

Liberal - Conservative Candidates.

FOR BELFAST:

A. A. McLean, Esquire.

FOR TIGNISH:

Captain Frank Gallant.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 2, 1888.

Our Merchants' Bank.

The success which has attended the efforts of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island to recover the position lost by it some years ago must be as satisfactory to the shareholders as it is pleasing to the public.

Combines.

It is significant that one of the first subjects discussed in Parliament this session was that of such trade combinations or "trusts" as are common in the neighboring republic, and have lately been operating to a small extent in Canada.

Merely Political.

The Montreal Star says that "It is not difficult to see that the opposition to the Fishery Treaty in the Senate and the press of the United States is merely political."

The Press Gallery.

The press gallery of the House of Commons, Ottawa, is made up as follows: Toronto Globe, Messrs J. S. Willison and A. C. Campbell; Toronto Mail, Messrs A. F. Wallis, John A. Ewen and H. M. Matthews;

There is nothing like treating a subject in a perfectly clear, intelligible style. For instance, what could be plainer than the statements of a San Remo correspondent who writes the information that an examination of the Crown Prince's throat showed that while there were no gangrenous lymphatic corpuscles or suppurating cells therein an indurated kernel had been found which revealed clusters of epidermoidal cells, many of which had become quite homogeneous?

The Rothschilds and Jay Gould are credited with getting up a corner on the earth. They can't do it. The earth is round and hasn't got corners.

The deaths by smallpox in Cuba from May last to January number 4,000, of which 2,000 were in Havana.

Militia and Defence.

The annual report of the Department of Militia and Defence, for the year ending December 31st, 1887, is to hand. It, as usual, contains a large amount of information of special interest to members of the militia force.

"The Sours and Montague Batteries came into Camp Brighton, Charlottetown, on the 27th June, where they had the advantage of the guns to drill on. They made good use of their time under an instructor from the Halifax Brigade Garrison Artillery, Sergeant M. Gibbs. They are a remarkably fine body of men. The Prince Edward Islanders have always been to the fore in artillery competitions, and this year won two first prizes at Orleans Island, Quebec.

"The Engineer Company turned out on the 30th June, the day kept by the people of Charlottetown as Jubilee Day, and acquitted themselves to my entire satisfaction. The Company was inspected by Captain Davidson, Inspector of Engineers, in October, who reported to me that they were efficient.

"The stores were well looked after; the 50-round pouches and belts are obsolete and unserviceable. I have inspected all armories myself, which are in fair order. The Drill Shed at Charlottetown is in good order.

"The inspection of this Company was to have taken place on the 29th September, but owing to the wet weather, it had at the last moment, to be put off till the next day. In consequence of this the Company was unable to parade in quite its full strength.

"I am glad to be able to report that the expectation expressed last year of finding a marked improvement in this Company, has been fulfilled. It is now in a very satisfactory condition and should, I think, continue year by year to steadily improve."

do with the Charlottetown Engineers competing for the Gzowski prize is as follows:— "Having selected a site near the river in the neighborhood of spruce trees and young undergrowth of brushwood, and adjacent to a small spring, I shall lay off the Camp as nearly as possible to the description given on the plan annexed. The men on being marched to the ground will be told off into working parties. A Corporal or Lance Corporal, with a small squad, will immediately prepare the water supply by sinking and enlarging the spring and protecting it from defilement; another small squad will prepare the latrines. A few sentries or pickets will be posted to protect and warn the working parties. The largest number will be detailed for the hutting and will be divided into four squads, the whole of whom will erect the command of a Sergeant, cut the poles and brushwood required for the huts, before being divided into squads for huts. When a sufficient quantity of poles and brushwood has been cut, this large squad will be sub-divided into smaller ones for each hut. The hut will be gable-shaped, each half of which is constructed on the ground, and when completed will be raised each half locking in like a lock bridge. A sapper will then place himself upon the gable and fix the top with boughs or thatch. A squad will also be detailed to construct a field kitchen.

"After the completion of the huts, which is calculated to take about four hours, the whole company will prepare its defence, being divided into squads, the superintendence of which will be under the direction of an Officer. "Time and tools required: "Field Kitchen—1 corporal, 5 men, 4 hours, 3 pick-axes, 1 bill hook, bundle of pickets, 4 spades, 1 camp kettle, measuring rod. "Wood party—1 sergeant, 2 corporals, 2 lance corporals, 18 men, time, 1 hour. "The wood for each hut to consist of poles about three or four inches in diameter and twelve feet long, and for each of the men's huts there will be required 30 or 36, also of smaller stuff for being lashed across these poles to hold the thatch work of spruce boughs, about 100 pickets, 1 cart or wagon load of spruce boughs. The beds will be made of mats of grass, straw or seaweed. "After the wood has been brought up, each squad in charge of the Non-Commissioned Officer will lay off and construct each hut. "For each men's hut there will be 1 Non-Commissioned Officer and 4 men. Tools—2 shovels, 1 pick axe, 2 bill hooks, 2 gaff knives, measuring rod, bundle of pickets, spun yarn, twine, nails and hammer, 1 saw. "For mats for bedding—bundle of stakes and twine. Each hut will accommodate a corporal and twelve men. "For latrines—1 lance corporal and four men. "Tools—4 shovels and picks, 1 measuring rod, spun yarn or rope, 4 poles, 4 to 6 inches in diameter, 12 feet long, for seat and rest, 8 stakes, 5 feet long, 4 inches in diameter. "One Non-Commissioned Officer and six men will take charge of the Officers', Non-Commissioned Officers' and guard huts, which will be much smaller than the other huts. The tools required, the same as for the other huts. "When the squads detailed for latrines and perfecting of water supply have finished, they will assist in the construction of the Officers', Non-Commissioned Officers' and guard huts. "It may perhaps be better to make the huts for the men a little larger, when only two will be required."

Public Opinion.

(Montreal Star, Independent.)

The reticence which the Opposition in Parliament observed with regard to the Fishery Treaty was judicious. It showed that party feeling in the House of Commons is to some extent giving way to patriotism. When members of Her Majesty's Opposition, from considerations of the public welfare, refrain from having a fling at the Government when, as they believe, a good opportunity presents itself, there is hope for the country. The example set by Mr. Gladstone a few days ago, who, when one of the most influential of his own followers was pressing the Government unduly and injudiciously with regard to its relations with a foreign nation, rose and expressed his unqualified approbation of Lord Salisbury's foreign policy, should not be lost on the leader of the Opposition and his followers in the Canadian House of Commons. Mr. Gladstone lost nothing either in Parliament or in the country by his patriotic act, while his approval of the foreign policy of the Government reassured those who relied upon his judgment and looked to him for advice. Mr. Gladstone was quite willing that Lord Salisbury should enjoy all the credit to which his wise conduct of foreign affairs entitled him. In the same way no Liberal, who really believes that the settlement of the Fishery Question is fair and honorable, should be deterred from saying so openly and manfully, merely because Sir Charles Dupper had a hand in negotiating the Treaty.

Here is a sample of Yankee reckoning: "Because we permit Canadian fishing vessels to buy bait and supplies in our ports, therefore we have a right to demand that our fishing vessels be allowed to buy bait and supplies in Canadian ports." Let us apply the reasoning: Great Britain admits United States manufactured goods into her ports duty free; therefore she has a right to demand that the United States admit her manufactured goods in their ports duty free. Or suppose Canada were to-morrow to abolish the duty on United States mackerel; would she have the right to demand that the United States should forthwith abolish their duty on Canadian mackerel? The truth is, as every unbiased man, Yankee or Canadian, must see at a glance, that the United States politicians, who are using the above style of argument, would be the first to resent the application of any such principle to the United States by any other nation. Each country is independent within itself, and has the right to regulate its own tariff and customs laws as suits its own interests, subject only to its treaty obligations.

GO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that my brother, GEO. N. E. AULD, has this day been admitted a partner with me in the Wholesale Grocers' Business heretofore carried on in Charlottetown under the name of J. M. AULD. Henceforth the business will be continued under the firm name of AULD BROS. JAMES M. AULD, March 1st, 1888. Referring to the above and while thanking our many customers for the very generous patronage with which the business has been favored in the past, we beg to say that we have facilities for doing a large business hereafter, and hope to be favored with a fair share of trade. AULD BROS., March 1, 1888—57 St. John's way 21

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. James Carruthers, Robert Fraser, Jr., to Sadie, eldest daughter of A. N. Leago, Esq., all of this city.

THE GREAT

Clearance Sale - AT THE - LONDON HOUSE - Is Still Going On.

Many Fine Grades of Goods.

LARGE DISCOUNTS.

And every effort made to meet the requirements of CASH BUYERS.

F. W. MOORE.

Assignee of HARRIS & STEWART, Ch'town, March 2, 1888.

Houses For Sale and To Let.

The Subscriber, having in view giving up house-keeping, offers for sale the Dwelling House and Premises occupied by him on Dorchester Street, with Stable and Out-buildings, and one-half a Town Lot of Land. The house is well finished and commodious in every respect, and the Rooms are large and conveniently arranged.

Hot Water Heating Apparatus.

Also—The new Dwelling House fronting on Prince Street, adjoining the last-mentioned House, and of the same size. Tenants seeking good comfortable Dwellings are invited to examine these. Immediate possession. For terms apply to GEORGE ALLEY, Ch'town, March 3, 1888—240 pat gear

P. E. Island Railway.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Steam Coal," will be received until 5 P.M. on Friday, March 24th, instant, inclusive, for the supply of Six Thousand Five Hundred (6,500) Tons of the best fresh-mined ROUND STEAM COAL, for Locomotive use.

Table with 2 columns: Location, Tons. Includes Charlottetown (3,250), Summerside (2,400), Georgetown (600), St. John's (300), Cape Traverse (150).

At least one-quarter of the whole quantity required at each of the above-mentioned Stations to be delivered on or before the 30th day of June next, and delivery of the whole to be completed on or before the first day of October, 1888.

The first payment will be made in July, and monthly thereafter, 100 per cent, to be retained from each payment until the final and satisfactory completion of the contract.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. J. UNSWORTH, Acting Superintendent.

Railway Office, Ch'town, March 1st, 1888, mh2-41 31 wky 11

MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1888, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Court House in Charlottetown:—

All that tract, piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being on Lot or Township Number Thirty-two, in Queen's County, Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say:—All that tract, piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being on Lot Number Thirty-two aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: by a line commencing on the west side of the North River Road, at the south-east angle of a farm of Land in possession of Hugh McEwen, and running westerly along the southern boundary thereof to the south-west angle of said Hugh McEwen's farm; thence running south easterly to the North River Road aforesaid, by a line parallel with said Hugh McEwen's southern boundary; thence north along the western side of said road to the place of commencement, containing Thirty-Five Acres of Land, a little more or less.

The above sale is made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the Seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1883, and made between Penelope McKenzie, of the one part, and Johanna Carroll, of the other part.

For further particulars apply at the Office of McLeod, Morison & McQuarrie, Solicitors, Charlottetown.

Dated this 2nd day of March, A. D. 1888. mh2-41 2nd day

NOW

IS THE TIME to leave your orders at the DIAMOND BOOKSTORE for the best qualities of

ROOM PAPER.

I have received direct from the factory a full line of samples of BRONZE AND VELVET PAPERS, for WALLS, CEILINGS AND DECORATIONS, as it is impossible to keep in stock anything approaching a good assortment. By this means you are enabled to make as good a selection of the choicest styles as if you did so in Montreal, Boston or other chief places.

All orders taken will be at once forwarded to the makers, and be received in good season at nett price.

IN STOCK,

An extra large stock of the LATEST AND BEST DESIGNS, From FIVE CENTS per Roll Upward, BEST VALUE IN THE CITY.

Remember the place,—

DIAMOND BOOKSTORE,

Queen Street—Queen Chapel. THEO. L. CHAPPELLE. Ch'town, Feb. 27, 1888—51 eod

March, 1888.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

OF DRY GOODS.

JAMES PATON & CO.

Must clear out Surplus Stock to make room for Large Spring Importations. Bargains will be given in every Department during this Month.

Ladies and Children's HOSIERY, KID GLOVES and MITTS, ULSTER and MANTLE CLOTHS, CORSETS, all sizes (from best makers), White and Cream LACES and EDGINGS, Wool and Tapestry TABLE COVERS, DRESS GOODS (in newest shades), Men's Heavy OVERCOATS and REEFERS, SILK and FELT HATS, RUBBER CLOTHING, LINDERS and DRAWERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS and SCARFS, LINEN COLLARS and CUFF.

SCOTCH TWEEDS—Nice patterns, selling very cheap, TRUNKS and VALISES, all sizes, ROOM PAPER—The latest patterns, the largest assortment, the lowest prices.

JAMES PATON & CO.,

March 1, 1888—dy & wky MARKET SQUARE.

EMBROIDERIES.

AN IMMENSE STOCK.

Nice Patterns, All Widths,

— AND —

PRICES LOW.

Above Goods just received via Capes Route.

STANLEY BROTHERS

BROWN'S BLOCK. Ch'town, March 1, 1888—eod & wky.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

OF BOOTS & SHOES,

— AT THE —

Dominion Boot & Shoe Store.

During the Month of March,

J. B. MACDONALD

— WILL CLEAR OUT HIS —

Entire Stock of Boots and Shoes at a Discount

of 20 per cent. off his usual low prices.

The Stock is nearly all New last Fall. Customers are sure to get the best value for their money at THE DOMINION BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

J. B. McDONALD, PROPRIETOR.

February 20—dy & wky

OVERCOATS, SUITS.

Heavy All-Wool Pants, a Specialty.

KNIT SHIRTS, ALL STYLES.

Flannel Shirts, Lindens, &c.

ALL AT AWAY DOWN PRICES.

GEO. E. FULL,

SIGN OF THE LION, QUEEN STREET. Ch'town, Feb. 18, 1888.