THE DAILY EXAMINER.

NOVEMBER 29, 1894.

THE TARIFF ISSUE.

A week ago, we asked the Patriot and Mr. L. H. Davies to show clearly how a tariff for revenue only will better the condition of the people of Canada by enlarging their markets with Great Britain, the States and other countries. As leading members of a party who desire the people to give up the National Policy, under which everything is cheaper than ever, under which our export trade has considerably increased and the country has prospered, they ought to be able to set forth, clearly and definitely, good and sufficient reasons why the change they propose should be made. What grounds are there for supposing that the export trade of Canada will increase at a greater rate than it has in the National Policy period during which there has been a steady growth from $71,491,255 in 1879, to $118,564,352 in 1893? Why are we to conclude that the total foreign trade of the country will enlarge more rapidly than from $172,405,454 in 1879 to $247,638,620 in 1893? The Patriot and Mr. Davies must answer these questions before intelligent men in this Province or anywhere else will be persuaded by them to endorse a policy for taking away the advantages which home producers possess under the present tariff, thereby damaging domestic and interprevincial trade. The Patriot has replied in a long article and Mr. Davies has spoken in Moncton and St. John. But neither of them has touched the vital point in the tariff issue, the point which they are in duty bound to make clear. Mr. Davies has enlarged upon the results of free trade in England, though the positions of England and Canada are widely different, and though it has been admitted by McKenzie and Blake and lately by Laurier himself, that "for us Free Trade is impossible." Mr. Blake said a few years ago:

"No man, I care not how convinced an advocate of Free Trade for Canada he may be, has yet suggested—no man, I believe, can suggest—a practicable plan whereby our great revenue needs can be met otherwise than by the continued imposition of *very high duties on goods similar to those we make, or can make, within our bounds, or on the raw materials.* I invite the most ardent free-trader in public life, to present a plausible solution of this problem; and I will contend he is bound to do so before he talks of free trade as practicable in Canada."

Mr. Davies' elaborate eulogy of Free Trade is beside the point. Much more applicable to the case in hand are the statistics of the United States, which prove the wonderful prosperity and progress of that nation under Protection, and the terrible trade depression and ruin which has followed close upon the advent of the tariff tinkerer!

It is not necessary to point out that the Opposition are at variance with Mr. Blake, who says that "very high duties on goods, similar to those we make or can make within our boundaries" must of necessity be imposed. Mr. Davies says, "our policy is to eradicate every vestige of protection from the revenue,"—"every dollar of protection is to be eliminated," etc. There is an evident inconsistency in Mr. Davies' remarks upon the results of protection in Canada. He argues in one breath that the protected industries have failed, that their owners have lost money; in the next he declares that "the manufacturer will keep his prices up to the margin of the imported articles with the duty added, so that for every dollar of duty that goes to the Government as revenue, two dollars or more finds its way into the pockets of the protected manufacturer." Strange if this be the case, that factories in Moncton and St. John have, as Mr. Davies asserts, gone to ruin; strange, too, that the prices of manufactured goods are low beyond precedent! If this be true, it cannot also be true that the manufacturers threatened that they would "withdraw their subscriptions to the election fund" unless "specific duties were retained," for they cannot have any interest in protection, and they cannot have much money to give to the election fund! The fact that Mr. Davies involves his argument in such a maze of absurdities and contradictions proves that there is a weakness somewhere.

The truth in respect to stoves in Canada is very clearly set forth by Messrs. by Messrs. R. B. Norton & Co. What the Messrs. R. B. Norton & Co. have said concerning stoves made in Canada may be said concerning all other classes of furniture, wooden or iron, may be said concerning farm machinery of all kinds, may be said concerning clothing in woollens and cottons, and almost every article of necessity entering into consumption. They are made in our own country, by our own artisans, who afford a home market for our own farmers and help to build up our own country, at prices as low or lower than they can be purchased for abroad and imported under a tariff for revenue only. Will it, then, pay to take away the advantages which our manufacturers enjoy under the present tariff? Those who insist that "every dollar of protection shall be eliminated" must show clearly that it will pay, or be content to see the main body of the people, the intelligence of the country, vote against them at the next election.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

Before the Master of the Rolls.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28.

Henry W. Robertson and others vs. Charles F. Collect and others.—The Master of the Rolls referred the case to J. A. Longworth, Esq., Master in Chancery, to take an account of the debts owing by the late Mary Walker and to report upon the same at a future date.

—The attention of our Civic authorities is directed to the letter of "A Physician" in another column. To go on permitting people to drink pump water that is declared by the doctors to be unfit for human beings, and not to procure analysis of it, is insane folly.

THE MIKADO'S ADVICE.

He Sends a Message to the Second Japanese Army at Port Arthur.

The Mikado has sent the following message to the second Japanese army at Port Arthur: "The gateway of the Gulf of Pechili was regarded by the enemy as a barrier to their country, but you by one effort have captured it. As the cold is increasing and the end is still distant, keep yourself in good health and continue your exertions."

The London Times publishes the following despatch, dated Nov. 26, from its correspondent at Chefoo, China: The Japanese captured with the town of Port Arthur two Chinese war ships and several torpedo boats and transports. Anmiral Ito, commanding the Japanese naval forces, is still at Port Arthur with his flagship. Other vessels of the fleet have returned to Talien Wan and a few have gone back to Japan. A few houses were burned. The American cruiser Baltimore entered Port Arthur on Sunday. Six officers went ashore and made an inspection of the town, but were not allowed to send despatches to Washington.

The correspondent of Rueter's Telegram Company who was taken prisoner by the Japanese and who was at first suspected of being a Chinese officer, is now on parole. The correspondent adds: "I learn the following from reliable sources: The hilly peninsula afforded splendid chances for the defence, but the Chinese poorly utilized their advantage. The Japanese were slow. They were first repulsed at Kinchow, Nov. 6th, but they were victorious on Nov. 8th.

On the same day they occupied the Talien Wan Forts, with slight resistance, and took the first pass north of Talien Wan, Nov. 9th. It is reported that only 500 Chinese were at Talien Wan against 10,000 Japanese.

The marching was continued to the second pass south of the double peak, which was weaker than the first pass. The fighting here was feeble. Then the Japanese advanced to the third pass north of the triple peak, which was a very strong position. This pass was defended by 6,000 Chinese, who resisted from Nov. 16 to November 17 inclusive, 10,000 Japanese. Finally the Chinese retired. The Japanese were then fourteen miles from Port Arthur, in a valley two miles square, forming a good battle ground. The Chinese on Nov. 19 sent two columns into the valley and fired a few shells at the Japanese and then retired. The real battle occurred from noon of November 20 till the night of November 21. The Chinese made a better defence than previously, but finally yelded, and the Japanese entered Port Arthur. The Chinese troops were principally from a distant province, and few of them were trained in western tactics. The leaders were mostly old men. Their rifles were the ordinary kind. Seven kinds of breechloaders were collected on the field after the battle. The Japanese numbered 15,000 and the Chinese 8,000.

On Nov. 22 the western forts were seized without hindrance. The Chinese, under General Lung, attacked Talien Wan on the 21st, but it is believed that they were repulsed.

In marching Chinese coolies aided the Japanese. The new arrivals from the Japanese transports, which included the last of the reserves, and the receipt of quantities of provisions, render Port Arthur the strongest fortress. It cost China 15,000,000 taels to fortify the place. Concerning the future, it will be useless for the Japanese to attack Wei-Hai-Wei.

If peace is refused the next movement will probably be near Shanhi-Kwan, and thence on Pekin. It is no longer a war for Corean reforms only.

A STRANGE STORY.

The New York Press publishes a very strange story. It gives as its authority Dr. Forbes Winslow, the well known insanity expert, and it is to the effect that "Jack the Ripper" was a London physician, and that he is now confined in an insane asylum. The story in the Press is circumstantially told. Dr. Winslow is reported to have a letter sent him by "Jack the Ripper." One day a lady, wife of another doctor, called upon him and after some circumlocution, expressed her fear that her husband had gone insane and was "The Ripper." She recognized the handwriting shown her by Dr. Winslow. The slashings of the unfortunate victims could, it is stated, only have been done by a physician. Dr. Winslow is reported as saying:—

"Impressed with what she told me, and recognizing in it the verification of the theory I had arrived at, I went to see her husband, and after a number of interviews I became satisfied the lady's suspicions were well founded. Upon every other subject the man was thoroughly sane, but upon this he was totally irresponsible. He was possessed by a congenital insanity, and the appetite for blood to be satisfied in this manner was growing upon him. Not only would this growth influence him to more frequent victims, but to an increased number of victims at the same time, and had he been permitted to remain at large it would have been only a comparatively short time before two or three murders would have been committed by him where only one had been committed before.

"After satisfying myself that the man was responsible for these crimes, I took steps to have him placed in an asylum, where he could do no more mischief. He was examined by competent physicians and found to be mentally unbalanced, and then was placed in an asylum, where he now remains."

A story like this can scarcely escape general attention, and if it is true or false will soon be known. The statement is alleged to be made public to set at rest a report that "Jack the Ripper" has lately appeared at Denver.

SUMMERSIDE EXPORTS.

SUMMERSIDE, Nov. 27.

Shipped per SS Northumberland, Cameron master, for Point du Chene:

22 cases eggs	$ 152
80 brls pork	1200
12 tons starch	720
2 brls cranberries	10
180 yds Island cloth	126
4 brls potatoes	2
125 bush oats	44
3 sacks wool	92
1 horses	220
21 cases lobsters	126
1 brl poultry	7
10 brls oysters	40
	$ 2739

Per Northumberland on 24th:

18 cases eggs	$ 97
12 boxes eels	19
1 box poultry, 200 lbs poultry	17
23 horses	1296
850 lbs hides	34
12995 lbs pork	1299
70 lbs feathers	20
615 bush oats	214
12 tons starch	720
176 sheep	352
8 brls oysters	24
	$ 4092

THE FACT AS TO STOVES.

DEAR SIR,—The Guardian seems to wish to make a point out of nothing. It appears that certain American stoves can be imported and a duty of 27½ per cent. paid, and still be sold as cheap as the Canadian article.

To those who know the facts such a statement appears extremely stupid. It is a fact that the foundries of Hamilton, Ont., now lead all America in the manufacturing of stoves, both in quality and in construction. It is a fact that the prices of the Hamilton stove are at least 25 per cent. lower than the cost of any first-class American make, a difference about equal to the duty charged on the American article. This is proved by the fact that we have sold in this Province alone during the past three years over three hundred of the Jewel stoves.

It is also a fact that a great many lines of hardware are now manufactured in Canada and sold at such a price as to shut out the American article, even without the aid of the protective duty, and that in most cases the American lines now imported are of some old-fashioned construction, or of an inferior quality, and, therefore, of a low valuation, thus entitling them to a low rate of duty.

It is also a fact that the hardware trade of Canada has been revolutionized during the past ten years to such an extent that 75 per cent of the hardware that was imported ten years ago is now manufactured in Canada.

R. B. NORTON & Co.

A PHYSICIAN'S PROTEST.

SIR,—I have just now read in THE EXAMINER that "Quirk's pump is being repaired and put in working order." For what purpose? Is it for human beings to drink of it? It is well known that the ground water in this city, in addition to all other sources of pollution, is now contaminated by the sink wells which are so generally used, and which discharge impure organic matters directly into that water. To allow wells so certainly polluted to be used is simply to set a trap for the ignorant and unwary. When will the general public learn that through the use of such impure water typhoid fever and many other diseases are contracted? "Drinking dirt" is, if anything, more dangerous than "eating dirt." No intelligent man having the slightest regard for his own health and that of his family would use the milk of cows drinking the water of any well in Charlottetown. By whose authority is this outrage on decency and the public health permitted, which not only menaces the health of those immediately using such well water, but of the community at large? Surely the Board of Health will lose no time in ordering that every well in town shall be closed to both man and beast, and enforcing such an enactment, if necessary, under fines and penalties.

A PHYSICIAN.

Nov. 28th, 1894.

AN APPRECIATIVE READER WRITES TO THE EDITOR OF THE "GUARDIAN."

DEAR SIR,—During the past year, owing to the grievous trade depression in the United States, we have been buying several lines of goods there at very low figures, in fact at about fifty cents on the dollar.

In doing this we have been able to pay the duty and undersell merchants handling Canadian-made goods. Kindly send your reporter to our store for particulars, and give us one or more free ads. in your editorial column.

While this may be unfair to your other advertising patrons in the same line of business as ourselves, still "all's fair in love or war," or business.

SUPPORTER OF AMERICAN WORKMEN.

Other makes of dress goods may have many excellencies, but in the texture, the finish, the possibility of lovley contours in the completed costume, Priestley's noted dress fabrics surpass every other manufacture. That is the verdict in England. It is fast becoming the verdict in the States. Our Canadian Ladies, when once they begin to wear Priestley's dress fabrics, will wear no other.

A fat kitchen makes a lean will.

Rheumatism is primarily caused by acidity of the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and thus cures the disease.

A young man idle, an old man needy.

LOCAL NOTICES

Advertisements under this heading charged for at the rate of ten cents per line.

We want to wrap you at J Paton & Co.

Skating boots, $.50 at Goff Bros.

Fine overshoes at Goff Bros.

Fancy slippers for Xmas at Goff Bros.

See our big stock of slippers and moccasins—Goff Bros.

Simply a Game of Draw.—The rich man draws a check, the pretty girl draws attention; but the special sale of 1,250 pairs of corsets at James Paton & Co's. on Saturday is going to draw the crowds. nov 29 2i.

It's too cold to sleep in sheets these nights, and many people find wool blankets disagreeable. Try our English cotton blankets, warm as a wool blanket and smooth as a sheet.—Moore & McLeod.

Christmas is coming, and of course every boy and girl expects a present. What would please them better than a nice pair of skates? Call and see the large stock of Gem Acme Club Skates D. M. Richards & Co. have just opened. nov29 2wks

Red letter day Saturday at Paton & Co's. Corsets—1250 pairs to choose from. Prices right. Quality ditto. Fit perfect.

Odd prices for odd corsets on Saturday at Paton & Co's.

Pick while picking is the best 1250 pairs of corsets to pick from at Paton & Co's on Saturday.

Hello there! Do you know that Prowse Bros. are talking to you. They want you to understand that this week they are selling portiers at a great bargain. Big discount. Take advantage of the offer.—Prowse Bros.

Snow Shoes.—Ladies' snowshoes, men's snowshoes, children's snowshoes, just opened. — Harris & Stewart, London House. nov 29 3i.

If it's something very nice in corsets, we have them for Saturday—Paton & Co.

"If a corset fit a body, need a body cry?" Paton & Co have the kind that fit.

A telegram from Santa Claus in our paper to-day.

The auction sale of the Dominion House on Saturday next, December 1st, offers one of the best chances to secure on easy terms a valuable and well arranged house, and stabling for 25 horses, with large shed in yard for some 12 or 15 horses and carriages all admirably adapted for hotel purposes.

Stay, Ladies', stay, and read Paton & Co's. stay ad in to-day's issue.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known, and every family should have a bottle on hand.

Apples, Cider & Vinegar.

By Auction, To-morrow, Friday, Nov. 30th, at 11 o'clock:—

25 barrels Winter Keeping Apples,
25 " Gravenstein "
5 casks Vinegar, XXX,
5 " Cider.

Positive sale, conducted inside our large Auction Room.

A. McNEILL,
nov29—1i Auctioneer.

Sale in St. Peter's Schoolroom

The YOUNG PEOPLE'S WORKING SOCIETY of St. Peter's Church will hold a

Sale of Fancy Goods, Aprons, &c.,

IN THE SCHOOLROOM,

ON WEDNESDAY, 5th DECEMBER.

There will be 5 o'clock tea and a second-hand book table, also a box of goods from England to be disposed of.

Sale will begin at 3 o'clock. Admission 5 cents, nov29

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

MERCHANTS' BANK P. E. ISLAND,
Charlottetown, Nov. 29, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that a Half Yearly Dividend at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, on the Capital Stock of this Bank, has been declared payable at the Banking House on and after January 2, 1895.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th December, 1894, to January 2, 1895, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

WM. McLEAN,
nov29—2aw & wky Cashier.

A High Tea and Fancy Sale

WILL BE HELD IN

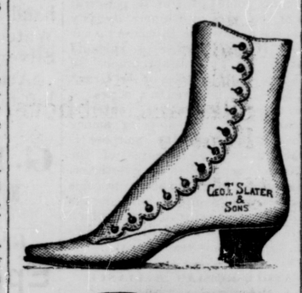
St. Paul's Schoolroom

By the Loyal Circle of the King's Daughters on 6th December.

Doors open at 3 p. m. Tea from 5.30 to 6.30.

Admission 10 cents. Children half price. Tea 25 cents.

Oysters and Soup in the evening. nov26



Buy your Boots and Shoes at the Old Reliable Shoe Store, and you will save money.

A. E. McEACHEN,
nov17 THE SHOE MAN.

BETTER B IN TIME!

Less Than a Month Till Xmas.

Such a display of pretty goods! To tell you about them would use up all THE EXAMINER.

But where can I see them? Why, at

HASZARD & MOORE'S,

Books and Fancy Goods,
nov26 Victoria Row.

BEST Queen City Flour.

Your system requires wholesome support. Provide for that trinity of good things—good food, good appetite and good health. Sure of the first, you make the second and third, and you are sure of first if you buy "Queen City" from

SANDERSON & CO.,

Wholesale & Retail Grocers.

Charlottetown, Nov. 27, 1894—dy

Safe and Sure

If Insured with

R. BROWN

BROWN'S BLOCK, CH'TOWN

Insurance Agent.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

Captured and Sentenced.

MONCTON, Nov. 29.

Four of the prisoners who escaped from the penitentiary at different times this fall and were recaptured were tried yesterday. Robert Horne got two additional years. His term would have been up in February next. Oliver Jones got two years for escaping, and two years more for breaking into George W. Chandler's house at Dorchester, after escaping, and another two years for entering Henry R. Emerson's house. Jones hails from St. John, and was in originally for three years. He has now nine years to serve. William Boutilleier was sentenced to five years altogether, two for escaping, two more for entering one house, and one year for entering another. William Johnson (colored) got two years for escaping, and five years more for breaking into three different houses before being recaptured, or seven years in all. He had but fourteen months to serve when he escaped.

A Village Tragedy.

MONTREAL, Nov. 29.

While the marriage ceremony of H. Perrier, of this city, and Miss Taylor, of St. Polycarpe, was being celebrated at the latter place yesterday, the village church bell commenced to toll for the death of Mrs. Lalonde, whose death was caused by grief for wrong sustained by her daughter Georgina Lalonde, at the hands of the bridegroom. Miss Lalonde became insane.

Refineries Shut Down.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.

The Sun says that orders have been issued from the headquarters of the American Sugar Refinery to shut down all refineries of the company in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and other cities. Fifty thousand operatives will be affected.

Negotiations For Peace.

WASHINGTON Nov. 29.

The United States Ministers, Denby and Dun, at Pekin and Tokio, it is definitely stated here, are actively engaged in the conduct of negotiations for peace between China and Japan.

Grit Meeting at Fredericton.

FREDERICTON, Nov. 29.

Mr. Longley did not visit this town. The speakers at the meeting were Davies, Fielding, Blair and Ellis.

Bankrupt Stock.—Buy where you can buy cheapest $3 000 worth of clothing in ulsters, overcoats and reefers for men and boys, must be cleared out in a short time. The biggest bargains you ever heard of will be given. Also a lot of underclothing at a great sacrifice, in the store adjoining Johnson's Drug Store, Queen Street. nov27 tf

Boots, Boots.—Look at our boots this evening. Special low prices for Saturday at J. B. Macdonald & Co.

Buy your boots at J. B. Macdonald & Co's.

We are prepared to clip horses to the satisfaction of all patrons at Wood's boarding stable, King Street. Horses called for and delivered.—R. J. Wood and J. M. Nicholson. nov 29 1wk, pd.

Just the thing for this cold weather—one of our overcoats or reefers. No one should be without one. No one can undersell us—S A McDonald.

Pure Ontario sweet apple cider at May's Grafton Street. nov21 3i

A Telegram from Santa Claus!

To GEO. CARTER & Co.

My agents inform me that old, bankrupt stocks of goods are being offered in your city. I don't want any of such for my young friends this Xmas. I am ordering my agents to buy from you because your goods are NEW, and you gave me such good satisfaction last Christmas. Your Store is my Headquarters.

SANTA CLAUS.

Mr. Santa Claus is well posted and wide awake. We have not bought anybody's old Bankrupt Stocks. Our Toys and Fancy Goods are right from the best manufacturers, latest in design and workmanship. We intend to always deserve the honor of being "Santa Clans' Headquarters."

GEO. CARTER & CO.,
Dealers in Books, Toys, Fancy Goods, &c.
nov28

50 YEARS.

For the last 50 years Cough Medicines have been coming in and dying out, but during all this time

SHARP'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND

Never left the Front Rank for Curing

CROUP, COUGHS AND COLDS.

All Druggists and most Grocerymen sell it. 25 cents a bottle.

ARMSTRONG & CO.,
Proprietors, St. John, N B.
nov23—dy tf

Good Bye Sale!

We do not mean by this that we intend to leave the neighborhood, but we expect to say good bye to lots of goods during the next week, With this end in view we have spared no pains in making this the Greatest Bargain Sale in Ch'town.

MONEY SAVERS!

A Few Trade Winners.

50 Gents' Ulsters in Frieze and Tweed, 25 per cent off for cash.

Other Ulsters, $5, $6, $7 and $8.

Overcoats, $2.50, $3.50 and $4.50.

Reefers, $3, $4 and $5.

Heavy Winter Suits, $5, $6 and $7.

One Hundred Pairs Pants, 25 per cent off for cash.

MONEY SAVERS!

JAMES PATON & CO.,

THE RELIABLE MEN.

GENUINE SALE!

(x)

WE HAVE SECURED A FEW HUNDRED PAIRS OF

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES

FROM A BANKRUPT ESTATE,

and will sell them at 50 PER CENT. OFF, as we do not intend to put them in stock.

(x)

DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE. SEE OUR WINDOW TO-MORROW.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.

Charlottetown, November 23, 1894—dy

FLOUR IS CHEAP, TEA IS CHEAP, SUGAR IS CHEAP,

And Everything in the Grocery Line is Cheap

—AT—

McKENNA'S CHEAP GROCERY STORE,

QUEEN STREET, CORNER OF DORCHESTER.

Charlottetown, November 29, 1894—dy & wy 3m

New Toy and Fancy Goods Store OPENED TO-DAY.

We have opened a New Store on GRAFTON STREET, next to the Crown Confectionery, with one of the biggest stocks of

Toys and Fancy Goods

ever put on the market at the price we are offering them. You may as well know that it is a BANKRUPT STOCK,

And must be disposed of before Jan. 1st.

We are not here to stay, but we are here to do the business while we do stay. We have a line of PLUSH and LEATHER GOODS that were not made to be given away. Remember, you can save dollars in buying your Xmas Presents here now. Call and see for yourself.

XMAS SUPPLY CO.,

nov27—dy & wy GRAFTON STREET.

Pickford & Black.

Halifax and Charlottetown Steamship Company's Sailings.

STEAMER FASTNET

Will sail from Halifax on SATURDAY, 24th inst., arriving here about Monday evening, 26th.

—ALSO—

Steamer City of Ghent will sail from Halifax on Monday night, the 26th, arriving here about Wednesday, the 28th.

She will carry freight to the following ports.—Port Hastings, Port Hawkesbury, Canso, Isaac's Harbor, Salmon River, Sheet Harbor and Halifax. Freight solicited.

W. W. CLARKE,
nov24—dy Agent.

Trade and Get Rich

Everybody is a Trade.

We want your trade in the Drug line. We guarantee every article sold first quality. We are in a position to give you an honest equivalent for your money, as we buy direct from manufacturers for cash. Call and get prices. We mean business. Special prices to dealers.

George E. Hughes,

Apothecaries Hall, Desbrisay's Corner.

Nov 21—mon wed fri & wy 6m

New Beaver Flour.

We have just received several hundred barrels of "Beaver" Flour direct from the Mills, bought at the lowest figure touched yet, which we are offering very low for cash. Now is the time to buy your winter's supply, as Flour has advanced from 10 to 20 cents per barrel at the mills this past week, and won't be as low again this season.

BEER & GOFF.

Charlottetown, November 20, 1894—tu thu sat

Prices Criticised.

So much is now being said about Low PRICES that the important consideration of QUALITY is almost lost sight of. Economical and shrewd buyers, however, consider Quality first, and rightly so, for every dollar they spend is returned to them in good, honest value. We combine Quality and Low Price in our Mantle Department, together with Style, Fit and Finish. We must clear every garment this season, and buyers will find it to their advantage to trade with us.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

REMEMBER!

we carry one of the Largest Stocks of HIGH-CLASS FURS on Prince Edward Island.

STANLEY BROTHERS.