

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, JANUARY 31, 1878.

NO. 221.

BLANK BILL - HEADS,
BLANK STATEMENTS,
—AND—
BUSINESS CARDS
Furnished promptly and cheaply, to order, at the
EXAMINER OFFICE,
INGS' BUILDING,
Corner Great George and Water Streets.

CHEAPEST YET!

In Connection with our
Cheap Dry Goods Sale

We will offer our entire Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,
of about \$2,000 worth, at cost to clear, consisting of—

Men's Wellington Boots,
Men's Leather Congress Boots,
Men's Felt Congress Boots,
Men's Larrigans & Overshoes,
Men's Felt and Leather Slippers,
Women's Leather Boots,
(Elastic and Laced),
Women's Felt Boots,
Women's Slippers & Overshoes,
Misses' & Children's Leather Boots.

COME ONE AND ALL AND GET BOOTS CHEAP

J. B. MACDONALD,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.
Jan. 9—ne pat

Notice to the Public.

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.
Donations of money will be received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.
N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.
Dec. 27—tf

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized

OUR NEW STUDIO,
we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make photographs of a style and quality that has never been before attempted in this City. We have an exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the
BEAUTIFUL PHOTO-ENAMEL

the most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equaled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful

Glace Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents, while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Gouache, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for themselves throughout the Lower Province.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

ROSS BROS.,
Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets,
opposite Connolly's Bank.
Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

COAL! COAL!
ROUND & NUT at
W. W. CLARKE'S
Ch'town, Jan. 5—4w 2aw

1878.

THE
Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.

It Contains Twenty-eight Columns, nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

CONSIDER OUR TERMS:

SINGLE COPIES to the 31st December, 1878—thirteen months—\$1.00 in advance.

SIX COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$5.50 in advance.

TEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$9.00 in advance.

FIFTEEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as required, \$13.50 in advance.

TWENTY COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$17.00.

IN DULL TIMES

CHEAPEST AND BEST!

The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

LOCAL NEWS

and is always well filled with

Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

The Daily Examiner

Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, \$2.50
For Three Months, 1.25
For One Month,50

ADDRESS,

W. L. COTTON,

Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.

Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

BOOK & JOB PRINTING!

neatly and expeditiously executed,

AT THE "EXAMINER" OFFICE under the careful supervision of
J. W. MITCHELL.

We are now in a position to execute orders for all kinds of Printing, such as

LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
CIRCULARS,
CARDS,
PAMPHLETS,
DODGERS,
HANDBILLS,
POSTERS,
AND ALL KINDS OF

Bank and Legal Blanks,
&c. &c. &c.

AT MODERATE PRICES.

Office:—Ings' Old Stand,
Corner Great George and Water Streets.

Harvie's Almanac

1878

PRICE 12 CTS.

Wholesale and Retail at

HARVIE'S BOOKSTORE,
QUEEN SQUARE,

and sold by all respectable dealers throughout the Island.
Jan. 3—

HERRING! HERRING!

WE have on hand a choice lot of HER RING—Barrels and Half-Barrels. Also a large quantity of CODFISH, which we will sell cheap.

W. P. COLWILL.

Ch'town, Jan. 21—3in

WE CONTINUE TO SELL

ALL OUR

STAPLE GOODS

—ON THE—

Most Favorable Terms.

IN STORE:

1125 Bbls. Flour,	20 Boxes Axes,
500 " Cornmeal,	100 Boxes 3 in. Nails
500 Hhds Molasses,	100 " 1 1/2 in. "
30 " Sugar,	50 Boxes Horseshoes
50 Bbls W'te Granulated Sugar,	200 Boxes Confectionery (assorted),
20 Bbls Crushed do	800 Reams Paper (all sizes),
400 Chests Tea,	50 Doz. Brooms,
125 half Chests Tea,	50 Doz. Pails,
75 Boxes Tea,	60 Boxes Glass,
60 Coils Manila,	150 Boxes Bartlett's Blue,
500 Sides No. 1 Sole Leather,	100 Gross Bartlett's Shoe Blacking,
200 Sides No. 2 "	150 Jars Cream Tartar
230 Boxes Raisins,	100 Tins Pepper,
100 Kegs B'ng Soda,	100 " Mustard,
30 Bbls W'ng Soda,	40 " Ginger,
75 Boxes Cheese,	40 " M'xd Spices
60 Casks Vinegar,	20 " Allspice,
200 Boxes Soap,	30 Packages Whole Cloves,
50 " Toilet Soap,	30 " Nutmegs,
35 Bags Nuts,	150 Boxes Yeast,
600 Boxes Table Salt	20 Bbls. W'te Beans
50 Bbls. Currants,	150 Casks Kerosene,
25 Boxes Flat Tobacco,	25 Bbls. Onions,
10 Kegs Isl. Twist Tobacco,	50 Boxes Candles,
15 k'gs Acadia Twist Tobacco,	

Carvell Brothers.

Ch'town, Dec. 22—2w 3aw pat ar 2w

THREE STAR BRANDY.

30 CASES Three Star BRANDY,
For Sale by
JAMES BYRNE,
Great George Street.

January 20—5i

Suleiman Pasha a Real Irishman.

Sir,—I beg to communicate what may be interesting to yourself and your readers, that which has reached me through newspapers and letters, signed by most respectable people in Australia and England.

The illustrious General no other than Patrick Sullivan, or, as he is called in Cork, Pat. Sullivan (Suleiman Pasha), is the son of a small farmer, John Sullivan, who lived between Driscoll Paper Mills and Macroom, County Cork, but better known as "Karrica Druid," on the River Lee. He was ejected for non-payment of rent in 1845. The family then went to Bantry, to settle on a piece of ground obtained from the relations of the old man's wife, the M'Swinies and the M'Carthy's of Bantry; to them while the family were connected by marriage.

The Sullivans did not make a good thing of the land at Bantry, and bordering on the famine of 1847, the Bantry little property was sold for a nominal sum, the whole family, consisting of two sons and a daughter, going to Cork city.

JOHN, EVELLEN, ILEEN.

John was equipped by the old man for the colonies in the beginning of 1848, Patrick was intended for the Church in the flowery days of the family, and while in his youth Patrick, the present Turkish Pasha, was intended for the priesthood, but his wild inclinations quite unsuited him for that office. He is said to have been a remarkably smart boy at school, excelling all his fellows, at geography and Latin especially. He is said to write Latin prose and verse with the greatest ease. This is not a wonder, as the Cork and Kerry people, to the surprise of English visitors, can do this easily, even those of very menial origin. The daughter Evelleen, a tall, handsome, young woman, remarkable for her long neck and jet black hair, "Ileen Day," went to America to East Troy, to the Conways, acquaintances of the old man. Patrick, the Turkish Pasha, was attorney's clerk in Cork to Mr. O'Connell. Patrick Sullivan, clerk to Mr. O'Callaghan, belongs to another family, and is not in any way connected with the Pasha. Patrick the Pasha remained for a year and nine months with Mr. O'Connell, during which time his father died, probably broken-hearted at the loss of his property and deserted by his children. Patrick is said not to have forgotten his very pious mother, whom he intensely loved.

When his sister embarked at Cork for East Troy, Canada, he was not apparently moved but when he returned home he was noticed while solacing his mother to burst out in emotional tears for his sister. He left off his favorite game of "Knok," a Cork game, and Racquets, and his aged mother would say to him, "What is the matter, Paddy?" "Nothing, mother, I can't live in Cork." In 1849 he is found in London. He applied at the Tablet office for employment to Mr. Heather or Mr. Heathcote, the manager of the paper at the time. He was not employed at Solomon the Jews at the Minorities. He has been employed in the Borough side of London by Ingram and Ruston, the office of which did not suit his tastes. He was known to send home remittances to his mother every two and three months from London, and to have written articles and done the work of copyist for several daily papers and periodicals. "Union Bank, Ireland, have paid their remittances."

He embarked for Constantinople in the ship *Shaw*, under Captain D'Vere, a Belgian, but a naturalized Turk, who had friends in Constantinople and Scutari, he paid a second-class passage, was generally useful on board of ship, made great fun with the few words of Persian he knew and the smattering of French. Immediately after landing he enlisted at Constantinople. He applied and was several times refused by his commanding officer to be permitted to enter in the Military College. Without means to defray expenses, whether the friends of D'Vere stood to him or not is not clear, but he got money somehow, and entered the College as a military cadet. In his application to his commanding officer he said I will make myself generally useful and instruct those who want to learn English and Latin as far as I know if you will kindly recommend my entrance. He was commissioned in 1854. He has sent money to his mother through the Union Bank up to 1857. He came out of college with distinguished honor, and is mentioned in the college by "zaras" as a very promising Turk. Up to then he was a Christian, whatever he may be now. Patrick Sullivan, alias Suleiman Pasha, is known to be a man about 5 feet 9 inches, jet black hair, large grey eyes, broad shouldered, heavy eyebrows and eyelashes, with a piercing fierce look.

The Pasha had relations in Newmarket or Greenfield, near Kanturk, County Cork, and he is believed to have attended the National School there under Mr. Crook during the Rev. F. Regan and Dr. O'Regan's time. He was an excellent reader and geographer while a very young little fellow. He got praise for his derivations from Latin and Greek roots to English while at Kanturk N. School.

This is no idle talk, but from reliable proof for which I beg to enclose my card.

VERITAS.

—Lahore Civil and Military Gazette.

Two sable sons of Ham at Austin, Texas, having quarreled recently, proceeded to fight a duel. They hired hacks, and with their friends and two shot guns rode about two miles from town, where the "duel" was fought according to the rules of the "code." At the word "Fire!" two reports were heard and one negro dropped. When picked up and examined it was found he had not been struck. Upon further investigation the fact was developed that the guns had only been loaded with powder. Both parties expressed themselves as satisfied, shook hands across the bloody "sarcasm," and returned to town to boast of their courage.

George Lambert, of London, Ont., had some words with his wife, and expressed his determination to end his life. He procured some sugar of lead, but was prevented from taking it. He then secured a razor and attempted to cut his throat. He was also frustrated in his second attempt. A constable was then secured, and the would-be suicide placed in custody.

Drunkness.

An old, but by no means, ill-grounded reproach as to the comparative drunkenness of England and Scotland may be said to have received a fresh illustration from the festivities of the Christmas just passed. The southern and the richer division of Great Britain has certainly nothing to boast of in the way of sobriety; but for good, steady, resolute tipping—for deliberate premeditation, and thorough inebriation—the realm "ayont the Tweed" must still be allowed to carry off the palm from all competitors. Take, for example, a little item of intelligence transmitted from Dundee. The Police Commissioners of that thriving borough have, on the application of the Superintendent, ordered the immediate construction of five doubled-spring wheelbarrows, one for each station, to convey drunk and incapable persons to the police office during the approaching holidays. Much thought is indicated by this provident arrangement, and also a keen perception of the prophecies. The drunk and incapable on New Year's Day in Dundee are not stray eccentricities who take a drop too much and steal home as silently and steadily as they may, but are really almost as numerous as the wounded in a general engagement; they succumb in ranks and platoons and need a special ambulance corps to trundle them off to the rear. It is a judicious arrangement for the police, who cannot collar, or "run in" so many applicants for their care, and it is a most appropriate distinction for the inebriates themselves. It may be possible to dispute the fact of a man who is able to walk at all being "incapable," but there is no room left for question when he has to be wheeled by hand like a sack of potatoes. The "car-borne," or rather barrow-borne, toper will become a marked man, and the magistrate, in hearing the charge, may dispense with a good deal of evidence hitherto deemed needful. No such improvements, we are glad to think, are wanted yet in London. The charges heard at the various police-courts on Wednesday seem to have been even less numerous and aggravated than usual, and the worst of the drunkenness had reached the most stage. A few intoxicated working-men made fools of themselves by picking quarrels with associates in public-houses, and several drivers, chiefly cabmen, were charged with being unfit for duty and careering along the streets in a way to endanger human life; but there were no very heinous assaults, and the sobered drunkards seemed rather ashamed of themselves. In Scotland the drunkard seems to feel no shame; he has "just a wee drop in his e'e," and fancies himself another Tam O'Shanter, "o'er all the ill's o' life victorious," and deserving to be enshrined in immortal verse. Perhaps the degradation of the wheelbarrow may do away with some of these notions, by making the set look ridiculous as well as brutish. Mr. Pickwick in the village pound sound asleep, after too much punch, made capital sport for the small boys; but that estimable gentleman would not have looked half so grotesque if he had not been sitting in a wheelbarrow. So there is much to be said for the Dundee notion. There are places, like Liverpool, where the magistrates are at their wits' end for means to check excesses and shame the drunkards into a gleam of better morals. Let them try the wheelbarrow.

An exciting incident happened in a recent review of Austrian cavalry by the Emperor and Empress. About 30,000 cavalry were in line and charging down in a mad gallop to salute the sovereigns, when a little four-year-old child, escaping from her mother, ran directly in front of the rushing horses. The Emperor screamed, and everybody expected to witness the instant death of the child, when a trooper in the front rank bent forward from his saddle, seized the child without slackening speed, and placed her at his saddle-bow. The crowd cheered the gallant deed lustily, and the Emperor, taking from his neck the cross of the order of Marie Theresie, hung it upon that of the soldier.

EXTRAORDINARY SPEECH BY A GERMAN CONSUL.—The New York Times' Philadelphia special says that at the recent annual dinner of the German Society, the Consul of the German Empire, Charles Meyer, in a speech, ridiculed and derided the Government of the United States, and said the only perfect government was the German. The imperialists toasted the health and success of the German Emperor, and confusion to the United States. Some members left in a body, and agreed the State Department should be notified of the scandalous proceedings.

The Marquis of Bute has in his grounds at Rothesay Castle, Scotland, a curiosity in the shape of a beaver park, where he has imprisoned a number of these animals within a high wall, and succeeded in breeding them. The wall incloses a solitary pine wood through which runs a brook; and upon this the beavers have constructed their peculiar houses and dams. There are now twelve of these interesting animals in the colony, but it is extremely difficult to catch sight of them owing to their great shyness.

Miss Augusta Chambers, a charming young actress who recently went out as leading lady in a Deadwood (Black Hills) theatre, has received during the two months she has been there, 279 offers of marriage, 10 of these proposals coming in a single day.

The works for the defence of Aden, recommended to be carried out by a recent committee of inquiry, are to be commenced forthwith, the Indian authorities having omitted the necessity which exists for the outlay of money required to be made from Indian funds.

Cyrus Washburn, Raynham, Mass., has a grade cow, half Jersey, whose milk the last four days of November produced 11 lbs. 4 oz. butter each day. The cow gave about ten quarts of rich milk daily.

Elijah Allen who was bitten by dog at Sheandoah, Pa., on December 6th, died on Saturday night after suffering terribly. In his last gasp for breath a noise like the bark of a dog was heard.

A man's first wonder when he begins to preach is that people do not come to hear him. After awhile, if he is good for anything, he begins to wonder that they do.

The Boston Gas Light Company will use this year about 10,000 tons of Newcastle coal.