THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 1, 1896.

AN UNRELIABLE LEADER.

We are told by the morning organ that Mr. Davies was "at his best" last evening. Judging by the morning organ's report it is evident that he was fully up to his high standard of unreliability. It is hardly possible that the Guardian has misrepresented Mr. Davies in respect to the two points to which we shall now call attention. Mr. Davies is reported as having said that,—

"He knew of no newspaper save THE EXAMINER which contended it was the duty of parliament to restore separate schools to Manitoba. Not one lawyer of either party in parliament said the decision of the law lords meant more than they had power to hear the appeal if the facts alleged were true."

Has Mr. Davies ever heard of a newspaper called The Week—a journal of the highest class in Canada, a journal which criticises freely every important act of the Government and is widely known as the most independent paper in Canada. Not long since, under the heading, "The law allows it and the Court awards it," the Week said that the question was "one of the supremacy of law and the maintenance of the constitution," and that "the ruling of the Privy Council on that point is final. "The Dominion has been legally appealed to by the minority who have lost their rights. An opportunity has been given to Manitoba to remedy this grievance and it has not been taken advantage of. The Dominion unless it is prepared to see the rights of minorities trampled on in every Province, MUST PROTECT THESE MINORITIES. The shoe today pinching the Roman Catholics in Manitoba may pinch the Protestants in Quebec to-morrow. In either case, no matter what happens, the spirit as well as the letter of the constitution MUST BE ACTED UP TO." By these strong words of The Week we prove that THE EXAMINER is not alone among the journals of Canada in the contention that it is the duty of the Dominion, its Government and Parliament, to remedy the grievance of the minority in Manitoba. But what of the lawyers? Fresh from Parliament, our champion obstructionist cannot be ignorant of that which was said by the Hon. David Mills, admittedly the ablest constitutional lawyer on the Opposition side of the House. Mr. Mills said in Parliament when Mr. Davies was present—we quote Hansard:

"The words in respect to the appeal to the Governor-General in Council *are as strong as it is legislatively possible to make them.* They are, an appeal 'shall lie.' Here a right is given to a dissatisfied party, and there is an implied duty imposed upon the executive authority to *make that hearing effective.*" . . . . . It is essential to the due execution of the federal system of government that we should recognize throughout the regulative authority of the supreme law. This applies equally to Parliament and to every provincial legislature. Each of them must look to the constitution as the source from which its authority is derived; and when a Parliament exercises a power granted under the constitution for the very purpose for which it is given, no legislature, no provincial government, can have any legal or constitutional cause to complain."

Do these words of Mr. Mills imply that the law, in his opinion, means nothing more than that Parliament has power to "hear the appeal, if the facts alleged are true?"

Again, the Guardian reports that Mr. Davies "dealt finally with the proposed Island railway extensions, declaring them to be merely an electioneering dodge, and made the remarkable statement that when the resolutions for these branch lines were placed on the order paper the Governor-General's consent had not been obtained, without which they dare not bring them before the House." Upon this point we appeal at once to the record. Referring to the Votes and Proceedings of the House of Commons, Tuesday, 21st April, 1895, we read:

"Mr. Haggart moved, That the House do go into Committee of the Whole, tomorrow, to consider the following proposed Resolution:—

That it is expedient to authorize the Governor in Council to build and operate, as part of the Prince Edward Island Railway, the following lines of railway, that is to say:—

(a.) From Southport to Murray Harbor South, with a cross line connecting with the Prince Edward Island Railway, between Peakes and Cardigan Station, touching at or near Montague Bridge;

(b.) From Souris or Harmony Station to Elmira;

(c.) From a point between Royalty Junction and York Stations to Cove Head, and thence to Oyster Bed Bridge;

(d.) From Emerald Junction to Stanley Bridge, touching at or near Clifton;

(e.) From Summerside to Richmond Bay;

(f.) From some point at or near O'Leary's Station, to some point on the western coast, between Brae and Cape Wolf;

(g.) From Wiltshire to Victoria.

Whereupon Mr. Haggart informed the House, that *His Excellency the Governor General having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.*

Ordered, That the House do go into Committee of the Whole, to-morrow, to consider the said proposed Resolution."

The record proves (1) that the Governor-General's consent to the passage of the P. E. Island branch railway resolutions had been obtained, and (2) that they had actually been brought before the House of Commons. Yet, in the face of the record, fresh from Ottawa, Mr. Davies dares to tell his followers assembled in the Market Hall that the Governor-General's consent had not been obtained, and that without it the Government "dare not bring them before the House."

If the morning organ's report be a correct one, Mr. Davies travestied the history of the Manitoba case, and has, since the Westmoreland election of last fall, turned a complete somersault on the trade question. But it is possible that the morning organ may have misinterpreted him, and we shall defer our comments until after the evening organ has been seen.

BRANCH RAILWAYS.

It is not surprising that the Opposition newspapers are throwing cold water upon the Government's policy of building branch railways in this Province. The traditions of their party are against railway extension here or elsewhere. We believe that there is scarcely a railway in Canada that they had not directly or indirectly opposed. Mr. Mackenzie's declaration that the Government of Canada had, even when he was in office, done very well by the Island, and fulfilled the terms of union to the utmost possible extent, is, evidently, held religiously in remembrance. It is upon this principle, we suppose, that the Toronto Globe denounces the branch railways as bribes to the electors of P. E. Island. The Globe has a leader in a late issue, in the course of which it quotes a resolution passed last year by the Liberal-Conservative Association of Queen's West in these words:

"That we deplore the great mistake which has been repeatedly made by the electorate of this Province in placing P. E. I. in a position of hostility to the other Provinces, and we sincerely trust that after the next election the island will be represented by men who will act in harmony with the Government in urging the just rights of the Province in the matters of public works and winter communication."

The Globe declares that the doctrine embodied in this resolution is "not only corrupt, but unjust." That is to say, it is corrupt and unjust to suggest the return of men influential and willing to advocate our "just rights" in Parliament. If it could be shown that Mr. Davies and his contingent had, in season and out of season, advocated those "just rights," and that the Government had refused to grant them simply because Mr. Davies and his contingent support the Opposition, there might be some reason in the Globe's contention that the granting of these branch railways now is a bribe to the electors of this Province. But this cannot be shown. In point of fact, Mr. Davies was wont to forget all about his promise to advocate the Belfast branch railway until just before an election, when it was expedient on his part to tickle the ears of the people. As soon as Hon. Mr. Ferguson entered the Senate he placed the matter on a right basis, demonstrating to the Senate and to the Government that this province had a equitable claim upon the exchequer of Canada for public works to the value of about $2,000,000. Memorials and representations setting forth the need of branch railways were subsequently forwarded and made to the Government. The result is that the administration have adopted the policy of building these needed branch railways. In the supplementary estimates for 1896-97 there was an item of $250,000 to begin the work; and but for the obstruction of Mr. Laurier and his followers these estimates would have been passed. In view of the facts here stated it cannot reasonably or truly be said that these branch railways are offered as bribes to the electors of P. E. Island, and we feel sure that the electors will resent the foul imputation which has been cast by the great organ of the Liberal party upon the Government and upon themselves.

A DAMAGING ADMISSION.

THE Patriot points out a regrettable error in THE EXAMINER'S addition of the items which make up our assets, and proceeds to figure down the loss of the capital of the Province, in five years (less three months) to about $400,000.00. The Patriot says, "Our estimate therefore, is that the Peters Government have reduced the real assets of the province since they came into office about $397,826.32." This admission must open the eyes of the Liberal readers of the Patriot. A Government that was elected to make ends meet, to abolish deficits and keep taxation far off, going to the bad.—reducing the net capital of the Province—according to the admission of its chief organ—after taxing the people to the extent of $100,000—to the tune of little less than $400,000 in five years, must be condemned by the strongest Liberals in the Province.

Of course, the Patriot labors to minimize this great loss. But it is safe to say that if the Liberals of the Province had had any idea that anything like the present deplorable situation would have been produced under the administration of men who appealed to them as economists prepared to do much better than their predecessors, they would never have voted as they did in 1891.

What a contrast! When the Liberal-Conservatives came in in 1878, the net capital of the Province was $1,483,893.35; and when the Liberal-Conservatives left office, the net capital amounted to $1,709,306.85, an addition of upwards of $325,000. But the Patriot has admitted that "the Peters Government have reduced the *real assets of the Province* since they came into office about $387,826.32!"

This is far less than the real reduction. But, even by those who accept the Patriot's figures, it must be said that out of the mouth of their ablest apologist the Peters Government is condemned.

Numerous British peers and members of the House of Commons have formed a South African Association to support Mr. Chamberlain's African policy.

The secession of the Healyites from the anti-Parnellites has become definite, so that there are now three discordant Irish parties in the House of Commons.

Seed Potatoes.—Beauty of Hebron Early Surprise, Early Rose, for sale at Carter's seed store. ap27 1w eod

King Square repair shop for prompt Bicycle repairs.

THE ORANGE SENTINEL'S OPINION.

THE Sentinel, voicing the opinion of the main body of the Orangemen of Ontario, states its objections to the Laurier policy of conciliation, and says:

"What is the possible outcome of this policy? Suppose Mr. Laurier is returned to power, orders an investigation, and his investigators report that the grievances of which the Roman Catholic clergy complain should be removed; and suppose, further, that Greenway still refuses to grant the concessions demanded by the hierarchy even when that demand is preferred through a Liberal Government. What then? Will not Mr. Laurier be compelled to follow investigation by interference? Is not a proposal to investigate a hollow sham unless coercion by the Federal authorities is accepted as a possible, and even probable, outcome of the first step?"

It seems to be pretty clear that the hard-headed Orangemen of Canada are not to be fooled by Mr. Laurier's soft-sawder policy.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—The motto carried by the youths at the head of the "Welcome Home" procession of last evening was eminently appropriate. "Obstruction" of the car of Canadian progress is the Opposition's watchword, and Mr. Davies is our champion obstructionist.

—Montreal Gazette: The Liberals have been trying to steal some of the Conservative clothes for the election campaign, but the trouble is they do not fit. They have come to the conclusion that "the old flag" did a great deal to help Sir John Macdonald win the last election, so they have got out a picture of Mr. Laurier with Union Jacks galore. Underneath this is printed the following sentence from one of Mr. Laurier's speeches:

"We are above all Canadians; Canadians at Quebec, Canadians at Toronto, and Canadians from the shores of the Gulf of St Lawrence to the famous mountains, whose feet are kissed by the waves of the Pacific. Our great object is the development of the work of confederation."

These are excellent sentiments no doubt, but, as a motto for the Liberal party, they are simply absurd. Mr. Laurier's predecessors opposed confederation, and did all they could to prevent its development. Sir John Macdonald's words, "a British subject I was born and a British subject I will die," struck home because they were the echo of his political career, and the rallying cry of the annexationists agitation. Mr. Laurier's rhetoric rings false, because the development of the work of confederation has been done by his opponents, and he and his party have done nothing but throw cold water on the plans initiated and carried out by the Conservative Government.

I. O. G. T. MEETING.

A most enthusiastic meeting of the Good Templars of this city was held in their lodge room last evening. The following officers were elected:

C. T.—Wallace Pickard.
V. T.—Maggie Hyde.
Sec.—D. S. Robinson.
A. Sec.—Lucy Hodgson.
Fin. Sec.—Maggie N. Clarke.
Treas.—Louise Swan.
Chap.—Lutie Moore.
Marshal—Edward Toombs.
D. Mar.—Dollie Godkin.
Guard—Gertie Webster.
Sent.—Benjamin Henry.
Supt.—Mrs. M. P. Kennedy.
P. C.—J. T. Annie Hanson.

M. Stevenson, E. Carson and Wallace Swan were elected trustees, and the name of M. Stevenson as Lodge Deputy was recommended to the Grand Lodge.

After the regular business was concluded Lodge Deputy Carson presented four Good Templars certificates, the recipients being those members who had been most successful in adding to the membership of the order. The recipients were E. H. Duchemin, who had thirteen new members to his credit, Maggie Clarke, who had nine, and Annie Hanson and Fred Furze, each of whom had four.

Previous to the meeting of the senior Lodge the officers of the Juvenile Temple were elected as follows:

C. T.—Frank Duchemin.
V. T.—Ernest Chaplain.
Sec.—Maggie Clarke.
A. Sec.—C. T. A. Mitchell.
F. S. and Treas.—Rosie Clarke.
Chap.—Maggie Calder.
Marsh.—Mattie Swan.
D. M.—Annie Small.
Guard—Ernest Mitchell.

"I CAN STOP DRINKING."

Many a deluded man hugs that belief. If he can stop drinking, why does he not do so? Is he not aware that he stands convicted of being a drunkard and all-round nuisance by his own free will? He staggers through the streets home to the wife or mother whose heart he is breaking—home to the children he is dishonoring, all because he wants to.

The world does not want to hear those men saying they can quit drinking if they want to, and see them stagger blear-eyed and red-nosed before it daily. Their fellow-men want them to quit it if they can; if they cannot, then to take the Father Murphy Gold Cure treatment.

The world is tired of drunkards; no one wants them, no one trusts them. The cry alike of all employes is "give us sober men." The drunkard is being pushed to the wall in the battle of life. You cannot drink intoxicants and keep up. They are run over by the ground rush of the bright eyed, clear-headed men who do not drink. Count the wrecks and failures around us, the men who have ship-wrecked their lives; the story is told in two words, "he drank,"

Mr. W. F. Comeau, manager of the Father Murphy Gold Cure for P. E. I., has opened an office at 124 Great George street, in this city, where enquiries can be made in person or by letter. All correspondence and personal interviews confidential.

WORD FROM BULUWAYO.

Good News for the People of the Beleaguered Town.

CAPE TOWN, April 28.—Word has been received from Buluwayo that the Salisbury relief column which is on its way to Buluwayo with Cecil Rhodes landed safely on Tuesday afternoon on the Sebakwe river, just over the Matabeleland border. They expect to reach Gwelo in 10 days. This is good news for Buluwayo, and has served to inspirit the beleaguered inhabitants. It was several days since this relief column and Cecil Rhodes had been heard from, and in view of the condition of the country much apprehension was beginning to be felt for their safety. The burghers at Enkledoone did not join the column, owing to Captain Beales refusing to allow them to form a seperate command under their own commandant.

REV. G. M. CAMPBELL AT VERNON RIVER SOUTH.

The Rev. G. M. Campbell, chairman of the Charlottetown Methodist District, preached at Vernon River South at 6.30 p. m., on Sunday, April 26. The service was held in the interests of the education department of the Methodist Church. The sermon was a powerful setting forth of the duty and privilege of the church in regard to the care of the young people already within its fold. With great clearness and force the preacher emphasised the right discharge of parental duty as the foundation of all true training and the right discharge of the duty of the church through the Sunday school, church and college as supplementary thereto.

The same congregation held the annual Sustentation Fund meeting on Monday evening, when the Rev. G. M. Campbell delivered an address dealing with the whole question of home missions. In eloquent language he described the vast extent and valuable resources of the glorious heritage which we possess in this Canada of ours, and enforced the duty of the church with regard to the whole of its population, more especially that of the more favored sections toward those less favored in the matter of religious privileges. At the close of this really splendid address the congregation gave expression to their sense of appreciation of the kindness of the speaker, in coming to their aid, and of the good service which he had rendered on both occasions, by unanimously passing a hearty vote of thanks, which Mr. Campbell suitably acknowledged.

Vernon River Bridge, April 29.

Sporting goods just received from the celebrated house of A. G. Spaulding & Bro. a fine stock of footballs, baseballs, cricket balls, tennis ballls, bats, all kinds; croquet sets, all prices; tennis racquets, gloves, mitts, masks, etc., at Carter's Bookstore. a27 3w eod

WE THOUGHT AS MUCH!

Half the people are not yet through their house cleaning. Therefore we again remind you of our full stock in this line.

Plate Brushes, Soaps, Sponges and everything else. British Furniture. Shine "shines."

A. W. REDDIN, Phm. B.,

Central Drug Store, Sunnyside.

SEEDS

Mammoth Clover Seed (Late Red),
Alsike " "
Farly " "
White " "
Timothy Seed (Imported & Island grown),
Red Fife Wheat (from Ontario),
Colorada Bearded Wheat (from Ontario),
White Russian " " "
Vetches, Corn, Peas; etc.,

At Lowest Prices for Cash only at

Beer & Goff's.

Charlottetown, April 30, 1896.

BIRDS!

Call and see the lock-jointed, non-rusting FISHING ROD. We don't think anyone else has them. If so, we are disappointed. Anyway, have a look at them.

New Flies, Lines, Reels, etc, etc.

REDDIN BROS

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

apr29

NOTICE TO MILK VENDORS.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the First Day of May next, every person publicly selling milk within the city of Charlottetown will be required to procure a license therefor from His Worship the Mayor, and to pay the license fee of $15.00; and every person found selling milk without said license of the said date will be subject to the penalty imposed by "A Bye Law Respecting Milk Vendors."

ROBERT VANIDERSTINE,
Collector.

April 24—eod td

New Patent Washer.

A long felt want supplied. The Double Action Washing Machine and Star Wringer are beyond our highest expectations. We willingly leave them on trial and show you how to use them, so that you may fully prove them. It washes on the same principle as hand rubbing, yet so gentle as not to injure the finest fabrics, and accomplishes as much work in an hour or so as would otherwise occupy the greater part of the day. A child can work them and wash perfectly. Any person desiring to have them on trial please leave your order at Dodd & Rogers', J. J. Prowse's or John Prowse's, Royalty East. Sole agent for City, Royalty and Lots 34 and 33. Be sure you get the double action as they are the only machine we guarantee. The ladies who have purchased them cheerfully give their testimonial:—Mrs. F. Heartz, Mrs. R. McMillan, Mrs. Dr. T. Henderson, Mrs. T. Dodd, Mrs. G. Tweedy, Mrs. W. Seller, Mr. F. Abbott, Mrs. W. Mellet, Mrs. E. Love, Mrs. E. T. Carbonell, Mrs. John Mellett, Mrs. John Horne, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. A. Robertson, Mrs. H. Swan, Mrs. Wallace Rodd, Mrs. W. Prowse, Mrs. Philip Prowse, Mrs. P. H. Trainor, Mrs. J. J. Prowse, Mrs. H. Lowe, Mrs. H. E. J. Lewis. To our patrons—remember the old stand. Makers of Iron Harrows, Scufflers, repairs of all kinds of machinery, carriage work and painting. Horse-shoeing work warranted.

JOHN PROWSE,
Charlottetown Royalty.

Apl7—t f

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Reconstruction of the Cabinet.

Hon. Mr. Angers Accepts a Portfolio.

OTTAWA, May 1.

Sir Charles Tupper has no announcement to make. Possibly he may have to-day. With regard to Ontario and Quebec the *personnel* of the cabinet is by no means decided. Leading Quebec politicians have been thick on the ground for the last two or three days. While it is generally believed that Angers yesterday accepted the offer of the portfolio, a prominent French-Canadian told me last night that Sir Adolphe Caron and Hon. Mr. Ouimet were certainly going out, and that the presence of the Quebec contingent here during the past few days was for the purpose of bringing pressure on Sir Charles Tupper on their behalf. Angers' acceptance of a portfolio implies that he will be the Quebec leader and that he will practically choose his own colleagues. The names of Premier Taillon and Hon. Louis Beaubien are mentioned in this connection. As regards Ontario, Sir Charles is determined to secure a strong man.

Hon. Mr. Ives left this afternoon for Montreal. Before his departure he was asked by the Premier to retain his present portfolio.

LATER.

OTTAWA, May 1.

The new cabinet has been announced. Hon. Mr. Ferguson is a member without portfolio.

THE HALIFAX NOMINEES.

A Strong Team in the Field

Liberals Seconding Government Candidates.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 1.

At the convention of the Liberal Conservatives of this county, last evening, T. E. Kenny and R. L. Borden were unanimously nominated candidates for the House of Commons. Mr. Kenny's nomination was seconded by John A. Mackasey, a life long Liberal but now an enthusiastic supporter of the Conservative party.

Clarke Wallace's View.

MONTREAL, May 1.

"Don't be afraid of the National Policy," said Hon. Clarke Wallace during his visit here, "it will come out all right. At the next election the Liberals will not get into power. We who take a strong stand against the Government on the coercion of Manitoba will be back in great force, and we are not Free Traders or tariff reformers. As for myself, there is not the slightest danger of my defeat."

Great Britain and Canada

OTTAWA, May 1.

The Premier was agreeably surprised yesterday by receiving the following message by cable from the Colonial Secretary

"I desire to tender personal and hearty congratulations on your acceptance of office of Prime Minister of Canado.
(Signed) "CHAMBERLAIN."

Opening the Campaign.

AMHERST, May 1.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Hon. Mr. Dickey will address a public meeting here on Tuesday evening, May 5.

Seed Time.

Buy the Seeds at Carter's Seed Store.

Housecleaning Time.

Buy Wall Paper at Carter's. Only one best place to buy Wall Paper—that is CARTER'S.

AUCTION!

Double Tenement House.

I am instructed by Mrs. Boswall to sell by Auction, at the premises, Pownal Street, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, at 11 o'clock, a. m.:—

That desirable property situate on the corner of Pownal and Sidney Streets, comprising a lot of land fronting 84 feet on Pownal Street and 84 feet on Sidney Street, with large two-story House and Stable. Terms at sale.

R. BEAIRSTO,
ap28—246 Auctioneer.

Have You Seen Them?

Our $2.50 GENTS' LACE and CONGRESS BOOTS, worth $3.50, and our LADIES' $1.25 LOW SHOES. About twenty different styles to select from. These lines will cost you about 25 per cent. more in any other store in town. If you see them you will buy sure. Yours for Shoes.

A. E. McEACHEN,

ap18 THE SHOE MAN.

BEAUTIES!

Hats and Clothing.
Hats and Clothing.
Hats and Clothing.
Hats and Clothing.
Hats and Clothing.
Hats and Clothing.
Hats and Clothing.

CARPETS!

FOR CARPET BUYERS!—The prices are on the turn for higher values. We pay more already but you do not, and the way the buying goes on the public seem to appreciate that fact. This is a thoroughly equipped Carpet Store; the world's finest products are here.

Royal Wiltons, Victoria Wiltons, Axminsters, Smith Axminsters and Moquettes, Wilton Velvets, Tapestry Velvets, elegant designs for halls, Brussels and Victoria Brussels. The finest patterns that different celebrated makers have produced.

Of Body Brussels Carpets we can confidently say that no such stock of handsome Carpets will be found elsewhere. Designs are private—prices are right. There's more good material for your money than in any other kind of carpet.

Tapestry Brussels and Ingrains in the best makes, and the low-priced ones as well.

JAMES PATON & CO.

Bicycle Accidents!

The OCEAN ACCIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY issues a Special Policy to Wheelmen, good until 31st December, 1896. $1.50 per $1,000.

E. R. BROW,

Charlottetown. AGENT.

IN THE NICK OF TIME.

Ladies' Bicycle Leggins—colors, fawn and black just received by express.

This is one of the most important items of a lady's bicycle costume. We have them right, all sizes.

J. M. McLEOD & CO

Money-saving Boot and Shoe Distributers.

Public Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN

that according to the custom of many years past, we are now showing the largest and best selected stock of FISHING GEAR in Charlottetown, and are offering it at lowest prices.

We are away ahead of all competition at

WATSON'S DRUG STORE,

CHARLOTTETOWN.

The Hardest Way Possible

to get along in the world is to buy real cheap clothes. As a rule, the less you pay the more it costs in the long run. When you need a Suit, make up your mind as to the most reliable place to purchase. Then place the responsibility of giving a good article upon your Tailor, in which case you are assured of perfect satisfaction.

JOHN T. McKENZIE.

KNOW IT?

This Wall Paper Department of ours?

Nowhere else can you see such an assortment, and the smallness of the prices is as interesting as the show.

The Wall Paper Men,

MOORE & McLEOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Come early; bring size of your rooms.

GREAT FOLLY

paying your Grocer 3 cents for Soap and 2 cents for freight and importing charges thereon. Buy ROYAL OAK—made here. Every fraction of your money goes for Soap. No importing charges. No charges of any kind. Not even boxes required. Pure, unadulterated, local Tallow Soap, made right here.

Charlottetown Soap Works.

ap28

COAL

LANDING TO-DAY,

PER SCHR. "TARQUIN,"

100 Tons Acadia Nut.

PER SCHR. A. S. TOWNSHEND,

170 Tons Acadia Round.

C. LYONS & CO.

ap27—1w pat guar

LIME.

We have commenced burning, and will be able to supply any quantity of best quality of Lime suitable for Building and Farming purposes.

C. LYONS & CO.

ap22—1m guar pat her wat

HAY!

FOR SALE.
150 Tons Best Quality Pressed Hay.

C. LYONS & CO.

ap25—2w pat Oar

MONCTON WOOLEN MILLS,

Masonic Temple Building, Grafton Street, Charlottetown.

TWEEDS, FLANNELS, BLANKETING, RUGGINGS, DRUGGETS AND YARNS.—All these goods we make in a great variety of patterns. Our motto is: "CLOTH FROM PURE WOOL ONLY." This, together with the fact that we have the largest and best equipped Mill in the Provinces, makes us pretty confident that our Cloth will wear longer and give better satisfaction than any other, and it looks better while it does wear.

Our FINE MERINO WOOL TWEED and our DOUBLED & TWISTED BANNOCKBURNS are equal to Scotch Tweed.

W. C. TURNER, Agent.

UNGAR DYE WORKS, St. John, N. B.—W. C. TURNER, Agent, Charlottetown.

IN ADDITION

to our large and well assorted stock of Cotton Hosiery, we have one of the largest ranges of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cashmere Stockings, three-quarter Hose and Socks that is shown in the Province. Quality and Value unexcelled.---STANLEY BROS.