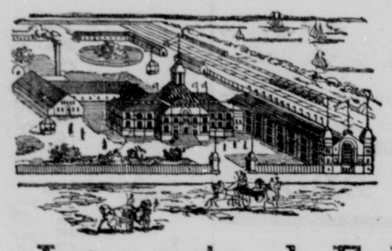
THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR. "This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES. SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1890. VOL. 26.—NO. 75



Canada's International Exhibition!

—(x)—

INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL FAIR,

ST. JOHN, N. B.,

September 24th to October 4th, 1890.

—(x)—

ENTRIES CLOSE SEPT. 1st.

—(x)—

Twelve Thousand Dollars in Premiums!

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Competition Open to the World. Space and Power Free. A Large Array of Special Attractions. Ample accommodation for visitors at low rates. Special Excursions on all Railways and Steamboats. For Prize List, Entry Forms and full information, address

IRA CORNWALL,
Secretary Exhibition Association.

aug21—dy & wky

GO TO

Goff Bros'. Cheap Boot Store

—FOR YOUR—

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Charlottetown, July 26, 1890.

G. H. TAYLOR,

WATCHMAKER

AND JEWELER,

HAS now added to his already large stock a very fine assortment of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES of the best manufacture, and the newest patterns in JEWELERY. All Goods sold are guaranteed. Store closes every evening (except Saturday) at 6 o'clock.

NORTH SIDE MARKET SQUARE, CH'TOWN.

ap29—dy 2aw wky 1i

GENEAL HARDWARE!

—[x]—

Barb Wire Fencing, Bar Iron, Cut Nails, Roofing Material, Builders' and Painters' Supplies, Carriage Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

NORTON & FENNELL.

Charlottetown, May 20, 1890—dy 2aw wky

CAMPBELL'S SKREI BRAND OF

Cod Liver Oil.

—(o)—

THIS IS THE FINEST COD LIVER OIL EVER BROUGHT OUT. Cod Liver Oil usually has such a disagreeable taste, and is to many so difficult of digestion, that its excellent nutritive and medicinal qualities are not experienced. The Skrei Oil is free from these objections, being beautifully clear, pale and bright, almost tasteless, and readily assimilated by children and the most delicate invalids. Sold by

W. R. WATSON, Dispensing Chemist,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

feb19

ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1890.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter, 7th day, 10h., 6.3m, a.m, W.
New Moon, 15th day, 0h., 7.2m., p. m., S.
First Quarter, 23rd day, 9h., 7.2m.. a. m., N. below horizon.
Full Moon, 30th day, 0h., 22.6m., a. m., S.

D M	DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Days lenh
		h m	h m	after	morn	h m
1	Friday	4 47	7 25	8 28	11 7	14 38
2	Saturday	49	24	9 2	11 50	35
3	Sunday	49	22	9 25	aft 32	33
4	Monday	51	21	9 49	1 12	30
5	Tuesday	52	19	10 11	1 53	27
	Wednesday	53	18	10 35	2 38	25
	Thursday	55	17	11 1	3 33	22
8	Friday	56	15	11 30	4 40	19
9	Saturday	57	14	morn	5 57	17
10	Sunday	58	12	0 6	7 10	14
11	Monday	59	10	0 48	8 10	11
12	Tuesday	5 0	9	1 38	8 58	9
13	Wednesday	2	8	2 33	9 41	6
14	Thursday	3	6	3 34	10 19	3
15	Friday	4	4	4 38	10 53	0
16	Saturday	6	3	5 40	11 26	1357
17	Sunday	7	1	6 45	11 57	54
18	Monday	8	0	7 49	morn	52
19	Tuesday	9	6 58	8 53	0 28	49
20	Wednes	10	56	9 58	0 59	46
21	Thursday	12	54	11 5	1 34	42
22	Friday	13	52	aft 14	2 14	39
23	Saturday	14	50	1 25	2 56	36
24	Sunday	16	49	2 37	4 7	33
25	Monday	17	47	3 45	5 33	30
26	Tuesday	18	45	4 41	7 3	27
27	Wednesday	19	43	5 39	8 18	24
28	Thursday	21	42	6 21	9 17	21
29	Friday	22	40	6 55	10 9	18
30	Saturday	23	38	7 23	10 51	15
31	Sunday	5 24	6 36	7 48	11 33	1312

Halifax and P. E. Island STEAMSHIP CO.

(LIMITED.)

STEAMER "PRINCESS BEATRICE,"

CAPT. A. H. KELLY.

WILL sail from Charlottetown every Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, for Halifax, calling at Port Hastings, Mulgrave, and Hawkesbury, Arichat, Canso, Isaac Harbor and Sheet Harbor.

Returning will sail from Halifax every Monday night, at 10 o'clock, making same calls, and Souris.

The above steamer will make the round trip every week, making same calls until the close of navigation.

Freight and passengers solicited at lowest rates, and through Bills of Lading granted to any port on the continent or United Kingdom. Apply to

W. W. CLARKE,
Agent.

Ch'town, May 3, 1890.

WEST INDIA STEAMSHIP LINES,

Halifax, Bermuda, Turk's Island and Jamaica.

THE S. S. "ALPHA." S. Osborn Crowell, Commander, is appointed to sail from Halifax on the

15th DAY OF EACH MONTH

or the above ports. Returning, will leave Kingston, Jamaica, on the 27th of each month.

—ALSO—

The S. S. "BETA," Angus N. Smith, Commander, is appointed to sail from Halifax for Havana, Cuba, on the

1st DAY OF EACH MONTH,

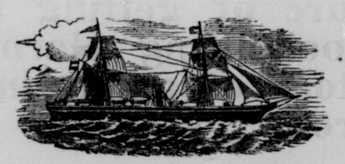
leaving Havana for Halifax about 10 days later either direct or via port or ports on north side of Cuba.

Excellent passenger accommodation amidships. Through Bills of Lading granted from Charlottetown by S. S. "Princess Beatrice."

Further information will be given on application to

W. W. CLARKE,
Agent.

Charlottetown, July 26, 1890—tf



Furness Line of Steamers

HALIFAX TO LONDON.

Date of Sailings for Above Line.

S. S. ULUNDA will sail from Halifax for London on or about.....May 25
S. S. DAMARA " .....June 10
S. S. ULUNDA " .....July 7
S. S. DAMARA " .....July 25
S. S. ULUNDA " .....Aug. 20
S. S. DAMARA " .....Sept. 8

In addition to the above, we will have sailings once every month via Boston.

Through Bills of Lading granted from Charlottetown and all points and to any port required.

Canned Lobsters carried at low rates. Insurance low.

S. S. ULUNDA and DAMARA have superior accommodation for passengers.

Saloon amidship. Staterooms large and airy.

Saloon Fares $45.00 and $50.00, according to location of Stateroom. Ten per cent. reduction on return tickets.

For any further information required apply to

W. W. CLARKE,
Agent

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SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Palatable as Milk.

Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

SHERWOOD FARM FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFULLY situated on the Royalty Road, fronting on the Malpeque Road and running back to Sherwood Cemetery. The farm, containing about 50 acres, is in a high state of cultivation. Commodious and comfortable buildings, with a first-class Orchard, make this a very desirable paoperty.

For particulars apply on the premises to

SARAH STEWART,
Administratrix.

June 20, wky 2m

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

THAT desirable block of ground situate and being in the front and centre of the City of Charlottetown, and known as the "REVERE HOUSE" property, and comprising nearly one acre of land, and a most magnificent site for a Railway Passenger Station or first-class Hotel, is now offered for sale by tender.

Tenders will be received by the Lady Superioress of the City Hospital for the purchase of the whole block only up till the **31st of December, 1890,** reserving the right to accept or reject any tender.

Further information respecting buonds and conditions can be had on application to Lady Superioress at the City Hospital, or to

M. P. HOGAN, Agent,
City of Charlottetown.

aug7—dy tf wky her

Johnson's Stomachic Aperient,

—OR—

EVERYBODY'S PILLS,

—FOR—

Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness and the many ailments consequent upon the sluggish action of the Liver, Kidney and Bowels.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

Sent by mail on receipt of price. Sample free on application. Prepared only by

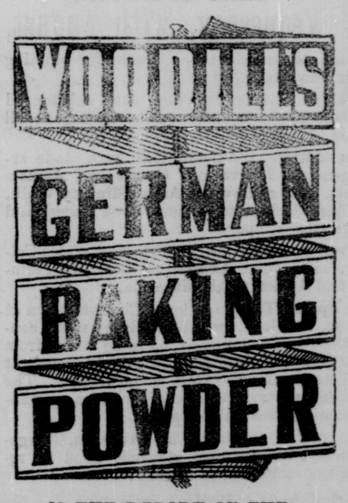
ARTHUR S. JOHNSON,
Corner Kent and Prince Streets,
jy18 Charlottetown.

PURITY

—AND—

WHOLESOMENESS

—SECURED IN USING—



IS THE REPORT OF THE

Dominion Government Analyst.

july16

P. E. Island Hospital.

WANTED.—A skilful Matron and Housekeeper for this institution, to take charge about the first of October next. A person of some experience, well recommended, will be preferred. Applications to be addressed to

BENJ. BALDERSTON,
Secretary.

Ch'town, P. E. I., July 19, 1890—eod tf

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Changes in the West.

SIR,—More than seven years have elapsed since I left the shores of Prince Edward Island for Manitoba. What a change those years have wrought in this country! The old winding trails along which once toiled the Indian and "Red River cart" have almost disappeared, and the iron horse along the "Chemin de fer" draws the wealth of the continent and the rich merchandize of the isles of the sea; whilst, seated in the palatial car, you see the traveller from the far Orient side by side with the denizen of the Occident. Here now in the streets of our towns meet and jostle men from every nation under heaven. Seven years ago, how lonely these prairies to the few that were scattered over their long stretches of grassy plain. Now, with thousands upon thousands acres of waving grain, dotted with the houses of the industrious owners, the lonliness of these vast plains is lost amid the sights and sounds of civilization. I am at present stationed at a small town called Griswold, on the C. P. R. main line, some twenty-six miles west of Brandon, in the midst of a very fine country. The prairie here is rolling, and towards the Assiniboine, two miles north, seemed with ravines deepening toward the valley. This valley and the slopes to the north of it is the Sioux Reserve, where a part of the band that "wiped out" Custer live. They are very peaceable now, and are under the instruction of an Episcopal minister residing among them. This town is, I think, destined to rise to some importance in the near future. It already possesses four elevators, two of which have been added within the last month, and if the weather continues favorable for the next fortnight it is doubtful if their combined capacity will meet the want of space. The crop which is now being cut is unusually heavy. Wheat will average in this vicinity not less than thirty bushels to the acre, and it is believed by many that it will go beyond this figure. Small fruits, such as currants, gooseberries, and especially saskatoons (a berry closely resembling the bilberry), are unusually abundant, and one of my little girls is just now inviting me to go down with her to the river to gather nuts and filberts, bushels of which can easily be obtained for the picking. The choke-cherry and the small red cherry are also plentiful. At the Experimental Farm, a few days ago, I saw several apple-trees that had come safely through the winter, and there is no doubt now but that in the near future apples and cultivated plums will be found in our gardens. In the garden of the Sioux Mission tomatoes were ripe a fortnight ago. A friend at Neepawa, in whose garden I planted some plum trees obtained from Woodstock, N. B., two years ago, sends me word that they are bearing this year. And now, with kind regards to many friends scattered over your beautiful Island, friends that I have never forgotten, I remain, yours, &c.,

W. W. COLPITTS.

Griswold, Man., August 15th, 1890.

St. John, N. B., Exhibition Notes.

The attention of the Directors of the Exhibition Association having been called to the omission of Cleveland Bays from the list of horses for which prizes are offered, have notified the parties interested that the omission was entirely unintentional, and that the same amount of prizes will be awarded for that class as all other enumerated in the horse section.

The Lodgings and Refreshment Committee of the Association are making most complete arrangements for billeting visitors during the Exhibition. Cards have been sent out to most of the citizens, asking each one having a room vacant to place it at the disposal of the Committee during the Exhibition, in order that ample accommodation may be made for the large number of visitors that will be in the city. A reception room will be opened, where a sufficient staff of clerks will be kept constantly employed, night and day, during the Exhibition, and on arrival of visitors in the city they should call at this room, which will be duly advertised, and obtain the addresses of parties having vacant rooms. Persons wishing to obtain rooms in advance should communicate with Mr. Ward C. Pitfield, Chairman of that Committee.

About sixty cases of West India Island goods have already arrived, and the Committee have received notification that large shipments of fruits and other perishable articles will be made through the steamers via New York and Boston.

In reference to stock, agricultural and horticultural products, the Committee are making arrangements whereby they hope to meet the wishes of all parties interested as near as possible relating to the time articles may be detained, and other arrangements, which they have been asked to modify.

News Notes.

A man one hundred and six years old has been imprisoned in the City of Mexico for begging.

It is proposed to have an exhibition of Roman art in the City of Mexico, which is to begin in 1892 and continue till 1895.

Physicians connected with the Presbyterian hospital at Philadelphia are highly elated over the fact of having successfully mended a broken neck.

The Queen has pardoned Dhuleep Singh, who has apologized for his misdoings.

The Bank of England has reduced its rate of discount from 5 per cent to 4 per cent.

Dyspepticure—Is not a palliative, but a *cure*; it first relieves, then controls, and finally entirely subdues the irritation and inflammation of the stomach that causes indigestion and dyspepsia.

Our Public Schools.

To the Editor of the Week:

SIR,—I read with much pleasure the paragraph in the leading article of the *Week* of the 25th July last, in which you remark and refer to the *Bystander* as agreeing with you that three-fourths of those who use the public schools are just as well able to pay for the schooling of their children as for their food and clothing, and are equally bound to do so; that there is reoson to fear the very class for which gratuitous education is needed don't avail themselves of the provision; that if the state of the law is such that we are unable to get the children of the poorest educated, it should be altered for that purpose; and that the free education of all classes which is in many cases given in the high schools is something still more unreasonable; in all which I most cordially agree, as I do also with your concluding remark that the provision last mentioned is not merely unjust to those who make no use of these schools, but is frequently injurious to those who are induced to use them, when they might be better employed in manual labor. With reference to this last remark, I think it would do no harm to call the attention of your readers to the following extract from Mr. Punch's sensible and dramatic illustration of the case as respects the public schools in England:—

TOO CLEVER BY HALF.

Being questions and answers cut on the straight.

Question—So you have finished your education?

Answer.—Yes, thanks to the liberality of the School Board.

Q.—Do you know more than your parents?

A.—Certainly, as my father was a sweep and my mother a char-woman.

Q.—Would either occupation suit you?

A.—Certainly not, my aspirations soar above such pursuits, and my health impaired by excessive study, unfits me for a life of manual labor.

Q.—Kindly mention what occupation would suit you?

A.—I think I could, with a little cramming, pass the examinations for the army, the navy, or the bar.

Q.—Then why not become an officer in either branch of the United Service, or a member of one of the Inns of Court?

A.—Because I fear, that as a man of neither birth nor breeding, I should be regarded with contempt in either the camp or the forum.

Q.—Would you take a clerkship in the city?

A.—Not willingly, as I have enjoyed better than a commercial education; besides city clerkships are not to be had for the asking.

Q.—Well, would you become a shop boy or a counter-jumper?

A.—Certainly not; I should deem it a sin to waste my accomplishments (which are many) in filling a situation suggestive of the servants' hall rather than of the library.

Q.—Well, then, how are you to make an honest livelihood?

A.—Those who are responsible for my education must answer that question.

Q.—And if they can't?

A.—Then I must accept an alternative and seek inspiration and precedents from the records of success in another walk of life, beginning with the pages of the Newgate Calendar!

—*Punch, July 12, 1890.*

Punch is a moralist and philosopher of the laughing school; but our English proverb tells us, there is many a true word spoken in jest. The Roman philosopher and poet asks: *Ridentem dicere varum,—Quid vetat?* "What hinders a jester from speaking the truth? Common sense answers nothing hinders, and *Punch's* illustration is apposite to his case in hand. It is not right that boys should receive at the public expense an education which unfits them for manual labor; and those who make the laws, which give them such education at the cost of the tax-payer, are responsible and must answer the questions which *Punch's* examiner puts. Education at the public expense should be given only to those whose parents cannot pay for it, and should apply to such subjects as will be of use to them in such callings and employments as they may reasonably be supposed likely to be engaged in, and should certainly not be such as would unfit them for manual labor, the independence and respectability of which, especially in agricultural pursuits, should be always strongly insisted upon. Institutions for higher education should be supported by voluntary contributions, or if aided from the public purse, should only be so to a very moderate extent, and for purposes in which the state has a direct interest, or which are connected with the scholar's probable calling and means of support. No one should be placed at the cost of the taxpayer, in the position in which *Punch's* examiner finds himself by being "too clever by half."

W.

Odds and Ends.

Conscience is that within us that tells us when our neighbors are doing wrong.

"The prisoners work like a charm." "How's that? On the end of a chain."

It is said that all the great forces in nature are silent forces, but you couldn't make a henpecked husband believe it.

The man who worries most about what people think of him is usually the kind of man the people do not think of at all.

A man who is resting easily beneath the spreading branches of his own obscurity should not mistake the buzzing of the flies for a call to go forth and run for office.

"James, I was very sorry to see you come home last night in such a condition. I thought you told me you would not touch another glass?" "An' so I did not, mum." "Why, James, James?" "Sure, mum, it wasn't a glass at all; it were one o' them original packidges, mum."

"You look upon me at least as a friend?" he murmured, grasping her hand. She threw down her eyes, and her voice whispered: "Oh, yes." "And can I dare to hope to be looked upon as a still nearer, dearer relation?" She spoke cordially and freely as a maiden should. "Certainly, I will henceforth regard you as a brother."