therewith, the President's brief statement of our relations with England and France next challenges our attention. He says "it is a matter of regret that no considerable advance has been made towards an adjustment" of our difficulties with England, arising from Anglo-rebel depredations upon our commerce during our late civil war; but he thinks the delay in this matter may be charged "in no small degree" to the embarrassments resulting from the late change in the British ministry; and he expects that as the attention of the new ministry has been called to the subject, it "will be now taken up and considered in a becoming and friendly spirit." In regard to France, it appears that, expecting the removal of the November instalment of the French troops from Mexico, as promised by Napoleon, our new Minister to Mexico, Mr. Campbell, with General Sherman as his confidential adviser, was sent of on the 9th of November to look up the republic, under the impression that with the first instalment of French bayonets the republic would displace the empire. It further appears, however, that on the 23rd of November information was received from France that Napoleon had decided not to withdraw his first detachment, as promised, in November, but to wait and withdraw the whole of his troops in the spring. Hence the late despatches to the French government remonstrating against this nonfulfilment of Napoleon's pledge in the premises.

No answer to this despatch, we infer, has been received. Thus, then, the matter stands.

"THE HOME CIRCLE."—This is the title of a new paper, designed for the family circle, lately issued from the Halifax press. It is very neatly printed, and is filled with excellent literary and miscellaneous reading. We hope it will have a prosperous career, if it progresses as it promises to do.

THE YEAR BOOK.—We have received from the publishers, Messrs. Lowe & Chamberlin, of Montreal, a copy of the first No. of an annual which bears the above title. It is an immense improvement on all Almanacks or Calendars we have ever seen. It is full of the most valuable information, apparently compiled with great care and labour, touching the resources, wealth, population and general condition of all the British American Provinces. The advertisement, which will be found in another column, describes it more fully. We hope it will be a successful venture, for it will certainly be very useful to all who can procure it, and the cost is very low—only ninepence our currency. There is another edition published at one shilling and sixpence, and this contains a very fine coloured map of British America, which is worth the whole cost of the book.

NOMINATION DAY FOR LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTION.

WEDNESDAY LAST, the 12th inst., being the day set apart for the Nomination of Candidates to fill the seats of six gentlemen of that body, who go out in accordance with the Law, Courts were opened in this City, in Georgetown, and at St. Eleanor's.

First District—Donald Palmer, Esq., of Crapaud, was proposed by Mr. Donald Scott, North River, and seconded by William Inman, Esq, DeSable. Mr. John Balderson, of New Wiltshire, was proposed by Mr. Wm. Beer, DeSable, and seconded by James Laird, Esq., New Glasgow.

Second District—Hon. John Goff, proposed by S Drake, Esq. Lot 49; seconded by John Scott McLeod, Esq., Lot 34. R. P. Haythorne, Esq, proposed by Mr. Robert Stewart, Lot 48, seconded by Mr. Robert Mutch, Lot 50.

Donald Palmer, Esq., first addressed the Electors of the Second District. He said it was no desire for political honors, which induced him to yield to the solicitations of the people, in offering to represent them in the upper branch of the Legislature; nor was he influenced by any personal interest. He, however, reluctantly consented to take the field, though he felt he could fight the battle better, on behalf of a friend, than for himself. He was so universally known to the Electors of the whole District, that it would be unnecessary for him to make any lengthened explanation of his political creed. He was always a consistent supporter of the Conservative party, and an advocate of every measure of reform, tending to advance the interests of the Colony. He spoke of the Land Question, and especially of the purchase of the Cunard, and other large Proprietory Estates, and said the smaller land tenures would also eventually fall, into the hands of the people, through the Land Purchase principle. The line of demarkation between the Conservative and Liberal party, he said, had been so narrowed down, that the distinction had now become a mere name In regard to the important subject of Confederation, the people of this Colony were satisfied with their present Constitution, and he would never agree to alter or change that Constitution, without an appeal to the people; and he would urge on the Electors to pledge candidates for both branches of the Legislature not to agree to any Scheme of Confederation, without first submitting it to the people. By the adoption of that course, they could not be driven by their Representatives into Confederation, as was attempted in Nova Scotia, and would be effected, had it not been for the manly and patriotic steps taken by the Hon. Mr. Howe and others to prevent it. He closed his address by confidently expressing his hope of receiving the support of a large majority of the Electors of the said District, on the day of Election

Mr. JOHN BALDERSON then addressed the Electors of the Second District. He said he was not ambitious of the honour which his friends sought to confer on him. At the last Council Election, he had the honour to propose the Hon. K. Henderson as Candidate for that same District; but, since then, the people had made up their minds to support men from among themselves, who would contend for the good of the country, irrespective of party ties. The people desired to support men of independent principles—not the willing tools of the High Tory School, nor of the old Liberal party, but men who would never consent to have unfortunate Tenants driven by the bayonet, to a compliance with the wishes of grasping land-owners. As that was the first time he had occupied the public platform, he would not attempt to make a long speech He felt it, however, to be his duty to express his views on the subject of Confederation. He was, and always had been, opposed to the Quebec Scheme; he would never support that measure, neither would he give his support to the question of Confederation, in any form, without first appealing to the people for their concurrence. He then thanked the Electors for the cordial reception he met with among as many of them as he had been able to visit.

Hon. Mr. GOFF said that, in addressing the Electors of the Second District of Queen's County, who had, four years ago, conferred on him the high honour of electing him as one of their Representatives in the Legislative Council, he had no new platform to submit; he had always been a consistent supporter of the Conservative party, and would continue true to their principles. The Conservative element in this country would not soon die out. If some in their ranks had become dissatisfied, they would find their mistake if they joined the Liberal ranks, with the view of having their grievances redressed.—Would, said he, a man thrown from his saddle by his horse, exchange that animal for an ass? No, he thought not. The Conservative party possessed the honesty and integrity of the country, and he felt convinced they would continue to enjoy the confidence of a majority of the people. He had been charged with having supported the Government in all their measures. What other course was he to adopt? Was he to vote here and there? Now on the Government side, and then in opposition to them? He was elected by the supporters of the Government; and he was not, therefore, to act like a man on a rail—ready to jump to this side or that. True, some of their measures may have given offence and caused displeasure; but, was that any reason why their supporters should forsake their ranks, and join the Liberal party? If they did, and thereby place the Liberals in power, they might expect the iron rod on their backs again He was told that a charge was made against him relative to the Hillsboro' Ferry. He then explained the course adopted by the Government touching that question. A joint Committee of both Houses had been appointed and the Report of that Committee was submitted he was unavoidably absent when the Report, at a late period of the Session, was submitted. The Ferry Contract was a very important one, involving a large amount of property, and should, therefore, receive grave consideration. He was opposed to Confederation, and was convinced that no terms could be offered that the people of this Colony would accept. The paltry offer to buy the people with eight hundred thousand dollars, was, he said, very properly rejected. Greater concessions than that might yet be made, but he was totally opposed to the question, in any and every form.

R. P. HAYTHORNE, Esq., said he was but a raw hand at making speeches. It was but two weeks ago, since offering his services as a Representative of the people was first proposed to him. He, however, felt it his duty to comply with the views of the Electors on the subject; and having received very large and general support from the North end of the District, he visited the Southern end also, and was pleased to find that, at that end of the District also, he was not without some friends. He felt, therefore, compelled to submit to the solicitations of so large a number of the Electors. He alluded to the party names of Conservative and Liberal, and said that no great importance should be attached to the mere name of a party. The measures they advocated were what the people should more especially consider, and judge them by their acts. He then reviewed the measures of both parties, particularly in reference to the settlement of the Land question—the 15 Years' Purchase Bill, and the Land Commission, introduced by the Conservative party; the Land Purchase Bill, the Free School Act, and the extension of the Franchise, by the Liberal party. He said the 15 Years' Purchase Bill was a boon for the Proprietors, who had the best of the bargain under its provisions. If, as he had frequently been told, he had made a good bargain by selling his lands to the people at 12s. 6d. per acre, how much better off were proprietors who sold to the Government, under the 15 Years' Purchase Bill, which is equal to 16s. 8d. per acre? He approved of the Government purchasing the Cunard Estate; that purchase, he said, was a boon to the people. The Land Purchase Bill and the Free School Act, were measures introduced by the Liberal party, and which had conferred lasting benefits on the country. The amendment to the School Act, by the Conservative party, he did not consider an improvement. All who read the newspapers of the Colony, knew that he was opposed to the Quebec Scheme of Confederation,—for he had, in letters, over his own signature, given his views condemnatory of that Scheme.

Should any new proposals for Confederation be made by the British Government, he would not now prejudge it, but would, should he be elected, place his seat in the hands of the people who gave it to him, before he would support any scheme of Confederation. It would be but courteous, however, to the Home Government, should they propound measures of Confederation, to examine the question and not prejudge it, but it was the duty, as well as the privilege of electors, to withhold their support from any man who would attempt to drive them into Confederation against their will, or who would presume to support such an important question without first having secured the approval of his constituency. He then alluded to the fact that gentlemen held important offices under the present government who had openly declared themselves in favor of Confederation, notwithstanding that nine-tenths of the people of this Island were opposed to it. That, he said, was, in his opinion, highly inconsistent.

Some of the proposers and seconders of the respective Candidates addressed the Electors, as did also the Hon. K Henderson, but it being very cold, the reporter was unable to take notes, and has therefore given, principally from memory, a very brief outline of some of the principal points touched upon by the Candidates.

A. McNEILL, Reporter.

Dec. 13, 1866.

[We hope we will not alarm any of our anti Confederate friends by transferring to our columns the following very sensible article from a British newspaper, touching Confederation, as affecting the maratime Provinces on the mainland. With a nice regard for our sensitive feelings on this vexed question, the author has refrained from making any allusion to Prince Edward Island; therefore we can listen to him, and be thankful that we have no reason to be flurried by his utterances.—ED. EX.]

CONFEDERATION OF THE NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCES.

There are no Englishmen who regret the loss of those British Colonies which have become the broad and powerful United States of North America, except for their separation from us having been a bloody one, and the parent of a dislike to us which is always latent. But if we really were inclined to regret a separation which must have taken place sooner or later, though it might have been achieved in a better spirit, the growing greatness of our present possessions in America, and their happy disposition towards the mother country ought to comfort us for the loss And all this great growth of the present North American Colonies is but the work of a century, or little more, for Nova Scotia was settled by us no earlier than 1749, and Canada as late as 1763 The New England States were then vigorous and populous colonies, not indeed approaching in wealth, in industry, or in civilization, the New England States of to-day, but more fit to be compared with them than Nova Scotia of '49, or the Canada of '63 is to be compared with the Nova Scotia or the Canada of the present time. Of the vigorous and active populations of these provinces we can scarcely be too proud, for, with a partial exception, they are, to use Mr. Gladstone's phrase, "our own flesh and blood" in a matter with which our "cousins," as they are called, of the States, bear no comparison. Englishmen, Scotchmen, Irishmen and Welshmen make their homes in the Colonies under the old flag and the old institutions; but there pours forth to the United States Frenchman, German, Italian, Swiss, Russian, Pole, Hungarian, Jew, Turk, Heretic and Infidel a grand confusion of nationality, thought, feeling, and belief, which, to be sure, owing to the breadth of soil over which they are scattered, has caused little confusion yet, but which if it could go on until the States were thickly peopled, could hardly fail to revive in the New World the nationalities of the old. Except the French of Lower Canada, a thin skirting of the same nation on the North Shores of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, the whole four or five millions of population of British America are British in every essential respect. No strange accent mingles in their talk; no strange beliefs, the sloughings of morbid imaginations and diseased intellects, amuse the thoughtless or distress the serious Christian mind. There is freedom the purest and most ample; law sound and wholesome, administered with the strong arm of the Government, not usurped by the frenzied actions of a mob, or paralyzed by the interests of the politician. Magnificent rivers with which those of England compare in length, in width, and in depth, as the Great Eastern compares with a Dee coracle, have served the purposes of communication, and now railways of the best possible construction are gradually running through the breadth, as they have for some time done through the length of the land. Not entirely through the length, however, for there has been one gap in the railway communication of the Provinces that has been very ugly and very disgraceful to to us as the fostering mother of British interests in America.

But for want of this little bit of line which might be cheaply constructed, Canada with its three millions of people is practically shut out from communication with the rest of the world, except through the United States, for five months in the year. This missing link has been a sore subject with the Colonists for years. Now we hope the time has come when it will vex them no longer. The chief men of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are now in London, and the chief men of Canada will be there by the middle of the month, to settle with our Government the terms of a Confederation of the Provinces. By the end of the year, in all probability, every detail will be arranged and settled for binding together, under one Government, the Provinces of Canada, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia. The impetus which this union will give to the welfare of the Provinces will be immense. Customs laws—those invisible barriers which trade and even civilization find it so difficult to pass—will be banished between the frontiers. But a work which is at once colonial and imperial, and interesting to the whole British people in a high degree; the building of four hundred miles of railway, from Truro to Riviere du Loup, will be one of the first and grandest results of Confederation. When this is done two of the finest harbours on the American continent, those of Halifax and St. John, will be open to Canada all the year round. These two magnificent ports should should make the flourishing cities which border them the entrepots of the produce of British America and the British Isles. Halifax as the nearer of the two to our coasts, and already an important military depot, must be the water-gate of the Confederation, and with it open, we can at times and seasons pour in succours to our Colonial brethren, should they unhappily be in need of them. Not that they are very likely to be, for the descendants of the men of Chateaugay and Lundy's Lane will give a good account of any ordinary foe.—*Denbighshire and Flintshire Telegraph.*

THE Sheriff of King's County has, through his Clerk, George Poole, Esqr., kindly sent us the following statement of the nominations at Georgetown on Wednesday last:

SHERIFFS' COURT, GEORGETOWN, KING'S COUNTY, 12TH DECEMBER, 1866.

Nomination of Candidates for the Legislative Council.

1ST DISTRICT.

Honble. James Dingwell, proposed by Mr. Arch'd Campbell; seconded by Mr. William Swallow.

Michael Campion, Esqr., proposed by Mr. Henry McIsaac; seconded by Mr. Alex. Campion.

2ND DISTRICT.

John Hamilton, Esqr, proposed by Mr. Johnson Aitkin; seconded by Mr. Peter D. Campbell.

Hon'ble Andrew A. McDonald, proposed by Hon. Joseph Wightman; seconded by John McDonald, Esqr.

Mr. John Dewar, proposed by Mr. James Cullen; seconded by Mr. John Stewart.

☞ An Adjourned Meeting of the UNION PROTECTION FIRE COMPANY will be held at the City Hall on Tuesday evening next, the 18th inst., at 8 o'clock.

THE Steamers have stopped running for the Season. We have had no Mails from abroad on Saturday night, as during the season of navigation.

LATEST

By Telegraph to "Examiner"

DEC. 16th, a. m.

Mexican dates to the sixth instant. Maximilian does not intend to abandon the Empire. He has raised much money.

MONTREAL, 14th.

The Commander-in-chief of the forces reports the impracticability of fortifying the City except at a heavy cost.....Civil war in Japan suspended. A treaty declared between the hostile forces.....Gold 137⅞.

MIRAMICHI VESSEL LOST.—The Halifax *Express* has the following:—"We learn from our correspondent at the Magdalen Islands, under date 19th Nov, that on the Tuesday night previous a new ship called the *Caractacus*, 1,600 tons burthen, was totally wrecked on the West Point. She was a new ship, only 14 hours from Miramichi, owned by Goff,—the captain's name was Warner, belonging to Halifax. The crew were all saved, and forwarded to Pictou by J. S. Fox, Esq, Collector. The ship was sold on the 19th.

The Lords of the Admiralty have forwarded, through Earl Carnarvon, to Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, a *Sextant*, to be presented to Capt. John Wood, Master of the Schooner *Mary Helen*, of this Island, as an acknowledgment of his humane services in rescuing, on the 25th April last, off the coast of South America, a boat's crew belonging to the wrecked British ship *Alma*. Captain Wood, who was at the time engaged in the coasting trade between Buenos Ayres and Patagonia, maintained the unfortunate men for four weeks, at his own expense, and on his return trip, landed them at Buenos Ayres free of any charge whatever. Capt. Wood hails from Lot 49.—*Pat.*

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—About four o'clock, on Thursday evening, Mr. John Jury's second eldest son was in the kitchen playing with his little brother, aged three and a half years and amusing him with a brace of pistols. Wishing to show him how to snap them, he took a pistol in each hand, and pulled both triggers simultaneously. One of them happened to be loaded. The ball entered the child's head, a little above the nose, and penetrated in the direction of the left temple, where it still remains, despite all that medical skill can do We understand that hopes are entertained of the poor little fellow's recovery.—*Pat.*

A CURIOSITY.—A single-seated steam wagon passed through the city this week on its way to the owner, the Rev. Mr. Belcourt of Rustico. When we saw it, the wagon was drawn by horses, but it is furnished with a steam engine, &c., and can be propelled by steam It is the first vehicle of the kind introduced into this Island.—*Pat.*

Married,

In the City of San Francisco, California, Nov. 1st, by the Rev. Dr. Scudder, D McLennan of Napa City, to Elizabeth S., eldest daughter of the late Charles Martin, M. D., of Pictou, Nova Scotia. [The bride is the niece of M. W Skinner, Esqr., of this city]

Died,

At Mount Stewart Bridge, on Sabbath, 2d inst., of measles and croup, Etta, eldest daughter of Mr. Edwin Coffin, Shipbuilder, aged 5 years and 10 months

At Charlottetown, on Monday last, after a short illness, Mrs. James Barret.

At Savage Harbor, on the 7th ult., after a short illness, in the 32nd year of her age, Elizabeth Catherine, wife of Mr. Henry Anderson, and eldest daughter of Mr. Benjamin Coffin, Shore, leaving a disconsolate husband and sorrowing parents to mourn their loss.

At North River, P. E. Island, Dec. 13, 1866, Mr. William Cummings, sen, a native of Targrant, England, aged 104 years and 8 months, leaving 11 grand children, and 30 great-grand-children, to mourn their loss. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

On Friday, the 14th instant, at her residence, Charlottetown, Caroline Louisa McLean aged 63 years, the beloved wife of Mr. William Sinclair, of this city, formerly merchant of Halifax The deceased was a great sufferer for the last eighteen months, but her sufferings she bore with patience and resignation to the Divine Will, exercising faith in the merits of her Saviour, and hope to the better life beyond the grave Her end was peace The funeral will take place, at 3½ p. m., on Wednesday next, from her late residence, in Kent Street. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHRISTMAS SALE.

TO be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Sales Room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th inst, at 11 o'clock—

Raisins,
Grapes,
Lemons,
Cranberries.

—ALSO—

4 casks Kerosene OIL,
60 bbls Choice American FLOUR,
30 do do Canada do.
7 do SUGAR.
25 sides American Sole Leather.
3 cases CLARET, &c. &c. &c.

☞ Usual terms.

CARVELL BROTHERS.
Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

Christmas Presents!!

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS!!

In great variety, at

HARVIE'S BOOKSTORE,

Queen Street.

Dec 17, 1866 4i

MONEY! MONEY!

ALL ACCOUNTS not paid by the first of JANUARY, 1867, will be placed in the hands of my Attorney for recovery.

GEORGE COLES.
17th Dec, 1866.

TO SKATERS.

THE Subscribers have been appointed Agents for the sale of FORBES' PATENT ACME SKATES, and have received an assortment of sizes, both Ladies' and Gents'. These skates took a prize at the Great Exhibition, and are almost the only ones now in use at the Skating Rinks of Halifax and St. John. Fastening without straps, they are remarkably easy to the feet, and do not impede the circulation, thereby adding greatly to the comfort of the wearer. We should be pleased to show specimens at the City Hardware Store.

H. E. STARBIRD & CO.
Dec. 17, 1866. 3in

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To the Electors of the Second Legislative Council District of Queen's County.

GENTLEMEN;

FOURTEEN days ago it was suggested to me to become a Candidate for the seat in the Legislative Council recently vacated by the Honourable Mr Goff, and I have been since nominated as such, at a meeting held in Lot 49, where many of the Electors lately stood towards me in the relation of Tenants.

I am in favour of that policy—call it what you please—which gained you Responsible Government, gave you the Land Purchase Bill and the Free Education Act; under the first of these you enjoy a Constitution moulded on the true British type; the second has enabled many of you to become Freeholders on very reasonable terms—by means of the third your children have been, and are fitted to carry on the business of life with credit and success and to mix in society without any feeling of inferiority. These, Gentlemen, I consider truly liberal and enlightened measures; and if I should have the honour to be returned as your Representative, I shall use my best endeavours to carry out their principles, and extend their operation, whenever practicable.

As regards Confederation, I am strongly opposed to the Quebec Scheme; but if any new proposal for a union of the Colonies should emanate from the Queen's advisers, it ought, I think, to receive the calm and deliberate attention of our local Legislature; such a course, being reasonable in itself, and courteous towards the Imperial authorities, is best adapted to prevent a collision and ensure for our case a candid consideration. If however, it should unfortunately happen that my opinions on that great question should differ from yours, it will be my duty immediately to resign my seat.

During the short interval which remains before the day of Election, I shall endeavour to meet as many of the Electors as possible.

I am gentlemen,
Very respectfully yours,
ROBERT POORE HAYTHORNE.
Marshfield, Dec 11, 1866.

ST. ANDREW'S HALL.

Musical and Dramatic SOIREE,

BY THE PUPILS OF THE

Congregation de Notre Dame,

CHARLOTTETOWN,

Wednesday Evening, December 26.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7½ precisely.

Tickets for sale at the stores of Hons D. Brenan and P Walker, W. R. Watson, Wm. H. Wilson and Chas Reily, Esqrs.

Dec 17, 1866

About the first week in March next,

AND

Under the Patronage of Mrs Dundas,

IT is proposed to hold a Bazaar in the TEMPERANCE HALL, in Charlottetown, towards the erection of a Parsonage House in connection with the Episcopal Church, Southport, on a piece of ground in that vicinity, kindly bestowed by Major Picton Beete for the benefit of the Church

A table of refreshments will be provided and a variety of useful articles exhibited, suited for the use of both town and country, and will be sold at moderate prices

The following Ladies will act as a Committee for the Bazaar; and will thankfully receive contributions towards the Bazaar, from all kind friends who are disposed to assist them in this undertaking.

Mrs. Bayfield, Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Stewart, } Southport.
Mrs Charles Stewart, " E Younghusband, " Capel, Miss Eliza Longworth, } Charlottetown.

Of the particular day for holding the Bazaar, notice will be given in due time.

There will be a Concert given in the evening.

Dec 17, 1866

The Centre of Attraction!

The Centre Attraction, in town, for

MILLINERY!

this season, is certainly at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

The largest variety and cheapest

BONNETS & HATS

are always to be found at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

If you want to buy

Velvets or Terrys,

the best and cheapest are to be found at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

The Largest and most Beautiful Assortment of

Flowers & Feathers,

is sure to be found at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

All the newest things in

Ribbons and Laces,

to be had at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

The cheapest and best place to buy

Gloves and Hosiery!

is at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

An immense variety of

Stays, at all Prices,

from 3s. 9d. upwards, at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

The favourite place, because the cheapest, to buy

Cottons of all kinds,

is acknowledged on all sides to be ROBERT YOUNG'S.

If you intend buying

Coburgs or Winceys,

you will do well to call at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

If you want to see a stock of

Fancy Dress Goods,

that is entirely new, call at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

Every one knows that the largest, cheapest, and best assorted stock of

HOOP SKIRTS

is always to be found at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

A Mammoth stock of

Paper Collars and Cuffs,

for both Ladies and Gentlemen, on hand at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

Ladies never fail to have the most complete satisfaction from the

BOOTS

bought at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

Beutiful

Shawls & Mantles,

all quite new, at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

Great varieties in

Mantle Cloths,

very cheap at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

Gents' Crimean

Shirts and Shirtings,

cheaper than ever, at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

A great profusion of Ladies' and Gents' Woollen

Scarfs and Clouds,

from 9d, upwards, at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

Ladies cannot fail to get saited with

Hoods and Sontags,

at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

To all who want a first-rate

TEA,

we would say buy it at ROBERT YOUNG'S.

Dec 17, 1866. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEASONABLE!

40 BOXES LAYER RAISINS,
45 " Valencia "
6 drums Sultana "
7 barrels Currants,
11 cases Walnuts,
11 " Filberts,
2 " Jordan Almonds,
1 case French Plums,
Candied Peels and Spices.

15 cwt. Green Coffee, roasted and ground on the premises, producing his

Unrivalled Ground Coffee.

W. E. DAWSON.
Dec. 17, 1866.

West India House,

Upper Great George Street.

CHRISTMAS, 1866.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, at his Store, the following, viz:

11 Hhds. Strong Demrara SPIRITS,
Hhds. Holland GIN,
Casks Port and Sherry WINE,
Casks Hennessey's Dark & Pale Brandy,
Casks Scotch Whiskey (Prime),
Casks Irish WHISKEY.
50 Doz. Edinburgh ALE — 6 Cases CHAMPAGNE,
30 " Blood's xxx PORTER. — Cases CLARET.
10 Boxes RAISINS, — 3 Bbls. CURRANTS,
25 ½ do RAISINS, — Bags RICE.
60 Boxes FIGS, — Bags PEPPER,
Chests Superior TEA,
Bbls Crushed SUGAR, — Casks Washing SODA,
Hhds and Bbls. P. R MOLASSES, — Hhds and Bbls. P R SUGAR,
6 Bbls. Kerosene OIL, — 6 Bbls Red ONIONS,
20 Doz. Am. BROOMS, — 20 Doz. Am. BUCKETS,

—Also—

A large stock of Spices, Pickles, Fruit, &c., &c. suitable for the season.

The above articles are of the very best description, and will be sold cheap for Cash.

LEMUEL McKAY.
Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

THE Subscriber respectfully requests all parties indebted to him, by Book Account or otherwise, to make immediate payment. All accounts over six months due will be handed over for collection, if not paid prior to 1st Jan'y

ALEX. ROSS.
Ch'town, Dec. 17, 1866. 2i

CANADA AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

THE YEAR-BOOK

AND

Almanac of British North America

contains full and reliable details of

The Revenue and Expenditure;
Banking Systems;
Coinage, Weights and Measures;
Postal Regulations, Rates and Service;
Shipping, and Shipping built;
Railways and Traffic Returns;
Census returns of Population &c;
Trade and Commercial Returns;
Wealth, Extent, &c;
Telegraphs and Public Works;
Crown Lands and Regulations, &c;

of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Newfoundland; as also Tables, Statements and Returns of their

Parliaments and Legislative Systems;
Principal Public Officers and Offices;
Educational and other laws;
Balance Sheets;
Militia and Volunteers;
Game and Fishery Laws;
Mines and Mining Regulations;
Boundaries Extent, &c;
Debts and Liabilities;

and other important Statistical, Political and Commercial information of interest to the *Merchant*, the *Tradesman*, the *Journalist*, the *Politician*, and the *Manufacturer*.

It further contains the *Tariffs* and *Customs Regulations* of Canada, the Maritime Provinces, the United States, and the West Indies, with their port charges, the nature and extent of their trade, and other information of value to Merchants, Manufacturers, Shippers and Consignors, &c., &c.

A MAP of the Provinces in the proposed Confederation will accompany the office copies of the work, which, considering its size, and the nature and value of the *exclusive official information* it contains, is the best and cheapest on the subject ever offered to the public. It contains about 160 pages of original matter.

☞ If you wish to form a correct idea of the *Extent, Wealth, Population*, and *Resources* of the Confederated Provinces, buy the YEAR-BOOK

Ordinary copies, 12½c.; Office copies, on extra paper, including a Map, 25c. For sale at the Booksellers and News Agents throughout Canada and the Maritime Provinces.

Dec. 17, 1866.

Lands to Let.

TO be let for a term of 4 years from 1st MAY next, that valuable property situated in the Royalty, about one mile distant from the City of Charlottetown, fronting on the St Peter's Road on one side and on the lower Royalty Road and on the Hillsboro' River on the other side, and containing nearly 200 acres, known as the "Belvidere Farm," part of the Estate of Capt. GEORGE BEAZELEY, Esqr., R N. The property being so well situated as to road and water frontage that it can be let in two, three or four separate tenements and will be let together or separately as may be desired. No wood, trees or brushment of any kind to be cut unless for use on the farms. Sealed tenders for the whole or any part or parts thereof will be received by the Subscribers until the 16th MARCH next.

D. BRENAN.
D HODGSON.
Ch'town, Dec. 17. i h p 3m

Good Investment for Capitalists.

Freehold Property for Sale.

THAT Large, Commodious, and well-known THREE STOREY BRICK HOUSE, situated on the corner of Queen and Sydney streets, being one of the best Business stands in the City. Shop at present occupied by Mr. William Full, at the yearly rental of One Hundred Pounds currency. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber on the premises. Part of the purchase money may remain on interest, if desired.

DONALD McISAAC.

☞ If the above Property is not sold by private contract, it will be sold at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 10th day of January, 1867

D. McISAAC.
Ch'town, Dec 17, 1866.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of Christmas Day falling on Tuesday, Market will be held on Monday the 24th DECEMBER inst.

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.
Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of New Year's Day falling on Tuesday, Market will be held on Monday the 31st DECEMBER inst.

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.
Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

Notice to Debtors.

THE Subscriber hereby notifies all persons indebted to him by Book Account or otherwise, that immediate payment is requested. All Accounts, over six months due, will be sued for, if not paid by the 24th instant.

PATRICK WALKER.
Charlottetown, Dec. 3, 1866.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late JOHN SUTHERLAND, of St. Peter's Bay, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having legal demands against the said Estate are requested to furnish the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, for settlement, within six months from date.

JANE ELLEN SUTHERLAND, Administratrix.
Dec 10, 1866. 6in

THE Subscriber has JUST RECEIVED, per Steamship ALHAMBRA—

200 Bbls Extra Family FLOUR,
100 Boxes CANDLES, 6 and 8s,
75 Boxes SOAP,
9 Bbls. Cider VINEGAR,
20 Doz Corn BROOMS,
20 Doz Painted Pails,
50 Sides Sole LEATHER,
20 Puncheons Demerara RUM.

B. WILSON HIGGS.
Charlottetown, Dec 10, 1866.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

DR. W. G. SUTHERLAND, contemplating to make a change in his business the beginning of 1867, respectfully requests those indebted to him to SETTLE THEIR ACCOUNTS prior to 1st FEBRUARY, 1867.

Charlottetown, Dec. 10, 1866.

Extensive Sale by Auction.

THE Subscriber will sell at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the NINTH day of JANUARY, 1867, at 11 o'clock, forenoon, at a credit of six months,

A Large and General Assortment OF

Drapery and Hardware Goods,

consisting of

Cloths, Shirtings, Dress Goods, Silks and Silk and Cotton Velvets, Ribbons, Buttons, Cotton Reels and Tapes, Hats, Fur Caps, Furs and Trimmings, Capes, Shawls, and Gloves, Flannels and Muslins, Silk and Cotton Lace and Edgings, a large quantity of common EARTHENWARE, 4 superior Dinner sets—very handsome; also a quantity of GLASS and CHINAWARE.

Also in Hardware:

Locks, Hinges, Screws, Chisels, Thomson's Screw Augers, and Pod Augers, Pots, Kettles and Pans, sets Fire Irons, Brass and Iron Casters, and Brass Goods; also, a lot of one-quarter and ⅜ shorting Chain; Cordage, Bolt and Bar Iron, Rosin, Paint, Oil, Spikes, Nails and Glass, Selaratus, Copperas, Bluestone, Brimstone, Starch, Fig Blue, Borax and Spices, chests and half chests of TEA, pieces of Brown Cotton and Prints, boxes Soap, together with a large quantity of other goods of various kinds

This Sale will be continued until the whole shall be sold off without reserve.

Merchants in the country will find it to their advantage to attend this Sale, as Bargains may be expected.

W. W. LORD.
Charlottetown, December 10.

TRADE SALE.

TO be sold by Auction on WEDNESDAY, 12th DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock, a. m., at the Subscriber's SALES ROOM, Queen Square—

50 Chests TEA,
5 Bbls Crushed SUGAR,
10 Boxes STARCH,
4 Kegs SALTPETRE,
40 Boxes Valencia RAISINS,
3 Bbls. BLUESTONE,
30 Coils Manilla ROPE,
50 lbs INDIGO, 4 Hhds. GIN,
100 Pieces Gray COTTON,
Striped Shirting, Coburgs,
Delaines, Alpacas, Linings, &c.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.
Dec. 3, 1866.

Molasses, Sugar, Raisins, &c.

THE Subscriber has just completed his FALL STOCK OF GOODS, which he offers for sale at his Sale Room—

Puncheons and tierces of Bright MOLASSES,
Hogsheads and barrels Bright SUGAR,
Half and quarter boxes Layer RAISINS,
Half and quarter drums of FIGS,
No. 1 Labrador HERRINGS, in half barrels,
Also a quantity of Newfoundland HERRINGS in barrels,
Chests and half chests TEA,
And a quantity of Extra FLOUR.

W. W. LORD.
Charlottetown, December 10, 1866.

FRUIT! FRUIT!

3,200 LBS. in Pudding RAISINS, LAYER RAISINS and CURRANTS. Also: SPICES, CANDIED PEELS, PICKLES, &c., &c

Fresh Ground COFFEE. Try it.

BEER & SONS.
Dec. 10, 1866. 1m pat

Watts' Tea Store,

KENT STREET.

Completion of Fall Stock.

THE Proprietors respectfully beg to announce that their Stock of choice GROCERIES is now complete:—

TEA, extra good quality; best retailing MOLASSES; Crushed, Granulated, and Brown SUGARS; Lemon Syrup; Prime Island and American CHEESE; Coffee, Corn Starch Rice, Butter, Soda, Wine, Water and Sugar Crackers, Layer and Valentia Raisins, Currants, Pickles, Spices, &c.

—Also—

Crates assorted EARTHENWARE, Doz's Brooms, Buckets, Candles, Kerosene Oil, &c., &c., &c.

Kent Street, Dec. 10th, 1866. 6w

COAL! COAL!

A LARGE quantity of Round and Slack, Cape Breton COAL, a good article, for sale by the Subscriber, at the following Rates, viz:—

Round Coal per Ton, 22s 6d
Slack Coal do 16s

Days of delivery, Wednesday in each week.

W. W. LORD.
Charlottetown, Dec. 10, 1866.

BANK of P. E. ISLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of FIVE POUNDS per centum on the Capital Stock of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, for the last half year, hath been this day declared, and is payable to Stockholders forthwith on demand.

By order,
WM CUNDALL, Cashier
Dec. 10

UNION BANK OF P. E. ISLAND.

A DIVIDEND of Seven and One-half per cent. has been declared due, for the half year ending 30th ult, on the paid up Capital, and payable at the Bank on and after WEDNESDAY, fifth instant.

By order,
JAS. ANDERSON, Cashier.
Union Bank, 3rd Dec., 1866.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Townships Nos. 51, 57, 58, 59, 60, 62, 63 and 64.

NOTICE

To the Tenants on Townships Nos. 63 and 64—late Cunard Estate—holders of Government Lands on either of the above named Townships, and all persons desirous of purchasing Wilderness Lands thereon.

THE COMMISSIONER of PUBLIC LANDS will attend at the following places on the days hereinafter mentioned:—

On WEDNESDAY, Dec. 26, 1866, at 10 a. m, and THURSDAY, 27th, at 10 a. m., at FINLAY's, New Perth

On FRIDAY, the 28th, and SATURDAY, the 29th, at Mr. ALDOUS', Montague, Lot 59.

On TUESDAY, Jan. 1, 1867, at 10 a. m, and WEDNESDAY, 2nd, at Mr. ESMAN's, Murray Harbour Road, Lot 57.

On THURSDAY, 3rd, at 10 a. m, and FRIDAY the 4th, at Mrs. NICHOLSON's, Belfast.

On SATURDAY, the 5th, at 10 a. m., and MONDAY, the 7th, at Mrs. KENNEDY's, Wood Islands, Lot 62.

On TUESDAY, the 8th, at 10 a. m., WEDNESDAY, the 9th, and THURSDAY, the 10th, at D. CRICHTON's, Esq., Murray Harbor.

NOTICE.

Tenants, Occupiers of Land, or persons claiming to hold Land on Townships 63 & 64, must produce their Leases, Agreements or Titles for the same.

JOHN ALDOUS, Commissioner.
Land Office, Dec. 4, 1866. [Dec 10.

Skates! Skates! Skates!

LADIES', GENTS' and BOYS', VERY CHEAP.

BEER & SONS.
Nov. 26, 1866. 1st pat 1w

Extra and No. 1 Buffalo Robes.

G. & S. DAVIES.
Charlottetown, Dec. 3, 1866.

250 Pairs Boys' & Men's Skates.

For sale cheap by

G. & S. DAVIES.
Charlottetown, Dec. 3, 1866.

LAND SALE.

TO be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, on FRIDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of MARCH next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, at the Colonial Building in Charlottetown, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1864, and made between ALEXANDER THOMAS COOMBS, then of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Tailor, and ELLEN JANE COOMBS, his wife, of the one part; and JAMES MILLER, of Township No. 34, in Prince Edward Island, Esquire, of the other part: All that piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being in Charlottetown, in said Island, bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the east side of Great George Street, at the south western angle of a piece of land, the property of Martin Shea; thence by a right angle line with Great George Street, aforesaid, eastwardly, Ninety-six feet five inches; thence by a right angle line therewith southwardly Nineteen feet four inches; thence by a right angle line therewith westwardly Ninety-six feet five inches to the east side of Great George Street aforesaid; thence Northwardly along the same, Nineteen feet four inches to the place of commencement, being part of Town Lots Numbers seventy-eight (78) and Seventy-nine (79), in the First Hundred of Town Lots in said Town, together with the buildings and appurtenances to the same belonging; and also, with the privilege of a Right of way of nine feet three inches in width, commencing at the south eastern angle of the land above described and thence extending northwardly along the eastern boundary of the same and the eastern boundary of the said Martin Shea's land to the southern side of Sydney Street—the above described Premises being part of the lands and premises comprised in the said Mortgage.

Dated the 8th day of December, A. D., 1866.

JAMES MILLER.
J. LONGWORTH, Solicitor. [Dec 10

FALL GOODS.

BY various Ships from ENGLAND, Steamers from BOSTON and HALIFAX, I have received my

FALL & WINTER STOCK,

consisting in part of

26 Casks & Cases General Ironmongery.

1 Cask Cutlery,
1 do Traces,
1 do Shovels,
1 do Hoes,
1 do Shot,
26 Boxes Tin,
256 pieces Plough Metals.
16 Tons Nails & Spikes,
23 bundles spring Steel,
15 do Shoeing do
3 do Cast do
7 do Blister do
1¾ Tons Iron,
1 Cask Cart Boxes,
1 do Bolts & Nuts,
1 do Screws,
1 do Files,
1 Box Axles,
5 Pairs Bellows,
1 Basket Vices
158 Kegs Paints,
12 Drums Varnish,
6 do Turpentine,
2 Casks do
4 do Putty,
1 do Venetian Red,
1 do Yellow Ochre,
Vermillion,
Prussian Blue,
Drop Black,
Umber,
De Sienna,
4 Hhds Paint Oil,
1 do Olive do
2 Bbls Seal do
1 do Lubricating Oil,
10 do Kerosene Oil,
111 Boxes Glass,
2 Crates Scuttles,
1 Case Shoemaker's Thread
1 Bale Curled Hair,
1 Cask Glue,
3 do Dyewoods,
250 lbs. extract Logwood,
5 Bales Rope.

These goods have been well bought, and with Stock on Shelves and in Warehouse, form a very large assortment, and are offered at my usual low prices—either wholesale or retail—to Cash.

W. E. DAWSON.
Great George Street, Dec. 3 1866

TO CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

JUST RECEIVED from ST. JOHN, N. B., 46 pairs WAGON SPRINGS, assorted sizes—both SIDE and ELIPTIC—of superior quality and finish, equally as good as the American, and costing much less. Also, from BOSTON, 60 sets assorted AXLES, from 1 inch to 2¼ inches; with a large and very complete assortment of

Malleable Trimmings,
Hub Bands,
Carriage Bolts,
Tire Bolts,
Sleigh Ricets,
Trimming Cane,
Trimming Tacks and Brads,
Nuts and Washers,
Shaft Sockets,
Whip do,
Enamelled Cloth,
Superior Varnish,
Dry Colors, Glue, Sand Paper, &c., &c.,

at the "CITY HARDWARE STORE"

H. E. STARBIRD & CO.
Dec. 3, 1866. 4w

Queen Street Fancy Goods Store.

ISAAC J. WALDRON, AGAIN.

PREPARE for Christmas, and select your GLASSWARE, JEWELLERY, TOYS and FANCY GOODS from my stock, where you will find every variety and at prices to suit all customers. So come along, Rich and Poor, and we will give you bargains.

Glassware.

All kinds of Glass Lamps Globes, Chimneys, Paper & Glass Shades, Tumblers in variety, Tea Sets in Glass, Salts, Cruitstands, Plates Preserve Dishes, Fruit Dishes, Patent Glass Lanterns, Butter Dishes, Chinese Marble Vases.

Brushes.

Horse, Scrubbing, Shoe, Hair, Tooth, and other Brushes, a large assortment. Japan Trays, Looking Glasses, Paper Collars, and Woollen Mufflers.

Cutlery.

Knives & Forks, Carvers, Razors, Scissors, Curry Combs, Pad Locks, a very large stock by wholesale & Retail. Transparent Toilet Soaps, a superior article for Ladies' use. Matches, Kerosene Oil, Soap, Tobacco, Tea, Vinegar, (superior) Lamp wicks all sizes, Albums, Toys in variety, Portemonnaies, Combs, and a variety of Case Goods.

Jewellery.

Watches, Watch Chains, Keys, Brooches, Ear Drops, Finger Rings, Bracelets, Lockets, Gents' Breast Pins, and a very large stock of new Jewellery, too numerous to mention in detail.

The above goods will be sold Wholesale or Retail, and to Country dealers at a large discount.

—ALSO—

Second hand Cook, Parlor, and other Stoves.

ISAAC J. WALDRON.
Next door to M. W Skinner's Drug Store.
Charlottetown, Dec 10, 1866. tf

RUM! RUM! RUM!

20 PUNCHEONS of Old Demerara RUM for Sale at Subscriber's Establishment, in or out of Bond.

GEORGE COLES.
Ch'town, Dec 3, 1866

KING SQUARE HOUSE.

SUPERIOR SEAL SKIN COATS — BEER & SONS.

A GOOD Assortment of CLOTHS. — BEER & SONS.

A SPLENDID LOT of FUR CAPS, CLOTH CAPS and FELT HATS — BEER & SONS.

LADIES' FURS — BEER & SONS.

LADIES' HATS—in Silk, Velvet & Straw. — BEER & SONS.

DRESS GOODS in great variety — BEER & SONS.

SHAWLS and MANTLES. — BEER & SONS.

CARPETS, in Wool, Felt and Hemp — BEER & SONS.

HEAVY OVERCOATS and other Ready made Clothing. — BEER & SONS

GENTS' Wool Scarfs, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. — BEER & SONS

BUFFALO ROBES. — BEER & SONS.

BOOTS and SHOES in variety — BEER & SONS.

RUBBER BOOTS and SHOES. — BEER & SONS.

FELT and RUBBER OVERSHOES. — BEER & SONS.

CANADIAN MOCCASANS — BEER & SONS.

WARRANTED AXES. — BEER & SONS.

THRESHING MACHINE and MUD DIGGER CASTINGS and CHAIN — BEER & SONS.

The above, together with our usual assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c., &c., are offered on the best terms for prompt payment.

BEER & SONS.
Ch'town, Nov. 19, 1866

CANADA FLOUR.

HOURLY EXPECTED, per Schooner Ems, from QUEBEC

520 BARRELS

Canada Sup. No. 1 FLOUR.

For Cash only.

R. W. BRECKEN.
Nov. 26, 1866 3i

Hoop Skirts!

JUST RECEIVED, by Steamer ALHAMBRA—

15 Doz. HOOP SKIRTS.

For sale low, if immediately applied for.

WILLIAM DODD,
Nov. 25, 1866. Queen Square.