

what benefit would the Tories derive from such a display? There are two other Counties, in which, if their electors were assembled at one particular place in each, would pronounce an opinion directly in favour of the Government for the course they have pursued in this matter.

Anxious to throw the responsibility of a breach of the peace, if it occur, upon any one's shoulders but their own—the Obstructives pretend to be shockingly incensed at the few good humoured remarks which we made in our last No. in reference to the forthcoming meeting.

THE RULE OF EQUITY.

The above is the caption of the leading article in the Protector of Wednesday last. The editor pro tem., after quoting, with blasphemous misapplication, the divine precept, "Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so unto them"

Meanwhile, without wishing or intending to write anything in any wise offensive to the ex-Postmaster General's feelings, we cannot but suggest a resemblance between the situation of the Government relatively to Mr. Owen, in connection with his late office, and the complaint of Launce in the Two Gentlemen of Verona:—

When a man's servant shall play the cur with him, look you, it goes hard: one that I brought up of a puppy; one that I saved from drowning, when three or four of his blind brothers and sisters went to it!

We have deemed it unnecessary to notice at length several misstatements in the article under consideration, but there is one so glaringly false that it would be unpardonable to pass it over in silence. The pious Protector assures its readers that the Government have excluded the Bible from all our public schools.

A DANIEL COME TO JUDGMENT.

We read in the Islander of last Friday, when we had no better amusement for our leisure, a letter addressed to the Lieut. Governor, and signed by one "Alexander McKay," who styles himself a "Minister of the Gospel"—(we would not be aware of the fact unless he had condescendingly informed us of it), and a "Graduate of a Scottish University"

The best laid schemes of mice and men, he knows the rest of his countryman's shrewd remark, and we have some pity for him, seeing him shivering under the cold blanket which the Assistant Colonial Secretary has thrown over his epistolary labours.

He whines in proper Puritanical style to His Excellency about some speeches—(he calls them "flagitious")—said to have been spoken by the Leader of the Government, and published by the Queen's Printer, against this "Alexander McKay, Graduate of a Scottish University," and he calls upon the Governor to punish the speaker and the printer.

We can't spare time to search our files; but we are quite sure that the "organ of the Government," as our paper is designated, has published no speeches of the Colonial Secretary but such as were delivered on the floor of the Assembly, and printed in all the papers alike; and we are equally sure, that in making any speeches there or elsewhere, the Leader of the Government was as innocent as we are of the existence of this consequential "Graduate of a Scottish University."

It would be a sinful waste of time, and of newspaper ink and paper, to reply to the ravings of this Puritanical letter-writer. The best way to dispose of him, is to travesty the style of the Assistant Colonial Secretary, which we do in the following words:—

"The Reverend Alexander McKay, "A Graduate of a Scottish University," "Sir—We have read your letter. We are sorry for having lost the time in doing so. "Your obedient servant, "THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER."

A CANADIAN OPINION ON THE DISMISSALS.

We are indebted to the Quebec Chronicle of the 13th inst. for the following judicious and well-timed remarks in reference to the late changes in the Post Office department of this Island. We commend their attentive perusal to the sympathisers with Messrs. Owen and DesBrisay:—

"In Prince Edward Island, it appears, several persons holding official situations chose to vote and to use their influence against the Government; and they accordingly were dismissed. This tyrannical conduct, as it has been called, on the part of Sir Dominick Daly and his advisers, has relieved, on the part of the Islanders from an objection, which they previously entertained with respect to a federal union, in the difference of taxation. Our neighbours, we fear, do not entertain fair or practical views concerning Responsible Government. It is only reasonable that persons holding public situations should not use their influence against the powers that exist. If they cannot conscientiously vote for them on the occurrence of some particular crisis, they should forbear from voting, or should be ready to resign their situations. The observance of this rule is requisite in limited monarchies, and it is absolutely insisted upon in democratic republics."

DEATH OF THE ARCHBISHOP OF HALIFAX.

Late Halifax papers announce the death and burial of His Grace the Most Reverend Dr. Walsh, Archbishop of Halifax. The following notice of his life and labours appears in the St. John Freeman:—

Dr. Walsh was appointed Bishop of Halifax, we believe, in 1842, and the fruits of his great care and zeal and talents were soon visible. In 1852 a new ecclesiastical province was formed, including the Dioceses of Halifax, Arichat, P. E. Island, Newfoundland, and New Brunswick; and it was as much in acknowledgment of the great virtues and merits of Dr. Walsh, perhaps, as for any other cause, that Halifax was then created the Archiepiscopal See.

Possessed of talents of the highest order, he laboured perpetually to store his vast mind with useful knowledge, and in all probability he paid for his profound erudition and unrivalled literary acquisitions by the loss of health, which an application to study of twelve or fifteen hours a day, broken only during several years by the performance of the arduous duties of the episcopacy, must have impaired if it did not wholly destroy. As a scholar, a thinker, an author, a preacher, a theologian, and above all, as a prelate, he ranked amongst the first men who have adorned the new world; but his great ambition was not that he should appear great before men, but that the great mission entrusted to him may be fulfilled; that the Catholic religion may be established in the hearts and virtues of the people, the surest foundation for a superstructure, and that Catholics may attain their proper position in these Provinces. To this end he wrote and spoke and thought; to this he devoted his whole life with a zeal that consumed him.

The Archbishop was not 54 years of age, and a few years ago the people hoped that he would long be spared to the church his virtues so adorned; but for three or four years past his health was bad. After assisting the great Council at Rome, when the decree respecting the Immaculate Conception was promulgated, he remained several months on the Continent and in Ireland; but all the skill of the first physicians afforded him no permanent relief, and he returned to Halifax, satisfied, we believe, that he could not live a very long time. His sufferings for some time were very great, and for some weeks his death was daily looked for.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND HIS EXCELLENCY'S REPLY.

The Queen's congratulatory Message to the President of the United States on the completion of the great enterprise of uniting Europe and America by Electric Telegraph, was received here over the wires on Tuesday evening last. The event has been commemorated in several parts of the British Provinces and of the United States, and Mr. Field, the superintendent of the great work, has in some instances been presented with addresses, complimenting him on the successful result of his arduous scientific efforts.

The event was celebrated in Charlottetown on Wednesday, the 18th, during the day by a brilliant display of flags from the houses of several of our citizens, and from the Colonial Building—by a feu de joie and a merry peal of the several Church bells at twelve o'clock; and in the evening by a very general illumination of the City, with the usual accompaniments of fireworks and bon-fires. About 7 o'clock in the evening, Capt. Rankin's Company of the First Volunteer Guards turned out, and fired another feu de joie. The rejoicing was very general, and this, the crowning glory of the nineteenth century, justified the most marked and legitimate manifestation of the public joy.

We give below the Queen's Message to Mr. Buchanan, with His Excellency's Reply:—

TO THE HONORABLE THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, WASHINGTON.

Her Majesty desires to congratulate the President upon the successful completion of this great international work, in which the Queen has taken the deepest interest. The Queen is convinced that the President will join with her in fervently hoping that the Electric Cable which now connects Great Britain with the United States, will prove an additional link between two nations whose friendship is founded upon their common interest and reciprocal esteem. The Queen has much pleasure in thus communicating with the President, and renewing to him her best wishes for the prosperity of the United States.

REPLY.

Washington City, August 17.

TO HER MAJESTY VICTORIA, QUEEN OF GREAT BRITAIN.

The President cordially reciprocates the congratulations of Her Majesty the Queen on the success of the great international enterprise, accomplished by the science, skill, and indomitable energy of the two countries. It is a triumph more glorious, because far more useful to mankind, than was ever won by conquerors on the field of battle. May the Atlantic Telegraph, under the blessing of heaven, prove to be a bond of perpetual peace and friendship between the kindred nations, and an instrument destined by Divine Providence to diffuse religion, civilization, liberty and law throughout the world. In this view will not all the nations of Christendom spontaneously unite in the declaration that it shall be ever neutral, and that its communications shall be held sacred in passing to the places of their destination, even in the midst of hostility!

JAMES BUCHANAN.

ON DIT,

That R. B. IRVING—perseveringly and thankfully discharging, day after day, the highly onerous and important duties which a few kind friends have confidently devolved upon him, in his capacity of a teacher of youth—positively entertains so thorough a contempt for any thing intended to be detrimental, either to his character or his interests, which may be written by any member of the firm of Dodson & Fog, and published by such a man as the proprietor of the Islander; that, if even only one conciliatory dash of his ready pen could convert their reasonless and spiteful trash into the most plausible strain, their loss, which he wisely apprehends could not but eventually prove much more beneficial to him than their malice, he would not stoop to purchase, even at that trading rate: And that—altogether unassuming of the golden success which may, in the one case, have attended the patient drudgery of a school-keeper, or have arisen, in the other, from the less honorable exertions of a "sharp practitioner"—in his humble sphere, he can very freely wish, with respect to the former, that it were in his power, out of the superabundance of his wealth, to purchase a little wit—even only "a little tiny wit"—which he might place as a creditable difference in his favour between himself and his horse, which creature, as the balance at present stands between him and his master, is certainly the much more capable and estimable animal of the two; and, with respect to the latter, that, when satisfied with the amount of his accumulated gains, he may retire from practice—not loaded with the curses of widows and orphans, or of any other of the world's unfortunates, whose defenceless position has rendered them a safe and easy prey to the wily and unprincipled—but able, like the just Samson, when retiring from his high and dangerous office of Judge of Israel, to say, with the meek boldness of conscious rectitude, "Behold, here I am, witness against me before the Lord; whose ox have I taken? or whose ass have I taken? or whom have I defrauded? whom have I oppressed? or of whose hand have I received any bribe to blind my eyes therewith? and I will restore it."

And Oh! Dr further, that the said R. B. Irving will, so long as he shall, in the path of duty, be sustained by the cheering and animating whispers of the still small voice of conscience within him, continue, although it should be in poverty, to pursue the honest and even tenor of his way, with a thankful and rejoicing spirit, wholly regardless of the malice of such men as they are whom nothing but the damning love of Mammon can or does stimulate even to the simulation of patriotism or public spirit.

THE NEW CANADIAN MINISTRY.—The Brown Government has been defeated and forced to resign. A despatch from Toronto, dated Saturday, 2 p. m., gives the following as the new Ministry:—

Premier and Attorney General East, Cartier; Public Works, Sicotte; Speaker Legislative Council, Belleau; Provincial Secretary, Alley; Inspector General, Galt; Solicitor General, Rose; Attorney General West, J. A. McDonald; President of Council, John Ross; Postmaster General, Sydney Smith; Receiver General, Sherwood; Crown Lands, Vankoughnet.

This is nearly the old set with a new cast of parts.

A TEA PARTY.—On Tuesday last, the 10th instant, at 4 o'clock, p. m., under the auspices of Mrs. H. B. Swabey and Mrs. Richards, of Port Hill, Tea was prepared for the Children who attend the Sabbath School of the Episcopal Church, in Port Hill. As I had received an invitation, I gladly allowed myself the pleasure of being present.

Under a spacious tent, pitched expressly for the occasion, on a beautiful plot of ground in front of the Port Hill Parsonage, were spread in ample order two tables well furnished with the good things of this life. After the Children had sung an Hymn, they all, being about 40 in number, sat down to sup, and in a laudable manner manifested their sympathy for the tables by relieving them of a portion of their burdens. The Children being served, the elder persons were next waited upon, and had some of nature's returning wants duly ministered unto by the kind Ladies who did the honors of the tables. In all, I suppose the persons who took tea were about 70 in number. After we had all partaken, the Children assembled, and after having arranged themselves in the form of a semi-circle, were addressed briefly, but in terms suitable and adapted to the occasion, by the Rev. H. B. Swabey. After this their merry voices again united in rendering praise to the Father of all our mercies. This being over, they returned to their wonted pastime, and with all the buoyancy of youth, gambolled merrily upon the green. In their gymnastic exercises they enjoyed themselves well, and afforded much gratification to many who observed their innocent sport.

Before we parted three cheers were given to our beloved Sovereign, which were calculated to inspire young minds with feelings of loyalty; and three to the Ladies who prepared such an excellent entertainment.

Much praise is due unto these excellent Ladies for thus manifesting their interest in the spiritual welfare of the rising—and I fear to a great extent neglected—generation. Much praise is their due; but, doubtless, they aspire after something much better than human gratitude, however worthy of acceptance it may be. I should rejoice to see a noble emulation excite.

Quickly the evening wore away, and all appeared loath to leave, and before we separated the noiseless dew descended, and the shadows of evening gathered around ourselves and the pleasant departed day.—Com.

COLLISION OFF NEWFOUNDLAND.—Daniel Davies, Esq., who left here for England on the 9th August, telegraphed from St. John's, Newfoundland, yesterday to some of his friends here, that the homeward bound steamer from Halifax was run into by the Arabia, and had to put back to St. John's, Newfoundland—Persia to call for the Passengers about Sunday next.

Died.

On 31st June, at his residence, Hermitage Farm, Lot 43, Mr. John McDonald, (Ronald McDonald's son, Big Cape, deceased), in the 66th year of his age, leaving a disconsolate wife, and four sons, two daughters, and five grand children to mourn their loss. His remains were followed to the grave on Monday 2nd August by a large number of both relatives and friends. His manly integrity gained for him the confidence of many friends. May he rest in peace.—Com.

Passengers.

In the Steamer Westmorland, from Pictou, on the 26th instant, Hon. B. Kenney, Rev. M. Gilray, Messrs. J. Lockerby, Jamieson, Smith, J. Roderick, T. Arason, G. Robinson, E. Smith, and Mrs. Wright.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Aug. 4.—Schr. Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; coal. Woodbine, do., Sydney; do. Amegent, Nicholson, do.; do. Sago, McEla, Pictou; bal. 5—Flora, Hingley, Tatamagouche; lumber. Belle, Sprague, Shumogue, do. 6—Sovereign, Parry, Pugwash; limestone. 7—Conservative, McFadyen, Richibuctou; deals. Bee, Ogden, Bay de Verte; do. 10—Caroline, Aylward, Sydney; coal. 11—Olivo Branch, Goodwin, Tatamagouche; lumber. Copy, Clark, Pugwash; limestone. William Nelson, Siliker, Bay de Verte; deals; Chalenge, Irving, Richibuctou; bal. Ellen, Pentz, Pugwash; limestone. Cherub, Bears, Tracadie; shingles. 16—Schr. Margaret, Enlayson, Miramichi; salt. Trial, McDonald, do.; lumber. Belle, Sprague, Bay de Verte; lumber. Courages, Kennedy, Halifax; merchandize. 17—Angélique, Babin, Sydney; coal. 18—Sarah Jane, Hingley, Tatamagouche; boards.

CLEARED.

Aug. 6.—Schr. Helena, Roberts, Pictou; flour, &c. Mayflower, Gerrior, Halifax; produce. 7—Ellen, Pentz, Pugwash; bal. Bee, Ogden, Bay de Verte; do. 9—Sophia, Blanchard, Tracadie; bal. Ship Bine, Hall, Liverpool, G. B.; timber & deal.—by Duncan, Mason & Co. Schr. Sago, McEla, Sydney; bal. Sovereign, Parry, Pugwash; do. 10—Woodbine, Robertson, Sydney; bal. Lively Lass, do., Pictou; do. Edipse, McDonald, Sydney; do. 11—Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; bal. 13—Mino, Murchison, St. John's, N. F.; spars and billets. Olive Branch, Goodwin, Tatamagouche; bal. Copy, Clark, Pictou; bal. William Nelson, Siliker, Bay de Verte; lumber. 14—Ariel, Moore, St. John's, Newfoundland; cattle, sheep, and butter. Elizabeth, Scott, Sydney; bal. Brig Richmond, Bristol; lumber. 17—Schr. Ellen, Pentz, Richibuctou; bal. Eglantine, Eldridge, Boston; fish, &c.

New Advertisements.

Flour, Flour!

TO-MORROW, (TUESDAY), 24th instant, at 11 o'clock, on Peake's Wharf, the CARGO of the schr. "Mary Odelle"—

390 barrels superfine Canadian FLOUR, 200 do. fine do. 80 do. Rye Flour, 150 do. assorted qualities of Flour, 25 do. superior extra-superfine Flour. A. H. YATES, Auctioneer. Charlottetown, August 23, 1858.

From Montreal.

Flour, Bread, Crackers, Tea, Tobacco, Soap, Rice, Raisins, &c.

TO be sold by Auction on THURSDAY next, the 26th, at 11 o'clock, on PEAKE'S WHARF, the cargo of the Brigantine "Minnie," from Montreal:—

600 barrels superfine FLOUR, 250 do. do. No. 2 do. 60 do. Ship BISCUIT, 75 boxes assorted Crackers and Soda Biscuit, 30 do. Liverpool Soap, 25 do. Tobacco Pipes, 10 bags Rice, 20 boxes best Muscatel Raisins, 20 do. Val Raisins, 10 chests TEA, 10 boxes superior TOBACCO, 10 do. Confectionery. Terms at Sale. A. H. YATES, Auctioneer. Charlottetown, August 23, 1858.

Regatta.

THE ANNUAL RACES will take place on TUESDAY, the 14th day of SEPTEMBER next, commencing at 10 o'clock, a.m. The following PRIZES will be awarded to the owners of each winning Boat:—

First Race—Entrance money 10s. £8 0 0 First class Club Yachts, Second Race—Entrance money 5s. 5 0 0 Club Yachts under 24 feet in length, Third Race—Entrance money 6s. 6 0 0 Four-oared gigs, rowed by members of the Club, Fourth Race—Entrance money 3s. 3 0 0 Two-oared Boats, rowed by members of the Club, Fifth Race—Entrance money 3s. 1 10 0 Wherries, rowed by members of the Club, Sixth Race—Entrance money 2s. Race for Ladies' Purse by Club Boats, Seventh Race—Entrance money 1s. 6d. Four-oared Boats, rowed by Boys under 14 years, 1 0 0 Eighth Race—Entrance money 20s. Race for the Club Cup, agreeably with the conditions of 1857, value \$100, 30 0 0 Ninth Race—Entrance money 3s. 1 10 0 Duck Hunt—Prize, Tenth Race—Entrance Free. Canoes paddled by Indians—1st Prize 20s., second 10s., third 5s., 1 15 0 Eleventh Race—Entrance Free. Canoes paddled by amateur members of the Club, 0 10 0 No Prize will be awarded unless the Boats are Rowed or Sailed by members of the Club.

JAMES MORRIS, Secretary.

Charlottetown, August 18, 1858.

THE SUBSCRIBER, BESIDES A GOOD ASSORTMENT of CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, offers for Sale:—

A good article of Table and Pickling Vinegar, An excellent article of Pearl Barley, Fresh Currants, Raisins, Figs, and Nuts of all kinds, Pine Apple Syrup, Raspberry Vinegar, Spanish Cream (a delightful summer drink), An excellent article of Stomachic Bitters (by the gal.) Besides all the et ceteras in like Establishments. For Sale at the Cash Drug Store of August 23, 1858. M. W. SKINNER.

TO WM. M'GILL, Esq., High Sheriff of Queen's County, &c. &c.

WE, the undersigned inhabitants of Queen's County, request that you will cause to be convened a County Meeting, to be held in Charlottetown on WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-fifth day of August, inst., at Two o'clock, p. m., to take into consideration—among other acts—the recent high-handed and tyrannical measures of the Governor and Council, in their dismissals of Thomas Owen and Peter DesBrisay, Esqs., our highly respected Postmaster-General and his equally respected Assistant,—gentlemen in whom, we believe, the whole County have the most perfect confidence, and whose services, extending over a period of many years, have given universal satisfaction.

Your compliance with our request will oblige, Sir, Yours, respectfully, Edward Palmer, H. W. Lobban, Charles Binn, sen. Charles W. Drew, James Broadie, T. H. Haviland, James Rattray, Robt. R. Hodgson, James McComb, and 400 others.

IN accordance with the accompanying requisition, I do hereby call a PUBLIC MEETING of the inhabitants of Queen's County, to be held in front of the Old Court House in Charlottetown, on WEDNESDAY the 25th day of August instant, at 12 o'clock noon, to take into consideration the subject matter of said Requisition. WILLIAM M'GILL, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Charlottetown, August 18, 1858.

Notice.

THE Mails for Nova Scotia, per Steamer Westmorland, will be made up on THURSDAY next, the 26th instant, at the hour of 9 o'clock, a. m., instead of at the hour of 5 o'clock, p. m., after which time the Mails will be made up at the usual time of leaving, agreeably to the notice of arrangement made for that purpose, and issued from this Office on the 27th May last. BENJAMIN DAVIES, Postmaster General.

Eligible Pasture and Building Lots.

FOR SALE, 10 LOTS within the City, containing a TOWN LOT each; also, 10 immediately adjoining the City, (free of City taxes), of 1 acre each. Apply to THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY. Charlottetown, August 23, 1858.

Pasture! Pasture!!

A NUMBER of acres of PASTURE, to be let about one mile from Town, in small fields. Apply to GEORGE COLES. Aug. 19, 1858.