

teachers of their children? Is this the way to teach them self reliance? ... Suppose we take all other professions and trades into State pay, such as Doctors and Lawyers, Butchers and Bakers, &c. &c., what would be the consequence?

We publish this week the debates of the House of Assembly in a supplementary sheet half the size of our regular issue. Although the printing of these supplementary sheets entails upon us considerable expense and labour—a fact of which non-paying subscribers do not seem to be aware—we are determined nevertheless to print the debates of the Legislature as speedily as the Reporters can furnish us with their extended notes, conscious that the public take little or no interest in our parliamentary discussions, if much time be allowed to elapse before they appear in print.

Our readers will find on our fourth page the report of an examination before the Bankruptcy Court in London of an individual who cut a very extensive figure in this country four or five years ago. We believe that some account of this affair appeared in the *Islander* a short time since; but our readers will, no doubt, be as much amused as we have been, in learning how the *soi disant* Colonel Sloigh—who affected the character of a very Croesus in Prince Edward Island, and wore his blushing honours thick upon him with ineffable grace—acquired himself as a bankrupt in London. Although it is more than four years since he was stripped by our Government of his flimsy title of "Lieut. Colonel," the impostor has the impudence to assume it still, in the hope, no doubt, of duping many people in the old country as he duped many in this. We believe we were the first in this Island to discover the hollow and baseness of his character; and had the public taken the hints which we gave them on several occasions, his career in this place would have been much shorter than it was. Will any person be kind enough to inform us when and where in America the discarded "Colonel" attempted the establishment of a military college? We have no doubt that his conception of the "college" was born under the influence of the same moon which gave birth to his equally brilliant design of cutting a canal from the head of the Morrell to the head of the Hillsborough Rivers!

To CORRESPONDENTS.—"A Native," in answer to an advertisement in the *Islander*, and transferred to this day's paper, has been received just as we were going to press, but will receive due consideration.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE FROM EUROPE.

The English Mail was received here this morning. The principal part of the news was conveyed over the wires on Wednesday last, which was given to our readers in the *Royal Gazette* on the following day. We take from the *Gazette* the summary of news then given, substituting for the list of the Ministry furnished by the telegraph, a more extended, and we doubt, a more correct one, from our latest English papers. We give also, in addition, some of the details of the war and China news.

THE NEW TORY GOVERNMENT.

The Derby Government is again in existence. The opening made for the excluded Tory party, by the motion of Mr. Milner Gibson, was too much for their forbearance; they seized the occasion of a coalition with the more impatient set of the Liberal party, got up a majority for one evening, and have stepped, through the division in the Liberal ranks, on to the Treasury Bench. They did not effect the passage from one side of the House to the other without difficulties, or anxieties that at one time looked serious. Lord Derby is distinguished by his dashing onset, and his hesitating progress; he aims at everything, and on second thoughts is almost ready to relinquish everything. He dashed into the opening, but would soon have retreated; for it is understood that on experiencing the difficulties which he encountered, he would have been inclined to retreat, had not some of his party, especially Mr. Disraeli, been anxious not to lose an opportunity which they may not have again within that ordinary duration of political life that official insurance recognises.

And, bold as he is, Lord Derby did not accept the post without endeavoring to seek assistance from outside. He seems to have gone upon the principle of asking those who were supposed to be dissatisfied with the late state of things. It is said that he asked Lord Stratford de Redcliffe to join him; Lord Stratford having been Ambassador at Constantinople under Lord Palmerston and Lord Clarendon, and having been so very considerably mixed up with the policy of those statesmen in the East! It is true that a man in the diplomatic service is not bound by the party under whom he has served, and that Lord Stratford has always been accounted a Tory in home politics; but his history has become identified with the political views of Lord Palmerston, and at all events he declined to unite his fortunes with those of Mr. Disraeli. For there is the point; Lord Derby invites, but it is said Mr. Disraeli marks the character of the Cabinet. The Duke of Newcastle had been somewhat unjustly treated by Lord Palmerston and others. He found our military establishments in a state of rust, and before he could place them in working order, dissatisfaction at their working occasioned unreasonable complaints against himself as their official head, and he was driven from office with a discredit that he did not merit. The fact has been explained by Lord Panmure; but it was supposed that the Duke of Newcastle retained a feeling of annoyance against Lord Palmerston's Government, and Lord Derby thought him open to a re-engagement on the opposite side. The Duke is at heart one of the most Liberal statesmen of the day, one of the most generous, and not at all likely to join in the temporary occupation of office by a faction. Lord Grey has appeared discontented with every Cabinet that existed, and perhaps he was supposed to reserve his charity for his political enemies. Some men are said to marry from a sense of aversion, and it might be on that principle that Lord Derby asked Lord Grey in political marriage. But he was not to be won. An offer even was made to Mr. Gladstone, who had been so severely treated by Lord Derby after he abandoned the Palmerston Ministry, but he also declined. Lord Derby begins his reign with rebuffs.

At last, however, he succeeded in forming a Ministry; and let us at once confess that it presents, in many respects, a more creditable array than that with which he last appeared on the Treasury Bench. His Ministry is strengthened by few accessions. The Premier brings Sir Frederick Thesiger to the Woolsack; Lord Ellenborough to the Board of Control; and his own son, Lord Stanley, it is said, to the Government of India, if Lord Canning should return home. Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton joins the Cabinet in some department not at first fixed. Sir John Pakington, who was before 1852 an

unknown man as a Minister, earned a reputation, and now he lends strength to the revived Derby-Disraeli Government. The Earl of Eglinton is popular in Ireland, and deservedly so. Sir Fitzroy Kelly is the best man, after Sir Frederick Thesiger, for an Attorney General.

THE NEW MINISTRY.

First Lord of the Treasury—The Earl of Derby, Lord Chancellor—Sir Frederick Thesiger, President of the Council—The Marquis of Salisbury, Chancellor of the Exchequer—Mr. Disraeli, Secretary for Foreign Affairs—The Earl of Malmesbury, Secretary for the Home Department—Spencer Walpole, Secretary at War—General Peel, Secretary for the Colonies—Sir E. Bulwer Lytton, President of the Board of Trade—Mr. Henley, Vice President—Lord Cairnvaron, President Board of Control—The Earl of Ellenborough, First Lord of the Admiralty—Sir John Pakington, Lord Privy Seal—The Earl of Hardwicke, President Board of Works—Lord John T. Manners, President Poor Law Board—Mr. E. Sotheron, Under Sec'y at the Foreign Office—Mr. Seymour Fitzgerald, Under Secretary for War—Major Stuart Wortley, Under Secretary of the Home Department—Mr. Hardy, Postmaster General—The Earl of Colchester, Lords of the Treasury—Colonel Taylor and Mr. Whitmore, Secretaries of do.—Mr. G. A. Hamilton & Sir W. Jolliffe, Solicitor General—Mr. Cairns, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland—The Earl of Eglinton, Secretary for Ireland—Lord Naas.

It is said that the Earl of Dalkeith is to be the other Lord of the Treasury, and Mr. Edward Egerton Judge of Advocate. The Duchess of Manchester, Mistress of the Robes. The Duke of Northumberland has been offered the First Lordship of the Admiralty. If he should accept it, Sir John Pakington will take the Colonies, and Sir E. L. Bulwer Lytton the Duchy of Lancaster, for which Lord St. Leonards is at present named.

The title by which the new Lord Chancellor will take his seat in the House of Peers is that of Lord Woodstock. Sir F. Thesiger has chosen this title because he was first returned to Parliament for that place.

THE GREAT INDIAN MUTINY.

ALEXANDRIA, FEB. 16, 1858.—The Bengal has just arrived at Suez, and brings the following intelligence. Sir Colin Campbell had defeated the rebels (at) Futtyghur, and was waiting for a heavy siege train from Agra, on arrival of which he would move with his whole force, in concert with Jung Bahadoor, on Oude.

Canton was taken on the 20th of December. Commissioner Yeh was captured on the 5th of January, also the Tartar General. Yeh was taken in the dress of a coolie. He was sent on board the *Inflexible* on the 8th. (Signed) LYONS, Admiral.

DEFEAT OF THE REBELS.—The Commander-in-Chief moved on the 14th January, with the head-quarters of his army, to a position (known) occupied up to that time by Walpole's Brigade. That corps had been previously thrown forward to the Ganges, for the purpose of constructing a bridge at a point opposite the confluence of that river with Rungbur. Brigadier Walpole completed the required bridge and crossed the Ganges by it into Rohilund. The Commander-in-Chief reviewed and inspected the brigade previous to its departure for Bareilly, whither it was to march for the purpose of clearing the city of the rebels under Khan Bahadur Khan. Sir Colin Campbell himself did not intend entering Rohilund with the main body till he received from Agra a siege train, to be escorted down by Her Majesty's 88th. The rebels who passed from Rohilund into the Muzofferruggur district on the 30th January, were beaten by Capt. Boisragon and driven back across the river.

The Calpee rebels are still in force, it is said, under the leadership of the Nena Sahib, and that this chief is threatening in the direction of Nagotee. If this be, the gradual concentration of columns from Jubbulpore, Nawa, and Mehore, will soon put an end to this resistance.

An engagement took place between Capt. Montgomery, the superintendent of police at Ahmednuggur, and a gang of Bheels in the district of Chahelore, on the road to Malagamur. Capt. Montgomery, three other officers and fifty men were wounded. (Signed) LYONS, Admiral.

THE REBELS IN LUCKNOW FIGHTING AMONG THEMSELVES.—The Bombay has arrived, with letters and papers to the 28th December. The rebels in Lucknow are fighting among themselves. An immense body of the revolvers is concentrated in Lucknow and its suburbs. Sir James Outram holds his ground at the Alumbagh, awaiting the arrival of the Commander-in-Chief, who is himself awaiting the arrival of a heavy siege train, upon receiving which he will advance on the capital of Oude.

CAPTURE OF COMMISSIONER YEH.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A NEW VICEROY IN CANTON BY THE BRITISH.—AN AUDIENCE DEMANDED OF THE EMPEROR.—We have news from Canton to the 14th of January. In consequence of the capture of Commissioner Yeh and the Tartar general in chief, the allies have proclaimed the first mandarin Viceroy of Canton, assisted by two commissioners, English and French. Treasure, consisting of eleven millions of francs, has been lent to the provincial government, at heavy interest. Plunder has been forbidden, and the inhabitants, re-assured, have re-entered the city. An audience has been demanded of the Emperor to settle a treaty of commerce. The loss of the allied forces is about 20 killed. Commissioner Yeh and the Tartar commander-in-chief will remain on board the English frigate until such time as the decision of Lord Elgin and Baron Gros shall be made known as to what is to be done with these important prisoners.

CANADA.

A CANADIAN KING.—The *Sandwich* (C. W.) *Mercury* is advocating the erection of Canada into an independent kingdom. It wishes a permanent ruler—"one not subject to the whims or caprice of Downing-street ignorance or prejudice; one who shall be responsible to the people he governs alone, and whose fortunes and name will rise and fall with the prosperity and reverses of his subjects; one whom the people may love as well as respect, and who is willing to take the responsibility of the position as well as the honor which it bestows." The most eligible person to found a Canadian dynasty, the *Mercury* thinks, is a Prince of England; for while his elevation to the throne of the new kingdom "would be a graceful tribute of loyalty to our gracious Queen, it would remove the disadvantages under which we at present labor, and would bind us more firmly, as an entirely independent nation, to the first empire in the world. The sympathies of the British people would follow him to his new home, and the warm hearts of a young and vigorous nation would cling to him as a brother, in founding an empire which may yet spread its banner over a continent. Greater results have sprung from infinitely less prospects; and though time may elapse ere even the initiative step is taken, we still hope to live to hail a Canadian King!"

MELANCHOLY SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.—In our shipping memoranda to-day, is the report of the wreck, on Jodore Ledges, Feb. 20th, of the schooner *Inkermann*, Capt. Griffin, from Newfoundland bound for this port, and the loss of all the crew with the exception of one man, who is said to be very severely frozen. The full details of this dreadful calamity, and the sufferings of the captain and crew, have not reached us. We have not learned the number of the crew, but suppose it to be about six, including the captain.—*Halifax Sun*.

SEDUCTION AND HOMICIDE.—Some twenty days ago a young gentleman named Hardesty, living on Muddy Run, in Boone County, Kentucky, came into possession of the fact that his beloved sister had been seduced by a man named George Grubb, and, of course, it enlisted all the better, as well as all the revengeful feeling of his nature. Hardesty, as soon as the secret was made known to him, called upon Mr. Grubb and charged him with the crime, which he stoutly denied; but as Mr. Hardesty was convinced that all he said was false, he told him that he would give him just fifteen days to marry his sister, and unless he complied within that time he would surely shoot him. The fifteen days expired on Saturday last, and the matter was not accomplished. The consequence was that Hardesty deliberately approached Mr. Grubb, and as deliberately shot him.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Annual Meeting of the Benevolent Irish Society was held at the Saint Dunstan's School-room, on Wednesday evening last, the 10th instant, at which the following were chosen office bearers for the ensuing year, viz:—

Patron—His Excellency Sir D. Daly, President—Mr. Samuel W. Mitchell, (re-elected), Vice President—Mr. James Roddin, Assistant Vice President—Mr. Richard B. Reid, Treasurer—Mr. John A. McKenna, Secretary—Mr. John R. Walsh, (re-elected), Committee of Charity—Mr. Martin Hogan, chairman, Messrs. E. Ryan, J. Griffin, B. Pollard, J. O'Rielly, J. McQuillan and F. McKenna.

Married.

At Georgetown, on Thursday, the 4th inst., by Wm. Sanderson, Esq., J. P., Mr. Robert Wilson, to Miss Margaret Campbell, eldest daughter of Mr. Hugh Campbell, of Lot 46, East Point.

At Tignish, on Tuesday the 9th ult., by the Rev. P. McIntyre, P. P., Mr. Patrick Connick, Teacher, Lot 7, to Miss Bridget Hogan, fourth daughter of Mr. Hogan, North Cape, Lot 1.

At Pisiquid, in February last, by the Rev. Henry Crawford, Mr. John Jardine, of the Head of Hillsborough, to Miss Eunice Jane Clark, daughter of Mr. Richard Clark.

Died.

At Saint Peter's Lake, on the 9th day of February, Mr. James McEwen, senior, in the 79th year of his age, leaving a wife, 11 children, 46 grandchildren, and 7 great-grandchildren, to mourn their loss. The deceased had been for many years a highly respected elder of the Presbyterian Church of St. Peter's.

On Monday last, at Dog River, William A., infant son of Mr. Archibald Levington, aged 3 months.

On Friday, March 12, at the residence of his Father, David Lawson, Esq., Stanhope, after a few days illness, Mr. James D. Lawson, aged 39 years.

New Advertisements.

APRIL 6, 1858.

Extensive Sale of Household Furniture by W. T. PAW, Auctioneer.

THE attention of country dealers is respectfully requested to an extensive Sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE to take place at the Factory of Patrick Hekey & Co., Sydney-street, on the 6th day of April next, (Easter Tuesday), at 11 o'clock.

They are reminded that at this sale they can be patriotic by encouraging home manufacture of better quality than is generally imported, and at prices which will be a saving to the importer without loss of time, freight and other expenses of importation; and should there not be a sufficiency to meet all demands, they can be made to order in less time than they can be imported. Thus in a two-fold sense they benefit themselves and add to the prosperity of the Island—advantages which it is hoped will draw together such a company of purchasers as will prove to the enterprising owners of this establishment that they have not miscalculated either the wants of the community or their desire to support such an enterprise. The Goods offered will consist of Sofas, Couches, Chairs, Side-boards, Chiffoniers, Bedsteads in variety; Round, Extension, Table and Dining Tables, Drawers, Mahogany and painted Commodities; mahogany, walnut, painted and stained wood Sashes and Doors,—and a variety of other goods too numerous to mention. Terms at Sale. Charlottetown, March 15, 1858.

Mummy Seed Wheat.

THIS superior WHEAT, introduced into the Island by the Subscriber, has now been tried for two consecutive seasons, and has been found by his own experience, and that of all the parties who have tried it, to have been perfectly free from Rust, Smut or Weevil. It has been sown at various periods from 1st May to 12th June, and the increase has been from 16 to 22; the average weight being 64 lbs. per bushel. The quantity required to sow an acre varies from 1 to 1½ bushel. The straw is of a beautiful golden colour, and is preferred by Cattle not only to Oat straw, but even to hay, being devoid of the harsh woody stiffness peculiar to straw of other descriptions of wheat. For Sale at the Store of W. R. WATSON, Queen Street; and at the residence of the Subscriber, March 15, 1858. WM. WATSON, Montague.

A Soiree

WILL be held in St. David's Church, Georgetown, on TUESDAY, the 23d instant, at 5 p.m., for the purpose of Assisting the Funds of the Church. A splendid TEA and CAKE will be served, and eloquent and entertaining Addresses will be delivered. Tickets 1s 6d each, to be had at the door, and from the Trustees. Contributions in Fancy Articles, &c. will be thankfully received; and friends from all quarters are respectfully invited. Georgetown, 15th March, 1858.

Excellent Freehold Stand for Business. TO be let for a term of years, that old established INN, on the Tryon Road, called the "SUN INN," occupied and kept by the late Mr. SAMUEL WINGERY for 22 years. The accommodations for the public are ample, including Stabling for 8 Horses, Cow-house, 3 Barns, Coach-houses, and every other convenience required for the business. It is situated 11 miles from Town, and would be an excellent situation for a STORE, or a mill to be erected for the regular business, there being no Store between it and Charlottetown. The FARM consists of 40 acres clear in excellent order, 10 acres fit for stumping, and 30 acres of hard and soft wood. For further particulars enquire of the owner on the premises. March 15, 1858. NICHOLAS BROWN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

SIR,—By inserting the following letter in the next issue of your paper, you will oblige. Your obedient servant, Daniel J. Roberts. Charlottetown, March 12, 1858.

"He who steals my purse steals trash, but he who filches from me my good name, robs me of that which no thief can enrich him, and leaves me poor indeed."

An honest man's fair fame is ever dear to him, and becomes doubly precious when misfortune has left him but little else to depend on; to clear mine from imputations as unjust as I believe them to be wilful and malicious, is my only apology for now claiming public attention to the following statement:—

At the meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, held on Tuesday, the 21st inst., the Honorable W. W. Lord expressed it as his opinion that the large amount of money drawn by me from the Bank, and other sources, last year, could not have been all employed in the furtherance of my business; and that it was his belief that I had put by at least one third of it, or at all events some £7000 or £8000 for my own use hereafter, thereby defrauding my creditors of this amount. On this being repeated to me, I immediately submitted my Books and Accounts to the inspection of the Hon. T. H. Haviland, Ralph Brooker, Sen., and Wm. Candall, Esqs., who were kind enough to look through them for my satisfaction; and after examination, they expressed their conviction that the whole amount drawn by me from the Bank, and other sources, through the past year, was satisfactorily accounted for, and had kindly allowed me to make use of their names to that effect.

I would remark that had the Hon. W. W. Lord really entertained the opinion he expressed, he could easily have satisfied himself as to their correctness, before committing himself so publicly, as his Firm being creditors to a small amount (£50 sterling) on my estate, I, three weeks before the Bank meeting took place, offered him the inspection of my books, which he declined. Under these circumstances, his assertion can only be looked upon as a wilful and deliberate attempt to injure my character. I have heard that the Honorable Gentleman is in the habit of dining, of styling himself "none of your counter-skipper, but a real merchant." I would simply advise him, therefore, for the future to carry out his own estimation of himself by showing the community that he values his own fair fame too well, either maliciously or thoughtlessly, to injure that of another.

Mr. Benjamin Davies and Mr. Wellington Nelson have also, I am informed, circulated equally unjust and malicious reports; but as I am proud to say these men's ideas of commercial morality are widely different from my own; so is their censure more agreeable to me than their praise. I have merely to add that I have been induced by the advice of my friends to adopt this plan of public refutation, as I myself imagined the sources from which these reports emanated of too little estimation to be noticed by any of the respectable inhabitants of Charlottetown.

New Advertisements.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. BENJAMIN SHAPPELL, of Charlottetown, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. James Hodgson, who is duly authorized to receive the same; and all persons having claims against said Estate will please present their accounts, duly attested, within six months from this date.

GEORGE BEER, Executors. SILAS BARNARD, (all pa. 4m.) Ch. Town, March 11, 1858.

Notice.

THE Horse "MOUNTAINEER," imported by the Royal Agricultural Society in 1855, will stand for the season at the following places, viz: Monday, May 3 and 4, at Hooper's Corner, Bedouee; at W. W. Lord's, Tryon, from Tuesday, the 4th, until Monday, the 10th; at John Wright's, South, the 11th and 12th; at Richmond, Lot 19, from Wednesday, the 12th, until Monday, the 17th May; and will continue the above route once a fortnight during the season. Terms—20s. each. Richmond, Lot 19, March 11, 1858. CHAS. HYDE.

Royal Agricultural Farm.

Extensive and Important Sale of Stock, Crop, Implements, Lease of Farm.

TO BE SOLD at AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, at the Royal Agricultural Model Farm, "FALCON-WOOD," the whole of the valuable STOCK, CROP and FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising— 25 Head of CATTLE, 5 HORSES, 9 Leicester EWES, 4 PIGS, HAY, SEED OATS, STRAW, TURNIPS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, and a large lot of Manure, &c.

THE LEASEHOLD INTEREST OF THE FARM.

TERMS OF SALE.—Purchasers to the amount of £5, and up to £25, 3 months credit; £25 and upwards a credit of 6 and 9 months will be given; one-half at 6 months and the balance at 9 months. Approved Joint Notes of Hand will be required at the time of delivery. All sums under £5 to be cash upon delivery. Purchasers of Imported Stock will have to enter into bonds to observe further conditions to be made known at the time of sale. For full particulars as to breed of Stock, &c., see handbills. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock precisely. J. & T. MORRIS, Auctioneers. Ch. Town, March 1, 1858. Pro Mon & Isl.

Sale of Horses, Sleighs, Wagons, Ploughs, Carts, &c. &c.

TO be sold by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, 15th March next, at 11 o'clock, at the SOUTHPORT FERRY HOUSE,

the residence of Mr. WILLIAM JARRELL, the following Stock, &c., viz: 1 superior MARE, 3 good HORSES, 6 sets Wagon Harness, 2 sets Cart Harness, 2 Riding Brides, 2 Riding Saddles, 1 Pair Tandem Traces, Terret and Whip, 2 Double Wagons with Poles and Swags, 1 Light Wagon, 1 Gig with apron, 1 Fly, 1 Box Sleigh, 6 Sets Bells, 3 Wood Sleighs, 4 Halters, 1 Second-hand set Blacksmith's tool, 4 Sarcinets, 3 New Carts, 1 Truck, 10 New Ploughs, 6 Sets Harrows.

The above articles are all in good order—the greater part of them quite new. An credit will be given until the 15th of October next on all sums over £10 on good Joint Notes of Hand. Feb. 22, 1858. WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Extensive Sale by Auction at RINGWOOD AND THE WARREN FARM, On MONDAY, the 22d March next, at 11 o'clock.

THE subscriber has received instructions from JOHN LYALL, Esq., to dispose of the whole of his Household Furniture, Carpets, Beds, Bedding, Crockery & Crystal ware, Stoves, Fenders, Fire-irons, Knives & Forks, Plated ware, &c. And also the Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Carriages, Sleighs, Farming Implements, Wheat, Oats, Hay, Straw, Turnips, &c. &c., of which further particulars will be given in Catalogues and Handbills, to be obtained of the subscriber ten days previous to the day of sale.

There are four different varieties of Wheat, viz: Hazzard's prize Wheat, Tea Wheat, Golden Straw and Red Bald Wheat; three kinds of Oats, viz: Common Blade, Tartarian and English Tartarian, imported three years ago. All well worthy the notice of parties in want of seed. The Sheep are all well bred, and mostly pure Leicester. The Horses are valuable for farming purposes, one a young horse rising 4 years old, another a mare in foal by "Waxwork;" the others are both well adapted for the farm or carriage. Terms liberal, and made known at sale. No reserve. Sale positive if the weather will admit. W. T. PAW, Auctioneer.

N. B.—All claims against Mr. Lyall to be sent in forthwith, and those indebted to him are requested to pay the amount of their accounts immediately to save expense. Persons wishing to purchase Turnips or Straw can do so by applying at Warren Farm any time previous to the day of the above sale. Feb. 15, 1858.

Auction.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c. &c. TO be sold by Auction on WEDNESDAY, 24th MARCH, at the Store of C. B. SMITH, QUEEN SQUARE, at the hour of 11 o'clock, a.m., all his

STOCK IN TRADE.

Consisting in part of—Grey and white cottons, prints, delaines, colurgs, striped shirtings, robe dresses, black and blue cloths, American satinetts, drillings, flannels, &c.; shoe thread, ready-made clothing, shawls, carpeting, hats, caps, linings, muslins, edgings, silk thread, twist buttons, reels, women's white and grey hose, children's do., gentlemen's and ladies' gloves, scarfs, neckties, silk handkerchiefs, back, rack and side combs, puff combs, &c.; travelling bags, cotton warp, room paper, English & American boots and shoes, ladies' and gentlemen's rubbers, wrapping paper, letter and note do.

GROCERIES—Molasses, sugar, tea, coffee, spices of all descriptions, candles, soap, crackers, cheese, currants, raisins, &c.; boxes confectionary, boxes lozenges, boxes Digby herrings, &c.

HARDWARE—Carpenters' tools of all kinds, spirit-levels, knives and forks, mortice and stock locks, thumb locks, hinges, screws, zinc and iron shoe nails, cloaks, tin ware, stove and blacking brushes, hearth, white-wash and chain brushes, &c.; lanterns, cordage, back bands and paint traces, cod and mackerel lines, cod and trout hooks, black lead, blacking, cast steel broad and narrow axes, adzes, carpenters' pencils, shovels, forks and rakes, casks nails, skates, &c. &c.

AMERICAN WARE—Buckets, brooms, nests tubs, mats, clothes-pins, Venetian blinds, Putman's window rollers, cane-seated chairs, sets of bed-room furniture, bedsteads, stretchers. Also a variety of glassware—fluid lamps, oil do., tumblers of all sorts; a lot of crockeryware—milk dishes, stone jars, butter crocks, preserve pots, with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

SALE POSITIVE AND WITHOUT RESERVE. TERMS—All sums under £10, Cash on delivery; from £10 to £50, 6 months' credit; from £50 and upwards, 12 months, on approved Notes of Hand. March 8, 1858. WM. DODD, Auctioneer.

Freehold Farm at Auction.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 1st of April next, at 12 o'clock, noon, 150 acres of FREEHOLD LAND, situate on Lot 67, about 1 mile from Mr. Haslam's. About 60 acres are in a high state, and 20 acres in a partial state of cultivation—the remainder is well wooded with hard and soft wood. It has a front of 15 chains on the Malpue Road—is just 25 miles from Charlottetown, and within 5 miles of the excellent shipping harbour of New London. Also—A comfortable DWELLING HOUSE and OUT-HOUSES; and a collection of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Likewise—The STOCK, comprising 4 HORSES, of different ages, from 1 to 5 years, 3 COWS, 2 HEIFERS, 11 SHEEP, and a valuable and extensive assortment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, consisting of every thing required on a first-rate farm. Terms.—One-half the purchase money of the property to be paid down, the remainder in 12 months after sale, on good security. A credit of 6 months will be given on all sums over £5, in the sale of Stock, Furniture and Farming Implements. For particulars apply to JOHN KIDD, Esq., Charlottetown, or to the subscriber on the premises. Lot 67, March 1, 1858. MICHAEL MAX.