

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURYPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1883.

VOL. 13.—NO. 145.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-  
ments, on application.

**ALMANAC FOR NOVEMBER, 1883.**

MOON'S CHANGES.  
First Quarter, 7th day, 7h. 51.9m., a. m.  
Full Moon, 14th day, 2h. 24.8m., p. m.  
Last quarter 21st day, 3h. 31.1m., a. m.  
New Moon 29th day, 2h. 41.7m., p. m.

M. DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	rises	sets	rises	water
	sets	rises	falls	len'th
1 Thursday	6 47	4 40	8 51	11 30
2 Friday	48	39	9 0	0
3 Saturday	50	37	9 53	0 6
4 Sunday	51	36	10 41	0 10
5 Monday	53	34	11 25	1 19
6 Tuesday	54	33	12 3	2 1
7 Wednesday	55	32	0 39	2 50
8 Thursday	57	31	1 11	3 49
9 Friday	59	29	1 42	5 3
10 Saturday	7 0	28	2 15	6 21
11 Sunday	2	27	2 44	7 23
12 Monday	3	26	3 19	8 33
13 Tuesday	5	24	3 58	9 24
14 Wednesday	6	23	4 44	10 12
15 Thursday	7	22	5 36	10 57
16 Friday	9	21	6 36	11 42
17 Saturday	10	20	7 39	12 28
18 Sunday	12	19	8 45	1 12
19 Monday	12	18	9 53	1 59
20 Tuesday	14	17	10 58	2 47
21 Wednesday	16	16	12 0	3 34
22 Thursday	17	16	0 1	4 49
23 Friday	19	15	1 2	5 58
24 Saturday	20	14	2 3	7 1
25 Sunday	21	13	3 3	7 57
26 Monday	23	13	4 2	8 40
27 Tuesday	24	12	4 56	9 20
28 Wednesday	25	12	5 59	9 51
29 Thursday	26	11	6 55	10 34
30 Friday	28	10	7 49	11 10

## Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 29.  
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

To take effect on the 24th May, 1883.

TRAINS OUTWARD.  
(READ DOWN.)

STATIONS.	EXPRESS.	MIXED.	MIXED.
Ch'town	Dp 6.45am	Dp 9.20am	Dp 4.15pm
Royalty Jo	" 7.00 "	" 9.55 "	" 4.35 "
N. Wilshire	" 7.35 "	" 10.50 "	" 5.25 "
Hunter R'r	" 7.45 "	" 11.05 "	" 5.40 "
Bradaba's	" 8.10 "	" 11.40 "	" 6.16 "
Co'ty Line.	" 8.15 "	" 11.55 "	" 6.30 "
Freetown.	" 8.25 "	" 12.15pm	" 6.45 "
Kensing'tn	Ar 9.05 "	Ar 1.15 "	" 7.08 "
Summ'side	Dp 9.25 "	Dp 1.45 "	Ar 7.45 "
Misconche	" 9.40 "	" 2.08 "	
Wellington	" 9.59 "	" 2.37 "	
Port Hill.	" 10.28 "	" 3.22 "	
O'Leary.	" 11.20 "	" 4.53 "	
Bloomfield	" 11.38 "	" 5.20 "	
Alberton.	" 12.03pm	" 6.20 "	
Tignish.	Ar 12.40 "	Ar 7.20 "	
Ch'town	Dp 4.00pm	Dp 7.00am	
Royalty Jo	" 4.15 "	" 7.23 "	
York	" 4.27 "	" 7.41 "	
Bedford.	" 4.40 "	" 8.02 "	
Mt. Stewart	" 5.15 "	" 9.00 "	
St. Peter's	" 5.44 "	" 9.45 "	
Bear River	" 6.04 "	" 10.17 "	
Souris	Ar 7.10 "	Ar 12.00m	
Mt. Stewart	Dp 5.15pm	Dp 9.10am	
Cardigan.	" 6.11 "	" 10.33 "	
Georgetown.	Ar 6.30 "	Ar 11.00 "	

TRAINS INWARD.  
(READ UP.)

STATIONS.	EXPRESS.	MIXED.	MIXED.
Ch'town	Ar 8.00pm	Ar 3.45pm	Ar 10.15am
Royalty Jo	Dp 7.45 "	Dp 3.21 "	Dp 9.55 "
N. Wilshire	" 7.11 "	" 2.25 "	" 9.04 "
Hunter R'r	" 7.00 "	" 2.08 "	" 8.45 "
Bradaba's	" 6.35 "	" 1.27 "	" 8.10 "
Co'ty Line.	" 6.30 "	" 1.17 "	" 7.57 "
Freetown.	" 6.19 "	" 1.01 "	" 7.42 "
Kensing'tn	" 6.04 "	" 12.37 "	" 7.20 "
Summ'side	" 5.40 "	" 12.00 "	" 6.45 "
Misconche	Ar 5.15 "	Ar 11.30am	
Wellington	Dp 5.00 "	Dp 11.04 "	
Port Hill.	" 4.42 "	" 10.35 "	
O'Leary.	" 4.13 "	" 9.43 "	
Bloomfield	" 3.22 "	" 8.20 "	
Alberton.	" 3.05 "	" 7.54 "	
Tignish.	" 2.33 "	" 7.15 "	
Ch'town	Ar 10.00am	Ar 7.00pm	
Royalty Jo	Dp 9.45 "	Dp 6.37 "	
York	" 9.33 "	" 6.20 "	
Bedford.	" 9.20 "	" 6.00 "	
Mt. Stewart	" 9.20 "	" 5.20 "	
St. Peter's	" 8.16 "	" 4.15 "	
Bear River	" 7.55 "	" 3.42 "	
Souris	" 7.22 "	" 3.49 "	
Mt. Stewart	Dp 8.55 "	Dp 5.20pm	
Cardigan.	" 7.43 "	" 4.27 "	
Georgetown.	" 7.30 "	" 3.00 "	

**JAMES COLEMAN,**  
Superintendent.  
Railway Office, Charlottetown, May 21, 1883.  
(at pres her om jr 8)

**Merchants' Bank of Halifax,**  
**CHARLOTTETOWN AGENCY,**  
Savings Bank Department,  
—WILL BE—  
OPENED 1ST NOVEMBER, 1883,  
on and after which date DEPOSITS OF \$5  
AND UPWARDS, will be taken and  
interest at the rate of  
**Four Per Cent. Per Annum**  
ALLOWED THEREON.  
For further particulars apply to  
**F. H. ARNAUD,**  
Oct. 30, 1883. AGENT.

**McLEOD, MORSON & McQUARRIE,**  
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,  
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.  
OFFICES:  
reform Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post  
Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island,  
Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building, Sum-  
merside, P. E. Island.  
MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at  
moderate interest.  
**NEIL McLEOD,** W. A. O. MORSON,  
NEIL McQUARRIE.  
Nov. 24, '82.—pres her

**SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.  
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown.  
Money to Loan.  
**W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL,**  
Jan. 16, '83.

**GEORGE TWEEDY,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
Notary Public, &c.  
OFFICE—West Side of Queen Street, Char-  
lottetown, next door to Stevenson's Tin Shop  
July 25, 1883.—dy wkly 6m

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.  
**R. O'DWYER,**  
Commission and General Merchant  
FOR SALE OF P. E. I. PRODUCE.  
289, WATER STREET,  
St. John's, Newfoundland.

**EDWARD T. RUSSEL & CO.,**  
GENERAL  
Commission Merchants,  
NO. 284 STATE STREET,  
BOSTON.

Particular attention given to the sale of  
Fish and Produce of all kinds.  
June 22, 1883.—6m  
**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
GENERAL  
Commission Merchants,  
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,  
(ROSS MARKET)  
BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.  
April 26, 1883.—wkly tf  
**INSURANCE OFFICE.**  
Queen Insurance Company,  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
Lancashire Insurance Company  
CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
Insurance effected on all kinds of property  
at current rates. Losses settled promptly  
and equitably.

**DESBRISAY & ANGUS,**  
General Agents.  
Office—South Side Queen Square,  
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

**HALIFAX & LONDON.**  
THE STEAMSHIP  
**"JULIET,"**  
WILL SAIL POSITIVELY, ON  
**MONDAY, 5TH NOVEMBER,**  
FROM  
**Halifax to Havre and London.**

THIS is a splendid opportunity for dire-  
ct shipments to France and England.  
The "JULIET" is 240 horse power, and  
may be relied on for a rapid passage home.  
She has spacious accommodation, and seven  
separate compartments for dividing the  
cargo.  
Apples will be placed in the Tween decks  
where there is ample ventilation.  
Please apply before 1st of November, as  
shipment cannot be guaranteed till space is  
engaged.

**THE S. S. "WIDDINGTON"**  
WILL SAIL FROM  
**Halifax Direct to London,**  
ABOUT 26TH NOVEMBER.  
AGENTS—H. V. Barrett, Annapolis, N.  
S.; W. H. Shanks, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; C.  
Dwyer & Co., Pictou, N. S.; Troop & Son,  
St. John, N. B.

**JOSEPH WOOD**  
Secretary,  
Halifax Steam Nav. Co'y.  
Oct. 23, 1883.

**BOSTON STEAMERS.**  
STEAMERS:  
**Carroll, 879 tons, Capt. Brown,**  
**Worcester, 865 tons, Capt. Blankenship**  
ONE of the above FIRST-CLASS STEAM-  
ERS will leave  
**Charlottetown for Boston**  
EVERY  
**THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AT 5 P. M.**  
PASSENGERS will find this the Cheapest  
and most pleasant trip to Boston. Accom-  
modations on both steamers are splendid.

**CARVELL BROS.,**  
AGENTS.  
Ch'town, May 17, 1883.—pat her sj  
**STEAMER**  
**"HEATHER BELLE,"**  
FALL ARRANGEMENT.  
ON and after Tuesday, Oct. 16th, 1883,  
the steamer "Heather Belle," will run as  
follows:  
Will leave Orwell Brush Wharf for Charlot-  
tewh every Tuesday, Wednesday, and  
Thursday mornings at seven o'clock,  
calling at China Point and Halliday's  
Wharves.  
Leaving Charlottetown for Halifax, China  
Point and Orwell Brush Wharf same  
evenings, at two o'clock, remaining at  
Brush Wharf every Tuesday and Wed-  
nesday nights, and Thursday night return-  
ing to Charlottetown, arriving about  
eight o'clock.  
Every Friday morning, at seven o'clock, leave  
Charlottetown for Crapaud; leaving  
Crapaud for Charlottetown at eleven  
o'clock, remaining at Charlottetown same  
night.  
Saturday, leave Charlottetown for Crapaud,  
at nine o'clock, a. m., leaving Crapaud for  
Charlottetown, about one o'clock, p. m.

**JOHN HUGHES,**  
Agent.  
Ch'town, Oct. 13, 1883.  
(24w wkly pat ne her pres 1m)

**AUCTION SALES,**  
—ON—  
**MARKET DAYS,**  
—AT—  
Stevenson's Building, Queen Street,  
(NEAR THE MARKET).  
AUCTION SALES of Furniture, Farm  
Implement, Carriages, Sleighs, etc.  
promptly attended to on market days at the  
above central stand for market-day sales.  
**A. McNEILL,**  
Auctioneer.  
11 Queen Street, Ch'town, Oct. 15, '83.—cod tf

**FOUL PLAY.**  
CHAPTER III.  
(Continued.)  
One Thursday evening, James Seaton's  
goddess sat alone with her papa, and—  
being a young lady of fair abilities, who  
had gone through her course of music and  
other studies, taught brainlessly, and who  
was now going through a course of mono-  
tonous pleasures, and had not accumulated  
any great store of mental resources—she  
was listless and languid, and would have  
yawned forty times in her papa's face, only  
she was too well bred. She always turned  
her head away when it came, and either  
suppressed, or else hid it with a lovely  
white hand. At last, as she was a good  
girl, she blushed at her behavior, and  
rouse herself up and said she:  
'Papa, shall I play you the new quad-  
rilles?'  
'Papa gave a start and a shake, and said,  
with well-framed vehemence:  
'Ay, do, my dear, and so composed him-  
self to listen; and Helen sat down and  
played the quadrilles.  
The composer had taken immortal melo-  
dies, some gay, some sad, and had robbed  
them of their distinctive character, and  
hashed them till they were all one mono-  
tonous rattle. But General Rolleston was  
little the worse for all this. As Apollo  
saved Horace from hearing a poetaster's  
rhymes, so did Somnus, another beneficent  
little deity, rescue our warrior from his  
daughter's music.  
She was neither angry nor surprised. A  
delicious smile illumined her face directly;  
she crept to him on tip-toe, and  
bestowed a kiss, light as a zephyr  
on his gray head. And in truth, the  
bending attitude of this supple figure,  
clad in snowy muslin, the virginal face  
and light hazel eye beaming love and rever-  
ence, and the airy kiss had something  
angelic.  
She took her candle and glided up to her  
bedroom. And the moment she got there,  
and could gratify her somnolence without  
offense, need we say she became wide-  
awake? She sat down and wrote long  
letters to three other young ladies, gushing  
affection, asking questions of the kind  
nobody replies to, painting, with a young  
lady's colors, the male being to whom she  
was shortly to be married, wishing her dear  
friends a like demigod, if perchance earth  
contained two; and so to the last new bonnet  
and preacher.  
She sat over her paper till one o'clock,  
and Seaton watched and adored her  
slender form.  
When she had done writing, she opened  
her window and looked out upon the night.  
She lifted those wonderful hazel eyes toward  
the stars, and her watcher might well be  
pardon'd if he saw in her a celestial being  
looking up from an earthly resting place  
towards her native sky.  
At two o'clock she was in bed, but not  
asleep. She lay calmly gazing at the  
Southern Cross, and other lovely stars shinin-  
g with vivid, but chaste, fire in the purple  
vault of Heaven.  
While thus employed, she heard a slight  
sound outside that made her turn her eyes  
toward a young tree near her window. Its  
top branches were waving a good deal,  
though there was not a breath stirring.  
This struck her as curious, very curious.  
Whilst she wondered, suddenly an arm  
and a hand came in sight, and after them  
the whole figure of a man going up the  
tree.  
Helen sat up now, glaring with terror,  
and was so paralyzed she did not utter a  
sound. About a foot below her window  
was a lead flat that roofed the baywindow  
below. It covered an area of several feet,  
and the man sprang on to it, with perfect  
ease from the tree. Helen shrieked with  
terror. At that very instant there was a  
flash, a pistol-shot, and the man's arms  
went whirling, and he staggered and fell  
over the edge of the flat, and struck the  
grass below with a heavy thud. Shots and  
blows followed, and all the sounds of a  
bloody struggle ran in Helen's ears as she  
flung herself screaming from the bed, and  
darted to the door. She ran and clung  
quivering to her sleepy maid, Wilson.  
The house was alarmed, lights flashed,  
footsteps pattered—there was a universal  
commotion.  
General Rolleston soon learned his  
daughter's story from Wilson, and aroused  
his male servants, one of whom was an old  
soldier. They searched the house first; but  
no entrance had been effected; so they went  
out on the lawn with blunderbuss and  
pistol.  
They found a man lying on his back at  
the foot of the bay-window.  
They pounced on him, and, to their  
amazement, it was the gardener, James  
Seaton. Inseparable.  
General Rolleston was quite taken aback  
for a moment. Then he was sorry. But,  
after a little reflection, he said, very  
sternly:  
'Carry the blackguard in-doors and run  
for an officer.'  
Seaton was taken into the hall, and laid  
flat on the floor.  
All the servants gathered about him,  
brimful of curiosity, and the female ones  
began to speak all together; but General  
Rolleston told them sharply to hold their  
tongues, and to retire behind the man.  
'Somebody sprinkle him with cold water,'  
said he, 'and be quiet all of you, and keep  
out of sight while I examine him.'  
He stood before the insensible figure with  
his arms folded, amidst a dead silence,  
broken only by the stifled sobs of Sarah  
Wilson, and of a sociable housemaid who  
cried with her for company.  
And now Seaton began to writhe and  
show signs of returning sense.  
Next he moaned piteously, and sighed.  
But General Rolleston could not pity him;  
he waited grimly for returning conscious-  
ness, to subject him to merciless interroga-  
tory. He waited just one second too long. He

had to answer a question instead of putting  
one.  
The judgment in the last faculty that a  
man recovers when emerging from insens-  
sibility; and Seaton seeing the general  
standing before him, stretched out his  
hands and said in a faint, but earnest voice,  
before a dozen witnesses:  
'Is she safe? Oh, is she safe?  
(To be continued.)  
Address.  
To REV. R. W. STEVENSON, Montague:  
DEAR SIR,—It is with unfeigned regret  
we learn of your intended departure from  
our midst, and we cannot allow you to  
leave without assuring you of the love and  
respect with which you are regarded in this  
community by all lovers of religion,  
morality and sobriety.  
Your faithfulness as a preacher of the  
everlasting gospel, your encouragement to  
professors of religion, your warnings to the  
wayward and thoughtless; your zeal in the  
great cause of temperance, your kind atten-  
tion to the sick, your sympathy with the  
afflicted and bereaved, and your ready  
help to the needy and distressed have won  
the respect and love of all classes in the  
community.  
We exceedingly regret the cause of your  
intended removal, and trust that the in-  
fluence of a more genial climate will speedily  
improve and restore the health of your  
beloved partner, to whom you will please  
convey an assurance of our sympathy and  
respect, and we hope that wherever your  
lot may be cast in time you and your family  
may enjoy God's richest blessing, and that  
in due time, through his kind providence,  
we may again have the pleasure of enjoying  
your society and ministry under happier  
circumstances.  
You will please accept the accompanying  
purse as a small token of our respect and  
esteem.  
**JAMES M. AITKEN,**  
**EDWARD LANE, New Perth.**  
**JAMES N. ROURKE,**  
**P. A. DEWAR,**  
**D. McDONALD,**  
**AMOS ROBERTSON,**  
**JOHN D. BELL.**  
REPLY.  
**MESSRS. JAS. M. AITKEN, JAS. ROURKE,**  
**DUNCAN McDONALD, P. A. DEWAR, JOHN**  
**D. BELL, AMOS ROBERTSON, E. LANE,**  
and others.  
GENTLEMEN,—I must confess that I am  
pleased with the expression of your kind-  
ness towards Mrs. Stevenson and myself,  
and I can assure you, as you have made  
reference to our leaving, that to leave Mon-  
tague and the friends we have made while  
here is, by no means, an easy task. I  
have, to the best of my ability, tried to  
treat every man as a gentleman,  
unless he proved himself otherwise,  
and must say that this treatment  
has been reciprocated. And I have  
received such marks of your interest in  
me at other times, and now this expression  
added, is almost enough to overcome me,  
but I hope I may ever cherish such feelings  
of gratitude for all this great kindness as  
may become one so highly favored, and  
prove to you by my life that it has not  
been bestowed on one altogether unworthy.  
Our work in the good cause of temperance  
has been pleasant to me, not only because  
it is the cause of God which is the greatest  
cause, but also on account of having  
such respectable, influential, prosperous and  
noble co-laborers, and trust that by the  
goodness of Almighty God, I may be per-  
mitted to return to the Island, and while  
laboring to promote the cause of our  
Blessed Redeemer by the Gospel which is  
the power of God unto salvation, I may  
again take my stand in the ranks of the  
temperance workers. And I can assure  
you that wherever my lot may be cast, I  
will not be backward in doing all I can, for  
I ever intend to be one of Zion's watchmen,  
crying out against this great evil, intemper-  
ance.  
As to Mrs. Stevenson's health, the cause  
of our leaving at this time, and to which  
you have referred in such kindly terms and  
for which I am very thankful, and trust  
that she may be wholly restored to health,  
for this is my prayer to God, and I feel  
confident that you will not neglect to offer  
your petitions to a throne of grace in our  
behalf.  
I thank you, gentlemen, for this expres-  
sion of your interest in our welfare, and  
pray that the choicest blessings of heaven  
may rest on you all, and should we, from  
any cause, be prevented from again meeting  
on earth, may we meet in heaven, and  
renew our friendship there, where there  
will be no cause for the unpleasant work  
of separating. So now, for a while, farewell.  
R. W. STEVENSON.

**Don't Procrastinate.**  
If you have signs of pulmonary trouble,  
act promptly. "A stitch in time saves  
nine." Compound Oxygen will certainly  
arrest the progress of consumption if used  
in the early stages of that disease. It has  
already done so in a large number of cases.  
In proof of this the most direct and positive  
evidence will be furnished by Drs. Starkey  
& Palen, 1109 Girard Street, Philadelphia.  
If you would like to submit your case and  
get an opinion of your condition, write to  
them and state all your symptoms clearly.  
It will cost you nothing, as they do not charge  
for consultation. Their reply and the docu-  
mentary evidence which they will furnish  
as to what has been done by their new  
Treatment, and also as to their professional  
standing, will put you in a position to judge  
for yourself whether to use their Treatment  
or not.

**MACKEY'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE** is an infallible  
food for the Brain and Nerves, and its re-  
juvenating effect on these organs never fails to  
cure nervous exhaustion and all weaknesses of  
the generative organs. Sold in Charlottetown  
at Apothecaries Hall. See advertisement in  
another column. [Nov 1w wkly]

**CURRENT NOTES.**  
Cholera is alleged to have broken out at  
Pekin.  
A plague of locusts has appeared in  
Pueblo, Mexico.  
De Brazza, the explorer, is reported to  
have been killed in Africa.  
It is rumored that Emperor William of  
Germany has shown symptoms of apoplexy.  
Hollinhead, Tetley & Co., cotton brokers,  
have suspended. Liabilities, £90,000 to  
£100,000.  
Bismarck and Kalnoky are reported as  
favoring the re-establishment of the king-  
dom of Poland.  
The French admiral at Mad-gascar has  
opened preliminary negotiations with the  
Hova delegates.  
The U. S. Treasury officials estimate that  
the year's finances will show a surplus of at  
least \$60,000,000.  
The Orleans princes are reported to have  
sounded Bismarck with reference to push-  
ing their claims to the French throne, and  
to have met with a rebuff.  
The study of Latin and Greek at the  
Indiana State College has been abolished,  
in order that more attention may be paid to  
agriculture and horticulture.  
At a conference of the Fair Trade League  
recently, the imposition of a moderate  
duty on foreign wheat was advocated with  
a view towards encouraging the trade of the  
British colonies.  
David Moses, whose 517-pound bride has  
just died in Baltimore, is probably the most  
bereaved widower in the country. To say  
he has lost his better half but feebly ex-  
presses the fact.  
The effects of railways on the Indian  
question in the United States was alluded  
to by Gen. Sherman in his annual report,  
and he thinks the completion of the trans-  
continental lines has rendered the recur-  
rence of any serious war with the as yet  
uncivilized tribes impossible.  
Those of the California grape-growers  
whose vines are not affected by the new  
insect pest reaped a harvest this year—say  
\$500 to \$800 per acre. The crop of the  
state will be short 40 per cent., and the  
choicest qualities of grapes for wine-making  
have advanced from \$25 a ton a year ago to  
\$35 and \$40 now. The average yield in a  
good vineyard of mature age is about twenty  
tons to the acre.  
A curious bit of history comes from  
Manitoba, to the effect that, owing to the  
mortality among horses, many of the  
farmers have had resort to oxen for reaping  
their corn, and with very gratifying results.  
'Their behaviour in the self-binder,' says  
the report, 'has far surpassed expectation.'  
Although oxen have been used from pre-  
historic times in ploughing, this is the first  
time we have heard of oxen in a modern  
reaper.

The New York Times' London despatch  
of the 4th from Berlin says:—It is reported  
that Bismarck's health is better, though he  
still complains that he is unable to work  
with his former energy. He intends that  
the leading features of the coming session  
shall be the social and political bills. Before  
the Prussian Diet are three bills dealing with  
school endowments, the reduction of communal  
taxes and the reform of civil official salaries.  
The Emperor is declared now to be well.  
He continues to enjoy wine and tobacco.  
Bismarck has been obliged to abandon cigars  
and wine.  
Sir Charles Tupper has issued the follow-  
ing circular, and caused it to be published  
in several English papers:—'With reference  
to recent statements that have been made,  
we have been asked by the High Commis-  
sioner for Canada to give publicity to the  
following telegram received from the Min-  
ister of Agriculture of Canada: "Finally  
domestics are wanted in all parts of Canada.  
The demand is urgent. Thousands of  
number of good servants can secure good  
and immediate employment. We cannot  
get enough natives for railway work. Mr.  
Donaldson, the agent of the Dominion Gov-  
ernment at Toronto, will find no difficulty  
in placing all good men."'

On Thursday evening, while the proces-  
sion escorting the Lord Mayor of Dublin to  
his hotel was passing the City Hall, the  
Orangemen, congregated there, fired upon  
it and threw stones from the windows and  
roof of the building. A man, reported  
wounded, is dying. The Nationalist pro-  
cession dispersed after the Lord Mayor had  
entered his hotel, but an angry crowd after-  
wards congregated around the City Hall,  
which they stoned, breaking the windows.  
The public then charged the mob and cleared  
the streets. The military were called  
out to assist in restoring order and bodies  
of Lancers are parading the main streets.  
Subsequently the Orangemen vacated the  
City Hall, and withdrew from the vicinity.  
The Mayor has issued a proclamation ap-  
pealing to the people to refrain from violence  
and retaliation.

The New York Tribune's London des-  
patch of the 4th says that numerous  
speeches were made during the week, but  
they have been of little real importance,  
Lord Salisbury's excepted. He plainly in-  
forms the Radicals of the Leeds conference  
type that the Lords will not submit to their  
threat of sending again and again to the  
Upper House a bill dealing  
only with a country franchise. He  
intends himself to insist on seeing  
the whole plan of reform, including the  
scheme for the distributing of seats, before  
accepting any part of it. This declaration  
strengthens the probability that the ministry  
will persevere in its original programme  
to attempt to pass the county and London  
Government bills at the next session and to  
postpone the franchise bills. Lord Sal-  
isbury makes a mistake from his own point  
of view in debating the question of the  
abolition of the House of Lords.