was appointed Attorney General, his colleague, Mr. McLaughlan, put his foot down and said he would not allow him to take the position as he himself had been promised an office and his colleague's appointment would prevent him getting it. He repeated the statement and was prepared to prove it by undoubted authority.
Mr. Shaw asked the Commissioner of Public Works if it is the intention of the Government to pay to the representatives of the late firm of MacKinnon & MacLean the sum of \$557.32, said sum being amount due as claimed by them for machinery and fittings for steamer Hillsborough.
Hon. Mr. McLean said such bill had been sent in, but was not accepted as it was considered that the full amount due had been paid. So far as could be seen the Government would not be justified in paying the claim.
Mr. Campbell asked the Leader of the Government to table a written statement whether he instructed Supervisor McKinnon of DeSable to fill up a road to the shore on the road leading from Hampton Corner to Victoria Braestown, which had been opened by the personal instruction of the Commissioner of Public Works and by an order from the Supervisor, John McKinnon. If he has given such instructions, his reasons for doing so, together with all correspondence between all parties interested and the Leader of the Government.
Hon. Mr. Farquharson said his advice to Mr. McKinnon in regard to this matter was to leave things as they had been for several years.
Mr. Campbell said Mr. McKinnon stated that the Leader told him to fill up the road. He wanted a written statement from the Premier to the effect that he had not instructed McKinnon to fill up the road, as he said he had not given such instruction.
Mr. Campbell asked the Leader of the Government to table all tenders received for the Ferry Service from Charlottetown to West River Bridge for the years 1899 and 1900, the name of the tenderers, a amount of each tender, a copy of all contracts entered into with any person by the Government, the names of the parties who have entered into said contracts, the names of the boats performing said service since the opening of navigation, 1900. Whether any changes have been made in the service, the nature of the changes, the reason for such changes. Also a copy of all correspondence between the Leader of the Government and contractor for said ferry.
Hon. Mr. Farquharson said he would endeavor to give the hon. member the information asked for.
Mr. Kichham asked the Leader of the Government if it is the intention of the Government to cause the telephone system to be extended to North Lake and Red Point, King's County, this present summer.
Mr. Kichham supported the extension asked for, and hoped that it would be attended to at once. The people of the sections of country in question were entitled to the advantages of the telephone.
Mr. Shaw spoke strongly in support of extending the telephone system to North Lake and Red Point, in King's County. The telephone was a great convenience in sections where it was in use. He hoped the Government would see its way clear to comply

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COUNT FOUR

and the money end of it you'll find constructed on an unusually liberal basis for you. Maybe there is more than the prices that you're angry about. You may have been paying a made-to-measure man for style that he didn't put into your garment. That's enough to make you tired, and

WHEN REAL ANGRY

over it—angry enough to consider the advisability of changing your tailor, don't go rushing off to another equally as high-priced, where you have no better assurance of satisfaction, but come here and let us try our hand at giving to you as you want it, when you want it, One trial will make you

SWEAR

by us for all time—that we know. Any price—and good value in each. The limit of your purse is the judge and the value will be found more than equivalent to the price asked.

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All wool Business suits, made well, lined well, and fitted for any shaped man.
Try our Fit-reform suits, a slope-shouldered man may look square, a stooping man more erect, a thin man more robust, and every man more stylish by an intelligent selection of our standard suits at 10, 12 and \$15, or pants at 3, 4 and \$5. "There's 30 per cent to be saved."

PROWSE BROS

What trade we have we'll hold, and what we haven't we're after.

with the wishes of the people in regard to the extension. He did not think there was a member of the House who would object to the proposed extension.
Hon. Mr. Farquharson said the Provincial Government and the Dominion Government were now negotiating regarding this matter of telephone extension. He looked with favor upon the extension himself.
On motion of Hon. Mr. Rogers the bill relating to the taxing of persons from abroad selling goods to consumers was read a third time and passed.
Mr. A. A. McLean introduced a bill to amend the act of the 56th Victoria, Cap 1, intitled "An Act respecting the Legislature."
Hon. Mr. Farquharson thought the bill was not such as should emanate from a member of the Opposition.
Mr. McLean said he had a right to introduce the bill. It did not involve an expenditure of public money.
Hon. Mr. Farquharson again objected to the introduction of the measure. He insisted upon an explanation of the bill being made.
Mr. A. A. McLean pointed out that the bill was directed against persons who held seats in the House who were not residents of the province. Its object is to provide that no non resident shall be a representative of any district in this province. He instanced the case of the Fort Augustus district as strong proof of the urgency of the measure.
The House divided on the motion that the bill be read a first time and it was defeated on a straight party vote.
The measure was discussed up to recess, those taking part being Messrs. A. A. McLean, Shaw, J. R. McLean, Sinclair and Campbell.
Upon motion of Hon. Mr. Farquharson the House went into committee on the bill incorporating the Mayfield Hall Company, Mr. Forbes in the chair. The bill was reported agreed to in committee and set down for third reading tomorrow.
Committee was then resumed on the bill asking that debentures be issued for the asylum annex and steel bridges and other permanent works.
At the evening session the discussion was resumed, Mr. Campbell speaking at length against issuing debentures.
Mr. A. P. Prowse also protested against

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Great variety, excellent values.

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Men's, Youths, and Boys, See our stock.

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(Continued on page 5)