

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 17, 1888.

Editorial Notes.

—Over half a million dollars' worth of buildings are in course of erection in Victoria, B. C. Still the Oppositionists cry out that the N. P. is ruining the country.

—The immigration returns of Canada for the month of June show the total arrivals to be 14,780; the arrivals for the first six months of the year were 84,543, as against 70,745 last year. The settlers in Canada during the month were 5,610, and in the six months 40,323, as against 36,146 a gratifying increase.

—The Montreal Gazette remarks that "sixty thousand dollars is a goodly sum for an economical Government to spend on a fountain in front of the Legislative buildings. The amount the fountain cost would have gone far to equip the agricultural college and model farm the commission so strongly recommended the Government to institute."

—We have to announce, to-day, the death to this world of William McCarron, who was for several years a faithful and esteemed employe of THE EXAMINER. He bore a long and tedious illness with exemplary patience; and, at the last, passed quietly and painlessly away in the sure possession of the Christian's hope. We deeply sympathize with his widowed mother, who, in the short space of seven years, has been deprived of the love and support of her husband and two sons grown to manhood.

—The steady advance in methods of treating horses and caring for their health is noteworthy. A fast trotter or runner receives all the care and attention which man can give. He is tended like an infant. His food is inspected and measured. If he is "off feed" a horse doctor is called in. If he becomes too healthy he is trained down. There are horse dentists who file and fill the teeth as for a human being. The latest wrinkle, however, is a Turkish bath for horses, in which they are put through the same sweating and cooling processes as human beings. Such a bath is run in connection with a stable in New York and its patronage has become large and profitable.

—Adjutant-General Powell says the turn out of corps for the annual drill this year has proved successful, and the results of the practice gained in the departments of transport and subsistence are very satisfactory. The various organizations in the different districts have assembled at and moved off from their company and battalion headquarters and returned to them with a regularity and freedom from casualties which can only be reasonably expected from corps having more than twelve days' training biennially. Indeed, considering how difficult it is to maintain efficiently those rural corps which are only permitted to drill for pay each alternate year, the results, he says, are astonishing.

—At the Department of Agriculture it has been ascertained that the number of Icelandic settlers in the Northwest is about 8,000, or a tenth of the population of Iceland. The population of Gimli, the first Icelandic settlement, is rapidly increasing, and settlements are being opened up along the west shore of Lake Winnipeg. Large numbers of Mormons are coming by way of Fort McLeod to the settlement in the Athabaska District. In regard to the Scotch crofters, they have adapted themselves to their surroundings in Manitoba, and the cheering reports they have sent out will, it is believed in the department, have the effect of causing an emigration of settlers from the North of Scotland.

—Maine is coming to the front as a divorce state. With a population about half that of Quebec, during 1887 its courts granted no less than 512 legal separations of man and wife, but 69 of which were on what is recognized as Scriptural ground. Desertion, cruelty, intoxication and failure to support, made up the majority of the causes alleged. This is not a happy state of affairs, and indicates a disregard for the sacredness of the marriage tie that has worked and will work serious evil to the country. In 382 cases the woman was the complainant, and it is somewhat of a reflection on the administration of the prohibitory law that in 77 instances intoxication (habitual, it is presumed), should be the reason alleged.

—We are in receipt of a sample copy of the Progress of St. John, N. B.—an excellent sample it is, at once lively and first-class. Among the articles is one on educationists, including Dr. Anderson and Mr. Montgomery. Of Dr. Anderson it says:—

"Dr. Anderson has done much to arouse interest in the public schools of the Province, and his influence and devotion has been felt, and is being made apparent in the schools of Prince Edward Island. Students from his classes generally gain high honors throughout the Maritime Provinces, and two of his pupils have won successively the Gresham scholarship. In December last, his former students tendered him a banquet to signalize the completion of a quarter century's educational work on the Island, accompanying it by an address and a handsome present. Just previous to that he had been invited to become one of the editors of the Educational Review. He is at present the President of the Prince Edward Island Teachers' Convention."

Of Mr. Montgomery it says:—

"Mr. Montgomery, in his administration of the Island school laws, has introduced many effective changes, quietly and gradually, but persistently. To him is due the credit of putting into harmonious and successful working order the legislative enactments of 1877. To do so more thoroughly, he recommended the amalgamation of the provincial college and Normal School, and outlined a bill for the legislature for that purpose, which became law in 1879. The effect of this change has been to secure better academic training for teachers, and to concentrate the teaching force of both institutions. Mr. Montgomery also made the securing of high school privileges a matter of general competition amongst the school sections on such a basis as to remove jealousy and promote healthful rivalry. He also introduced and succeeded in carrying out a uniform system of provincial examinations, of two grades—the junior examination admitting pupils to the junior department of the Normal School, and the senior admitting to the intermediate departments. In conclusion, it may be stated that Mr. Montgomery was largely instrumental in organizing a Provincial Teachers' Institute, of which he was President for five successive years.

A Trip to the Queen City.

I promised to give you a short account of the chief incidents observed on my visit to Toronto. I left Charlottetown on Saturday, the 7th via Point du Chene and Moncton, lying over at Campbellton on Sunday where we attended a large and very interesting meeting of the Railway Gospel Meeting. Passing through Montreal and Quebec, we reached Toronto on Wednesday morning. The National Division opened at 10 o'clock, about 150 delegates being present from P. E. Island on the east, Winnipeg on the west, and Tennessee on the south. The weather was beautiful. A grand reception was given to the visiting delegates by Mayor Clarke and E. King Dods, on behalf of the city. Every delegate was presented with a beautiful badge, which was worn on the street. I was taken by one fellow for an Orangeman. Next day being the 12th the city appeared to be completely taken by the Orangemen in procession. On Friday morning I got to Ottawa, where I was kindly shown round by Mr. R. W. Brecken, of the Railway Department, the Parliament Buildings, public offices, statue of Sir George Cartier, &c. A cannon is fired here every day at 12 o'clock, standard, by electricity from Montreal, 120 miles, and the report is deafening. Returning home we spent Sunday, in St. John, N. B., and Fairville, where we had a look at the new Cantilever Bridge and the new I. C. R. Station. I came across quite a number of persons who are returning from the Pacific Coast, declaring that it is overdone, and singing "There's no place like home." Of all the places I have seen, I know of none that I would exchange for P. E. Island.

J. J. C.

The Twelfth at Browns Creek.

This day, which is celebrated by the Orangemen as marking the date of the victory of King William III. at the battle of the Boyne, passed off very quietly in this Province, and indeed we think in the Dominion at large. It is creditable to the tolerant and enlightened spirit of the age that we find public feeling improving in this respect. It is not too much to expect that the time is at hand, or at least not far distant when it will not be considered necessary to make any display of the observance of this day. It is gratifying to find that the issues and questions which disturb the good feeling and fellowship of the people on that day are now at rest and happily disposed of and settled. The little harmless display we see now passes unheeded by the good sense of those who might unfortunately take any offence. Of such a character was the display and Tea held at this place on the 12th. The unfavorable weather in the morning prevented a very large gathering. Those who were there, however, were largely representative of every Christian denomination on the Island. It is a happy day when such is the case. The only feature worth noticing was, perhaps, not a new one. A prominent M. L. C. from Cardigan appeared early on the ground, and did a flourishing business in the distribution of circulars containing the report of a very celebrated speech delivered by the hon. gentleman himself in the Legislative Council last session, on Reciprocity with the United States. It was received by the young crowd with evident amusement. The hon. gentleman was well pleased—and if the great speech was not read—the loss was not too great, considering the number of other great attractions. This passed off very orderly, very friendly—one of those gatherings which shows that the time is fast approaching when the lion and the lamb shall lie down together, and the leopard shall eat hay like the ox. So mote it be.

Stipendiary Magistrate's Court.

Daniel Steele, larceny from the store of W. F. Carter, Upper Queen Street. In this case it appears that shortly before eight o'clock last evening Steele entered the store through the rear entrance, and going behind the counter pulled out the cash drawer and took therefrom \$10, returning the same way he had entered. At the time of the theft Mr. Carter was standing in the front door watching what was going on upon the street, one of the clerks was sitting behind the counter, and another, who was coming into the shop through the rear hall, saw the thief rushing out with his booty.

Officers Cameron and Bradley arrested Steele at Dawson's corner a few minutes after the robbery, and they state that although he had evidently been drinking he was well able to walk and had his senses about him. They searched him and found two \$5 notes and some cents in his pocket. Steele said, in defence, that he was intoxicated yesterday evening, and he supposed he must have entered the store and taken the money when he did not realize what he was doing. A sentence of four months' imprisonment was imposed.

Daniel Steele, larceny from the store of John Darrach, Richmond Street. In this case it appears that yesterday evening, between six and seven o'clock, while the family were at tea, Steele entered the shop and took some thirty or forty cents from the cash drawer. Mr. Darrach came in before Steele had time to leave with his booty, and by way of excuse Steele asked him for some tobacco. Mr. Darrach did not like the looks of Steele and examined the cash drawer to see if any money had been taken therefrom, and discovering his loss at once accused Steele of the theft. On Steele being searched the missing money was found in his pockets. Steele gave his name as Macdonald. Mr. Darrach, after he had got his money, ejected Steele from the store.

Steele had the same excuse in this case as in the previous one. He was sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

Daniel Steele, entering the Tea Store on Queen street with burglarious intent. The evidence was to the effect that yesterday afternoon Steele entered the store through a rear window, and upon seeing that some people were in the store retreated by the way he came in. This case was not gone into.

Mr. Oliver Rattenbury appeared as counsel for Steele.

William Curbick was fined \$30 or 30 days, for being drunk and disorderly on Long Street last evening.

Eight Scott Act cases were adjourned for one week.

Now is the time to subscribe for the P. E. Island Directory, shortly to be issued. Office, McEachern's Building, Queen Street.

Canada's Birthday.

CELEBRATED BY A BRILLIANT BANQUET IN THE IMPERIAL CAPITAL—OUR PROGRESS SKETCHED.

The twenty first anniversary of the Canadian Confederation was celebrated at London on the 12th instant, by a grand banquet. There was a brilliant company, including Sanford Fleming, Sir Adam Wilson, Premier Mowat, Baron Knutsford, Lord Lansdowne, Sir Charles Tupper, Mr. Dalton McCarthy, M. P., Mr. A. F. McIntyre, Mr. Donald Macmaster, and Mayor McLeod Stewart of Ottawa presided.

After the Queen and the Prince and Princess of Wales had been proposed by the chairman, the toast "Our Mother Country" was proposed by Mr. Dalton McCarthy who said that Canada wanted Imperial Federation. Lord Knutsford, Colonial Secretary, in replying, testified to the deep and keen interest felt by the Government respecting the welfare and progress of the Dominion. Regarding Imperial Federation he said that he was quite sure of one thing, that any such proposal must come from the colonies and not from England, which would give it the utmost attention.

Replying to the toast, "Our Governor-General," Lord Lansdowne expressed his immense pleasure at finding a Canadian oasis in the London wilderness and the old faces of Canadian friends. He dwelt on the absolute single-heartedness and patriotism of the politicians of Canada, however differing in their opinions. The discussion how to reform the present constitution of Canada would do no harm but good if it were properly conducted.

Responding to the toast of the Dominion, proposed by Mr. Macmaster, Sir Charles Tupper sketched the birth and growth of Canada from a small isolation of a few antagonistic provinces; how twenty-five years ago, when leader of the Government of Nova Scotia, he had addressed himself to the confederation of the Maritime Provinces; how the larger question of the general confederation grew from the smaller; how with the assistance of both great parties the Canadian constitution was formed, which Hon. Mr. Mowat would probably frankly admit to be worthy of praise, though twenty-one years' experience doubtless showed some reforms were possibly needed. Sir Charles Tupper hailed Imperial Federation with every satisfaction, because the project was promoted by patriotic motives and a desire to draw closer the silken bonds uniting the colonies and the motherland. Finally he contrasted the financial position of the Dominion today with 1866, when he had difficulty in obtaining \$400,000 for a railway from Truro to Pictou.

Hon. Mr. Mowat, responding to the same toast, said Sir Charles Tupper was a giant of party politics in Canada. He hoped, therefore, he would remain in his present post always, where he discharged his duties in a manner above criticism, actuated by pure regard to the welfare of the Dominion. He eulogized Lord Knutsford's earnest attention and keen interest to the concerns of the colonies. The constitution of the Dominion was certainly not perfect, though in whatever direction reform was necessary it must be to strengthen rather than weaken the bonds uniting the colonies and the motherland.

Boston Markets.

The official market report of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, July 12, gives the following quotations:—

Eggs.—Receipts for the week 27 boxes, 111 bbls., 14,989 cases; last week 42 boxes, 22 bbls., 8,862 cases. There was a very good demand early in the weeks, and prices were still further advanced. For the past day or two Eastern extras have been selling at 18½ to 19c; P. E. Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick at 18½ to 18c; Michigan extras at 18 to 18½c, and other western at 17½ to 18c as to quality. At the advanced prices trade is not quite so active as it has been, but the market closes with a steady tone.

POTATOES.—There has been an active market the past week and since Monday prices have taken a sharp upward turn. Tuesday the best rose and hebrons sold at \$3.00 to \$3.25, but yesterday were scarce at \$4.00. The market closes very firm at quotations.

FISH.—Receipts of codfish continue light and prices have further advanced. Mackerel are in steady demand with prices well sustained.

Personal.

Mr. J. J. Chappell arrived home from Toronto last evening.

Mr. Angus McLeod, M. P. P., Brown's Creek, is registered at the Osborne.

Rev. A. E. Burke returned from his trip to the United States last evening, looking well. Joseph Pope, Esq., Sir John's private secretary, intends to visit this Province in a few days.

Police-Marshal Passmore is visiting Boston. Sergeant Cameron is Acting-Marshal during his absence.

Rev. Job Shenton, wife and family, were among the passengers in the early train this morning, en route to Woodstock, N. B. A number of their friends assembled at the station to bid them bon voyage.

Mr. W. C. Desbrisay, of the Summerside Journal, was in the city last evening. It is said that he was on a still hunt for pearls, but not being so successful as some of his friends, left for home in disgust this morning.

Rev. H. P. Coppershaw preached his farewell sermon in Queen Square Church, St. John, on Sunday evening, to a large congregation. The rev. gentleman, who has been transferred to Tryon, leaves for his new charge to-morrow morning.

Mr. Charles Minto the well known and popular representative of the Messrs. McIntyre, Son & Co., of Montreal, having severed his connection with that firm, and having accepted a position with Messrs. Gault Bros., he will not be able to visit his customers in this Province as heretofore.

Dr. and Mrs. Anderson, D. Montgomery, Esq., Superintendent of Education, Miss McKinnon, Miss Maria Lawson, Mr. George Robinson and Mr. Shaw, left by early train this morning for St. John, to attend the Inter-Provincial Convention of School Teachers, which opens there this evening. Miss Barr, the Principal of Upper Prince Street School, who is now visiting in Moncton, joins the party at that place.

The P. E. Island Directory shortly to be published, is meeting success from all parts of the country. Parties wishing to advertise in this work should send in their copy at once. Office, McEachern's Building, Queen Street.

Grand United Sabbath School PICNIC AND General Excursion.

THE METHODIST SUNDAY SCHOOLS of this city have arranged to hold their Annual Picnic

AT MIDGELL, Thursday, 2nd August.

The grounds selected are pleasantly situated on the picturesque shores of St. Peter's Bay, about 30 miles from town. A City Brass Band will be in attendance, and ample amusements provided for young and old. Tea and Refreshments will be supplied for visitors at reasonable rates. Two Special Trains will leave Charlottetown as follows: First Train, with Sabbath Schools, at 9 a. m. Second Train, with visitors, at 9.30 a. m. Returning to leave Middell at 5 and 6 p. m. Fare for the round trip, only 6j cents. Tickets for sale at Hassard's Bookstore. Remember that it is proposed to make this the great gala day of the season, and energetic committees will see that arrangements are carried out to secure the comfort and enjoyment of all. Visitors intending to join the Excursion should secure tickets early, as only a limited number will be issued. Jy17

I. O. O. F. Funeral Notice.

THE Members of the City Lodges are requested to meet at Oddfellows' Hall, To-morrow (WEDNESDAY) Evening, at 8 o'clock, in order to make arrangements for the reception of the remains of their late Brother, J. T. OWEN, P. G. of Gateway City Lodge, Emerson, Manitoba. J. S. NELSON, N. G., St. Lawrence Lodge. R. D. COFFIN, N. G., Widley Lodge. Jy17

MONTAGUE TEA PARTY.

A TEA PARTY in connection with ST. MARY'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH, Montague Bridge, will be held on

Tuesday, 14th August.

It is a well established fact that all the Tea Parties heretofore held in this connection have been first-class, enjoyable and pleasant reunions, where all who attend can meet their friends and neighbors and participate in a day's pleasure. The Committee are determined to not only keep up their past record, but hope to introduce many new features and additional sports to amuse and entertain all who patronize them. Good Music and seasonable Refreshments will be provided.

"Come One, Come All" F. S. MACDONALD, Secretary. Montague, July 16, 1888. Jy17—day sat li wky tl date her

Household Furniture.

I am instructed by RICHARD SLOGGETT, Esq., to sell

BY AUCTION AT HIS RESIDENCE.

UPPER PRINCE STREET, Wednesday, July 18,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.:

ALL HIS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising Drawing Room, Dining Room and Bedroom Suites, 1 English Piano, Card Tables, Whatnots, Centre Tables, Cheffinaers, Brackets, Brussels Carpets, Stair Carpets and Rods, Oil Cloth, Rugs, Fire Irons, Cornices, Curtains, Pictures, etc., etc. Also—1 Base Burner, Cook Stove and Kitchen Utensils, etc. G. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer. Jy23

A Grand Excursion

Under the Auspices of the City Lodges of the

Independent Order of Oddfellows,

—WILL BE HELD—

On Monday, 23rd July,

—ON THE—

STMR. "HEATHER BELLE,"

—TO—

PUGWASH, N. S.

The Steamer will leave the Steam Navigation Company's Wharf at 8 o'clock, sharp; returning will arrive in Charlottetown about 9 o'clock, p. m. The BAND OF THE 82ND BATTALION will accompany the Excursionists, and the Committee will use their best endeavors to make the day thoroughly enjoyable. Ample REFRESHMENTS will be provided on board. Return Tickets \$1.00 each, to be had from members of the Order, and at the Drug Stores and Diamond Bookstore. Secure your tickets at once, as only a limited number will be issued.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Secretary of Committee. Jy14—sat tu th sat

Moonlight Excursion.

STEAMER "SOUTHPORT"

Will leave the FERRY WHARF

ON THURSDAY, JULY 19,

AT FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

for Hillsborough River, returning at 6.30, and will leave again at 7 p. m., returning at 9. Refreshments and Tea may be obtained on board. Strawberries, Aunt Sallie, and other attractions. St. Peter's Brass Band will be in attendance. Fare 20 cents. Children under 12, half price on the afternoon trip. Jy 14 date—Jy14

NOBODY HURT

But the Manufacturers.

\$7,000 WORTH OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, FOR MEN AND BOYS, Bought at a Great Sacrifice, and will be cleared out at Slaughter Prices.

A LOT OF BANKRUPT CLOTHING.

SAMPLE PRICES: 550 suits selling for - - - \$3.75 680 Suits " - - - 4. 2 750 Suits " - - - 5.50

Come straight along for the Best Bargains to

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

Ch'town, June 14, 1888—dy & wky

Twenty Years' Experience.

NEW GOODS.

WE have just received a large selection of Goods. We are now selling Watches from \$3.50 up to \$40.00. We are selling Clocks from \$1.00 up to \$15.00, nice patterns. Brooches, Earrings, Wedding and other Rings, Lockets, Cuff Buttons, Charms, Studs, Chains, Bracelets, Spectacles, &c., a very large selection, and the prices are such that will meet with your approval. We are now prepared to do REPAIRING TO CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY in a thoroughly scientific manner. Having the latest improved Lathes and Tools used by the most experienced workmen, we are prepared to give the utmost satisfaction to all work entrusted to our care. EVERY JOB WARRANTED. Please give us a call.

G. G. JURY,

North Side Queen Square, - - - - - Opposite the Post Office Ch'town, P. E. I., July 12, 1888—dy 3m 2aw wky 3m

TRYON WOOLEN COMPANY.

WOOL SEASON, 1888.

J. D. REID and HON. H. J. CALLBECK, Agents, Ch'town; WILLIAM REID, Agent, Summerside; other Agencies as last year.

THE AGENTS OF THIS COMPANY are well stocked with our New Cloths to exchange for WOOL on the usual terms. TRYON TWEEDS have been before the public for the last twenty-five years. They always sell on their merits, as no effort has ever been made to BOOM them by advertising. The Farmers, the Mechanics, the Working People generally, and ALL who study economy, buy them on account of their great durability.

INSPECTION AND COMPARISON SOLICITED, then decide whose manufactures are the best in the market.

TRYON WOOLEN MFG CO.,

Ch'town, June 18, 1888—dy & wky

By their Agent, J. D. REID.

P. J. FORAN

Is doing an Immense Trade, and is bound to increase it by giving his Customers

PERFECT-FITTING CLOTHES

Made up by Skilled Workmen, at prices that will bring the population of P. E. Island to the

Dry Goods Store of the late Owen Connolly,

To choose for themselves from a nice assortment of

CANADIAN & FOREIGN GOODS.

Ladies' Tailoring done in the Latest American Styles.

P. J. FORAN,

May 1—eod tf

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

LORNE HOTEL,

Tracadie Beach, P. E. Island.

THIS FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT will be open to receive Guests on SATURDAY, THE 30th JUNE. Under efficient management, it will assure pleasure and comfort to all who may avail themselves of the special advantages of this Popular Resort.

The distance from Charlottetown is only 13 miles by a good road, passing through a splendid and picturesque farming country; or, if you prefer rail, Trains run twice a day from Charlottetown to Bedford Station, where Teams are waiting to convey Guests to the LORNE, a distance of four miles, occupying about one hour from the time of starting, where you can have Surf Bathing, Boating, Shooting, River and Deep Sea Fishing, etc., etc., and all the usual Sports indulged in during the holidays. CHARGES MODERATE.

For terms and full particulars apply to JOHN J. DAVIES, Proprietor of Hotel Davies, or SIMON W. CRABBE, Esqrs., Charlottetown.

LORNE HOTEL CO., (LTD.)

June 20, 1888—4w etd