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CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1891.

VOL. 27.—NO. 100

NEW SERIES.

DAVIE'S DRUG STORE.
 We intend moving from our present store to the more commodious Store in **WATERBURY'S NEW BLOCK**, we will sell off our stock of Fancy and Toilet Articles at greatly reduced rates, viz.,

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN TOILET SOAP.
 All the well-known kinds on the market.

PERFUMES.
 Large assortment of Hair, Tooth, Nail and Toilet Brushes, Combs, Toilet Powders, Tooth Paste, Powders, Creams, Perfumery for Ladies, Optician, London and other articles at all prices and qualities.

NASAL BALM
 SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.
 NEVER FAILS TO CURE COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH.

It is put up in a salmon color wrapper. Be sure and get the genuine. Sold by all Dealers at 50c. and \$1.00.
 SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

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 We are prepared to conduct Auction Sales of Furniture, Land, Stocks, etc., in any part of the City or Island at reasonable rates.
 Prompt payments. Good references. Give us a trial.

CHARLES I. MORRISON,
 Auctioneer,
 106 Queen Street.

MCGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.
 SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT of the Faculty of Applied Science has been prepared, stating the details of the new Chem. Laboratories, Workshops, Apparatus and other improvements in its several Departments of Civil, Mining, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering and Practical Chemistry, which will be held in the Session of 1891-2. The program is not hitherto accessible to Students in this country.
 Copies may be had on application to the undersigned, who can also supply detailed announcements of the other Faculties of the University, viz., Law, Medicine, Arts (including the Donalda Course for Women), and Veterinary Science.

J. W. BRAKENRIDGE, B. C. L.,
 Acting Secretary.

SHARP'S BALSAM
 TRADE MARK.
 THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
 RHEUMATISM AND ANISEED FOR
 CROUP, WHOOPING COUGHS AND COLDS.
 40 YEARS IN USE.
 PRICE 25¢ PER BOTTLE.
ARMSTRONG & CO. PROPRIETORS
 St. John's, N. B.

HERE IS WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT THE Cooker and Roaster.

ST. DUNSTON'S COLLEGE, November 26, 1890.
 "The 'Patent Cooker' advertised by H. E. Bruce is now in use at St. Dunstan's College. It is a most useful article, and has proved to be a great success."
 J. C. McDONALD,
 Chaplain Bishop of Ireland.

MR. E. K. BRACE—
 "I have much pleasure in recommending your 'Patent Cooker' and like it very much. It is a most useful article."
 THE SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT.

MR. E. K. BRACE—
 "I have given the 'Cooke' I got from you a most successful trial. I find it most useful for roasting beef, etc. I am sure a person could not do without it."
 Mrs. T. J. MORRIS.

By H. D. WADMAN. For sale at Wright's Store, Waterbury, or most any country Store. Wholesale or Retail from
R. K. BRUCE,
 22 Queen's Wagon, 25 Benches, just the edw—mch2

HOUSE-CLEANING SUPPLIES

BEER & GOFF'S.

WE HAVE ON HAND a full supply of everything required in the House-Cleaning line, including Brushes, Brooms, Whisks, Pearline, Saplio, Soap, Washing Soda, Ammonia, Brunswick Black, Enameline, etc.

- For cleaning Paint use our Crystal Ammonia.
- For cleaning Silverware use Electro-Silicon.
- For preserving Stove Pipe from Rust use Brunswick Black.
- For putting a fine Polish on Stoves and Grates use our Liquid Stove Polish.

BEER & COFF,

ap11—eod & wky Queen and King Square Stores.

OUR \$2.75 WATCH, made by the Waterbury Watch Company, will not last as long as the more expensive Watch, but is just the thing for a boy attending school or for boating or fishing parties, saving the risk and yet doing the work of the better Watches.

OUR \$4.50 WATCH, made by the same Company, only better quality, is short wind and jeweled.

OUR \$7, \$10, \$15 AND \$20 WATCHES are correspondingly better goods. You will be safer in trading with us than by sending to irresponsible parties at a distance, and who, if a misprising breaks or anything goes wrong, are too far away to send to. We are here to guarantee and stand by every Watch we sell.

H. W. TAYLOR,
 Charlottetown, Feb. 23, 1891. **CAMERON BLOCK.**

HATS! HATS!

TWO CASES

English Stiff Hats

Handsome Styles at Low Prices.

We guarantee the correct Styles and the Lowest Price possible, from the \$1.00 Hat up.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.

Charlottetown, March 21, 1891.

Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER
 DIRECTLY TO THE SPOT. INSTANTANEOUS IN ITS ACTION.

For CRAMPS, CHILLS, COLIC, DIARRHCEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA MORBUS, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS, NO REMEDY EQUALS THE PAIN-KILLER.

In Canadian Cholera and Bowel Complaints its effect is magical. It cures in a very short time. THE BEST FAMILY REMEDY FOR BURNS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA and TOOTHACHE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE AT 25c. A BOTTLE.
 Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

Gents' Hats.

We are now opening our stock of New Hats. Anyone in the need of a Nobby Hat at a very low price should see our stock.

D. A. BRUCE.

Charlottetown, March 23, 1891—dy & wky

On "Shakespeare" on "Free Trader" and his "Reviewer."

I.
 Oh, Mars! thou red-winged god of cruel war,
 Whose hissing thunders terrorize afar,
 Impart to me the coiled serpent's wrath,
 Who maketh flee what dare molest its path
 Oh, thou great Jove! who rulest ancient days,
 And yet doth fill the earth with divers ways,
 Lend thine ample power to this my song,
 To beggars down, and richest rhyme prolong.

II.
 Hail! risen Shakespeare, from the mighty dead,
 Whose pen a thousand tuneful harps hath fed,
 Well dost thou laugh at poet's rudest rhyme,
 Though doublet is thy name in every Saxon olime.
 Methinks, in truth, the world hath judged thee right,
 Since once again thy work is brought to light;
 Excrescences unhealthy, farces for the stage
 Are thine, fit only for barbaric age.

III.
 Divinest Muse! rash insult must thou share,
 Unmindful, what doth politicians care;
 'Tis his delight to drag thee through the dust;
 Avenge who will but poets only must.
 The very gods will laugh at their essay
 Who, angered by defeat, will call to party fray
 Thy heaven-born essence, rich in purest rhyme,
 By gifted poets told in olden time.

IV.
 Oh, Ghost of Shakespeare from the funeral pyre,
 Thy mind hath lost its firm poetic fire;
 Thy pen hath rusted in the vaults of time,
 And knows not well the modern use of Rhyme.
 Be silent in the long neglected tomb
 Despite those Spouting Rhymers all, for whom
 No minstrel will record a word of praise
 But mock in ribald song throughout their days.

BYRON.

Newfoundland and Canada.

(The Empire.)

The correspondence laid before the Imperial Parliament a few days ago, relating to the reciprocity negotiations between Newfoundland and the United States, contains full and most interesting particulars of the action of Canada in the matter. A perusal of the correspondence makes it clear (1) that the intervention of our Government was necessary both in Canadian and Imperial interests, and (2) that the proceedings of the Newfoundland authorities have not been characterized by either wisdom or neighborly feeling.

The first action taken by Canada in the matter was a cable message from Sir John Macdonald, who, always alert and active to the vital concerns of the Dominion, cabled to the High Commissioner in October last, calling attention to the public statements being made in the United States by Mr. Bond, the Colonial Secretary of Newfoundland, that he was authorized to conclude a separate fishery treaty, and urging that a protest be entered with the Imperial authorities. Almost at the same time the Imperial Government notified Canada of the negotiations that were proceeding at Washington, and Sir John Macdonald again requested the High Commissioner to "represent strongly how the fishery and commercial interest of Canada will be injured by such an arrangement as Mr. Bond is currently reported as making, and how disastrous from a national point of view it would be for a separate colony to effect an arrangement with the United States more favorable than would be given to the confederated provinces." This prompt message bore immediate fruit, and the Home authorities at once notified the British Minister at Washington that any arrangements with the United States should include, as heretofore, both the Dominion and Newfoundland.

But the vigor and activity of our Ministry did not stop here, for Sir John Macdonald's message to Sir Charles Tupper and the latter's subsequent protest based on it, was followed by a report from the Cabinet to the Governor-General, bearing date the 9th of December, 1890, and at once forwarded by Lord Stanley to the Imperial authorities. This very able state paper reviews in the most thorough manner the position and interests of Canada and the empire at stake in the Newfoundland negotiations. It pointed out that the fishery question in British North America had invariably been dealt with as if the interests of all the colonies concerned were identical; that the Acts passed by the several provinces seventy years ago making the treaty of 1818 effective were uniform in substance and spirit; that the reciprocity treaty of 1854 obtained commercial concessions for all the provinces willing to accept them, and granted rights to United States fishermen in all the fisheries of British North America; that the Washington treaty of 1871 contained an express provision, by article 32, extending the treaty to Newfoundland; that the Bayard-Chamberlain project of 1888 equally included Canada and Newfoundland; and that the *modus vivendi* kept in force during the last two fishing seasons was maintained equally by both countries, "the licenses issued to the American fishermen by Canada being recognized in Newfoundland, and those issued in Newfoundland being recognized in Canada." Thus proving that up to the present Canada and Newfoundland have made common cause. It was pointed out also that the Imperial Government have already more than once refused to approve any policy not common to all the provinces by not ratifying the attempt of the United States Congress in 1868 to make a trade treaty with Prince Edward Island alone, and by objecting in 1887 to Newfoundland giving privileges to United States fishermen denied by Canada. "Since that time," says the report, "the governments of Newfoundland and Canada have acted in concert, and the government of Newfoundland has repeatedly recognized the force of the view here contended for." The most conclusive evidence is

given to support this view, and it is shown that the proposed "separate arrangement with Newfoundland would practically dissolve the protection given by the treaty of 1818, by enabling American fishing vessels to have access to the ports of Newfoundland as the base of supplies and for the purpose of transhipping their cargoes." Such is the unjust proposal of our sister colony, aggravated by its recent bait policy which is in distinct violation of all honorable pledges. In the face of this Newfoundland looks to the whole Empire for sympathy at this trying time.

Now, what were the exact terms of the treaty which Newfoundland desires to conclude with the Washington government? It appears from the correspondence that the final agreement came to between Mr. Bond and Mr. Blaine was as follows:

1. American vessels to be allowed to buy bait, to touch and trade, sell their fish and oil, and procure supplies on the same terms as Newfoundland vessels;
2. Newfoundland dry codfish, cod oil, seal oil, seal skins, herrings, salmon, trout and salmon trout, lobsters, cod roes, tongues, and sounds with the barrels, boxes or tins containing them to be admitted into the States free of duty;
3. Circular certificates to declare that the fish shipped were taken in the waters of Newfoundland;
4. The customs duties now levied by Newfoundland upon United States flour, pork, bacon, beef, meal, salt, oil and other products not to exceed those at present in force; and the following articles from the United to be admitted into the colony free of duty, namely, agricultural and mining implements and machinery, raw cotton, corn for making brooms, gas engines, printing presses and types;
5. Any reduction made in the future by the colony in the rates of duty on the foregoing articles to apply to the United States.

This treaty was to remain in force for five years, to be terminated at twelve months' notice from either party and was negotiated, it seems quite clear from the correspondence, largely behind the back of the British Minister at Washington by Mr. Bond, without the authority of Her Majesty's Government, certainly in flagrant violation of the most solemn engagements, and in selfish disregard of both Imperial and Canadian interests. No wonder in protesting against such a determined attempt to discriminate against British interests the memorandum of our Government should declare:

"That the Canadian Government has declared its policy to be that no commercial arrangements with a foreign country should be acceded to by Canada which would involve tariff discrimination against the Mother Country, and this principle has had the approval of Her Majesty's Government; but it will be difficult to induce the people of Canada to continue to believe in the importance of that principle, as a safeguard to the interests of the Empire if Great Britain now makes a convention for Newfoundland, under which the United States is able to discriminate directly against Canada."

Wheat Will Go High.

THE CROPS OF THE WORLD SHORT—HOPES FOR THE ENGLISH FARMER.

The London Standard publishes a review of the agricultural outlook, in the course of which it says the steady rise in wheat revives the hopes of the English farmer. Wheat will probably reach the highest price in many years, the principal cause being the failure of foreign crops. The wheat crops of France and Russia are much below the average, and the deficiency will be at least twenty million quarters. It is expected that cold winds and frosts have almost destroyed the French crop. Germany, Holland and Belgium all furnish pessimist reports. In Roumania there is a decrease in the wheat area, and in India there has been a bad wheat season.

The only exception is Hungary, where there are better prospects, it is almost certain the world's wheat consumption will exceed the production computed. Whatever the magnitude of America's crop may be it will not be sufficient to cover the European deficit, thus compelling an extensive draft upon the reserves for the third year in succession. The Standard in conclusion says: The increased home consumption, the decreased wheat area owing to the spread of population and recourse to scientific tillage in order to repair the waste of first settlers, thus increasing the cost of production, must inevitably remove the American farmer's formidable competition in European markets and allow the English farmer to look forward to a prosperous future.

FREE TO LADIES. Every lady reader of this paper sending at once her address on a postal card will receive a free copy of *The Ladies (Pictoria) Newspaper*, containing full particulars of their old-fashioned English Prize Competition. Over \$6,000 in prizes will be given away between now and June 1st, with special daily prizes of value for each locality. The *Ladies Newspaper* is one of the largest and most profusely illustrated publications in Canada, and the competition offered by them is to be conducted in a strictly fair and honorable manner, without partiality to persons or locality. Anyone can secure a good prize by a little work. No cheap presents will be given. It costs you nothing for full information and a sample copy, if you send at once. Address: The Ladies Newspaper Co., Canada Life Building, Toronto, Ontario. m 30ft

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best-known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.
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Stop that CHRONIC COUGH NOW!
 For if you do not it may become consumptive. For Consumption, Scrophulous General Debility and Wasting Diseases, there is nothing like

SCOTT'S EMULSION
 Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES Of Lime and Soda.

It is almost as palatable as milk. Far better than other so-called Emulsions. A wonderful flesh producer.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
 is put up in a salmon color wrapper. Be sure and get the genuine. Sold by all Dealers at 50c. and \$1.00.
 SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

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IS NOW PREPARED TO TAKE Pupils for Instruction in Singing, etc.

Apply at MRS. KENNEDY'S, Hillsboro Square 1w—mch31

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 THE SPECIFIC FOR DYSPEPSIA

Dyspepticure aids Digestion. Dyspepticure cures Indigestion.

The most serious and long-standing cases of Chronic Dyspepsia positively cured by Dyspepticure.

Price per bottle 50cts and 100 (large bottles four times size of small).
 prepared by Charles K. Short, St. John, N.B. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

BLACK CASHMERE

—AND— FRENCH MERINOS.

Special Value for 50 Cents. Special Value for 60 Cents.

We have placed on the Counters two lines of CASHMERE and MERINO at above prices. These goods are ALL WOOL and 46 inches wide, and will be found the best value ever offered in Charlottetown.

STANLEY BROS.,
 Brown's Block.
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SALT! SALT!

5,000 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT, full sized bags, to arrive about the 15th of May, and will be sold low whilst landing.

PEAKE BROS. & CO.
 Ch'town, April 2, 1891—eod tf

Molasses and Sugar, NEW CRCP.

Two Direct cargoes due here first Opening of Navigation.

BARBADOES DEMERARA TRINIDAD } MOLASSES, Choice at Quality,
 Bhd's BARBADOES SUGAR,
 At lowest current rates while landing.
CARVELL BROS.
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CAKE AND PASTRY DELICIOUS!

BREAD AND BISCUITS Light and Flaky!

Pure and Wholesome! WHEN MADE WITH

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER.

mch26