The Daily Examiner.

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ALMANAC FOR AUCUST, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Third Quarter 6th day, 2h. 0m., a. m., S. E.
New Moon 13th day, 4h. 58m, p. m., W.
First Quarter, 21st day, 8h. 42m. p. m., S.W.
Full Moon, 28th day, 5h. 5m., p. m., E.

D M	DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Days len'h.
		h m	h m	aft'n	morn	
1	Tuesday	4 47	7 25	8 14	11 52	
2	Wednesday	49	23	8 44	aft 32	
3	Thursday	50	22	9 14	1 13	
4	Friday	51	21	9 47	1 58	
5	Saturday	52	19	10 24	2 48	
6	Sunday	53	18	11 6	3 54	14 25
7	Monday	55	16	11 54	5 16	
8	Tuesday	56	15	morn	6 37	
9	Wednesday	57	13	0 49	7 49	
10	Thursday	58	12	1 47	8 42	
11	Friday	59	10	2 48	9 25	
12	Saturday	5 1	9	3 49	10 4	
13	Sunday	2	7	4 52	10 37	14 07
14	Monday	3	6	5 53	11 8	
15	Tuesday	4	4	6 54	11 39	
16	Wednesday	6	2	7 56	morn	
17	Thursday	7	1	8 54	0 10	
18	Friday	8	6 59	9 54	0 41	
19	Saturday	9	57	10 55	1 4	
20	Sunday	11	56	11 56	1 51	13 47
21	Monday	12	54	aft 56	2 35	
22	Tuesday	13	52	1 55	3 30	
23	Wednesday	14	40	2 50	4 42	
24	Thursday	15	48	3 40	6 11	
25	Friday	17	46	4 24	7 30	
26	Saturday	18	45	5 4	8 34	
27	Sunday	19	43	5 39	9 25	12 26
28	Monday	21	41	6 11	10 11	
29	Tuesday	22	40	6 41	10 53	
30	Wednesday	23	37	7 13	11 33	
31	Thursday	5 24	5 24	7 46	aft 13	

EDWARD T. RUSSELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
284 STATE STREET
BOSTON, MASS.
May 19, 1882—6m

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
Particular attention given to the sale of Island produce.
121 Atlantic Avenue & 20 Essex Avenue,
BOSTON, MASS.
May 27, 1882—wkly

Bank of Nova Scotia.
ESTABLISHED 1832,
Paid Up Capital . . $1.000,000
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on Monday next, 19th inst., in the building lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward Island, under the management of the undersigned.
Deposits will be received on interest, and on current account.
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and correspondents of the Bank.
Sterling and other Exchange bought and sold, and general banking business transacted.
D. C. CHALMERS,
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—tf Agent.

INSURANCE OFFICE.
Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
City of London Fire Insurance Company.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
Insurance effected on all kinds of property at current rates. Losses settled promptly and equitably.
F. KENNEDY,
General Agent.
Office—South Side, Queen Square.
Ch'town, Feb. 3 1882.

Tickets to all Points
WEST AND NORTH WEST,
Over the Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Railways.
For sale at Post Office at Pictou Landing by
D. A. McLEOD.
May 2, 1882.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
COAL DEPOT.
ALWAYS ON HAND, PICTOU ROUND and NUT COAL, which will be sold as cheap as any in the city.
Terms cash.
CAPT. J. HUGHES.
Ch'town, June 7, 82—3m 2aw pat pres

BRITISH WAREHOUSE,
QUEEN SQUARE.
IN the month of May W. & A. BROWN & CO. opened about
148 CASES DRY GOODS,
from which they are still supplying largely to the WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE at very close prices.
Every Department of their Establishment is Kept Replenished
BY WEEKLY STEAMERS.
100 Chests of Superior Congou Tea.
IN STOCK AT VERY LOW PRICES.
6072 GRAIN BAGS Daily Expected.
Charlottetown, July 26, 1882.

"CITY STEAM BAKERY."
THE proprietor of this Establishment, owing to the increased demand for his Goods, has added new facilities to his Bakery, consisting of the latest and most improved machinery, etc., and is now prepared to supply the trade with
Hard Bread, Plain and Fancy Biscuits, &c.,
AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
1000 lbs. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
To arrive per Steamship "Miramichi," from Montreal.
☞ Orders by mail promptly executed.
J. QUIRK,
Prince Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island
May 4, 1882.

Beautiful Summer Resort.
THE SEASIDE HOTEL,
(UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE),
Rustico Beach, - - P. E. Island.
THIS beautifully-situated and well-known establishment will be opened from July 1st till September 10th, for the accommodation of Guests and Visitors.
RATES—$1.75 per day; $10 per week; $32 per month.
TO REACH THE HOTEL—Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a m. Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to meet trains from all points at Hunter River, for passengers to Seaside, seven miles.
Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6.45, 9.20, a. m., and 4.20 p. m.
" " Hunter River for Charlottetown, 9 a. m., 2.11 and 7 p. m.
" " Hunter River to Summerside 7.45, 11.10 a. m., and 5.42 p. m.
Addr ess,
JOHN NEWSON & CO.,
June 24, 12 CHARLOTTETOWN

D. A. BRUCE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that can be had in the market, in
Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian Tweed Suits.
A magnificent range of
GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
—IN—
AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS
Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.
Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises,
fashionably cut, well sewed, and having good trimmings,
Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.
We invite you to inspect our Goods.
D. A. BRUCE,
Charlottetown, May 22, '82. 72 Queen Street.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

ENCOURAGE
Home Manufactures.
THE Subscriber has on hand and is always manufacturing
SINGLE, DOUBLE and BOW BACK CHAIRS,
ARM and NURSE ROCKERS,
CHILDRENS' and MISSES' CHAIRS, in Great Variety,
All made of Hardwood and the best material. Warranted Cheapest and Best in the City.
WANTED—A smart, steady Boy, to learn the trade.
THOS. GREEN,
Great George Street,
Second door from W. E. Dawson's Hardware Store, Charlottetown.
aug2

W. C. BISHOP,
SHIPPING
—AND—
FORWARDING AGENT,
Marine Insurance Broker,
—AND—
General Commission Agent,
BEDFORD ROW.
P. O. BOX 1 . . HALIFAX, N. S.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks thereon.
Hulls, Cargoes, and Freights insured in first-class offices at most favorable rates.
Consignments of Produce solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed.
Correspondence solicited and answered promptly.
Nov. 14, 1881—1yr

$500 Reward!
WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, containing 30 Pills, 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Maker," Chicago and Toronto. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp. Sold by FRASER & REDDIN, and all Druggists.
aug14—dy & wky ly.

A CURE GUARANTEED.
Magnetic Medicine!
Brain and

Nerve Food
For Old and Young, Male and Female.
Positively cures *Nervousness in ALL its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats Supernatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Barrenness, Seminal Weakness, and General Loss of Power.* It repairs *Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative Organs in either sex.* ☞ With each order for TWELVE packages, accompanied with five dollars, we will send our Written Guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is the **Cheapest and Best** Medicine in the Market. ☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.
Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at 50 cts. per box, or 6 boxes for $2.50, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by addressing
MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada
Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries' Hall Co., Agents for Prince Edward Island, and by all Druggists everywhere. [au 18 wkly

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—The letter of Dr. Jenkins, in your issue of August 21st, is a most remarkable production. The position of Dr. Jenkins certainly entitles him to consideration. He says the recount was undertaken in the interests of the Liberal Conservative party as the first step towards voiding the whole election. Now, Dr. Jenkins ought to know that the Court to which he applied for a recount had no power to do anything towards voiding the whole election. He ought to know very well that all the County Judge can do is to recount the votes, and in doing this to accept such votes as, in his judgment, have on the face of them the proper legal qualification. He has no power to listen to any extraneous evidence. His duty is simply to return as elected the two condidates who, in his judgment, have the majority of legally marked votes.

Now, Dr. Jenkins, when he demanded the recount, knew all this. He also knew what number of votes were doubtful, and what was the nature of the doubt. He knew that Mr. Brecken's election alone could be prejudiced by the doubtful character of the votes. He knew it was impossible to affect the election of Mr. Davies. Dr. Jenkins demanded the recount with the deliberate intention to set aside the popular verdict by ousting Mr. Brecken, his own colleague, and appropriating his seat.

Dr. Jenkins proposes to hold a convention in order to ascertain the wishes of the party, and if found conducive to the interests af the party (a very elastic proviso), he says he would resign his seat to Mr. Brecken. Now, it is certain that no convention could be assembled which would represent the wishes of the majority of the party, nor could any convention give him the power to hand over his seat to Mr. Brecken. Dr. Jenkins being member-elect, can hand over his seat to no one. The Supreme Court alone can invalidate the election of Dr. Jenkins and give the seat to Mr. Brecken. Neither a convention nor Dr. Jenkins can do this. The people have declared that Mr. Brecken shall represent them. Dr. Jenkins has taken advantage of a miserable technical error, and has appropriated the seat. No man of honor would do such a thing to the prejudice of his own colleague. Such a course is unprecedented. Mr. Brecken must carry this matter through. He cannot, he dare not, back down. His public career has been a proud one. The people have long honored him with the favor. He has been the idol and the pet of the party, and the people now look to him to vindicate their honor and to punish the man who, professing to be his bosom friend, intrigued against him during the canvass, and now is treacherous enough to attempt to rob him of his rights and to thwart the popular will.

Mr. Brecken's duty is simply to appeal to the proper Court for a decision whether the technical errors on some ballot papers are sufficient to invalidate the popular wish. Dr. Jenkins need not be alarmed about the trouble of another election. It is the opinion of our best men that the Court will decide to accept the refused ballots, and in this case he will be asked to step down and out, and leave the seat to Mr. Brecken. This will be a very simple proceedure. Even if there should be a new election for the seat vacated by the rejection of Dr. Jenkins, it is certain that the Liberal Party will not bring out a candidate. They know their interests too well for that. Dr. Jenkins writes about "The interests of Party." "The dishonorable position." "My sense of right and feelings of independence." He never understood such feelings as these. He cares for nothing but his own interests. Even if he ever experienced any sense of right and independence, he would sacrifice them as a member for a seat in the House of Commons. All these pretensions are put forward as a cloak for his intrigues. His motives are thoroughly understood. Mr. Brecken's course has been manly and dignified. We who are strong partizans, are proud of him and believe he will do what is right. Let him pursue his present course, and no doubt the result will be satisfactory to himself and all his friends.

Yours, etc,
VOTER.

Silence is Golden.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—The editor of the *Patriot* seems to have forgotten the above axiom, when he goes out of his way to point out a quarrel in which he has no concern. He may have private and *secret* reasons for taking the part he has in this matter, but he had better bear in mind that secrets are not always well kept.

Yours, &c.,
VERBUM SAP.

How the Zulu King Dresses in England.

The attire to be worn by Cetewayo on special occasions is the undress uniform of a General—a dark blue frock coat, braided and frogged scarlet, heavily fringed with gold and looped with a button, and a peaked cap with gold braid and top button. The trousers are a similar material to the coat. The quantity of cloth required may be imagined when it is stated that the ex-King measures sixty inches round the hips and forty-six inches round the waist. It may also be said, in order to satisfy the curious ones, that Cetewayo's new boots are twelve inches in length, four inches across the sole, three inches across the heel, and eleven and a half inches across the instep. Outfits were enclosed in an iron box on board, bearing the words, "Ex King Cetewayo, passenger to England."

The New York Press and the Egyptian Troubles.

It is remarkable that the only New York newspaper which uniformly takes the side of Great Britain on the Egyptian question is the "Mail and Express," the sprightly evening paper belonging to Cyrus W. Field, and edited by Major Bundy. The other journals having proved long ago to demonstration that England dare not, would not, could not, should not, go to war, are disgusted at the vigorous turn events have taken, and at Mr. Gladstone's new departure. The "World" and "Times" are particularly furious. The "World's" London correspondent, Jennings, has displayed consummate ignorance of the whole matter. In a letter, dated July 7th, he stated that *he knew* England would not fire a shot. This precious production duly arrived, and was printed four days after the bombardment of Alexandria. Mr. Smalley, of the "Tribune," has shown just about the same amount of apprehension of the Eastern question as his brother of the "World." Every letter they send exemplifies the folly of newspaper correspondents depending for their information on the gossip of the American Exchange in London and the second hand chit-chat of the clubs, then insinuating that they are hand in glove with Cabinet Ministers and Ambassadors.

Turning Night Into Day.

It is probable that before many more years have elapsed an entirely new and more literal meaning will be given to the phrase "turning night into day." Geologists tell us that the coal beds of the world are the stored up sunshine of past ages, and if we could only retain the superfluous sunshine of the day to be used as light at night we would have a more immediate use for the sun's rays in lighting up our nights, than in providing us with fuel. Certain guard-posts about the walks of the Michigan Agricultural College have been coated with luminous paint, whose sulphide of calcium absorbs light by day to radiate it at night, with a purplish phosphorescent glow which becomes more visible as the darkness deepens. The same material is used for illuminating clock faces, harbour buoys, etc., and is much employed on English railways. There is no dearth of practical applications. Suffering humanity has often experienced difficulty in finding its boots at the midnight hour for the purpose of quelling the unsolicited serenade of vagrant felines, but by the application of this luminous paint to the uppers, all will be easy in the future. The paint is as yet too dear to bring it into common use.

Oleomargarine.

A Bill was introduced into the American House of Representatives to place a tax on oleomargarine. However, the proposal (says the *Prairie Farmer*) to impose a national tax on bogus dairy products has met with strenuous opposition. Notwithstanding this, the Committee of Ways and Means consented to report a substitute for the Bill, which, if passed, will do something to mitigate the evils of which dairymen make so just complaint. This substitute provides that the manufacturers of the substitutes for butter and cheese, or the substances used for adulterating these articles shall pay a tax of 15 dols. as manufacturers, and a dealer's tax of 2 dols. 40 c., and that each package or parcel of their compounds shall be stamped with a one cent revenue stamp before removal from the place of manufacture. Selling or offering to sell an unstamped package or parcel subjects the offender to liability to the proper tax and 100 dols. per cent. in addition, and a fine of 1,000 dols. for each offence.

Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is very active in England. To have secured over 4,000 convictions for cruelty in the course of the past year is to show that the society is exceedingly well served by its officers, and that it is doing much practical good in the way of bringing home effectively to a large number the essential brutality of their conduct. Moreover, it is clear that the society is a very much needed institution. Convictions, it appears, have been obtained in no fewer than 355 separate courts—a circumstance which points to the widespread character of the evil with which the society is combatting.

United States Navy.

In the United States navy there are forty-six rear admirals drawing $202,125 a year among them, and eleven captains drawing $22,700. The Fenian army, they say, consisted of a couple of generals to every private; but the navy of the Republic surpasses that organization in the proportionate multiplicity of its officers, for it can boast of exactly four and a quarter rear admirals to every captain. This remarkable state of things is produced by the strange process of promotion which exists across the border. Under it an officer of a lower rank who retires is promoted to the higher ranks, notwithstanding that he never again performed duty.

A Hudson River Tunnel Accident.

The bulkhead plates at the Hudson river tunnel gave way at the New York end last Wednesday. The water rushed in and filled up the heading. Sixteen workmen barely escaped through the air lock. A minute's less warning, and there would, in all probability, have been a repetition of the accident on the Jersey City side.

Bay Chaleur is being fished to death. It is reported that the salmon supply there is yearly diminishing at a very rapid rate. Mackerel are getting scarce and the gay and festive lobster is drawing in his horns.