

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1887.

VOL. 21.—NO. 71.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every morning by
The Examiner Publishing Co

From their office, corner of Water and
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,
Prince Edward Island.

—RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION—

Six months \$2.50
Three months 1.25
One month 50

Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1887.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon 3rd day, 4h., 27.6m., p. m., N.E.
(below horizon.)
Last Quarter 11th day, 7h., 24.0m., p. m., N.
E. (below horizon.)
New Moon 19th day, 1h., 26.1m., a. m., N.
(below horizon.)
First Quarter 25th day, 4h., 8.7m., p. m., S.E.

DAY OF WEEK Sun Mon High Day's
M. (rises) (sets) (rises) (sets) (water) (leaves)

Day	m	h	m	aftr	omorn	h	m
1 Monday	47	7	35	5	43	8	57
2 Tuesday	48	23	6	42	9	43	33
3 Wednesday	49	22	7	21	10	24	33
4 Thursday	51	21	7	54	11	1	30
5 Friday	52	19	8	21	11	35	27
6 Saturday	53	18	8	61	12	25	25
7 Sunday	54	16	9	15	0	41	22
8 Monday	55	14	9	40	1	14	19
9 Tuesday	57	13	10	4	1	49	17
10 Wednesday	58	12	10	29	2	28	14
11 Thursday	59	10	10	59	3	14	11
12 Friday	5	0	11	33	4	14	9
13 Saturday	3	8	morn	5	27	6	3
14 Sunday	3	6	0	12	6	46	3
15 Monday	4	4	0	59	7	54	0
16 Tuesday	5	2	1	54	8	51	57
17 Wednesday	7	1	1	58	9	41	54
18 Thursday	8	0	4	9	10	25	52
19 Friday	9	6	58	5	21	11	49
20 Saturday	10	56	6	41	11	48	46
21 Sunday	12	54	7	5	morn	4	42
22 Monday	13	52	9	15	0	28	39
23 Tuesday	14	50	10	30	1	34	36
24 Wednesday	16	49	11	42	1	33	33
25 Thursday	17	47	12	52	2	45	30
26 Friday	18	45	1	58	3	53	27
27 Saturday	19	43	2	53	3	5	24
28 Sunday	20	41	3	53	6	33	21
29 Monday	22	0	4	42	7	32	18
30 Tuesday	23	38	5	31	8	42	15
31 Wednesday	15	246	36	5	55	9	24

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RECEIVERS OF

Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS,
Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &
Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,
BOSTON, MASS.

May 18, 1887

Boston Direct,

—BY THE—

Boston, Halifax and Prince Edward
Island Steamship Line.

The Only Direct Line Without Change.

Charlottetown to Boston

THE staunch and commodious steamships Car-
roll and Worcester have been thoroughly
re-fitted and put into first-class condition in
every particular.

During the season of 1887, one of these vessels
will leave Fernald Street Wharf, Charlottetown,
for Boston, at six o'clock, p. m., on THURSDAY
of each week, and
Boston for Charlottetown every SATURDAY
at noon.

Excellent Passenger Accommodation! Low
Rates.

FARES:—Cabin, \$7.50; Steerage, \$5.00.

Lowest Rates for freight, which is always care-
fully handled.

CARROLL BROTHERS,
Agents, Charlottetown.

HARRISON LORING, Managing Owner,
Lewis Wharf, Boston.

July 21, 1887.

—FOR—

B-O-S-T-O-N

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Fastport and Port-
land, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at
8.00 a. m.

Also leave St. John at 7.30 every Saturday
night for

BOSTON DIRECT.

Pass from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd
class, \$5.00, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to
G. A. SHARP, P. E. I. STEAM NAV. CO.

P. E. I. STEAM NAV. CO.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

Apr 18, 1887—cod wky

PREPARE FOR HOT WEATHER

—AND BUY FROM—

Perkins & Sterns

New American Muslins,
New French Muslins,

New Print'ed Batists,
New Printed Cottons.

A BIG DISPLAY OF LACES.

Book Muslin, Victoria Lawn, Bishop's Lawn, Check
Muslins.

Embroideries, in Allovers, Flouncings, Edgings, Inser-
tions, &c.

A Big Stock of Gloves and Hosiery.

Linen Collars and Cuffs, separate or in sets.

Corsets, direct from the makers and at the lowest
price.

If you want a Seaside Dress just see our stock of
Flannels—Cheapest and Best Goods for the purpose to be
found.

Perkins & Sterns

June 7—dy & wky

Know all Men by these Presents that

THE STAR

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

Is the right place to get your Clothes made.

Because we give Good Value and a Fit that beats the world.

Our Establishment is new but our Cutters are the oldest at their
business in the Province.

We can give a style and finish to our garments that others cannot
attain to.

WE BLOW

Because we know we are right and care not what our competitors say.

We are bound to knock them out in Fit, Style, Finish, Price, &c.

Come and see us, even if you don't buy. We want to show you
our Fine Stock of Tweeds, Worsteds, &c.

McLEOD & McKENZIE,

Queen Street, opposite Watson's Drug Store.

JAMES McLEOD, late of C. Robertson & Co.

J. T. McKENZIE, formerly Bruce & McKenzie, late of New York.

Charlottetown, July 5, 1887—cod & wky

SUMMER BEVERAGES, & C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Montserrat Lime Juice, in pint and quart bottles. This
Lime Juice is imported from the Island of Montserrat, and is
guaranteed to be the best and purest in the world.

West India Lime Juice, in bottles and on draught. We
import this in casks and bottle it ourselves, and it has given
first-class satisfaction.

Lemon and Raspberry Syrups.—As we import these
from one of the best houses in the Dominion, we guarantee them
to be equal, if not superior, to any other Syrups in the market.

Fresh Fruit.—We are receiving Oranges, Lemons and
Apples, every Boston steamer, and will have Pears, Grapes,
Strawberries, Watermelons, &c., in their season.

Confectionery.—Having a very large stock of good, whole-
some Confectionery, we are prepared to give extra value in
this line.

Tea Committees will find it to their advantage to give us a
call before buying elsewhere.

BEER & GOFF,

QUEEN SQUARE AND KING SQUARE STORES.

Ch'town, July 9, 1887—cod wky

**ADAMSON'S
BOTANIC
COUGH
BALSAM**

SAFE,
SURE,
PROMPT.

25 Cts.

A WONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.
It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and
Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been
speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after
all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either
recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can
resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining
speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Bottled at St. Stevins, N. Y., by the proprietors,
F. W. KINSMAN & CO., Druggists,
343 4TH AVE., N. Y.

SATISFACTION EVERY TIME.

**WOODRILL'S
& ERMAN
BARKING POWDER**

—RETAILS AT—

32 CENTS PER POUND.

2 CENTS PER OUNCE.

2½ Oz., 5 Oz., 10 Oz. PACKETS.

July 29, 1887—imo cod

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will have, between the present
time and first week of October, about forty
young Pigs for sale, of a good breed and easily
fed.

BENJ. E. WRIGHT.

Ch'town, Aug. 13, 1887.—21 law wky 21

NASAL BALM
SOOTHING,
CLEANSING,
HEALING.
It Cures
CATARRH
Gold in the Head,
HAY FEVER.
STOPS
Droppings from
Nasal passages in-
to the throat and
excessive expectoration caused by Catarrh. Sent
pre-paid on receipt of price, 50c. and \$1. Address
FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

"Cleanliness Next to Godliness"

Cleanse Your Beds and Guard Against
Sickness.

NOW is the time to get your Feather Beds and
Pillows renovated by Dufor's Patent Feather
Renovator, which will remain in Charlottetown
a few weeks for the purpose of Cleaning Feather
Beds and Pillows, and making them Soft, Clean
and Healthy.

Thousands of our Canadian Housekeepers can
testify to the beautiful work done by this splen-
did invention.

Medical men and scientists acknowledge its
excellence.

Satisfaction guaranteed—Charges moderate.
Remember the place—Terlizzick's Corner,
Queen Street.

July 27, 1887—1 mo cod to th sat

**PURE GOLD GOODS
ARE THE BEST MADE**

ASK FOR THEM IN CANS
BOTTLES OR PACKAGES

**THE LEADING LINES ARE
BAKING POWDER
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
SHOE BLACKING**

**STOVE POLISH
COFFEE
SPICES
BORAX**

**CURRY POWDER
CELERY SALT
MUSTARD
POWDERED HERBS &c.**

ALL GOODS
GUARANTEED GENUINE
PURE GOLD MANUFACTORY
31 FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO.

WANTED.

A LIVE CANVASER FOR our
and Land, just now ready, with 300 illustrations
of the wonders of the deep and jungle. Four
beautiful Chromo Plates, over 800 pages; print
and paper excellent; low priced. Nothing like it
in the world.

W. E. EARLE,
St. John's, N. B., Manager for
J. S. ROBERTSON & BROS.,
Publishers.

July 25, 1887.

Judging Horses at Fairs.

(From Wallace's Monthly.)

Judging at random by "the rule of
thumb" has had its day, and while it may
do for a time in backwoods places, progres-
sive, thinking horsemen will be satisfied
with awards for which some reason can be
given. To merely look at horses, look
wise, and pin on a ribbon is a time-honored
custom which nobody seriously regards as
better than a farce. The prize is awarded,
and for the life of them the judges cannot
give intelligent, specific reasons for what
they do. It is strange that horse breeders
have so long subjected themselves to a
manner of judgment which advanced breed-
ers of cattle, or dogs, or hogs would not
tolerate for a moment. And if cows, hogs,
or hogs, dogs, and poultry are judged
scientifically, is it not a positive reproach
to breeders of horses to get in the old ruts.
The scale as here presented, may not be
perfect, but it is the result of much patient
thought and practical experience. Practical
application showed where the original draft
was defective, and showed where amend-
ment was required. Though we think that
it is now well adjusted, further experience
may indicate further desirable changes, and
as soon as indicated they will be adopted.
We invite criticism of the scale of points,
and we will always be pleased to have
reasonable suggestions, because we want it
right. We think that any intelligent horse-
man who will carefully and thoughtfully read
and digest this scale will come to the
conclusion that it is pretty nearly right now.

Of course it will be applied at many fairs
this autumn, and we are anxious to assist
progressive associations that desire to
award their prizes on an intelligent system.
To that end we will have printed, and will
furnish gratis, blank "score cards" for the
use of judges. We cannot too forcibly en-
deavor to impress upon managers of fairs
the necessity of securing competent judges.
To apply the system in a fully satisfactory
manner requires indeed the services of ex-
perts, who know individual excellence, and
who know the history and performances of
the trotting horse. Any fairly good practi-
cal horseman can apply the first part,
covering points of structure and conforma-
tion, satisfactorily and well, but the second
part, covering matters of history, of per-
formance, of inheritance—in short, of breed-
ing—can only be intelligently and satisfac-
torily applied by thoroughly "posted"
men.

Without obligating ourselves, we will say
that if applications are made in time we
will take pleasure in assisting managers of
shows to secure the services of experts com-
petent to apply the scale intelligently and
justly. We need not repeat the well-worn
truth that awards at fairs are most satisfac-
torily distributed when made by men who
are not in any degree swayed by the influ-
ence of currents of local feeling, and who
are therefore above the suspicion of partial-
ity.

We would suggest to managers of fairs,
the wisdom of a plan much in vogue in
vogue in England. This is in having a
Veterinary Surgeon within call who may be
consulted by the judges when they think it
advisable. In judging feet for instance,
the ordinary horseman can judge of their
shape, of the condition of the walls, and of
the frog, etc., but the foot is subject to in-
ternal troubles, which in incipient stages
might not be detected by a non-profession-
al man.

We hope to see all the respectable fairs
conducted under progressive methods.
"May the best horse win." To find out
which is the best horse there is only one
way, and that is to analyze him. All his
points must be considered and valued, and
the aggregate value is the just measure of
each horse in competition. This valuation
calls for a scale determining what the value
of each point in a perfect horse would be.
A man may as well say that by glancing
at the pages he can strike a balance on his
books, or by looking at a cow he can de-
termine her weight as accurately as if
weighed on a scale, as that he can "size up"
a horse in a general way and say just how
he ranks in comparison with a field of other
horses. The thing is an absurdity. Let
the horses be judged systematically, giving
the reason for every step from the first
look to the award of the premium. This
can only be done by a scale, and we don't
care if it is this scale or somebody else's
scale—provided it is a rational one. We
appeal to progressive horse-breeders, and
to journals interested in the advancement
of the breeding interest, to longer tolerate
the old blind way of making awards if
there is a better scale than this by all
means use it, or if any association or in-
dividual formulate a better one, let it be
formulated. It is no matter by what scale,
or what method it is done if the desired
end is reached—namely, that prizes be
awarded by an intelligent system instead of
by guess-work.

Augustine Cove Notes.

Our popular young teacher, John Hood, is
doing excellent work in the school. Although
this is his fourth year here, his patience does
not seem to tire, nor his energy to wane. We
bespeak for him a successful career all through
life.

Such a large number of buggies as is seen in
this settlement, speaks well for the success of
the farmers.

Mr. John Howatt intends to spend the
autumn gunning, and we hope that his
luck in shooting foxes may be as good as it
was a year ago.

Benjamin Webster, Esq., sold his valuable
draft horse "Bill," the other day for the hand-
some sum of \$145.

There are several of our young horses show-
ing great signs of speed, and we would advise
all intending purchasers of trotters, not to pass
by this section of the country.

Every Sunday morning a number of people
in this place may be seen stationed on posts,
fences, etc., endeavoring to catch a glimpse
of a certain couple wending their way to their
potato patch arm in arm.

FORK HANDLE.

Probably the Oldest Man Now
Living.

James James, a negro, and citizen of the
United States, who resides at Santa Rosa,
Mexico, is probably the oldest man on
earth. He was born near Dorchester, S.
C., in 1752, and while an infant was
removed to Medway River, Ga., in the
same year that Franklin brought down
electricity from the thunder clouds. In
1772 there was quite an immigration into
South Carolina, and his master, James
James, (from whom he takes his name),
moved near Charleston, S. C., in company
with a number of his neighbors. On June
4, 1776, when twenty-four years of age, a
large British fleet, under Sir Peter Parker,
arrived off Charleston. The citizens had
erected a palmetto wood fort on Sullivan's
Island, with twenty-six guns, manned by
500 men under Colonel Moultrie, and on
June 28 the British made an attack by
land and water, and were compelled to
withdraw after a ten hours' conflict. It
was during this fight that Sergeant Jasper
distinguished himself by replacing the flag,
which had been shot away upon the bat-
tison, on a new staff. His master, James
James, manned one of the guns in this
fight, and Jim, the subject of this sketch,
and four other slaves were employed around
the fort as general laborers. Jim followed
his master throughout the war, as was with
General Moultrie, at Port Royal, S. C.,
February 3, 1779, when Moultrie defeated
the combined British forces of Provost and
Campbell. His master was surrendered to
General Lincoln at Charleston, S. C., on
February 12, 1780, to the British forces,
and this ends Jim's military career.

He remembers the rejoicing in 1782
throughout the country in consequence of
Washington's election to the Presidency,
he then being forty years of age. In this
year his first master died, aged about sixty
years. Jim then became the property of
"Marse Henry" (Henry James), owning
large estates and about thirty slaves, near
Charleston. On account of having raised
"Marse Henry," Jim was a special favor-
ite with his master and was allowed to do
as he chose. His second master, Henry,
died in 1815, about fifty-five years of age,
and Jim, now sixty-three years of age, be-
came the property of James James, Henry's
second son. In 1832 the railroad from
Charleston to Savannah was completed,
then the longest railroad in the world, and
Jim, with his master, took a trip over the
road, and was shown special favors on ac-
count of his age, now eighty-one. James
James was ten years of age at his father's
death, and when he became of age inherited
large estates, slaves, etc., among whom
were "old Uncle Jim" and his family.
James James lived in South Carolina until
1855, when he moved to Texas with all his
slaves. James desired that his slaves
should be free at his death, and in 1858
moved into Mexico, so that they could be
free before his death. James returned to
the United States and died in Texas, and
in 1865 after there were no longer slaves
in the United States, Uncle Jim's children
and grandchildren returned to the United
States. Five years ago, at the age of 130,
Jim could do light chores, but substi-
tuted mostly by contributions from the citizens;
but for the past two years, not being able
to walk, he remains for the most part in
his little jail, his wants being supplied by
generous neighbors. The rheumatism in
his legs prevents him from walking, but
yet he has sufficient strength in his arms to
drag himself a short distance—fifty yards
or more—and readily took a position on the
outside of his cabin to enable the *Globe-
Democrat* correspondent to make his photo-
graph.—*Laredo, Tex., letter to the St. Louis
Globe-Democrat.*

**People Demand Protection—Pat-
ent Medicines.**

What are they? As a general thing they are
prescriptions having been used with
great success by old and well-read phy-
sicians. Thousands of invalids have been
unexpectedly cured by their use, and they
are the wonder and dread of physicians and
medical colleges in the U. S., so much
so, that physicians graduating at medical
colleges are required to discontinue
proprietary medicines, as through them the
country doctor loses his most profitable
practice. As a manufacturer of proprietary
medicines, Dr. G. G. Green of Woodbury,
N. J., advocates most cordially, in order
to prevent the risk that the sick and afflic-
ted are liable to, almost daily by the use of
patent medicines put out by inexperienced
persons for aggrandizement only, and the
employing of inexperienced and incompe-
tent doctors by which almost every village
and town is cursed; and men claiming to
be doctors who had better be undertakers,
experimenting with their patients and rob-
bing them of their money and health,—for
the good of the afflicted that our govern-
ment protect its people by making laws to
regulate the practice of medicine by better
experienced and more thoroughly educated
physicians, and thereby keep up the honor
and credit of the profession, also form laws
for the recording of receipts of proprietary
medicines, under examination and decision
of experienced chemists and physicians ap-
pointed for that purpose by the Govern-
ment, before they are licensed for general
use. It would most freely place the recipe
of Boschee's German Syrup and Green's
August Flower under such laws, had he the
proper protection, and thereby save the
prejudice of the people, and avoid the com-
petition and imitation of worthless medi-
cines.—*Chicago Mail, Aug. 3, 1887.*

MESSRS. F. W. KINSMAN & Co.—Gents:
I have sold your Adamson's Botanic Cough
Balsam over my counter for nine years, and I
must say that during an experience of twenty-
six years in the retail drug business, I have
never sold anything for coughs, colds, etc.,
that has given such universal satisfaction as
your Adamson's Botanic Balsam. I recom-