

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1891.

VOL. 27.—NO. 40

CALENDAR FOR FEBRUARY, 1891.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter, 2nd day, 12h., 29 9 a. m., W.
New Moon, 8th day, 9h., 59 7 p. m., N.,
below horizon.
First Quarter, 15th day, 2h., 17 0 p. m., S. E.
Full Moon, 23rd day, 3a., 6 9 p. m., E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	ris	sets	rises	water	length
Sunday	7 29 4 59	6 57	3 10	9 30	
Monday	27 5	2 7	4 8	33	
Tuesday	26	3 19	5 24	36	
Wednesday	25	4 20	6 40	39	
Thursday	24	5 41	8 0	41	
Friday	22	6 36	9 1	44	
Saturday	21	7 23	9 54	47	
Sunday	20	8 0	10 42	50	
Monday	18	8 30	11 26	53	
Tuesday	1	12 8 55	morn	56	
Wednesday	15	14 9 18	0	59	
Thursday	13	15 9 49	0 47	10 2	
Friday	12	17 10 4	1 27	5	
Saturday	10	19 10 31	2 12	8	
Sunday	8	20 11 4	3 0	11	
Monday	7	22 11 36	4 6	14	
Tuesday	6	23 11 24	5 24	17	
Wednesday	5	25 10 22	6 34	21	
Thursday	2	26 11 18	7 52	25	
Friday	0	28 2 17	8 44	28	
Saturday	6 58 5 36	3 29	9 38	31	
Sunday	56	3 4 22	10 7	33	
Monday	54	3 5 8	10 40	35	
Tuesday	51	3 6 32	11 12	38	
Wednesday	49	3 7 35	11 43	41	
Thursday	47	3 8 3	12 13	44	
Friday	47	3 9 42	0 43	51	
Saturday	6 45 5 30	10 47	1 15	10 53	

DR. GEO. A. BAYNES,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Specialist in Chronic Disease
CHARLOTTETOWN.

OFFICE—Queen Square, over Apothecaries
Hall. Postal Address, Box 47.
lj3—dy wy

HARRIS & STEWART

Will be obliged for an early settle-
ment of all Accounts rendered
up to the 1st of January, 1891.
jan 9—1 w

A CURE IS CERTAIN
—IN EVERY CASE—

When a Faithful Trial is Given
—TO—

WOODILL'S
Worm Lozenges.

WOOD! WOOD!

OWING to the scarcity of Coal I have
started a Wood Yard, and am prepared
to supply Hardwood at a reasonable price,
cut up to suit stoves, and delivered to all
points in the city.

A. DOWD,
Fowal Wharf.

Settlement to Dec. 31st, 1890.

WE request a settlement of all accounts
due in notes, judgments, etc. before
the end of January. All debtors will please
take notice and save us trouble and them-
selves expense.

NORTON & FENNELL.

jan 14—dw 3w pat dw 3w her sun jour

SHARP'S
TRADE MARK
BALSAM
OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED
FOR
CROUP, COUGH AND
WHOOPIING COLDS.
OVER 40 YEARS IN USE.
PRICE 25¢ PER BOTTLE.
ARMSTRONG & CO PROPRIETORS
St. John, N. B.

WINTER CROSSING!

THE WINTER ROUTE between Cap
Traverse and Cape Tormentine is now
open. Passengers and Luggage at the regu-
lar rates. Passengers will find this route
very much the cheapest. Passengers com-
modated in the very best manner.

CAPT. GEORGE IRVING.

2c26—3m ead wby

Haszard & Moore,
PRINTERS, BOOKBINDERS,

BLANK BOOK MAKERS.

Our Motto: Best Workmanship and Lowest Prices.

STATIONERS! A Complete Stock of PLAIN and FANCY STATION-
ERY, at prices that cannot be beaten.

Headquarters for Books of all kinds.

SCHOOL BOOKS! SCHOOL BOOKS!

Charlottetown, January 6, 1891—w f s

Yes! but
Cleaver's
Transparent
Soap
Is the Best.
Good Evening

BARGAINS!

Chairs, Tables, Lounges, Sofas,
Sideboards, Chessiers, Bookcases,
Picture Framing, etc.

Looking Glasses and Mirrors,
Parlor Sets, very good, cheaper
than ever offered. Chamber Sets!
Chamber Sets!

Everything in Household Furni-
ture. Call and inspect. Cheapest!

JOHN NEWSON,
SOUTH SIDE OF QUEEN SQUARE,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE

Charlottetown, Dec. 26, 1890.

Watches, Jewelry and Spectacles
FOR 1891,

E. W. TAYLOR'S,
CAMERON BLOCK.

Charlottetown, January 3, 1891.

Look Here!

BEFORE ORDERING YOUR FALL SUIT, OVERCOAT
or UL-TER, call and examine our immense stock of
NEW CLOTHS, in

**Tweed and Worsted Suitings, Beavers, Mel-
tons, Naps, Friezes, etc.**

A full line of Latest Designs and Patterns of TROU-
SERINGS. Our stock excels in quality and variety any-
thing we have heretofore shown

We offer you the Largest Assortment of Cloths in the
City to select from. Call and see them.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.,

ROGERS' BUILDING, UPPER QUEEN STREET

Charlottetown, Sept. 20, 1890.

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.

Farmers at Emerald.

THERE was present a large gathering at
Emerald on Thursday evening last, to hear
Professor Shuttleworth deliver his lecture
on "Agriculture." Besides the leading
farmers of the place, we noticed several
from the surrounding districts, who ap-
peared to take a deep interest in the
lecture.

James McDonald, Esq., was called to the
chair, and introduced the lecturer in a few
words.

Professor Shuttleworth came forward
and delivered an excellent discourse on
"The plant in its relations to the atmo-
sphere and the soil." He had an illustra-
tion, or map, which aided him very much
in explaining matters and making them
appear clear and to the point. It is not
necessary for THE EXAMINER to give a
lengthy description of the lecture, for we
have already narrated it as delivered by
the Professor at Vernon River; but we
may just remark here that Professor Shut-
tleworth has a happy and interesting way
of addressing an audience, and is always sure
to make a good impression. Before re-
suming his seat, the Professor invited dis-
cussion on agricultural subjects, and sug-
gested the formation of a Farmers' Institute
at Emerald. He said that the farmers
would certainly derive great benefit from
such an organization.

On being called upon, Mr. J. Heber
Haslam came forward. He highly approved
of the suggestion of the Professor, and
congratulated the farmers of this Province
on having a man so learned and devoted to
their interests as Professor Shuttleworth,
and said that the Local Government was
worthy, at least, of the gratitude of the
farmers for having brought him into their
midst. He also spoke of what a great
benefit the lecture had been to those who
heard it, and closed by asking the several
questions as follows:—

"Can ensilage be grown on this Island?
If so, what kinds are best?"

Professor Shuttleworth said that the soil
of this Province is suitable; the only dan-
ger is, maturity. He gave the experience
of Mr. Miller, of Marshfield, and Mr.
West, of Kensington. Thoroughbred
white flint is, in his opinion, the best
variety of fodder corn to grow here.

"Is this Island adapted for grazing?"

Professor Shuttleworth said it is excel-
lent for quality but deficient in quantity.
"What was the cause of the partial fail-
ure of the oat crop for the last two years,
and is it likely to continue? Whether
caused by disease or over-exhaustion of the
land?"

The Professor said that he thought, in
some cases, it was caused (especially last
year) in great part by the presence of
the insect known as the Aphis, and in others
by overcropping, but on this point he would
not be certain, as he had not sufficient ex-
perience to speak decidedly.

Mr. McMahon said the failure in the oat
crop last year was different to the previous
year. In 1889 we had an abundant crop
of straw, but a small quantity and inferior
quantity of grain. Last year it appeared to
be the straw that was most affected. He
asked the Professor if he recommended top-
dressing poor meadows with mussel mud or
lime. The Professor said, no. Such mead-
ows as those referred to require other
fertilizers.

Mr. Haslam would like to know what
returns there were from the Black Tartarian
oats imported from Scotland last spring?
Mr. Thos. McCabe said that he sowed
80 lbs. on one acre, and had therefrom 33
bushels by measurement; and he also
sowed 34 bushels White Egyptian Oats on
one acre, same kind of land from which he
had 25 bushels by measurement. From
80 lbs. Mr. D. Rogers had 27 bushels by
weight of Black Tartarian oats. Others
reported similar results.

The following motion was then moved
by J. Heber Haslam and seconded by Mr.
Goodwin and unanimously carried: Owing
to the good results obtained from the im-
portation of Black Tartarian Oats from
Scotland last spring by the Local Govern-
ment, and also from the fact that good seed
oats on the Island are scarce and almost
impossible to be had, we are of the opinion
that the Local Government should be asked
to import a much larger quantity of these
oats and have it here by spring in time for
planting, so that every farmer needing it
can get three or four bags, and as a conse-
quence have an opportunity of securing
better seed.

On motion of Owen McCardle it was
Resolved, That a meeting of the farmers be
held in the hall here on Tuesday, the 10th
of February next, for the purpose of organizing
a Farmers' Institute.

The thanks of this meeting were then
conveyed to Professor Shuttleworth for his
interesting and instructive lecture, to which
he made a suitable acknowledgment.

Jamaica International Exhibition.

Shoe Manufacturers, who are desirous of
opening up business relations with South
American countries will find an excellent
opportunity for showing their goods at
the international exhibition which opened
at Kingston, Jamaica, on the 27th
of January. All the arrangements
are made on a liberal scale, which
gives assurance of success. Space is free, and
all goods intended for exhibition will be
admitted duty free. Kingston is an import-
ant point for distributing goods to Central
and South America, as well as the neighbor-
ing islands. Jamaica, with 600,000 inhabit-
ants, is only 90 miles from Cuba and about
the same from Haiti, having direct communi-
cation with the other West Indian Islands and
the centre of their trade.

Dyspepticure—Is not a palliative, but
a cure; it first relieves, then controls, and
finally entirely subdues the irritation and in-
flammation of the stomach that causes indi-
gestion and dyspepsia.

ODDFELLOWS COLUMN.

Lodges in P. E. Island.

CHARLOTTETOWN.
St. Lawrence Lodge, meets Monday.
Willey Lodge, meets Friday.
Port la Joie Encampment, meets second
Wednesday.

SUMMERSIDE.

Prince Edward Lodge, meets Thursday.
ODDFELLOWSHIP AND TEMPERANCE.—No
more important subject demands consider-
ation than that of temperance. The abuse
of alcoholic stimulants has resulted in in-
calculable injury to individuals and to
society. Allowing for all the exaggeration
that fanaticism may make in this matter, no
one pretends to deny that the evils of in-
temperance are sufficient to call for the en-
ergies of all good men only to mitigate if
not to remove them.

On this question Oddfellowship makes no
uncertain sound. Its record goes far be-
yond what might have been expected from
our knowledge of the original customs of the
society. Not only by its laws, but in all
its teachings, Oddfellowship pronounces
against intemperance. In the early lec-
tures of the order, more than fifty years
ago, it declared to every member that the
duties of Oddfellowship enjoined upon its
members "a strict adherence to temperance,
sobriety and chastity"; that it looked upon
drunkenness "as the vilest and most per-
nicious of all vices; the drunkard, deprived
of the sense of reason given him by God,
lowers himself to the condition of brutes;
he contracts ruinous engagements and ne-
glects the management of his affairs, fills
his house with troubles, and concludes by a
premature death, or an old age comfortless
and diseased."

That was the position of Oddfellowship
half a century ago, when the use of stimu-
lants was fashionable and intemperance
considered by too many as only a trifling
offence. From that position it has never
gone back, and to-day its principles and its
practices alike sustain the cause of temper-
ance and sobriety. It has not thought it
necessary to become a total abstinence
society, and to prescribe exactly what
its members shall eat and drink. It real-
izes that temperance applies to more than
mere eating and drinking; that the highest
type of man and of Oddfellows illustrates
temperance in all things. It asks its mem-
bers to come upon the highest platform of
sobriety, whose occupants need no sum-
ptuary laws to regulate their conduct, but
who in all their walk and conversation re-
frain to injure themselves or their associates in life.

And yet, despite all the high teachings
of Oddfellowship, it is a lamentable fact
that we occasionally find members who have
so far lost their self-respect, and so far for-
gotten their obligations, as to become in-
temperate. What is to be done with such
persons? Their associates in the lodge have
a duty to perform which their good nature
or their sympathies should never allow them
to shirk. It is not to promptly push the
intemperate Oddfellow into the ditch and
leave him there. The duty first is
to strive for his reform; to keep him out
of the way of temptation, to encourage
him in resisting his evil appetite, to surround
him with all the influences for good at their
command, to save him, if possible, from the
abyss into which he is sliding. But that is
not all. The obligations of the members im-
pose a duty to the brotherhood as well as to
the offender. Save him, if possible; labor
earnestly and patiently for him; but when
abundant trial shows all labor to be in vain,
then the duty to the order becomes paramount.
The offending member must be cut off. The
good name of the order demands it, and no
unwise sympathy should be allowed to inter-
fere. Let it be distinctly understood that
there is no place in the order for drunkards.

Every member of a lodge is responsible until
he has made every personal effort possible to
purge his lodge from all causes of offence.
Allow the drunkard to remain in membership
and you ruin the lodge. You ruin its char-
acter; for the outside world will be more apt
to judge of you by your worst members than
by your best. You will ruin it financially,
in all probability; for the drunken member
will, as a rule, be in need of more benefits
for himself and more charity for his family
than your funds will be able to satisfy. He
will be the means of keeping good men from
joining, and he will be the cause of the best
members leaving. Your safety as a lodge,
and your reputation as individuals, alike call
for the most decided effort in the war against
drunkenness and in support of all things that
are pure.

Singular Electric Effect.

A peculiar and instructive accident recently
occurred in the city of Lynn, Mass. The
electric lighting station caught fire, and the
wires carrying the current from the powerful
dynamo were burnt off, thus breaking the
circuit and cutting off the current. Relieved
of the work of producing the current, the 700
horse power became unmanageable, and started
off at such a rate of speed that the large
fly wheel was broken into fragments by the
centrifugal force, and flew in all directions,
causing much damage to the building. This
occurrence is an excellent illustration of the
principle of the transformation of energy, as
the power produced by the engine, instead of
being transformed into electrical energy, was,
on account of the breaking of the circuit, sud-
denly changed into the centrifugal force
which caused the wreck of the fly wheel. It
also shows plainly, the Popular Science News
avers, that it really costs something to pro-
duce electricity, and that it is not an unlim-
ited and costless source of power, as many
suppose.

A costume of extraordinary magnificence
was worn by the Queen of Italy at the
opening of Italy's parliament. The dress
was of violet satin, exquisitely embroidered,
over which was thrown a short violet velvet
mantle of a slightly darker shade. The
bonnet was of forget-me-not blue velvet,
covered with gold lace, and adorned with a
plume of pale blue feathers, fastened with
an immense pearl and diamond clasp. The
Queen also wore earrings of pearls and dia-
monds, and such "robes of pearls," in
three rows, as would have enchanted Lo-
thair.

TEN POUNDS
BY
TWO WEEKS
THINK OF IT!
As a Flesh Producer there can be
no question but that

SCOTT'S
EMULSION
Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites
Of Lime and Soda
is without a rival. Many have
gained a pound a day by the use
of it. It cures
CONSUMPTION,
SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS AND
COLDS, AND ALL FORMS OF WASTING DIS-
EASES. AS PALATABLE AS MILK.
Genuine made by Scott & Bown, Dublin, N. S. W.
Wrapper at all Druggists, 50c. and \$1.00.

FRED. de C. DAVIES,
Dispensing Chemist & Druggist,
Great George Street opposite the
R. C. Cathedral.

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Pa-
tent Medicines of all kinds; Horse Pre-
parations, viz., Condition Powders, Lin-
iments, Blisters, etc.
Special attention, at any hour, given to
Physicians' Prescriptions, day or night.
DAVIES' SALVE positively no equal in
the market. Once tried, no other used.
Price 25 cents per box.
Also—The Genuine No. 7 Liniment, 25 cts.
a bottle, and Dr. Eaton's Asthma Remedy,
price 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.
Splendid line of French Perfumes and Toi-
let Preparations; Atkinson's, Colgate's, Gos-
nell's and other celebrated makers' Perfumes;
Pears', Margerison's, Colgate's, Crown Per-
fume Co.'s, Cuticura, Morse's, Herles' and
Albert Soap Co.'s Soaps.
Havana Cigars—the finest line in Char-
lottetown—Oscar Amanda, Entre Nous, New-
ton, Queens, Picador, and other well-known
brands.
Pipes, Tobaccos and Smokers' Requisites
generally.
Jan 20

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY
Excursions to Cape Traverse.

COMMENCING MONDAY, 26th instant,
and continuing until February 17th,
prox., Return Tickets at \$1.00 each will be
issued from Charlottetown to Cape Traverse,
good to return at any time within one week
from date of issue.
J. UNSWORTH,
Superintendent.
Railway Office, Jan. 24, 1891.
tl 31st wpr li guar tl 31st

FOR SALE.
A CABINET ORGAN, Bell's, nearly new,
eleven stops. Would do for a small
Church. Will be sold at a large discount on
price. Also—A Double-Seated Sleigh.
R. K. JOST.
jan 17—sod tf pat

Lobster Packers!
MANILLA, } ROPE AND MARLINE,
SINAL, }
MIXED, }
Supplied Direct from Manufactory or from
Stock—Lowest Prices.
CARVELL BROS.
jan 27—2w 2aw pat

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP
THE partnership between the undersigned,
as Barristers and Attorneys, under the
style of PALMER & McLEOD, having ter-
minated by lapse of time, is dissolved from
this date.
Dated at Charlottetown, the 31st day of
December, A. D., 1890.
MALCOLM McLEOD,
H. J. PALMER,
D. C. McLEOD.
jan 7—all Island prs dy 3w wky 2m

NOTICE.
THE undersigned have entered into partner-
ship as Attorneys and Solicitors, under the
name of
M. & D. C. McLEOD,
and continue the practice of the profession at
the offices of the late firm, Bank of Nova
Scotia Building, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
MALCOLM McLEOD,
D. C. McLEOD.
Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1891.
jan 7—all Island prs dy 3w wky 2m

H. JAMES PALMER,
(of the late Firm of Palmer & McLeod),
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
OFFICE—O'Halloran's Building, next door
to Bank of Nova Scotia. Money to Loan.
Jan 7