

THE DAILY EXAMINER. SEPTEMBER 23, 1887.

PREMIER NORQUAY, of Manitoba, visited New York recently for the purpose of raising money to build the Red River Valley Railway. His mission, however, was unsuccessful, as the capitalists would not buy his bonds, owing to the opposition of the Dominion Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

WORK upon the well at Three Mile Run has been stopped for the present. The Commissioners have put the well to a severe test. For twenty-two consecutive hours they had two steam engines and two rotary pumps of large capacity at work throwing in the neighborhood of one thousand gallons a minute, but did not appreciably diminish the supply. Immediately upon stopping the pumps the well overflowed again. The water is said to be of excellent quality, and, from present appearances, it certainly looks as if the right source of supply had been found.

QUEBEC is to have a lawsuit which will doubtless be interesting, involving, as it does, some important points. It appears that the Consul-General for Spain in Canada has, for four years past, occupied apartments in the Provincial Building at Quebec, and is now sued for the rent thereof, some \$850. The Consul takes the ground that the courts of the country have no jurisdiction over him. The international law protects ambassadors, foreign ministers and diplomatic agents from arrest, but it is the first time it has ever been called into requisition for the benefit of a foreign consul.

THE Hamilton Spectator says the arguments put forth by the commercial union specialists may be divided into three classes, viz:—

- 1. Arguments based on false assumptions; which fall to the ground, so soon as the facts come to light.
2. Arguments based on slight or remote facts, which are without weight or significance when carefully considered.
3. Arguments based on such facts as the better prices to be obtained at present in the United States for barley, horses and one or two other articles of export, but which wholly fail to show that present prices are likely to be maintained.
Our contemporary has "sized up" the situation pretty accurately.

THE Under-Secretary of State for India, Sir John Gorst, has been making some comparisons as to the relative value of the different English, Colonial and foreign securities. The comparison is, it is almost unnecessary to say, very flattering to Canada. In his recent budget speech Sir John is reported as saying that "incidentally he had worked out the value of the securities of the different countries of the world in the London money market. England could sell her Consols at a price which yielded £2 19s. per cent. Next came the United States, £3 9d., and in order the following: India, whose securities yielded £3 9s; Canada, £3 9s 6d; New South Wales, £3 13s 6d; Victoria, £3 13s 9d; France, £3 14s 9d; Cape of Good Hope, £3 19s; New Zealand, £4 2s; Austria, £4 10s 6d; Italy, £4 10s 9d; and Russia, £5 3s 9d."

ARCHBISHOP LYONS, of Toronto, who spent some time in this city this summer, has addressed the following letter to the editor of The Catholic Weekly Review:—

SIR,—I have been often pained and astonished at the frequent appeals of editors and proprietors of newspapers to their subscribers, urging them to pay their arrears. I can only say, at least cannot be unaware of their obligations in this matter, and that abolition to a point, heartily sorry for his sins, does not free him from the obligations of paying his just debts. The atonement for oblivion of justice in this world will certainly be exacted in the next. The editors and proprietors of newspapers, on their part, give their time, the product of a high education and experience, together with their money for stationery, printing and wages to employees, and they expect and should have, in common justice, a return, often by no means adequate, for their outlay. A man who will not pay for a paper he subscribed for, read, and whose contents he enjoyed, is a retainer of another man's goods and is on a level with a thief.

Yours faithfully, JOHN JOSEPH LYONS, Archbishop of Toronto.

We commend the contents of the above letter to those of our subscribers who are in arrears.

FERRIBEE stories of starvation come from Asia Minor. Letters received at the headquarters of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions in Boston picture a sad condition of affairs among the people of the Cilician Plain. Large numbers of the people there are starving, and the source of food supply is almost exhausted. The Mission Board some time ago sent out \$7,000 for the relief of sufferers, but the amount proved entirely inadequate, as since August about five hundred families have been added to the list of those who have to be supplied with bread to sustain life. Urgent appeals for assistance also come from Tarsus and the various villages of the Plain. Rev. Mr. Montgomery, writing from the scene, on August 13, says:—

Large numbers of people are kept alive by eating the grass, roots, refuse of the streets, berries and small fruits. The wheat is brought to me this week a kind of nauseous, bitter, pucky bread, made from the pods of a low thorn found upon the plain, which I should think would kill those who eat it, and yet I am told that whole villages eat it and are surviving. The gratitude of those who are

helped appears to be sincere, and heaven's blessings are invoked by Moslem and nominal Christians alike upon the Protestants who minister to their needs.

The Mission Board has decided to make a general plea for assistance for the starving people. All classes and creeds are appealed to. Contributions will be thankfully received and forwarded by the Treasurer of the Mission Board, Langdon S. Ward, No. 1, Somerset Street, Boston.

A Pleasant Social.

A SOCIAL in aid of the Baptist Church at Georgetown, was held at the Parsonage, on Wednesday evening, 21st inst., and was well patronized. The programme of amusement was fairly well rendered, the recitation by Miss Alice Wilnot being particularly good. After the musical and literary part of the entertainment had been concluded, Rev. Mr. Williams announced that refreshments would be handed around, and the boys and girls had quite a time disposing of them. Mrs. Wilnot, on behalf of the committee, before the close of the evening, presented Rev. Mr. Williams with the proceeds, some \$70, which will help to liquidate the expense incurred in fitting up a place of worship for the Baptists of Georgetown. This being one of the first socials held in Georgetown, it was particularly pleasant to notice that all classes and creeds patronized it, and the success which attended the efforts of the committee will, no doubt, stimulate them to future exertions. Following is the

PROGRAMME:— Opening chorus—"Let us gather in the Sun-beams," No. 174. All present. Address—Rev. Mr. Williams. Song—"Huckleberry Pie," Mr. Logan. Duet—"The Light of Home," Miss Williams. Reading—"The Amen Corner," Mr. McDonald. Song—"True Nobility," Mr. Leung. Song—"There is no luck about the house," Mr. and Misses Kennedy and Mr. Logan. Recitation—"The Leap for Life," Miss Alice Wilnot. Song—"My Grandmother's Chair," Miss Harrison. Recitation—"Pussy Cat," Miss Farrow. Song—"The Dying Boy," Mrs. Leeming. Reading—"Child Lost," Mrs. Wilnot.

Funeral of G. W. Millner, Esq.

TO-DAY the familiar form of our old friend was laid in its last resting place with the honors of the Order of the Sons of Temperance, and the sad strains of the Dead March by the Band of the 82nd Battalion. At the Wesleyan Church the Rev. Mr. Shenton referred most faithfully and affectingly to the sudden but happy death of Mr. Millner, a fitting close to a truly Christian and useful life, as a temperance advocate and as a member of the Christian Church. At the grave the beautiful and impressive service of the Order was conducted by the Chaplain, Rev. J. M. McLeod. Notwithstanding it being market day, there was a very large attendance of all classes of citizens. The members of Orient, Prince Edward and Victoria Divisions were each represented. In the procession we noticed the Rev. Dr. Fitzgerald and J. W. Morrison, Esq., two of the oldest Past Grand Worthy Patriarchs on the Island, as well as Benjamin Williams, John Bowers, R. M. Barrett, Hon. G. W. Bentley and other well known veterans and workers in the Order. In the death of Mr. Millner, the temperance cause at this particular time has lost one of its best and most uncompromising supporters, and the community a good citizen and an honest man.

The Newfoundland Fishermen.

Newfoundland advices to the Halifax Herald say that careful investigation sustains the report that the inshore fishermen are threatened with starvation, notwithstanding the denial of interested persons, who are either incapable of forming a judgment or are deliberately attempting to deceive the world at large. The advice con- tinues:—"The North-western shore fishery, extending from Cape Ray to Cape Norman, has been almost a total failure, the catch being only about one-third of the average. The South-western fishery, extending from Cape Ray to Cape Race, and including the Fortune Bay herring fishery, has also been very poor. The winter cod fishery was a failure, the herring fishery only averages the bait fishery moderate and the summer cod fishery disastrous. These facts mean that great destitution must needs shortly prevail, particularly in the regions of Fortune Bay, Burgo and La Poile.

To add to this the government, in pursuance of their anti-French policy, are enforcing the bait bill, which prohibits the exporting of the bait, and thereby deprives the Fortune Bay people of one of their chief means of livelihood. It is as if 10,000 fishermen on the coast of Nova Scotia or New England were, at one stroke, deprived of their principal means of support, without compensation, and that, too, at a time when starvation was staring them in the face, and the result can easily be imagined.

The northwestern fishery, from Cape Race to Cape Norman, is poorer this year than for the past three years, and much suffering will ensue in that section also. It is said of the shore fishermen that they have not caught enough fish to satisfy their daily needs, and are utterly destitute. The Labrador fisheries has also been a disastrous failure and the outlook is gloomy. The almost total dependence of the people on the fisheries make them the sport of the most fickle industry followed by man, and there are a dozen causes, any one of which will produce destitution. There are fertile lands, but no farmers; splendid timber, but no timbermen; minerals, but no mines; but the business men think only of fish, and private capitalists will not venture a single dollar in speculation. Many of the people are already in want. In some places relief is being doled out by the government, and when this occurs thus early in the fall, distress of the most terrible description must necessarily follow before spring.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain; and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

A Memorable Event.

SILVER JUBILEE OF MOTHER ST. ANGELINA, SUPERIOR OF ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

This is a year of jubilees. On the 22nd of August, the Rev. Mother St. Angelina, Superior of St. Joseph's Convent, Charlottetown, P. E. I., celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of her religious profession, surrounded by the clergy and sisters of the different convents of the parish. Sister Angelina, who holds such a high place in the affections of the Catholics of Charlottetown, is a native of the Province of Quebec, where, in 1862, she made her profession as a Sister of the Congregation de Notre Dame. After spending some time in her native province she was appointed to the mission of Charlottetown. At that time the Sisters occupied the old wooden building known as St. Ann's School. Here Sister Angelina remained until a day school was opened in the western part of the city in an old log-house on Pownall street, long since pulled down to make room for the handsome structure which now graces the old site. When this school was opened the sisters had to walk from their home in the east to their work in summer, while they were conveyed backwards and forwards in the Bishop's carriage in inclement weather, and during the winter months. Many hardships had this heroic little band of Sisters to undergo, but the importance of their work became more apparent every day, and the self-sacrificing spirit of their calling enabled them to spend themselves willingly for the little neglected ones whom they now behold making such progress in virtue and their books. Before many years the Bishop saw the necessity of establishing Sisters permanently at St. Joseph's and accordingly the necessary permission from the Mother General having been obtained, three Sisters, one of whom was Sister Angelina, were sent to the new house. A little later she became its Superior, a position she has filled with such favor ever since.

Sister Angelina's administration has seen many changes at St. Joseph's. The first house the Sisters occupied soon gave place to a more commodious one, the old wooden chapel of St. Andrew having been hauled down and fitted up as comfortably as their means permitted, for the accommodation of teachers and pupils. Soon this building became too small; and to meet the exigencies of the moment a grand new addition was commenced, and the necessary school-room and conveniences thus secured for the increased number of children in attendance. The large debt contracted to complete and equip the new building has been almost wiped out by the efforts of the good Superior, and this fall will likely see the last farthing paid. With the increased number of pupils the number of religious has increased, six Sisters now finding all the work they can do in the classes.

Occupied with her school and school improvements, Sister Angelina always found time to work among those of the parishioners requiring her ministrations. Besides watching over the children and encouraging their parents along in their spiritual and temporal concerns, she has established a confraternity for young women which is doing a great amount of good, especially among the girls who are obliged to come to town from the country to earn their living. But Sister Angelina's influence does not extend to the women alone; the men love and respect her in an extraordinary degree. There is no clergyman that can do more with the erring husband, who, not always afraid of the priest, would beg most earnestly to have his fault concealed from Sister Angelina. Thus has the good Superior spent her life in the work which God has called her to, in a little island province, far from the home of her forefathers, on the banks of the "mystic St. Lawrence."

It was, therefore, quite natural that the silver jubilee of Sister Angelina should be enthusiastically celebrated. Although unconscious that the date was known she dreamt of nothing but a quiet thanksgiving to God for the blessings vouchsafed during a century, others were planning for the celebration of the happy event. His Lordship Bishop McIntyre said Mass at the Convent in the morning and gave the nuns Holy Communion. Then her many friends pressed around Sister Angelina, offering testimonials of the appreciation in which they held her life-work. At one o'clock came the joy feast, and at three o'clock an operetta, embodying the principal events of the good religious's life, was produced to the great admiration of the auditors. Solemn Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament crowned the events of the day, the priests and people present praying God to spare Sister Angelina to them to celebrate her golden jubilee. To the popular desire we gladly add our Ad multos annos.—New York Catholic American.

A Daring Robbery.

The Westchester, N. S., correspondent of the Halifax Herald, writing on the 21st inst., says:—"Charles Seifert came to this place about seven weeks ago and opened a store. His dwelling house is attached to his store. Mr. Seifert came from Halifax last evening by the Quebec express. He and his wife retired about 12 o'clock to their bedroom in the second story. The thief, after failing to break into the store, ascended to the top of a veranda, opened a window, entered Mr. Seifert's bedroom, took his wallet from his trouser's pocket, and his watch from his table. He then descended to the first story and took about \$30 from a box which Mrs. Seifert had brought in from the store. The thief was so deliberate that he took the pearls from the table which Mr. Seifert had brought from Halifax for his children. The loss is about \$150 in cash and watch and chain. Yesterday a suspicious looking character, not known in the place, was lurking about. He visited the store and was seen to look carefully over the premises. There is no means of tracing him."

KEARNEY says the Chinese must go; but, before they go, we wish to inform them and everybody else that Adamson's Botanic Balsam continues to win the day in curing coughs, colds and difficult breathing. Price 35 and 75 cents. Trial bottles 10 cents. Ad. W. W. W. AMERICAN Walnut Clocks, Brass and Nickel Alarm-Timpepieces, also a lot of Silver-plated Ware opening to-day at W. W. W. Sell our new clocks received to-day.—E. W. Taylor, Charlottetown Block.

BROOD MARE FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will offer for Sale, Exhibition week at the "Stocking" Sale, weighing 1300 to 1400, color black, in foal to Barriester. Also—Her this year's Foal, by a young Heriando. They may be seen after October 1st by enquiring at the office of J. M. AULD, Grafton Street, Ch'town, Sept. 23, 1887.—23 27 30 oct 5 pd

TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

WHY waste your Money? Compare prices charge & retail for BAKING POWDERS. WOODILL'S GERMAN ROYAL. Details: 2 1/2 oz. 5 Cents 2 1/2 oz. 10 Cents 5 " 10 " 4 " 15 " 10 " 20 " 6 " 25 "

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY.

County Exhibitions. RETURN TICKETS at one first-class fare will be issued by this Railway, as under, in connection with the Prince and King's County Exhibition:— From all Stations East of Royal Junction to Summerside, by Forenoon Trains, on Sept. 27th inst.; from Charlottetown, Cape Traverse and Intermediate Stations by Forenoon Trains on September 28th, and from Tignish and Intermediate Stations by Special Train and Forenoon Regular Train on September 28th, all Tickets being good to return up to and on 30th inst., in connection with Prince County Exhibition. From Stations on Souris Branch to Georgetown, by Afternoon Train, on Sept. 28th inst., to parties in want of a good exhibit, from all stations west of Royal Junction to Georgetown by the Tignish Accommodation Train, on Sept. 28th, and from Charlottetown, Souris and Intermediate Stations by Forenoon Trains on Sept. 29th, all tickets being good to return up to and on Oct. 1st, 1887, in connection with the King's County Exhibition.

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY.

Prince County Exhibition. A SPECIAL TRAIN will leave Tignish for Summerside at 4 15 a. m., on Sept. 28th inst.; returning will leave Summerside at 5 15 p. m., carrying Passengers and Exhibits to and from Prince County Exhibition. Return Tickets by this train at one first-class fare. J. UNSWORTH, Acting Superintendent. Railway Office, Charlottetown, Sept. 19, 1887.—ex pat eod wky prs 1 wk

FROST & WOOD PLOWS.

ON HAND and to arrive, a full stock of FROST & WOOD PLOWS, in Nos. 3, 5, 13, and for one horse. Also, a supply of Points and other extras for the above Plows. Farmers in want of a good Plow should lose no time in securing one of the Frost & Wood, which have always taken the lead wherever tested. A. HORNE & CO., Manufacturers' Agents. Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1887, sept 15-41 law & wky

P. E. ISLAND Exhibition, 1887.

WILL be held at Charlottetown on Wednesday and Thursday, OCTOBER 5th and 6th.

All Live Stock Entries must be made on or before FRIDAY, September 30th, at 6 o'clock, p. m. Entries of other exhibits will be made up to TUESDAY, October 4th, at 2 o'clock, p. m. sharp, after which hour nothing can be received for exhibition. Travelling arrangements on the most favorable terms have been made with the P. E. Island Railway, the Steam Navigation Company, the steamers Heather Belle and Southport, also with the Intercolonial Railway from all points between Mulgrave, Halifax and St. John inclusive, to Pictou Landing and Point du Chene. A large crowd of visitors from all points are expected to visit this Provincial Exhibit of Agriculture and local industry. For further particulars get—Price List and Programme. A. McNEILL, SECRETARY. Ch'town, Sept. 2, 1887.—wky 41 pat her guar four pio

A Fair Exchange.

WE have GROCERIES of the best quality—Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Kerosene, &c., &c., and almost every farmer has Eggs to dispose of. Why not come direct to our store, every week, and exchange your Eggs for Groceries? It pays to do so, because we allow you One Cent Per Dozen More for your Eggs than the regular cash price, and give you Groceries in exchange as low as they can be bought for cash in any store in the city. At present prices you Save Eight Per Cent by Trading With Us, and have not to go out of your way to do so, as our store is conveniently situated. WE HAVE SOME SLENDID Porto Rico and Barbadoes Sugar for Preserving, which we will exchange for Eggs on same terms as other goods. CALL AND SEE IT. GEO. CARTER & CO., MARKET SQUARE, CH'TOWN. July 15—wky

James Paton & Co, MARKET SQUARE.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

Latest Styles! Best Qualities! and Lowest Prices!

Our Whole Fall Stock will be Ready in a Few Days.

Our Carpet Department will be Better Stocked this Fall than Ever Before.

JAMES PATON & CO., MARKET SQUARE.

LONDON HOUSE.

FALL OPENING—DRY GOODS.

HARRIS & STEWART

Are now opening their Large and Varied Importation of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, from England, Scotland, Canada and United States.

Every Department Well Stocked.—Prices Low.

HARRIS & STEWART

SUCCESSORS TO GEO. DAVIES & CO. Ch'town, Sept. 19, 1887.—wky

BEER BROS.

Novelties in Dress Goods. Novelties in Mantles. Novelties in Wool Goods. Novelties in Fur Goods. Novelties in Fancy Goods.

MILLINERY

FALL AND WINTER. Colored Moire Plush. Colored Checked Plush. Colored Fancy Plush. Colored Plain Plush.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods! Dress Goods! Dress Goods! BEER BROS.

SPECIAL LOT

OPENING TO-DAY AT STANLEY BROS., BROWN'S BLOCK.

LADIES' JERSEY JACKETS.

Bought at a BARGAIN, will be Sold 25 PER CENT LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES. Ch'town, July 14, 1887—eod & wky