

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1877. NO. 170.

ROBERT YOUNG
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
Per S. S. Prince Edward,
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT
OF
NEW GOODS,
Which he is offering at
EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES
On Dec 7, 1877.
125 CHESTS } **TEA.**
65 Hb. do. }
45 Q. do. }
Strong. Fine Flavor
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
—AT—
ROBERT & SONS
A. McNEILL,
Wholesale and Commission Merchant
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND
AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Square, Saint John.
I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Province. Bill of Fare, First-class wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
OF ENGLAND.
Capital -- Two Millions Sterlin g.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June --

American & Foreign Patents.
Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.
PATENTS procured in all countries. No fee in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.
Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Washington, D. C.
ARREARS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.

FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.
Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge therefrom, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.
Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

PENSIONS. PENSIONS.
ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, are entitled to a pension.
Widows, and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co.
Increased rates for pensioners obtained.
Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1855. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.
Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.
July 24 1877.

ANTHRACITE COAL.
NOW LANDING, ex sch. Katie,
50 Tons "Lackawanna" CHESTNUT.
F. T. NEWBERRY & CO.,
Nov. 27—31 pat 1w

Prince Edward Island STEAMERS.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Nova Scotia.
Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.
Returning to Charlottetown.
Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p. m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.
CAPE BRETON.
Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.
Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.
New Brunswick, Canada and United States.
Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHEPARD with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 3 o'clock.
Returning, leaves SHEPARD every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.
Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A GRANT & CO. HAWKESBURY. HANFORD BROS., St. John.
F. W. HALE

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO BOSTON.
Steamers Carroll and Worcester.
BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.
FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.
EGGS in boxes and barrels handled with the greatest care.
SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.
LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN Every Thursday, punctually at 5 p. m.
LEAVE BOSTON Every Saturday, punctually at noon.
CARVELL BROS., Agents.
Ch'town, June 7, 1877

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO BOSTON.
Steamers Carroll and Worcester.
BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.
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CARVELL BROS., Agents.
Ch'town, June 7, 1877

VASES!
6 Dozen Pairs Handsome Fancy Vases,
From 50 Cents per Pair, upwards.
—ALSO—
A Fine Selection of
Flower Centres and Lustres.
JUST RECEIVED.
WM. W. WELLNER.
Nov. 13, 1877.—41 Pres1w

COAL VASES, Handsome and Cheap!
—AT—
BEER & SONS
Oct 25, 1877.

Excursion Tickets TO BOSTON AND RETURN
PER STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER,
For \$15.00.
CARVELL BROS
DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.
The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and After taking many other diseases that lead to Invalidity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.
Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, P. J. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Doid, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere

Parks' Cotton Yarns.
AWARDED the only Medal, given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the
CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.
Nos. 5's to 10's.
White Blue, Red, Orange, and Green
Warranted full length and weight.
Stronger and better than any other Yarn in the market.
Cotton Carpet Warp.
No. 12's 4 PLY IN ALL COLORS.
Warranted fast.
WM. PARKS & SON.

STEAM COOKING.
MAYO'S STEAM CULINARY BOILER!
ALL the condensed steam is carried back into the boiler—preventing unpleasant odors in the kitchen. Meat, Vegetables, Puddings, &c., may all be cooked at the same time, without mingling the flavors, while each article retains all its strength and aroma, and is more palatable and nutritious than when cooked by any other mode.
On exhibition and for sale at
BEER & GOFF S.
CARD.
MR. D. McRAE, a teacher of upwards of 25 years experience in the Province of Ontario, ex-Superintendent of Schools for the Township of Kingston, intends (if sufficient encouragement offers) to open, during the winter months, Evening Classes, in Writing, Arithmetic, Algebra and Euclid.
Mr. McRae would give his earnest attention to Posting Books, Making out Accounts, Collecting, &c. Apply at 124 Kent Street.
Two permanent boarders can be accommodated.
Ch'town, Nov. 15, 1877—

MORTGAGE SALE.
To be Sold, by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of FEBRUARY, 1878 at the Court House in Charlottetown, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, of the same day, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 3rd day of January, 1869, and made between PETER McINNIS and Mary his wife, of the one part, and JOHN KNIGHT, now deceased, of the other part—All that Piece and Parcel of Land being part of Township No. 43, and situated near the head of Souris River, bounded on the west and north by land then in occupation of Donald McCormack, and on the east by land then in the possession of Angus McDonald, and on the south by Souris River—containing fifty-one acres of land, being the farm then and until lately in occupation of the said Peter McInnis, together with all the Buildings and Appurtenances connected therewith.
For terms and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Hodgson & McLeod.
Dated 9th day of November 1877.
JAMES McFARLANE,
EDWARD J. HODGSON,
VERNON H. KNIGHT
Trustees and Devises under the will of the late John Knight.
Nov. 10—1 sale

ENGLISH GOLD MARKET.
Under the head of "Gold Going From Us," the London Capital and Labour of the 7th says:—
"Our gold is going from us now in a way in which all such encumbrances are helpless. It is this that makes the fact of its being so worthy of our serious consideration. It is going in payment for goods which have been imported, and over against no goods have been exported. We have been receiving enormous quantities of produce from other countries, and have been sending only a comparatively small quantity in return. Consequently we are under the necessity of using gold to make up the deficiency. This is the plain truth of our situation in relation to the gold in the Bank of England."

Reciprocity again Looming Up.
In connection with mention of the departure of Mr. Welsh, the new American Minister to England, a Washington despatch says:—
"The proposed negotiation of a Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and Canada will be conducted here in Washington between the Secretary of State and Sir Edward Thornton, who was expected to sail from Liverpool on the 18th of the present month. The reasons assigned for conducting these negotiations here instead of through our Minister to England, are that the long residence of Sir Edward Thornton as diplomatic representative of his Government in the United States has given him an extended acquaintance with the affairs of the two countries directly interested, especially with their trade relations, and it is therefore believed that a more satisfactory treaty can be prepared, and much more prompt action upon it be obtained, by the plan proposed than otherwise. It is also reported that Reciprocity with the West India Islands may also be considered during the coming winter."

The Fishery Award.
The Toronto "Globe" of the 27th, quotes exclusively from British and American authorities to show that the vote of the majority in the Fishery Commission should be the opinion of the Commission. With reference to the result of the Commission, it says:—"Far less in view of the sum of money at stake than of the principles involved, the position that the award must be carried out is one from which no British Minister dare recede, nor any Canadian Minister dissent. The treaty itself, to say nothing of the previous negotiations between the two countries, was a solemn testimony to the rights of Canada in the premises, and now substantial value is attached by the two most competent arbitrators to those rights, one of the two being perfectly disinterested. The Government of the United States will in this matter doubtless imitate the prompt and honorable fulfillment of Great Britain of far harder terms and on far more problematical grounds; but as the language of Judge Kellogg implies that an objection may be raised, it is well that the resolution of Canada should be expressed."
The "Mail" says:—"We desire that the United States should pay the money, not because it is five millions and a half so much as the payment will remove the last outstanding cause of quarrel between Great Britain and the United States."
The "Mail" then states that it is suggested on our side that the Dominion Government are willing to forego the payment of this amount if the United States grant us reciprocity.

Canadian Money Market.
The "Toronto Mail" says money is abundant and the demand for accommodation is slack. It seems probable that the increase of activity in business consequent on the good harvest has not been so great as was anticipated; and it is also probable that debtors are seeking to reduce their liabilities in which policy they are encouraged by banks. It is thought likely that discounts will be reduced during the winter, and the reduction seems to have set in already in some quarters; payments seem to be satisfactory in all cases. The result of these circumstances has been to put an end to anything approaching tightness and to leave money easy at 7 and 8 per cent. for commercial paper, the former rate being for first-class and the latter for any other description including renewals. There is very little inquiry heard for loans on collaterals; they can readily be had at 6 1/2 to 7 per cent. either on time or on call; and, possibly, though we have not heard of any actual transactions below these rates, at 6 per cent on call. It is evident that the desire on both sides is to do a more cautious business than that prevailing some time since, and there can be no doubt that the change will be advantageous to the country. The last bank statement, published in our columns on Tuesday last, is generally regarded as satisfactory. The increase in circulation is of course due to the increased quantity of grain to be moved; the augmentation of Dominion deposits is ascribed to increased Customs receipts, and the reduction in liabilities to English banks is consequent on there being no need on the part of our banks to avail themselves of outside resources as is frequently the case at this season.

Miscellaneous News.
THE HEIGHT OF MEANNESS.—Two years ago the ladies of Digby clubbed together and erected a number of oil lamps, and for a year kept the streets well lighted, at their own expense. At the end of that time, they turned them over to the town authorities; that was a year since; they have never been lighted since.—Hx. Herald.
Miss Shaw, of Berwick, N. S., has received by mail from her brother in California, a live horned toad. The interesting little animal, we are told, looks remarkably well after its long journey as mail matter. To those interested in such matters we might the creature is about three inches long, with the head of a lizard and the tail of an alligator. The dear!—Hx. Reporter.

Affairs in France are daily becoming more desperate. President McMahon's proposal to dissolve the Chamber of Deputies again will cause throughout the country a commotion which will not be easily subdued. An eventful crisis is approaching.
The coming winter (says an exchange) promises to be the most fearful known in England for many years. Everybody is cutting down expenses, and in London alone there are 42,000 fewer male servants on the tax list than two years ago. The coal trade is paralyzed, many of the great iron mills have been closed, and strikes are frequent and general. Crime has already largely increased, and much apprehension is felt in all parts of the kingdom.

Capt. Sheridan has stopped submarine operations for the season. He has succeeded in raising one of the two sunken vessels at Arichat. The other he brought to the surface, but the non-arrival of the steamer in time compelled him to let her go. The "Grace Girdler," the one recovered, is now lying at Arichat, where she will remain for the winter.
We hear constantly, from pious people, the lamentation that so few of the community at large attend church. It is to be deplored no doubt. But we ask, in all honesty and simplicity, how can it be otherwise? With the present existing order of things, how is a laboring man to pay his rent, his bills for fuel, for the necessities of subsistence, and for a score of other necessities, and still have the wherewithal to furnish suitable Sunday clothing for his family, and pay the exorbitant "pew rent" demanded at most of our city churches.

After Longfellow, this is the season when: In-doors, warm by the wide-mouthed fireplace, idly the farmer Sits in his elbow chair, and watches the flames and the smoke-wreaths Struggle together like foes in a burning city.
* * * * *

Thinking of Cobden and Smith and Brown and Mills and Mackenzie, And wondering why, their theories contra, oats are so low, And barley a drug in the market.
A photographer of Bologna, by dint of importunity, recently obtained the signal favor of the Pope sitting to him. After two unsuccessful attempts, His Holiness was waxing impatient, but the artist besought him to give him a third trial. The trial was allowed, and the result was a good likeness. A few days later the photographer reappeared before the Holy Father with the specimens of his skill; but the Pope was still somewhat angry, and said: "You tried my patience too hard, but it will be the last time." Then he took one of the photographs and wrote under it: "L'ultimo mio ritratto (my last portrait) Pio IX." A French Ultramontane offered offered \$4,000 for the negative of the photo, but the artist would not part with it at any price.

A Boston swindler has made thousands of dollars in New England by staying at hotels over night in the guise of a travelling salesman, receiving, by previous arrangement with a confederate, letters containing worthless checks and pretended directions from an employer, and inducing the landlords to cash the checks. His easy, business-like manner, and the simplicity of the fraud, enabled him to succeed in nearly every instance.
The Associated Press description of M. Cauchon's entry into Manitoba is irresistibly funny. M. Tetu, a Dominion Government emigration officer, undertook to present his Honor with an address as he was crossing the boundary near Emerson. As the stage carrying the new Governor neared the store monuments marking the border line, M. Tetu rode forward to meet it, but his horse took fright and ran away. The stage drove on and M. Tetu followed in hot pursuit "shouting incoherently for them to stop." M. Cauchon thought M. Tetu was the leader of the hostiles, and the latter's frantic efforts to catch up, increased his Honour's alarm. Winnipeg was reached without further incident.

In 1871 a Paris banker was robbed of \$50,000 by three thieves. For a long time they succeeded in completely covering their tracks but at length M. Melin, Inspector of Police at Paris, found two of them living as men of property at Geneva. Still the whereabouts of the third remained a mystery, when the other day he was heard of at Liege, in Belgium. M. Melin and a clever Liege policeman discovered him living like a fighting cock there, pounced on him, and seized a considerable sum. On some pretext he went into his cellar, and shot himself while they were in the house.