

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

UNITED STATES.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 6.—6.30 p. m.

Since the last bulletin was issued the President moved from Washington to Long Branch. He was more restless than usual last night, being evidently somewhat excited by anticipations of the journey. This morning at 5.30 his pulse was 118; temperature 99.8; respiration 18. We left Washington with the President at 6.30. Owing to the admirable arrangements made by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and to the ingeniously arranged bed, the fatigue incident to transportation was reduced to a minimum. Nevertheless, as was anticipated, some signs of disturbance produced by the journey have been exhibited since the arrival by a rise of temperature and increased frequency of pulse. At present the pulse is 124; temperature 101.6; respiration 18.

(Signed) D. W. BLESS, J. K. BARNES, J. J. WOODWARD, ROBERT REYBURN, D. HAYES AGNEW, FRANK P. HAMILTON.

The following was sent to-night to Mr. Morton, Minister to Paris, and to Mr. Lowell, Minister, London:—

The President left Washington at half-past six this morning and reached Long Branch at twenty minutes past one. He seemed to bear the journey well, though the heat was very oppressive. After his arrival he was for several hours restless, showed signs of great fatigue, and complained that his back had a bruised feeling. The pulse rose to 124, and temperature to 101.6 and 100. At this hour, half past ten, he is sleeping and the fever abating. The surgeons regard his symptoms as a necessary result of the journey, and expect a favorable change within the next two days. He earnestly desired to leave the White House, and his weary eyes welcomed the sight of the sea. The developments of the next sixty hours are awaited with solicitude.

(Signed), BLAINE, Secretary.

BOSTON, Sept. 6.

A remarkable atmospheric phenomena prevailed in this city and generally throughout New England, to-day. At sunrise the heavens presented a blood red appearance; later they assumed a bronze; then a deep yellowish tinge, which continued all day. A dense cloud, apparently of smoke, obscured the sun, producing a most dazzling hue by reflection upon vegetation; gas jets resembled electric lights and in many cases were kept burning throughout the day. In many instances schools closed on account of darkness that had occurred and was generally attributed to forest fires in Canada, together with the presence of fog or mist in the atmosphere. The weather has been in very oppressive.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 6.

The packing house of the Lake Superior Powder Company exploded to-day. Eleven men were blown to atoms. Nothing of the building is left and nobody is left to tell the cause of the accident.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.

Later despatches from Gen. Carr state that the medicine man, as soon as the Indians treacherously fired on the troops, was shot, and the Indians were driven off after a severe fight. Our loss was: Captain Herbig and four privates killed; one sergeant and three privates wounded, two mortally. After burying the dead I returned as rapidly as practicable, arriving on the 31st. Some of the Indians preceded, and had killed eight men on the road to Thomas. Next morning they made a demonstration against this post, attacked it in the afternoon, but were repulsed.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Sept. 6.

Farm houses, barns and crops have been burned in Saginaw and Tucala counties to the extent of over \$100,000. Railway travel is stopped. The fire is still burning in Saginaw Valley.

EUROPEAN.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The Viceroy of India telegraphs that reports from Candahar of the 1st instant state it is believed that the Ameer reached Keiat Road, been recalled, and his entire army recamped under the walls of Candahar.

LAHORE, Sept. 6.

The Ameer's vanguard reached Jaldak, seventy miles from Candahar, at the end of August.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.

The "North German Gazette" says if the Czar and Emperor William actually meet, it is certain they will not meet at Danzig.

St. Petersburg advices state that two fresh numbers of the Nihilist journal, "Will of the people," dated Aug. 13 and 13, have appeared as supplements, promising the publication of the full number at the beginning of September.

It is understood that the Czar initiated the approaching interview with the Emperor William.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

There will be a general holiday in Liverpool, on Thursday next, on the occasion of the visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to open the London and Alexandra docks.

James R. Bulwer, Conservative has been elected in Cambridge Shore to succeed Rodwell in the Commons.

MADRID, Sept. 6.

The Spanish press express much pleasure that Lord Granville telegraphed that the Queen intends to confer the vacant order of the Garter on King Alfonso in October.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, September 8—10 a. m.

Moderate to fresh northwesterly to northerly winds, fine cooler weather.

A Berlin despatch says:—It is reported a meeting will take place between the Emperor William and the Czar during the German military manoeuvres at Komatz on the 8th instant, where special cavalry and artillery evolutions will be performed to test the value cavalry in view of the developments in firearms and the changes in modern tactics.

NEW AUTUMN GOODS AT THE LONDON HOUSE. New Wincies, New Prints, New White Cottons, New Linings, New Tweeds, New Overcoats, New Reefing Jackets, New Underclothing, &c., &c.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT A Splendid Range of New Cloths. Over 600 Patterns to Select from

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Sept. 1, 1881.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Stock Farm Buildings.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—When the Government headed by Louis H. Davies were in power, they appointed an Engineer who also acted as Superintendent of Public Works. He did his work well. At the last election, the dismissal of that functionary and the saving to the country of \$1,200 was a strong plank in the platform of the Liberal Conservatives. People thought it would be so much saved, and would help with other things to lessen the taxes. When the present Government came into power by an overwhelming majority, they found it was not such an easy matter to dismiss that individual and find a Commissioner of Public Works able and willing to take his place; and he said to the credit of Donald Ferguson, the then appointed Commissioner, he had the good sense to keep on the Engineer, knowing that it is better and wiser for a man to confess "I was mistaken" than to commit blunders in the work which would entail double the loss to the country of the Engineer's salary. Unfortunately for the country, Mr. Ferguson was removed to another position to make way for the celebrated William Campbell, whose patriotic spirit moved him to take his little crow bar and dissect the New Asylum, and which same spirit moved him to bully the Government into giving him the office of Commissioner of Public Works, which same, I believe, they have regretted ever since—or if they have not, when the man is unmasked, they will. The removal by death of Mr. Bailey opened up a new field for this genius to exercise his talents; and with presumption born of ignorance, he undertakes to be Commissioner of Public Works, Engineer, Surveyor and Superintendent, all at once. The Government, up to this time, have remained inactive, leaving the Public Works Department to the tender mercies of William Campbell, which course, if pursued, will entail loss to the country and bring the Government into disrepute.

I can hardly blame the Commissioner of Public Works for the scandalous job at West River. I think the man did not know any better. But the present buildings at the Stock Farm, over which he has had a Superintendent—and one who has condemned the material used and the work done to a large extent—for this he must take the blame. The departure from the contract as advertised has been so glaringly done that any ordinary mechanic would condemn the job at once. The payment to the contractor of a large sum of money without a certificate from the Superintendent, the utter ignoring of that gentleman's protest and report of bad material and slighted work, the independence of the contractor who says he will build those buildings in whatever manner and with what material suits himself, and that he does not care for Government or Superintendent, and his attempts to drive the Superintendent off the grounds by force, and his assertion that the Commissioner of Public Works dare not refuse to pay him, points directly to a connivance or an understanding between the Commissioner and the contractor.

I would say, in conclusion, let us, independent of politics, have a thorough and practical man to do the work of Engineer and Surveyor, or the cost to the country will be a great deal more than that official's salary. Better far for the Government to say that they have been mistaken, than to say we have spent \$2,400.00 to pay an engineer for two years and he was not needed.

Yours, etc., LIBERAL.

September, 7, 1881.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

REVERE HOUSE.

Sept. 7.—Alfred L. Brennan, New York; W A Brennan, Journal, Summerside; Jas F Douglass, Halifax; N S; C F Stubbs, St John. N B; Wm Richards, Bideford, P E I; W H Bates, Truro, N S; J Rupert Foster, Moncton, N B

The Emperor of Germany is at Hanover, where the manoeuvres commenced on Friday. The Emperor William seemed in the best of health, and sat nearly three hours in the saddle, and after the review rode down the long lines of ancient warrior veterans, who had specially assembled to welcome their monarch.

Le Figaro remarks there were never so many Americans in Paris as this year. A good third of the promenaders just now on the boulevards are Americans. Being practical people, they no doubt think it safer to make sure of paradise by coming over before they die than to defer the trip till afterwards.

A Constantinople despatch says: M. Malet, British diplomatic agent at Alexandria, has arrived here. His visit is considered to indicate that England desires the co-operation of the port in Egypt, where she does nothing without the Porte's sanction. The instructions of Earl Granville are to the effect that England recognizes absolutely the Sultan's sovereignty in Egypt, desires to tighten the bond between this country and Turkey, and deprecates the tendencies towards Egyptian independence.

Lord Dufferin declares that England will never allow the Cyprus tribute to be transferred to the Turkish creditors, and insists that Cyprus shall remain entirely out of the arrangement for the settlement of the Turkish debt.

EARLY FALL GOODS.

We have Just Received from Great Britain,

- NEW BLACK SILK FRINGES, NEW CREAM LACE, NEW BLACK SATINS, NEW WHITE LACE, NEW BLACK SPANISH LACE, NEW SATIN RIBBONS, NEW BLACK SILK GIRDLES, NEW BLACK CHIP AND STRAW BONNETS AND HATS (Straw), HAT ORNAMENTS AND SHAPES.

PRINTED COTTONS, VELVETEENS, DRESS LININGS AND TRIMMINGS!

FROM MONTREAL,

- 20 bales Grey Cottons, 5 cases White Cottons, 3 cases Shirts and Drawers, 2 cases Flannels, 2 cases Bed Ticking.

All of the above will be sold at the very smallest profit.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, Aug. 20, 1881.

THE EXAMINER JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH

A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material

OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,

AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,

Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,

TO PRINT

- BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS, NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS, HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.

On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices,

FOR CASH CUSTOMERS.

Charlottetown, Sept. 1, 1881.

More New Goods.

40 CASES AND BALES!

JUST OPENING AT

J. B. Macdonald's, Queen Street.

Black and Colored Cashmeres, French Merinos. Fancy Dress Goods, Plaids, Winceys, White and Grey Cottons (cheaper than ever), Prints, Satins, Silks, Feathers, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons (new shades), Ladies Black Straw Hats, at cost.

As these Goods will have to be cleared out before regular Fall Goods arrive, Cash customers can depend on getting Bargains.

J. B. MACDONALD.

68 Queen Street, Charlottetown, Aug. 17, '81—wkly, pat pres

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownall Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 16 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unblocking a door. Apply on the premises to MRS. BOSWALL.

March 12, 1881—tf

TO LET.

THE SHOP and PREMISES at present occupied by Mr. C. B. WARREN as a Boot Store, on Richmond street, next door to Stomper's corner. Apply to MRS. STAMPER.

June 21 '81—2aw 3w

Wool! Wool!

THE Highest Cash Price paid for Wool! Wool Skin, Hides and Cal Skins, at R. BRIDGES, July 12—2aw wkly 1m Hillsborough Street.

CHARLOTTETOWN

Boarding & Select Day School,

UNDER THE DIRECTION

—OF THE—

SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION DE NOTRE DAME.

The Classes Will Re-Open on the 1st September.

Board and Tuition, English and French per term, paid in advance, \$16 00 Music, 5 00

Bed and Bedding, laundress, extra. For further particulars apply to

MOTHER SUPERIOR.

Convent de Notre Dame, Hillsboro' Square, Aug. 20, '81—1m eod

THE place to get your Printing done is THE EXAMINER PRINTING ROOMS.

Great Sale of Stoves

The subscriber will sell at Auction, 400 Stoves of Different Kinds, a quantity Hollow Ware and Ploughs,

—ON—

Thursday, 15th Sept.,

—AT THE—

Colonial Foundry, Sackville.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m. A credit of six months given for large amounts.

A. E. BOTSFORD.

[au 31 2w]

[sc 1]

JUST OPENED

—AND—

MARKED VERY LOW!

A NICE LOT OF

Velveteens, Dress Goods, Plain and Fancy Wincey, &c., &c., &c.

R. W. TREMAINE.

83 Queen Street, Aug. 26, 1881.

Just Opened

—AT—

R. W. TREMAINE'S,

NEW GOODS,

In Gloves, Corsets (new make), Fancy Goods, Velvets, Velveteens, Cretones, Cashmere, Merinos, &c., &c.

Prices low and quality extra. 83 Queen Street, Aug. 29.

Removed.

MRS. W. W. IRVING begs to notify her friends and the public generally that she has opened her Fall and Winter Classes for Painting and Drawing in all their different branches.

For terms, etc., apply at her Studio—residence of Mr. Peebles, South Side of King Square. [au 29 tf]

Mackerel and Hake Sounds.

THE subscriber will purchase Mackerel and Hake Sounds during the fishing season, at highest market price. 1000 Birch and Ash Hoop Barrels, for sale at I. C. Hall's old stand foot of Queen Street, Charlottetown.

HORACE HASZARD.

DOMINION EXHIBITION, 1881

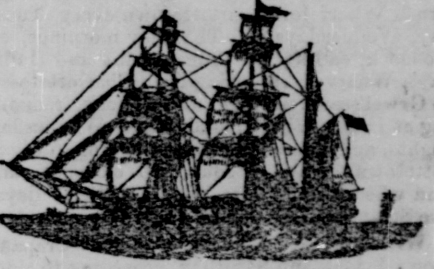
To be Held at Halifax, N. S., from the 21st to the 30th Sept. Next.

All entries of Live Stock must be made on or before MONDAY, Sept. 5th.

All entries of Grain, Roots, and other Field and Garden products, also manufactured articles, must be made on or before TUESDAY, 13th Sept.

A. McNEILL, Secretary Advisory Board, Charlottetown, Aug. 26, '81.

REGULAR TRADER.



FROM

London to Charlottetown

P. E. ISLAND, DIRECT.

FALL TRIP, 1881.

The Splendid Clipper Barkentine

ETHEL BLANCHE

428 Tons Register, Coppered and Classed 10 years A1 in English Lloyds,

M. Callaghan, Commander,

Will Sail from London

On or About 19th September,

Carrying Freight at through rates to Picton Georgetown, Summerside, Souris and Shediac.

Parties wishing to have their Goods delivered here early in the season will do well to forward their orders in time, so as not to detain the Vessel.

For Freight or Passage apply in London to JOHN PURDIE & SONS, 16 Great Winchester Street; in Liverpool, to PURDIE BROTHERS, 51 South John Street; or here, to the owners, PEAKE BROS. & CO. Ch'town, Aug. 6, '81—3aw

SALT! SALT!

It is Important in Making Butter to Use the Best Salt.

COLEMAN'S

DAIRY SALT

Has taken the following, besides other

FIRST PRIZES IN 1880:

THE GOLD MEDAL for Curing Cheese at Toronto Industrial Exhibition

FIRST PRIZE for Curing Cheese, at the Dairyman's Convention, London. THREE PRIZES for Table, Dairy and Butter, at Michigan State Fair.

For sale in

Bags and in Bulk, at

BEER & GOFF'S

July 30, 1881.

HATS. HATS.

Just Received!

A LARGE STOCK OF CHISTYS' LONDON

Felt Hats.

—ALSO—

Straw & Leghorn

AMERICAN

FUR HATS!

BEST VALUE FOR CASH.

F. LEPAGE & CO.

July 6, '81—wkly

Ahead of all Competition.

JET BLACK STOVE POLISH!

NBAT, QUICK, BRILLIANT AND LASTING!

Six Million Packages Sold in 1880.

HALF TON JUST RECEIVED, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Our Agent, C. J. THOMAS, will sell at the Market, and through the country. Also, Everlasting Axle Grease.

B. BALDERSTON,

Agent for P. E. I. Queen Street, July 30—6w 2aw, wkly ex