THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 12, 1884.

Development of the Northwest.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER in the course of his last great speech submitted some statistics of the wonderful development of the Great Northwest, consequent upon the adoption by Parliament of his vigorous railway policy.

From the 1st July, 1870, to the 30th June, 1880 (ten years) the Government received on account of Dominion lands, homesteads, pre-emptions, sales Colonization Companies, timber, grazing, minerals, etc., in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, the sum of $817,-426; and from the 1st July to the 31st December, 1883, no less than $3,572,836! And there is still due, on preemptions, within the next three years no less than $4,393,070!!

In 1880, the Customs recepts of Manitoba were $279,766; and in the Northwest Territories, outside Manitoba, $21,856. But in 1882 the Customs receipts in Manitoba were $1,054,601, and in the Northwest Territories $51,-755; while in 1883 they had risen to $1,764,805 in Manitoba, and $68,137 in the Northwest Territories.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Northwest Territories, under an Act submitted by Sir Charles, himself, import no spirituous liquors to swell their revenues and demoralize their people!!

In a single week, in 1881, the letters and post cards mailed in Manitoba and the Northwest were 42,894, and the newspapers, books and samples, 6,552. For a week in March, 1882, there were 62 892 letters and post cards mailed, and 12,053 newspapers, books and sample. For the corresponding week in March, 1883, it had risen in a single year from 62,000 to 89,847, with 18,193 newspapers, books and samples!!

Again, the issues of money orders in 1875 were $26,452 85, in 1876 $29,-139 73, in 1877, still less, $28,350 25. In 1878, when of course the change of Administration gave new life and impetus to the people they rose to $46,751, in 1879 to 69,986, in 1880 to 172,396, and and in six months to the 31st December, 1880, to $107,101, making a total from the 30th of June, 1875, to the 31st of December, 1880, of $480,000 issues of money orders in Manitoba. The amount of money order business done in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories from the 1st of January, 1881, to the 31st of December, 1883, was as follows: For the six months ended June 30th, 1881, $114.270; for the year ended June 30th, 1882, $398,241; for the year ended June 30th, 1883, $677,-722; and for the six months ended December 31st, 1883, $347,854. From the 30th June, 1875, to the 31st December, 1880, the total issues were $480,000, while in the six months ended the 31st December, 1883, they amounted to $347,000, or nearly as much as in the whole of those previous years, and the total from the 1st January, 1881, to the 31st December, 1883, was $1,538,088.

These statistics prove the amazing development of our Great Northwest, and indicate its value, when utilized, as a contributory to the revenue of Canada. But without the railway it would be worth—almost nothing.

Parliamentary Notes.

—Mr. Robertson, of Shelburne, has given notice that he will introduce a "Bill to amend the Canada Temperance Act, 1878."

—Senator Dickey has given notice in the Senate that he will call attention to the expediency of having an additional school for Military Instruction for the accommodation of Nova Scotia and P. E. Island. He wishes the school established in some convenient locality on the mainland.

—Several members of the Commons on both sides of the House are agitating for a reduction of the postage on letters from three cents to two cents. A few days ago, Mr. Hesson delivered an interesting speech, in the course of which he proved conclusively that reductions in the rates of postage do not result in proportionate reductions in the postal revenue. He argued that the proposed reduction could not possibly result in a loss of more than $175,000 the first year; and that in the course of a few years it would disappear altogether. This is a question, he said, which comes home to the people—in the country especially. No one who has had any experience of the early years, the pioneer life of Canada, can fail to remember how cheering it was to hear the sound of the postman's horn—how it seemed to revive in his heart memories and recollections of home, and how dearly he appreciated this means of communication with his friends in by-gone years. By the way it is worthy of remark that notwithstanding the dense population of the United States, it costs eighty cents per head to manage their postal department, while it costs us only sixty cents per head.

—An interesting discussion arose on the second reading of the Bill for the amendment of the law in criminal cases. Mr. Tupper, of Pictou, moved the six months hoist, mainly on the ground that the proposed law to permit prisoners and their wives to testify in their own cases, would operate unduly in their favor. It is curious to note that Mr. Ives was equally as strong in his opposition to the passage of the Bill because, in his opinion, the right to testify would be a serious injury to the prisoner. Mr. Ouimet opposed it on the ground that the measure would give a higher premium in perjury. Mr. Brecken took a very creditable part in the discussion—in fact good judges say that his was the best speech on the question. He favored the passage of the Bill, taking the ground that the object of the law is to arrive at the truth, and if a prisoner failed to take advantage of the law to go into the box and tell the truth, and so created an impression hostile to him, the impression was not likely to be a false one; while on the other hand an innocent man environed by a chain of circumstantial evidence, might, though subject to the cross-examination of the prosecuting counsel, be able to break it down by making a personal explanation. Mr. Brecken was heard with attention; and the Bill passed and was referred to committee. Sir John voted with those in favor of its passage, though it was introduced and is being carried through by one of his bitterest opponents in the House. The Bill does not apply to persons charged with high or capital crimes.

Editorial Notes.

—The following statement of the export of dairy produce and eggs is interesting:

	1878.	1882.	1883.
Butter, lbs..	13,006,626	15,161,837	8,106,447
Cheese, lbs..	38,054,294	50,807,049	58,041,387
Eggs, doz...	5,262,920	10,499,082	13,451,410

The value of the export of these articles last year was $10,414,273, or rather more than one-tenth that of the total export trade of the country, against $6,026,332 in 1878, an increase in five years of $3.400,000 or about 50 per cent.

—We care not from what source the Halifax *Herald* received its information regarding the burial of poor Acorn. It matters little. The point is: did not the *Patriot* recopy the paragraph from the *Herald* knowing it to be untrue?—there's the rub. We can prove it did so. It will therefore require more than wriggling to clear the editor of the *Patriot* of this piece of journalistic rascality. In all decency we think it should make a most humble apology for the injury it has in this matter done the undertaker of Falconwood Asylum.

—Reports from the recent meetings held in Belfast district show that the Conservative candidate, Mr. Martin, is meeting with splendid success. At five meetings already held, the electors of that district have expressed in strong terms their approval of the Local Government and of its nominee. The light politicians who have been imported into the district to oppose Mr. Martin are crushed in spirit. Their "yarns," etc., are working their own cure, and on Thursday week we feel confident that Mr. Martin will be returned by a handsome majority.

—The following circular was issued some time ago by Sir Stafford Northcote to the members of the Conservative party who acknowledge him as their leader: Pynes, Exter, January 16. My dear Sir,—I trust that it may be in your power to attend the meeting of Parliament on Tuesday, the 5th of February. Very important business is likely to be brought forward immediately after the opening, and it is most desirable that there should be a full attendance. On the question of the franchise, the Soudan, the Suez canal and, indeed, on the whole domestic and foreign policy of the Government, there is evidently going to be a tough battle.

—A correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* explains the American demand for Canadian Swedish turnips. Over 300,000 bushels were recently shipped to the States from the vicinity of Paris, Ont. The price obtained was fifteen cents per bushel. The exporters did not care whether they were frozen or otherwise. On reaching Uncle Sam's domain the change which takes place in them is more wonderful than making a "silk purse out of a sow's ear." The correspondent says: "How it is done this deponent sayeth not, but it is true that the frozen fragrant roots come back to us labelled 'pure jam.' If raspbery, apple, plum, etc., the one change needed is in the flavour of the acid used." It is quite a profitable business to buy turnips for fifteen cents a bushel and sell them slightly disguised at twenty cents per pound.

—The tactics resorted to by the *Patriot* and its correspondents since the Belfast election campaign commenced, are not more than worthy of the Grit party. They have made use of every nasty little slander, and circulated "yarns"—flannel, potato and cemetery—with an industry worthy a better cause. With the approval of "the meek and lowly follower," the *Patriot's* correspondents have most disgracefully reflected on the personal character of the members of the Local Government, and on the Conservative candidate in Belfast district. "If you have a bad case abuse your opponents" is the advice accepted by the *Patriot*, and with the aid of its vile correspondents, is making the best of it. Of our contemporary and its precious contributors it may truly be said they are

"Awed not by shame by no respect controlled
In scandal busy in reproaches bold;
With filthy malice studious to defame
Hate all *their* joy, profit all *their* aim."

—The Catholic Archbishop of Quebec has issued a *mandement* in which he joins Mgr. Fabre in his unqualified condemnation of the pamphlet, "Sources of the Evil of the Age, in Canada, by A Catholic." The pamphlet has been put into circulation by His Grace's traducers to show the prevalence of Freemasonry and Catholic Liberalism among the Catholic community of Quebec. In the *mandement* referred to, His Grace of Quebec declares that if he was alone attacked in the lying pages of the pamphlet in question, he would pay no more attention to it than to many other writings of a like nature aimed at him in the past; but that he cannot allow the author under the name of a Catholic to outrage the memory of revered priests whom the tomb should have shielded against insult, to falsely damage the reputation of some of our most deserving institutions, and to calumniate his episcopal predecessors, some of his suffragan bishops, the Roman congregations and the representatives of the Holy See. He therefore prohibits the keeping, reading or lending of the obnoxious pamphlet, and orders that every priest or layman in the Archdiocese, who has a copy in his possession, shall burn it within twenty-four hours after becoming acquainted with the injunctions of the *mandement*.

Consolidated Fund Revenue and Expenditure Account.

The following is a statement of the revenue and expenditure on account of the Consolidated Fund of the Dominion of Canada, as by returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st January, 1884:—

Revenue, 1884.

Customs	$1,235,225
Excise	387,592
Post Office	177,988
Public Works, including Railways	264,805
Miscellaneous	219,492
Total	$ 2,285,104
Revenue to 31st Dec., 1883	16,561,420
Total	$18,846,525
Expenditure	4,270,770
Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1883	13,756,023
Total	$18,026,794

The expenditure for the month is largely increased in the sinking fund. By comparison with former years it appears that during January, 1883, the receipts from customs were $375,000 more, and during January 1882 they were $387,000 more than in January 1884. From excise the receipts for last January were $100,000 less than January 1883, and $82,000 less than January 1882; and from Post Office $105,-000 less in January 1884, than in Januuary 1883, and $12,000 less than in January 1882.

In 1882, to Dec. 31st the expenditure was $12,519,335, and for January 1883, $3,592,719—making a total expenditure for seven months of $16,112,054 against $18,-026,794.

The total receipts from the above sources in 1883 and '84 for the seven months ended January 31st, 1884, were $18,846,525. Thus, while the expenditure to 31st January, 1883 was $16,112,054 and the receipts $20,860,591, the expenditure and revenue to 31st January last were as above stated.—*St. John Sun.*

The City Council.

The regular monthly meeting of the City Council was held last evening. The Mayor, Recorder, and all the Councillors were present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Several bills that had been approved by the Finance Committee were read and passed.

The standing committees for the year were then appointed. The so-called opposition in the council were altogether ignored, except upon the truck committee, upon which the Chancilor of the Exchequor was magnanimous enough to nominate Councillors Keoughan and Crabbe.

F. W. Hyndman and Geo. Coombs were re-appointed auditors.

The Fire Wardens were then appointed.

A letter was read from the Secretary of the School Board, also one from F. L. Haszard, Esq., as solicitor of the Board, demanding the balance due for school purposes, which upon motion were laid on the table.

Upon motion Judge Hensley's letter, also one from Henry Beer, Esq., in reference to the Dominion Exhibition, were laid on the table.

A letter presented by Councillor Koughan from John Hatch, asking assistance, was simi ar ly disposed of.

Councillor Crabbe asked His Worship if he had received a letter from the leader of the new band formed in the city for the use of a room in the City Hall for practice.

His Worship stated he had received no such application.

Hon. A. A. McDonald, and George Full, Esq., then presented a petition, largely signed, asking the Council to appoint a prosecutor under the Canada Temperance Act. A counter petition was also produced.

Councillor Tanton—I am a temperance man, have been from my youth. The Canada Temperance Act has been carried by a majority of the electors, and will expire in August next, and I can not see no reason why a prosecutor cannot be appointed, especially as the city collects all the fines. I must stand by my principles, it would be gross hinconsistent, herroneous and wrong for me not to do so. I therefore move that the prayer of the petition be granted.

Councillor McRae—Please, Your Worship, I second the motion.

Councillor Morris—I am opposed to the petition. Names have been obtained by deception; the counter petition has the names of the largest taxpayers upon it; and I do not believe in the Act. A few fanatics are running the whole thing.

Councillor Douse asked the Recorder if the City Council were obliged to appoint a Prosecutor. I was not elected on either side. I was sent here to vote one per cent. I heard the celebrated Professor Foster pitch into the Mayor and Council.

Councillor Crabbe—What did Professor Foster say about the Mayor?

Councillor Douse—He said he was a very smart man.

The motion was then put and was lost by the casting vote of the Mayor.

The Council then adjourned.

GREAT SALE OF

New Cottons.

—:o:—

We have just opened a large Stock of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS,

NEW SPRING STYLES,

Received Before the Advance in Duty.

—:o:—

We have an immense stock of

GREY AND WHITE COTTONS,

Purchased when the Cotton market was at the lowest point of depression.

Fleecy Cottons,
Sheeting Cottons,
Pillow Cottons,

TABLE LINEN AND NAPKINS,

Towels and Towelling,

TAPESTRY, SCOTCH AND BRUSSELS CARPETS,

And other House Furnishing Goods.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, Feb. 11, 1884.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN

FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISION,

STORE,

South Side Queen Square, near Queen Street,

HAVE to announce that they have on hand the following goods, which they are prepared to sell at reasonable prices and in quantities to suit purchasers:

Flour (Superior Extra, Strong Bakers' and Patent)

OATMEAL, CORNMEAL, BRAN, SHORTS, OATS,

CRUSHED FEED, either Oats and Barley or Oats, Barley and Corn. APPLES, which will be sold by the barrel or by the pound, at rates very little over barrel prices.

Ch'town, Dec. 18, 1883.

Our Store Closes Every Evening at Six o'clock (Saturday Excepted).

—:o:—

1884. For the Winter Months. 1884.

—:o:—

W. & A. BROWN & CO. are selling the following lines of Dry Goods, at very low prices, to clear before stocktaking 1st April:

Jackets, Dolmans and Ulsters, Promenade Scarfs, Wool Jackets and Ulsters, Mantle and Ulster Cloths, Overcoatings, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Colored and White Shirts.

Also a special line of Dress Goods, of excellent value, and suitable for the season, reduced to twenty-two cents.

A large stock of Carpets, Oilcloths, Hearth Rugs, Mats, White and Grey Cottons, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons and Linens, Fancy Shirtings, etc., bought very low, and now opened, ready for the early Spring Trade.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1884.—dy wkly

NEW FRUIT,

Wholesale and Retail, Cheap.

—:o:—

ON HAND:

230 boxes very choice Valencia and Layer RAISINS,
30 half-boxes choice LAYERS,
3,000 pounds CURRANTS,
200 boxes prime FIGS,
5 cases choice PRUNES,
200 barrels hard WINTER APPLES, No. 1,
20 kegs GRAPES,

AND MORE TO ARRIVE.

BEER & GOFF.

Nov. 14, 1883.—2aw wkly

APPLES, &C.

BY AUCTION, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), February 13th, at two o'clock, at my Auction Room, Queen Street,—

75 barrels APPLES,
70 half-chests TEA,
1000 lbs. CODFISH,
25 barrels HERRING,
Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, etc.

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer.

Charlottetown Feb. 12, 1884.

Valentine Fair.

THE Ladies of St. Paul's Church propose to hold a

BAZAAR AND TEA,

—IN THE—

MARKET HALL,

—ON—

Thursday, February 14th.

Doors open at 3 p m
Tea at 5 p. m. and 6 p m.
Admission 10 cents. Tea 25 cents.

CARNIVAL!

THE Managers of the Georgetown Skating Rink have made arrangements for a Carnival, on

Tuesday, the 19th February,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK, P. M.

Worth's Brass Band will be in attendance.
Only those in costume allowed to skate.
Return Tickets will be issued on the Railway at reduced rates good till the 21st.
Admission, 25 cents.

W. S. EASTON } Managers.
E. STEWART, }

Feb. 12.—1i wkly wkly pat 1i

Inland Steam Navigation Company

—OF—

Prince Edward Island.

THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, King Street, on Wednesday, the 27th day of February, instant, at three o'clock p. m., for the election of Directors and the transaction of other business.

By order of the President and Directors.

JOHN HUGHES,
Secretary.

Ch'town, Feb. 12, 1884.—law tu pat

PROGRAMME

—OF—

VINNICOMBE'S

GRAND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT

TO BE HELD IN THE

Y. M. C. A. HALL,

—ON—

Tuesday, February 12th inst.

Overture—Queen of the Valley.....*Bissig*
Orchestra.
Solo—Vocal—The Fairy Jane.....*Marzials*
Mr. Haslewood.
Selections from Poet and Peasant.....*Suppe*
Orchestra
Solo (vocal)—"O Loving Heart Trust On.."
L. M. Gottschalk
Miss DesBrisay.
Solitude Waltz.....*Waldteufel*
Orchestra.
Violin Solo and String Quartette—Meditation
Gounod
Mr. Vinnicombe and Members of Club.
Waltz—Breeze of the Night.....*Lamothe*
Orchestra.
Solo (vocal)—The Distant Shore, with Orchestra Accompaniment.....*Sullivan*
Miss Palmer.
Louise Galop.....*Aymer*
Orchestra.
Cornet Solo—I Fear No Foe.....*Pensutti*
Mr. C. P. Fletcher.
Waltz—Spring Flowers.....*Bousquet*
Orchestra.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Price of Admission, 25 cents. Concert to commence at eight o'clock.

Tickets may be had at Fraser & Reddin's Drug Store, Fletcher's Music Store, and at the door.

Ch'town, Feb. 9, 1884.

TO LET.

THE room on South Side Queen Square, lately occupied as a private billiard room. Apply to

HORACE HASZARD.

Ch'town, Jan. 14, 1884.

J. MURRAY McNEIL, LONDON, ONTARIO, gives written guarantee that his MOUSTACHE GROWER will produce heavy moustache inside of TEN WEEKS, or money refunded. Price of receipt, $1. Address Box 254, London, Ont. [jan30 1w

SUBSCRIBE for the WEEKLY EXAMINER. Only ONE DOLLAR a year.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED.—A Housemaid in a small family. References required. [jan28.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A good Cook. Reference required. Apply at the Revere House, [jan22

WANTED.—A Man for general work. References required. Apply at the Revere House. [jan22

BOARDERS.—Mrs. Robert Rodd, has removed to the house of Mr. C. Hearts, Euston Street, where she can accommodate number of Boarders, on reasonable terms. [jan