

The Daily Examiner

OCTOBER 1, 1884.

Queen Square.

MR. ARTHUR NEWBERY certainly deserves and receives credit from the community, for his successful exertions in beautifying and adorning Queen Square. Were the fact not so apparent, it would be almost beyond belief, that in so short a season, a bleak, howling, maddly waste, should have been turned into a "thing of beauty."

Imports and Exports.

The official statement of imports for August shows:—Amount entered for consumption, \$9,763,887, of which \$7,306,180 was dutiable, \$254,044 coin, and \$2,113,743 free goods. The duty collected was \$1,920,434. For the same month last year the total was \$10,407,310, of which \$7,980,463 was dutiable and \$2,425,847 free, the duty collected being \$2,040,844. The exports for August were:—

Table with 3 columns: Produce, Canada, and other countries. Rows include Agricultural products, Manufactures, Miscellaneous, and Coin and bullion.

For August last year the value of goods exported was \$9,891,167, of which \$8,348,199 was the produce of Canada, and \$1,542,928, that of other countries.

The Tides as a Motive Power.

MANY times, while observing the almost regular flow and ebb of tides, we have wondered that the moving waters were not utilized for driving machinery. Though slow, the weight and power of the immense bodies of water, rising and falling, always impressed us with the fact that there was a matter for inventive genius to grapple with, as the world was on the qui vive for cheap motive power.

Our Advertisers.

S. W. Crabbe advertises the Combination Cook Stove. It is constructed on a new and improved principle and contains every facility for cooking purposes. E. Needham holds an auction sale of apples and onions to-morrow, at eleven o'clock. W. W. Wellner is selling gold and silver plated ware, watches, clocks, etc., at low prices. John Hughes publishes the Fall Arrangement of the Heather Belle.

Exhibition Notes.

The Secretary tells us that a very large number of entries, especially in Live Stock, were made yesterday, it being market day. This is advisable, as Friday next is the last day for receiving Live Stock entries. Rule 8th, on Page 11 of the Prize List reads thus: "Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry, for Exhibition, must be entered on the Secretary's books on or before Friday, October 3rd, at 6 o'clock, p. m."

A New Name.

Pursuant to notice, a public meeting of the inhabitants of New Bridge and vicinity, was held on the 20th inst., for the purpose of giving a new name to the rising village that now has a shipping and general trade second to none of our Island ports. The meeting was organized by the appointment of Dominic Pino, Esq., to the chair, and the undersigned Secretary. Several short and appropriate names were then suggested when Rustico Ville was proposed by Dominic Buote, and seconded by Erasmus Martin and carried. And as the trade and business of this place demands postal accommodation, a resolution to that effect was also carried. And now a petition is being sent to the Postmaster General, praying that a post office may be established at Rustico Ville.

MOSES DOIRON, Secretary. Rustico Ville, Lot 24, Sept. 20, 1884.

Notes from Monticello.

Farmers in this vicinity are well on with their crops, which are fairly good. Fishing is a partial failure with the hook and line fishermen. A number of our young men have obtained a seine for mackerel. It is managed by Mr. Patrick McDonald, the veteran mackerel killer, known to American fishermen as "Top-mast Pat." Under this gentleman's skillful management, several good hauls have been taken. Were it not for the inclemency of the weather, these enterprising young men would have done splendidly.

While Messrs. James McDonald and John D. S. Pierce, of Newfrags, were out trying for mackerel last week, they saw, with the aid of a spying glass, an object on the water, quite a long distance off. As they had run short of bait, and mackerel did not appear plentiful, they hoisted sail and made direct for the object; but as they were nearing it, another boat appeared, coming for the same object. Mr. McDonald, letting away the sheets and trimming his craft well, came up to the object first, which was floating on the water, and was easily gaffed in by Mr. Pierce. The other boat contained Mr. Grinnell and several others. These, however, were lee-bowed by Messrs. Pierce and McDonald, and were obliged to return home, wiser men, after their "flying-geese chase." The object, when brought aboard the boat, proved to be a fish hitherto unknown, and much resembled the mythical Mermaid. It did not, however, have the comb and glass in her hand. This strange looking fish measured five feet two inches in length. Two horns, each twenty inches long, projected from its head. Its mouth was large and voracious-looking, with two rows of teeth standing conspicuously in its jaws. Its skin was of a brownish color, covered with silny scales, and on the top of its head were long and thick fibres resembling hair. Long P(h)ans, resembling legs, extended from beneath. The fish was extremely pretty. Many "old tars" have looked upon it with astonishment, affirming that they never before beheld the like. Messrs. McDonald and Pierce have it entirely preserved in alcohol, and intend to exhibit it before Advent.

Our obliging business man, Angus McCormack, is doing a fair dealing this summer. His motto is "quick sales and small profits." He gives a fair price for mackerel. It will be remembered that, for the last three or four years, it was Mr. McCormack who raised the price of mackerel. The Souris buyers formed a joint ring to monopolize the price of mackerel, but Mr. McCormack could not be induced to join them, and alone stood out, giving a fair price for the fish. Very soon the Souris buyers had to broach, and give as good a price as Mr. McCormack. To this gentleman "the toilers of the sea" should feel especially thankful.

THE EXAMINER is universally acknowledged to be the best paper on the Island. Its columns are not all filled with advertisements, like most of the Island papers. We wish it every success.

A FISHERMAN.

The first public exhibition of the telephone was in 1876, at the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia. In the year following the first telephone exchange was established in Boston with five subscribers. Now more than two hundred cities and villages may be reached by telephone from Boston. Telephonic communication between New York and Boston, over a circuit of nearly 300 miles, is quite as satisfactory as over the more local circuits. In January last there were in the States 906 telephone exchanges, with 123,995 subscribers. So says the Electrical Review.

The Grand Trunk Railway traffic receipts for the week ending September 20, 1884, were as follows:—Passengers, mails and express \$172,509; freight and live stock, \$216,100; total, \$388,609, a decrease of \$28,579 from the corresponding week last year. The aggregate for twelve weeks was \$4,107,819, against \$4,479,767 for the corresponding period last year.

Wedding Bells.

On Wednesday evening, September 10, at the Church of the Assumption, corner of York and Jay streets, Brooklyn, Vicar-General Keegan officiating, the marriage of William J. Murphy to Sara G. Conway took place. Long before the time appointed for the ceremony arrived the residents of the Second Ward and the friends of the contracting parties turned out en masse to do honor to the occasion. So great was the gathering about the church that the sidewalk became impassable; but when the happy couple arrived the crowd good naturedly fell back, so as to allow the bridal procession to enter the church. On entering the sacred edifice the sweet, soul-inspiring strains of a beautiful wedding march came rolling down from the great organ above, and the procession moved slowly up the aisle to the altar, the bride looking pretty in her bridal robes of garnet, brocade and satin, with a small white bonnet, on which gently rested a handsome wreath of orange blossoms, while in her small, white-gloved hand she carried a pretty bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. The costume of the bridesmaid consisted of the same, but of a lighter shade, with white bouquet of pink moss buds, and a hand bouquet of pink and white roses. The bridesmaid was a sister of the bride, Miss Mary Conway; the groomsmen, John Slattery. After making the happy couple man and wife, Vicar-General Keegan spoke in feeling terms of his blessing and wishing them all the happiness this world contained, led the procession to the door of the church, where he shook hands with those present. Returning to the home of the bride's father, Captain Thomas Conway, No. 88 Prospect street, the invited guests were soon whirling in the "dreamy waltz." During the evening, intermission was taken to do justice to a fine collation, which Mr. Conway had had prepared for the occasion. The bride was the recipient of numerous valuable presents; some of which represented the lady's friends in New Haven, New Jersey and New York. The ushers were William Boland, William Carr, William Crossen, Harry McDermott, John R. McCane and Vincent Slattery. At midnight the happy couple departed for a brief wedding tour.

[The young lady referred to above is the second daughter of Capt. Conway, formerly of this city.]

Nova Scotia Mines and other Mines.

Mr. H. Banerman, of the British Association, was greatly pleased with the mines of Cumberland, Nova Scotia. "We were greatly interested," said Mr. Banerman in a talk with a reporter, "by what we saw of those massive, extensive and remarkably regular coal deposits at Spring Hill and the Joggins. The large area occupied by the coal, which lies without a break or sign of disturbance in its immense formation, astonished us no less than the extreme facility with which the mines can be worked. I have never seen any place where coal is mined so easily and with so little danger. The only limits to its production, I should say, are in the market for its consumption and the railway facilities for carrying it from the mine. With these supplied, mines as large as any in the world could be opened up in a very short time. When your railway bridge at St. John is completed, it ought to open up a large additional market territory in the United States for the first-class coal turned out in the Cumberland mines. The extent and regularity of the deposits as well as the purity of the coal are surprising. The famous Joggins section, thirteen miles in length and exposing the whole of the coal-bearing strata of that country, together with fossil plants, stems of trees, etc., as they grew countless ages ago, was a subject of great interest to the party and we would have liked to make a longer stay and more minute observations. "You visited Londonderry, I believe?" "Yes, and were deeply impressed with the spathic iron ores there to be seen. They are the only deposits of any magnitude in America, and are not common in any part of the world. Unquestionably this ore is of very superior material, and will make very high class metal. The mines are conveniently placed, as far as procuring coal is concerned; and a very fair coke is now obtained from the Spring Hill coal. I should think eventually a profitable business will be worked up in iron mining at Londonderry."

"What are the prospects for gold mining in Nova Scotia?" "Exceedingly good, I should say. We examined the gold mines near Halifax, and were satisfied that when they come to be worked on a large scale there ought to be a great deal of gold turned out at so cheap a rate that the profit would be much larger pro rata than at present. They don't have to pay men \$4 per day for labor, as in the west, and then there is a never-failing market right at home."

"What were your impressions of the west on your recent visit?" "The main thing, of course, is the agricultural lands, which certainly are among the finest in the world, and of their future importance it is not possible now to form an adequate idea. You can hardly say much about the future of a country only two years old. On the western end of Lake Superior I saw some promising gold mines and also silver mines where a very high quality of ore was being turned out. It would be unwise to conjecture what may be the developments of this great country. We are all satisfied with our visit to Canada. The meeting at Montreal was an extremely successful one; as profitable a session as we have ever had. The arrangements were good and the accommodation everything that could be desired. Should our future meetings be held at various points outside of England it is not very likely that Canada will be neglected when her turn comes."

John B. Gough is of the opinion that the way to cure sleeplessness is to pitch in and work it off. He says that Lyman Beecher (father of the Brooklyn orator) had a load of sand in his cellar, and after evening service he would shovel it from one side to the other, and by this exercise he could tone down the fever of the brain. Then the old man would get out his violin and soothe himself to sleep with amateur fiddling.

A case of death occurring from the bite of a calf is reported from Winfield, W. Va.

Potatoes.

A VERY SMALL CROP HARVESTED AND HIGHER PRICES PROBABLE.

All through the Eastern States the merchants and farmers are complaining of a small crop of potatoes. Owing to the fact that they were very cheap last season, the farmers planted less than before, the decrease in acreage being about 15 per cent. Early in the season the crop looked well, and a large yield was predicted until the drought of June and July came on. This stopped the growth of the tops and caused many fields to ripen prematurely. When the rains at last came on those that survived the drought grew so rapidly that they became coarse and watery, and fell an easy prey to the rust and rot. In some places whole fields turned brown in a single day. The rot has been so bad that the yield of sound tubers has fallen off one-third from last year, making much below the average. Even those that are harvested are not in good condition, and many will spoil before marketing.

Under those circumstances the trade is very unsettled. Prices now range from twenty-five cents to \$1 per bushel, the former being in central New York, the great potato-producing lands of this country, and the latter is what they bring in the seaport towns of Massachusetts. In Nova Scotia and Quebec the crop is almost an entire failure, and our merchants can no longer rely on those sources for supplies, as has been their custom hitherto. The rot is working badly in the great shipping section of northern Maine, and many potatoes will have to be converted into starch. Vermont has a small crop of good quality, not being reported less frequently than elsewhere. New York's acreage and yield are below the figures for 1883, and there is a general disposition to hold. The Eastern crop is below the average, and the Southern demand promises to be larger than usual. With these facts in view the merchants are inclined to buy, and the farmers disinclined to sell. When there is a change in prices, as there must be before long, the probabilities are that they will be much higher.—Boston Globe.

The Canadian Boatmen.

INTERESTING NEWS FROM THE SMOKEAN KING.—DR. NELSON'S TESTIMONY OF THE OFFICERS AND MEN.

The Quebec Chronicle is permitted to publish the following extract from a letter received by Hon. A. P. Caron, Minister of Militia, from Dr. A. Nelson, medical officer to the contingent of Canadian boatmen, now on board the Ocean King, on their way to aid Waisley in his Nile expedition. The letter is dated, on board the Ocean King, September 18, and continues:—

DEAR SIR,—Understanding the great interest which you have taken in the organization of our company of voyageurs, it will doubtless be pleasant to you to learn how we are progressing. As was to be expected the embarkment and departure were made in the midst of some confusion, but once out of port order was established little by little and soon all was going well. All our men appear to be contented, satisfied, full of hope and anxious to arrive at the end of the voyage, and without exception determined to do honor to themselves and to their native country. The contingent is even better constituted than I would have at first been thought, and I have been able to convince myself of this by conversing with the heads of the expedition and the men themselves. I may remind you of what you probably already know, that the officers' commissions have been placed in good hands. The selections were certainly judicious. Colonel Denison, Capt. Amund and Lieutenant McCrea understand their men and are understood by them. They know just to what extent they may proceed, and at the same time they are soldierly enough to understand the importance of order and discipline. Abbe Bouchard has already become very popular among our men. Of a character which is always pleasant and agreeable, he knows the means by which to gain their goodwill. His accounts of, and his personal experience in Upper Egypt, have calmed the fears of those who were alarmed at the absurd stories circulated by others.

A Gone Coon.

The story of Colonel David Crockett's coon is being repeated. When the colonel took aim the coon, after enquiring if he really meant it, told him he need not fire. He would come down. He knew he was a gone coon anyhow. The liquor men have had their Waterloo. They concentrated all their powers upon Halton, and have lost the fight. Through a sympathetic paper in Toronto they are now asking for the most favorable terms of surrender. The World proposes compensation to the liquor men for their vested rights. They have concluded they will have to give up poisoning, and they now want to be paid by the public to retire from the business. They have robbed many a proud mother of her promising boy, and they now want to be paid for giving up the privilege of misleading poor boys. They have made many a family fatherless, and they now want the widows and orphans to share the cost of a testimonial to them for the services they have rendered the country. They have invested money in a doomed business, and the country is now asked to refund it to them. Our cotton lords who have thrown away good money on the basis of the Government's assurances have a thousand-fold as good claim to have their mills taken off their hands. It is many years since these wholesale and retail vendors of poison have been warned continuously not to risk their money in that business, but the profits were so great that they jumped at the risk. They probably knew what they were doing. Most of them have got back principal and interest long ago. It is not for their losses they need to be paid, but for the stoppage of the golden stream of blood-money which they consider their "vested right." The very expression should make their cheeks to burn and tingle. A vested right to curse the nation! The idea is a good one for Satan. Can he not also make a good thing by retiring from business and getting paid for his vested rights? The best feature of the local option method of destroying the liquor traffic is that it reduces this vested right theory to an absurdity. Here is a great brewery, say in London. The people of Halton County determine to send it

more orders. Surely it has no further claim upon them. Six months ago Oxford County refused to buy any more, and three weeks hence Simcoe County will probably do the same. If the London brewery is going to have a grievance and a claim, we shall also have a claim for compensation from the public chest because His Grace the Archbishop of Maritapolis laid a curse on his very dear brethren if they should read our paper. The farmers of the West should also make up their claim, because the Hindus are underselling their wheat in the Liverpool market. We might have been willing to buy of the liquor dealers if we could get clear of them in that way and in no other, but no terms would have fetched them so long as they were not sure of their fate. Now that they are sure, we see no objection to pay for the surrender of a gone coon.—Montreal Witness.

GOLD,

Silver and Gold-plated Sets, Bracelets, Necklets, Lockets, Vest Chains, Seals, Charms, Bar Pins, Children's Pins, Brooches, Earrings, Scarf and Shirt-Pins, Collar, Shirt and Collar Studs.

Diamond and Other Gem Rings, Plain and Engraved Rings.

Eight and One-day Clocks,

In the Newest Styles, thoroughly Regulated and Warranted, as usual.

Electro-Plated Goods in Great Variety.

Spectacles & Eye-glasses,

Lusters, Vases, &c.

The above stock of Goods is the BEST IN THE PROVINCE to select from.

W. W. WELLNER.

Ch'town, Oct. 1—Show 21 wksly

APPLES AND ONIONS.

From Montreal, Large Bbls. and Good

I will sell by Auction, on THURSDAY next, 2nd inst., at 11 o'clock, at my Room, North Side Market House, lot of Apples and Onions.

E. NEEDHAM, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Oct. 1, 1884.

STEAMER

HEATHER BELLE.

Fall Arrangement.

ON and after Tuesday, October 7th, 1884, the Steamer Heather Belle will run as follows:—

Will leave Orwell Brush Wharf for Charlottetown every Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday mornings, at seven o'clock, calling at China Point and Halliday's Wharves.

Leaving Charlottetown for Halliday's, China Point and Orwell Brush Wharf same evenings, at two o'clock, remaining at Brush Wharf every Tuesday and Wednesday nights, and Thursday night returning to Charlottetown, arriving about eight o'clock.

Every Friday morning, at seven o'clock, leave Charlottetown for Crapaud; leaving Crapaud for Charlottetown at eleven o'clock, remaining at Charlottetown same night.

Saturday, leave Charlottetown for Crapaud, at nine o'clock, a. m., leaving Crapaud for Charlottetown, about one o'clock, p. m.

JOHN HUGHES, Agent.

Ch'town, Oct. 1, '84.—In oaw pat in oaw here pres'vly

Welsh and Anthracite Coal.

THE barkentine Olivett has just arrived from Swansea with

400 TONS

Of this superior Coal, and will begin discharging, at McMillan's Depot, Thursday (first).

This is probably the last chance to buy Hard Coal, Ex. ship, during this season, and parties not supplied would do well to send in their orders at once.

This Coal has been tested by several leading citizens, and is Guaranteed to Give Good Satisfaction for use in base-burner stoves.

Parties having orders will please be ready to receive on Thursday.

R. McMILLAN, 41

Charlottetown, Sept. 30, '84.

Bedeque and Narrows Oysters.

HAVING secured the services of Mr. Joseph Carmody, the Subscriber is prepared to furnish OYSTERS by the barrel, gallon, quart, pint, stew, raw, fry, and half-shell a specialty.

Parties requiring Oysters must leave their orders during the forenoon.

PRICES:—Fifty cents per Imperial quart.

P. P. GILLIS, UNION HOUSE, Charlottetown, Sept. 30th, 1884. 1m

SULLIVAN & MACNELL, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery, NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan.

W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHRISTIE B. MACNELL, Jun. 16, '83.

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY.

Prince County Exhibition

A Special Passenger Train will leave Charlottetown for Summerside at 8.5 a. m., on Thursday, 2nd October, returning on the evening, carrying passengers to and from the Prince County Exhibition at our first class fare for the double journey. This train will stop at all Telegraph Stations going and returning.

JAMES COLEMAN, Superintendent. Railway Office, Ch'town, Sept. 23, 1884—ad da per cod

PLUMS, PLUMS.

31 Crates Nova Scotia Plums.

Just Received and for Sale by

GEORGE R. STRONG, J. D. McLeod's Block

Sept. 25, '85—

FOR SALE.

40,000 First-class Brick in Lots to Suit Purchasers.

McKINNON & McLEAN.

Sept 20, '84.—2wk

FOR SALE.

THAT Farm, 3 miles from Charlottetown, consisting of 34 acres, on the North River Road and lately in possession of the Subscriber.

Apply to WM. PICKARD, East Royalty.

Sept. 20, '84—cod 1 mo

FAT HERRING FOR SALE.

JUST received a quantity of Good Fat Newfoundland Herring. For sale cheap in barrels and half barrels.

A. HORNE & CO., Upper Queen St.

Ch'town, Sept. 18, '84.

NEW FALL GOODS,

Selected by Mr. Stewart,

—IN THE—

ENGLISH MARKETS,

just arrived per S. S. Australia and Phoenician, and

NOW OPENING

—AT THE—

LONDON HOUSE.

Sept. 11, 1884.

WANTED, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED.—A House containing seven or eight Rooms. Address, David McLeod, Southport, stating rent and locality. oct 41

WANTED.—A Servant Girl to do general house-work in a small family. Apply at this Office. sep 30

TO LET.—A House on Dorchester Street, with seven rooms and Stable. Apply to G. C. Worthy. (sep 29 3i

FOUND.—On Queen Street, on Friday morning the 26th inst. a Brown Silk Umbrella. The owner can have the same by paying for this advertisement. Apply at the EXAMINER OFFICE. (se 27 6i

TO LET.—A House containing four or five rooms. Apply to JAMES McLEOD, Spring Park Road. (se 24

LOST.—On Sunday evening last between Prince Street and the Mount Edward Road, a Socket of a Carriage Lantern. Any person finding, please leave at Wm. Dodd's, Queen St. (se 23

WANTED.—Two rooms unfurnished near centre of city with board for two (man and wife). Address, stating terms and location, X. Y., P. O. box, 86. (1w

WANTED.—A girl to do general house work in a family of two. Inquire at the EXAMINER OFFICE. (se 22

TO LET.—The Double Dwelling House on Prince Street at present occupied by Mrs. John Dorsey and Mrs. LePage, each containing eight rooms. Apply on the premises. (se 22

FULL LINE of McCormick's celebrated BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY, at R. K. BRACE'S. (sep 10 3m

FOR SALE.—A New School of about 15 tons. Apply at this office. (sep 8, '84

A Clerk with some experience in a Grocery Store will find employment by addressing P. O. Box 51. (se 1

WE will give exclusive sale at and near Charlottetown, of our Entire Wheat Flour, to a dealer who will push it. Covered by patent. Easily sold. We guarantee 100 lbs. more bread to the barrel than any other flour.—FRANKLIN MILLS CO., 38 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill. aug 2

TO LET.—Shop and Tenement on Upper Queen Street, at present occupied by Mrs. McLean. Apply to J. McGILL. aug 2—pat.

KENT MILLS and other choice brands Family Flour for sale by Henry Beer, Office and Warehouse, Water Street, near Parry Wharf. (mly)