

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise a Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1882

VOL 11.—NO. 46.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50

Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR JULY, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon 1st day, 1h. 56m. a. m., N.
(below horizon.)
Third Quarter 7th day, 5h. 38m., p. m., N.
(below horizon.)
New Moon 15th day, 2h. 49m. a. m., S. W.,
First Quarter, 23rd day, 6h. 5a. a. m., N.
(below horizon.)
Full Moon, 30th day, 9h. 49m. a. m., N. W.
(below horizon.)

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Days length
1 Saturday	4 18 7	48 8	4 10	43	15 27
2 Sunday	19 49	8 40	11 26		
3 Monday	19 49	9 14	14 51		
4 Tuesday	20 48	9 44	18 49		
5 Wednesday	21 48	10 19	1 31		
6 Thursday	21 47	10 41	2 28		
7 Friday	22 47	11 11	3 11		
8 Saturday	23 47	11 45	4 20	15 19	
9 Sunday	24 46	12 13	5 41		
10 Monday	24 46	0 23	7 1		
11 Tuesday	25 45	1 6	8 8		
12 Wednesday	26 45	1 57	9 0		
13 Thursday	27 44	2 53	9 45		
14 Friday	28 43	3 54	10 25		
15 Saturday	29 42	4 56	11 2	15 08	
16 Sunday	30 42	5 59	11 35		
17 Monday	31 41	7 1	12 0		
18 Tuesday	32 40	8 3	0 8		
19 Wednesday	33 39	9 3	0 39		
20 Thursday	34 38	10 4	1 11		
21 Friday	35 37	10 46	1 45		
22 Saturday	36 36	11 4	2 25	14 54	
23 Sunday	37 35	1 6	3 10		
24 Monday	38 34	2 8	4 10		
25 Tuesday	39 33	3 10	5 26		
26 Wednesday	40 32	4 9	6 46		
27 Thursday	42 31	5 3	7 55		
28 Friday	43 30	6 52	8 53		
29 Saturday	44 29	8 22	9 44		
30 Sunday	45 28	7 10	10 29		
31 Monday	4 46	26 7	43 11	10	

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

General Commission Merchants

Particular attention given to the sale
of Island produce.

121 Atlantic Avenue & 20 Essex Avenue,
BOSTON, MASS.

May 27, 1882—wkly

Bank of Nova Scotia.

ESTABLISHED 1832.

Paid Up Capital . . . \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building
lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward
Island, under the management of the under-
signed.

Deposits will be received on interest, and
on current account.
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and
correspondents of the Bank.
Selling and other Exchange bought and
sold, and general banking business transacted.
D. C. CHALMERS,
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—tf Agent.

EDWARD T. RUSSELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

213 STATE STREET
BOSTON, MASS.

May 19, 1882—6m

INSURANCE OFFICE.

Queen Insurance Company,

OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

City of London Fire Insurance
Company.

CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Insurance effected on all kinds of property
at current rates. Losses settled promptly
and equitably.

F. KENNEDY,
General Agent.

Office—South Side, Queen Square,
Ch'town, Feb. 3 1882.

PROFESSIONAL CARD.

PALMER & MULLALLY

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICE—O'Halloran's Building, Great
George Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
H. V. PALMER. JAS. W. MULLALLY.
April 10, 1882.

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER
the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper
Published in P. E. Island.

"CITY STEAM BAKERY."

THE proprietor of this Establishment, owing to the increased
demand for his Goods, has added new facilities to his
Bakery, consisting of the latest and most improved machinery,
etc., and is now prepared to supply the trade with

Hard Bread, Plain and Fancy Biscuits, &c.,

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

1000 lbs. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY

To arrive per Steamship "Miramichi," from Montreal.

Orders by mail promptly executed.

J. QUIRK,

Prince Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

GREAT CLOSING UP AT 83 QUEEN STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS in Dress Goods,
Tweeds, Winceys, Silks, Curtains, and all
kinds of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS.
Come early and secure Bargains.

N. B.—Customers will please not ask
credit, as sales are for cash only; hence
bargains. Parties owing accounts will
please call and settle without delay.

D. A. BRUCE, MERCHANT TAILOR,

Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that
can be had in the market, in

Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian
Tweed Suits.

A magnificent range of

GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

—IN—

AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS

Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.

Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises,

fashionably cut, well sewed, and having good trimmings,

Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.

We invite you to inspect our Goods.

D. A. BRUCE,

Charlottetown, May 22, '82.

72 Queen Street.

For Scotch and English Tweeds or Worsted Suits

For Canadian Tweed Suits.

For Overcoats of all Descriptions,

—GO TO—

JOHN MACLEOD & CO'S, UPPER QUEEN STREET,

TWO DOORS ABOVE APOTHECARIES HALL CORNER

There you will find the largest and best assortment of Cloths in the
Island. Prices very moderate. The best workmanship and a perfect fit
guaranteed.

—ALSO—

A complete line of Gents' Furnishings and Felt Hats, cheap, &c. &c.
Remember the address, two doors above Apothecaries Hall Corner
Charlottetown, Oct. 11, 1881.

WAR NOTES.

FULLER PARTICULARS.

"CASE" BELL.

The Khedive of Egypt is in the hands of
an insurrectionary soldiery, led by a chief
whose strength is sufficient to permit of his
refusing to comply with the wishes of his
sovereign, but not to depose him. The
ruler is a helpless captive in the hands of
an army which has already committed out-
rages on foreigners and is pointing its guns
at the British fleet. Britain has claims on
Egyptian taxpayers, but she has more than
that. The Government is part proprietor
of a canal through Egyptian ground, which
forms a highway between her eastern and
western possessions. It is needless that
she should guard the highway in her own
interest and that of the civilized world.
The aspiration of Arabi Bey for an Egyptian
Government, uninflected by the
Frank, cannot be considered sufficient
reason for Britain permitting an insurrec-
tionary Government to be formed incapable
of keeping internal tranquility, and dis-
posed to foreign war. The rule of Khedive
Tewfik has been just, progressive, and
peaceable. Britain will restore it, and
Arabi will be sent to Constantinople in
obedience to the call of his sovereign, the
Sultan, if his own soldiery do not shoot him
in the meantime.

HORRORS OF WAR.

The Daily Telegraph's Alexandria cor-
respondent says: I took an open boat and
went close along the shore. I found all
the batteries destroyed and guns dismantled.
An Arabian informed me that many
hundred persons were killed between
Adjena and Alexandria. An explosion
occurred in the middle of the fort, killing
everybody inside. The lighthouse will
probably soon fall. The Arabs informed
me that the noise of the falling shells was
like thunder, and they declared that hun-
dreds of people were killed in distant streets.
They stated that the obstinacy of the
defence was owing to the batteries being
manned by negro Mohammedans. They
estimated the loss of life among the soldiers
and towns-folk at 2,000. Foreign naval
officers witnessing the combat express the
opinion that with the exception of the
Teneriffe and the gunboats, the English
ships did not distinguish themselves very
greatly as artillerymen, many shells from the
Monarch, Invincible and Suez being
seriously short. Nearly half the missiles
fell in the water. The guns were likewise
served very slowly, giving the Egyptians
time to recover from surprise and regain
courage. The foreign officers think lighter
guns more quickly served would have ended
the action sooner. They give the palm to
Lord Charles Bressford, on the Condor,
who under heavy fire manoeuvred admirably,
inflicting heavy loss.

Arrangements have been made to send
5,000 militia to take the place of troops
ordered from Malta, Gibraltar and Cyprus
to Egypt.

The admiralty has sent instructions to
the senior naval officers at Suez that there
is no objection to ships going through the
canal if clear.

THE EGYPTIANS DEMORALIZED.

Reuter's telegram: The Egyptian army
is greatly demoralized and in full retreat
toward the interior. The European quar-
ter of the town, including the exchange
and telegraph office, is destroyed. The
city was set on fire by released convicts,
who committed horrible atrocities. The
Egyptians used the flag of truce to enable
the troops to withdraw from the town. The
telegraph ship Chiltern is crowded with
survivors, who fought their way to the
beach, from whence boats of the fleet re-
moved them. They report having passed
a dreadful night, defending themselves
desperately. One hundred Europeans and
other Christians in the Ottoman Bank and
adjoining buildings were massacred.

ALEXANDRIA EVACUATED.

In a telegram, Admiral Seymour con-
firms the report of the evacuation of Alex-
andria. The entire garrison has withdrawn
under a flag of truce leaving the Bedouins
to fire and pillage the town. Part of the
fleet is now leaving for Port Said.

The Times says it is understood that in
the event of hostilities in Egypt the Duke
of Connaught will volunteer. It is prob-
able that if a force is sent he will command
one of the four infantry brigades.

The News says the proposal that Turkey
be invited by the Powers to re-establish
the Khedive's authority is practically agreed
upon and a note to that effect will be sent
to the Porte in the course of the week.

It is regarded as probable that Turkey,
while not positively declining the call of
Europe will try to gain time by reopening
negotiations. In such case, England will
give a conference to regard this procedure
as equivalent to refusal and will ask its
approval of some other course.

ALEXANDRIA DESERTED.

A correspondent of the Standard on the
Invincible, telegraphing at 8 a. m., says:
"The whole civil population and troops
have withdrawn. The whole of the Grand
Square is burned." The correspondent ac-
companied an officer to the shore in a steam
pinnace; all is perfectly silent but for the
rattle of flames. It is believed that Arabi
Pacha has concentrated his forces beyond
the city to oppose the British advance.
The work of the ships is now over. Any
further action must be ashore. Fully half
of the town is burning. There will be a
landing in force to investigate the condi-
tion of things and if possible render aid.

A despatch to the Daily News, dated
Alexandria, 8.20 a. m., says: "The
Bedouins are looting by thousands."

A despatch to the Standard, from Alex-
andria, at 9.30 a. m., says: "The Euro-
peans who fought their way down to the
beach numbered a hundred. They report
all other Europeans and Christians, num-

bering some hundreds, have been mas-
sacred."

ARABI PACHA REPORTED TO BE MARCHING ON
CAIRO.

The Chiltern has moved into the harbor.
The fire in the city is steadily increasing.
It is reported that Arabi Pacha is march-
ing on Cairo.

The Khedive is stated to be at Ramleh,
surrounded by Egyptian troops. His posi-
tion is thought to be critical.

ORDERS TO ADMIRAL SEYMOUR.

In the Commons, Campbell Bannerman,
financial secretary of the war office, read
instructions to Admiral Seymour, as fol-
lows:—

"That as opposition of the forts has
ceased, he should not dismantle them or
disable the guns. He should open friendly
communications with the Khedive, and in
the absence of native authorities from Alex-
andria, should land seamen or marines for
police purposes, and should inform the
foreign commanders of these measures. The
Admiral was instructed to invite the
Khedive to assert his authority in restor-
ing order. The landing of a British force
for police purposes is to be in concert with
the Khedive or any native authority in
Alexandria, and any of the European meth-
ods of war were to be invited to co-operate."

Pretexts were made from the Conserva-
tive bench against the feebleness of these
instructions. Sir Stafford Northcote asked
why the Government had not done some-
thing to prevent the terrible events in Alex-
andria. Gladstone replied that the
Government could not have anticipated them.

The Admiralty received a telegram dated
Alexandria, 8.15 this evening, announcing
that the Khedive and Dervish Pacha are
safe.

An officer has returned from the Chiltern
and reports that the

SCENES OF CARNAGE ON SHORE ARE
APPALLING.

The town for some hours after the troops
left was a veritable pandemonium. There
is suspicion that the forts are undermined,
and they will be carefully examined before
any large body of troops are allowed to
enter them. The aboukir is yet un-
touched; a thousand men are known to
be entrenched there.

CONGRATULATIONS OF THE QUEEN.

The Queen telegraphed Admiral Sey-
mour a despatch, congratulating him on his
success.

How Improved Stock Pays.

Maurice Blake, Esq., Charlottetown,
purchased at Hon. J. C. Pope's cattle sale,
in June, 1879, a cow for M. Hession, Esq.,
of this town, which illustrates the benefits
to be derived from improved stock. At
the Exhibition of 1876 she took first prize,
\$10, and on the following spring she had a
heifer calf which was purchased by John
McDonnell, Esq., M. P. P., for \$20. The
calf she took first prize again, \$10, at the
County Exhibition, and next spring had a
Bulok calf, which was purchased by Edward
Pope, Esq., Rosemeath, for \$10. On the
following fall she was awarded second
prize, \$8, at the County Show, and this
spring she had a heifer calf which was sold
to James Clow, Esq., Murray Harbor
North, for \$10. This cow was bought for
\$51, and in the short space of three years
has netted \$68 in prizes and stock. Mr.
Hession would not take the original cost
of the cow to-day, and will place her
against anything in the neighborhood as a
milk cow. Legislators and hon. Exhibition
Commissioners might derive some prac-
tical information from such examples as
this which would enable them to stir up
more interest in stock raising if they were
so inclined.—K. C. Advertiser.

Two cases of great interest to breeders
and auctioneers were tried on Wednesday,
in the Malton Co. Court, Eng. The question
was: "Are auctioneers liable for the incor-
rect descriptions of animals which are
sold by them?" This Judge B-dwell de-
cided in the affirmative, declining to look
upon such persons as agents for other
parties merely. Auctioneers, his Honor
said, were liable for everything beyond
what he might consider a mere error of
description. The case in dispute was one
in which the auctioneer had stated that a
cow which he was then selling would calve
in March, whereas it did not calve till
May 20th. His Honor gave a verdict for
plaintiff for £1 10s. and costs. In a simi-
lar case, heard subsequently, he penalised
the defendant in a sum of £3 10s. and
costs.

For many years the English farmer has
been vainly agitating for the appointment
of a Minister of Agriculture and Commerce.
The House of Commons consented to reso-
lution to such an effect, but no effort has
been made by the Government to carry out
the suggestion contained in the resolution.
Possibly the Royal Commission may one day
do so; but, whether or not, it is high time
something were done to place the agricul-
tural interest on a sounder basis in
England. Were such a department in
existence, it would be its duty to look after
all questionable compounds, such as bosch-
butter and lard-cheese, and to adopt means
for protecting the farmers' produce from
wifil imitations, and the consumer against
wholesale imposition.

Our American cousins were very hopeful
that the ban placed on pork by the French
Government would be removed. The
French Senate, however, have rejected the
Bill introduced for the purpose of facilitat-
ing the importation of foreign pork, not-
withstanding the support given to the
measure by M. Tirard, Minister of Com-
merce. The general opinion of the Senate,
as expressed in the speeches delivered, was
that the Bill did not offer sufficient guar-
antees against the importation of meat
containing trichina.



THE GREAT
CINNAMEDY
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago,
Backache, Soreness of the Chest,
Cut, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swell-
ings and Sprains, Burns and
Scalds, General Bodily
Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted
Foot and Ears, and all other
Pains and Aches.

To be prepared on earth equal St. James Oil
as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External
Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively
trifling outlay of 50 cents, and every one suffering
with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its
claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS
IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Dominion of Canada.

Province of Prince Edward Island.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of an Act of the Par-
liament of Canada, passed in the
forty-fifth year of Her present Ma-
jesty's reign, chapter 23, intitled an
Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insur-
ing Societies and Trading Corporations,
and of the President, Directors and
Company of the Bank of Prince Edward
Island, an Insolvent Banking Company.

THE creditors of the above named Banking
Company are required, on or before the
TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF JULY NEXT,
(A. D. 1882), to send their names and ad-
dresses and the particulars of their debts or
claims, and the names and addresses of their
Solicitors, if any, to David C. Chalmers, of
Charlottetown, in the County of Queen's,
Province of Prince Edward Island, in said
Dominion of Canada, the person appointed to
act for the Bank of Nova Scotia, one of the
liquidators of the said Banking Company, and
if so required by notice in writing from the
said David C. Chalmers, acting as aforesaid,
or by the Solicitor of the liquidators of said
Banking Company, to come in and prove
their said debts or claims at the Chambers of
the Honorable James Horsfield Peters, a
Judge of the said Supreme Court, of said
Province in the Law Courts Building, in Char-
lottetown aforesaid, at such time as shall be
specified in such notice, or in default thereof,
they will be excluded from the benefit of any
distribution made before such debts are
proved.

MONDAY, the twenty-eighth day of August
next coming, A. D. 1882, at eleven o'clock in
the forenoon, at the said Chambers, is ap-
pointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the
debts and claims.

Dated the 19th day of June, A. D. 1882.
JAMES D. IRVING,
[ju 21 till 24 jy] Deputy Prothy.

Tickets to all Points

WEST AND NORTH WEST,
Over the Intercolonial and
Grand Trunk Railways.

For sale at Post Office at Pictou Landing by
D. A. McLEOD.

May 2, 1882.

GOLD
MEDAL.
PARIS,
1878.
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE
WORLD.

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE.

Brain and
Nerve Food

Is a Sure, Prompt and Effective Remedy for Ner-
vousness in ALL its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of
Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats,
Superstitions, Sensual Weakness, and General
Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates
the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Exhausted
Brain and restores Surprizing Tone and Vigor to the
Exhausted Gen. rative Organs. The experience of
thousands proves it an INVARIABLE REMEDY. The
Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box con-
tains sufficient for two week's medication, and is the
cheapest and best. 27 Full particulars in our
pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.
Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists
at 50 cts. per box, or 12 boxes for \$5, or will
be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by
addressing

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada
Sole Agents for Prince Edward Island, and by all Druggists
throughout the Dominion.