

The Examiner.

VOL. 1. W. L. COTTON, Editor & Manager. SATURDAY MORNING - - - OCTOBER 6, 1877. NO. 122

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

SYRUPS
RASPBERRY,
STRAWBERRY,
GINGERWINE,
LEMON,

In 5 and 20 Gallon Kegs,
SUITABLE FOR
TEA PARTIES.
VERY CHEAP.
CARVELL BROS.

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Province.
Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

REMEMBER,
Electors of Ch'town,
REMEMBER THAT THE
DAILY EXAMINER

daily on Sale at the Stores of—
H. A. HARVIE,
South Side Queen St.
T. O'CONNELL,
Lower Queen St.
THEO. L. CHAPPELL,
North Side Queen St.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
OF ENGLAND.

Capital -- Two Millions Sterling.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June —

CORNER BEEF, COOKED
— IN —

2 and 4-pound TINS
and by the Pound.

All who have used it know of its excellence.
FOR SALE AT
BEER & GOFF'S,
Shop and Warehouse to Let.

THAT Shop and Warehouse corner of Water and Pownall Street formerly occupied by the late N. RANKIN. Terms made known on application to C. D. RANKIN, Druggist.

Prince Edward Island STEAMERS.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.
Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.
Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p. m. on arrival of evening train, from Halifax.

CAPE BRETON.
Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.
Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.
New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHERIDIAN with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 2 o'clock.
Returning, leaves SHERIDIAN every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from ST. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.
Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A GRANT & CO. Hawkesbury; HANFORD BROS., St. John.
F. W. HALES.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO BOSTON.

Steamers Carroll and Worcester

BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.
FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.

EGGS in boxes and barrels handled, with the greatest care.
SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.

LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN Every Thursday,
punctually at 5 p. m.

LEAVE BOSTON Every Saturday,
punctually at noon.

CARVELL BROS., Agent.
Ch'town, June 7, 1877

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the only Medal, given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.
Nos. 5's to 10's.

White Blue, Red, Orange, and Green.
Warranted full length and weight.
Stronger and better than any other Yarn in the market.

Cotton Carpet Warp.
No. 12's 4 PLY IN ALL COLORS.
Warranted Fast.
WM. PARKS & SON,
New Brunswick Cotton Mills }
St. John N. B. }

Excursion Tickets.
TO BOSTON AND RETURN,

PER
STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER,
For \$15.00.
CARVELL BROS

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES!

The Perfection of Mechanism.
So Light and Simple that a Child can Work them.
So Durable that they last A Lifetime.
Eight Thousand Machines now Manufactured every Week.
To be had only from the Authorized Agent,

Robert Young,
South Side Queen Square.
Ch'town, Sept. 13, 1877.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

GO TO HARVIE'S BOOKSTORE, Queen Square, for
Cheapest School Books!
Ch'town, Sept. 24—

STADACONA
Fire and Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company have made a further call of

Four instalments, of Five per Cent. each,
on the Subscribed Capital of the Company, payable at its Office, No. 93 St. Peter Street, Quebec, as follows:—

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of August, 1877;
Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of November, 1877;
Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of February, 1878;
Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of May, 1878.

By order of the Board:
CRAWFORD LINDSAY,
Secretary
51877

Flowers, Plants, Etc.

AT the AGRICULTURAL STORE—
Plants in flower, at auction prices; Plain and Ornamental Flower Pots; Trellises for training plants on; Brackets, Boquet Holders, Vick's Floral Guide for Autumn; "Country Gentleman," "Harper's Weekly," and a miscellaneous lot of Papers, Books, Stationery, etc., cheap for cash at HAZARD'S SEED & BOOK STORE,—the Old Stand,—West side Queen Square.—Bulbs expected about 5th October.
Ch'town, Sept. 28—f and tues.

CHEAP SACKS.
5,000 SECOND-HAND, slightly damaged, SIX CENTS A PIECE.
CARVELL BROS.
Ch'town, Sept. 27—3w Staw

OAKUM! OAKUM! OAKUM!
JUST landed from Steamship "Prince Edward," a superior quality of Machine Picked OAKUM.
PEAKE BROS. & CO.
Sept. 28th, 1877.

KEROSENE

200 CASKS,
Landing ex "Jane McKay," and
100 CASKS
To arrive.
Sept. 27—1w
CARVELL BROS.

Sugar & Molasses.

50 PUNS. BARBADOES MOLASSES.
125 BBLs. White Granulated, Vacuum Pan, Coffee Crushed, and Brown SUGAR.
CARVELL BROS.
Ch'town, Sept. 27—1w

SHEEP AND TURNIP HUSBANDRY IN ENGLAND.

Hand-in-hand these husbandries have done more for agriculture than ought else since the world was civilized. It is the immense quantity of turnips, mangel wurzel, and swedes eaten by sheep on the land, that chiefly keeps up the fertility of the arable soil, and causes the yield of wheat, barley, oats, beans, and peas to increase to double the number of bushels which were formerly grown. This has been done, too, while in the United States exactly the opposite has been accomplished, for here the yield of wheat, barley, and oats has become less than half what was grown in the days of yore. The housing of sheep by night in Summer, is a great detriment to the pasture they feed on, and the severity of the Winters in the North, making it necessary to take the turnips off the land where grown, to be eaten in barns, is a drawback to the chief benefit of the crop for improving and renovating the soil.

Ingenuity is a characteristic of the American nation, and the man who shall invent a movable sheep pen, affording shelter so that sheep can be kept daily moved all over the fields, as the crop is eaten, will be a benefactor to his country. have his name handed down to posterity, and as a still sharper spur to ingenuity, gather in the shekels abundantly; for, although the manure is good when made under cover, yet there is loss of urine, loss of time in hauling the turnip crop, and again in carting the manure. When this is made practicable, the swedes can be put into heaps of a load or two, on the field, just as is done in England, and covered with earth sufficiently thick to keep out the frost. Then, with a crowbar or like implement, it will be easy to break into the heaps, cut them up with a machine and feed exactly as is always done in England, in the open field.

The South will, doubtless, eventually, be the great sheep producing place, and there turnips can be grown and consumed by the sheep; but, by improving the grass land and contriving to have food pastures opened to them in Winter, and encouraging the best varieties of grass for a permanent crop, very little roots of any kind would be necessary, as any quantity of mutton and wool may be produced from stimulation by corn, peas, or grain. Nevertheless, a heavy crop of swedes given to a flock of sheep intended for the butcher, will bring them out in the Spring riper by a good deal, and not only will there be better and more mutton, but the wool will be correspondingly improved.
Sheep and turnip husbandry must be generally adopted in the United States to save the country from becoming a barren wilderness, for to such a condition it is, in reality, coming slowly but surely.—George Gardner in the Rural New Yorker.

A WARNING TO LOVERS.

A Paris correspondent says:—A young woman being crossed in her affection resolved to starve herself to death, and for three days refused food; when the quarrel was made up, it was found she could not eat, and now lies in a hopeless state. However, there are two young men in Paris, who take their daily bread directly into their stomachs by means of a silver tube. But imagine Romeo thus nursing Juliet. A drunkard has abused the motto said to have been made for MacMahon; he declined to leave a dram shop, retorting, "J'y suis; j'y reste." The Seine is as sacred a river with some as the Ganges; an unfortunate man, disbelieving in the Saone took the express from Lyons to drown himself in the Seine—"A river which conducts to paradise"; the police rescued him and placed him in a cell, as a half way house. The tribunal of Macon has condemned a shepherd, aged only sixteen, to be guillotined; he waylaid a shepherdess, murdered her, violated her remains, and stole her ear-rings. How we are far from classical times! I forgot, there is a cat exhibited in the fair of St. Cloud called Polyphemus, having but one eye, and in the centre of its forehead.

IN NEW ORLEANS.—The quadroons of New Orleans are very handsome; and it is an undoubted fact that there is more beauty to be found among them than any other class. At the quadroon balls a few octoroons will also occasionally be seen. The quadroons dress with as much taste as their more favored white sisters. They are generally of symmetrical build, small feet and hands, regular features and very expressive eyes. It is rare to meet one of them that has not, at least, an ordinary common school education, while some have a modern degree of culture and are fair musicians. In the ball room they appear to advantage, becoming and modestly attired, good dancers and easy in conversation. They are not considered as belonging to the vulgar class. The French quadroons are descended from the best Creole families. The quadroons are mostly acquainted with their parent stock, and take great pride in mentioning that they are allied to this or that one of the first families. The female quadroons very rarely associate with the black people of either sex. They are devoted to the place of their birth, and few of them ever leave there. Strange to say, the females greatly outnumber the males.

Miscellaneous News.

Whenever you feel that the land is suffering for rain, either get up a family picnic or go and camp out.

Kate Lovence has accomplished the feat of walking 100 miles in 27 hours and 40 minutes at Lawrence, Mass.

Failures in New York during September number 47; aggregate liabilities \$3,271,700; assets \$1,397,400.

Miss Crerswell, daughter of the Postmaster at Gibraltar, has been appointed to her father's position. The salary is £3,000.

A deficit is expected in the civic expenditure of Toronto on the year of \$13,000. The assessment has increased from \$2,930,000 in 1871 to \$5,010,700 in 1878.

A London tailor has this sign in his window: "No American orders taken without a deposit." Above a bar in Chicago may be read: "No trust for alleged English noblemen."

A Maryland farmer put his pipe in his pocket after a smoke the other day, and soon found himself afire all over, receiving burns which caused his death the next day.

It is said that 95 per cent. of the murders in France are caused by a desire for gain; in Spain love causes 98 per cent. of such crimes; and in America whisky causes 99 per cent.

The Prussian helmet has been adopted in the British service and all ranks will wear it. In the case of general officers and surgeons, the characteristic spike will be replaced by a tuft of feathers. With this innovation the traditional cocked hat passes away forever.

In a recent pamphlet on Irish affairs, Mr. Gladstone is said to admit the possibility of Home Rule,—an expression of opinion that will lead to his further alienation from the Liberal party. Home Rule for Ireland finds little favor in Great Britain.

While drunk, a man named Snow was thrown from his wagon and killed. This was in the State of Vermont, where the law allows the wife to sue the parties who sold the man the liquor. Mrs. Snow has recovered \$2,800 from Carpenter & Sons, the hotel keepers at Reading, for their share in the transaction.

The Halifax Common Council, just elected, is composed of an insurance agent, two builders, a merchant, two doctors a wheelwright, a lawyer, a stationer, a druggist, a grocer, a victualler, two dry goods dealers, a carriage builder, a ship builder, and two gentlemen whose occupations are not defined.

The Greek sponge fisheries now employ 150 boats, of which 49 are provided with diving bells. The fishermen number about 1,000, including divers, who remain under water six hours a day. When fishing, some of these divers lose their lives and many of them become deaf in a few years. The total take last year was 240 tons of sponges, worth \$400,000.

The statistics of the oil production for August, given by the Oil City Derrick, show that during the month 253 wells were completed. Of these 45 were dry. Four hundred and sixty wells are now in process of drilling, and 325 rigs are up and building. The average daily production during the month was 38,014 barrels, an increase over the daily production of July of 955 barrels.

A Wilkesbarre despatch says the leaders, Harrison and Bovoy, of the strikers, reached there yesterday, having been released on bail. They were met by 5000 miners, and in great procession escorted to Dana's grove, where after speeches by others, both Harrison and Bovoy made remarks counselling moderation and urging their brother miners to return to work. There was great satisfaction shown by the miners at the release of these two men, and they have all gone to work to-day under agreement with President Parish. Some twelve mines and slopes are going into operation.

A STRUGGLING BANK.—Montreal, Sept. 29.—The Merchants' Bank of this city has adopted a wholesale policy of retrenchment. Forty clerks have received notice of their dismissal, and a reduction of 25 per cent. on the salary of those retained who receive above \$500 will be made. Mr. Hague left to-day for London, England, to close the branch there and to make other arrangements. He surrenders \$5,000 of his salary and the directors will act without fees until the bank has been restored to a prosperous condition.—N. Y. Herald.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—There is an inclination at military headquarters to discredit the report that Bullis and Shafter recklessly attacked the Mexican troops on Mexican territory. One officer at Gen. Hancock's office says though Bullis is known as a hot-headed and brave officer, it is yet known that he had most positive orders from Gen. Ord to avoid anything like *casus belli*, because it was not the policy of the United States to go to war for the sake of a few traders on the Rio Grande, who are only too anxious to have a large army sent there. These instructions emanated from the department of State. If Bullis has done any such foolish thing as an attempt to occupy the town of Saragossa, he will doubtless get into serious trouble. All our own government want is to keep the Indians across the border, and do not want even to have official correspondence, which will look like a recognition of Diaz.