

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1891.

VOL. 28.—NO. 65

## Quite a Sensation

CHEAP GOODS NO GOOD,  
BUT

FRANCIS DRAKE'S

CELEBRATED

Belast Ginger Ale, Champagne Cider, Orange Phosphate,  
Cream Soda, Crab Apple Champagne Cider, Lemon-  
ade, Sarsaparilla, Plain Soda, Nerve Food,  
and all kinds of Fruit Syrups,

ARE THE ONLY GENUINE SUMMER DRINKS.

Picnic and Tea Party managers should write for prices  
and terms. Families and the Trade supplied at shortest notice.

THORNE BROS.,

Agents for P. E. Island.

S. M. GRAVES, Agent, Summerside; W. JENKINS, Geo'town.

July 8—1m eod

Painters' Supplies!

Mill Supplies!

Carpenters' Supplies!

Farmers' Supplies!

EVERYTHING IN THESE LINES.

ALSO

CARRIAGE GOODS!

The Best Goods. The Lowest Price for Good Goods that  
the market affords. Goods bought right and sold low.  
Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. Wholesale and  
Retail.

NORTON & FENNELL,

Charlottetown, May 28, 1891—2aw and wy

City Hardware Store.

## Seaside Hotel,

RUSTICO BEACH, P. E. I.

THIS beautiful and well-known Summer Resort will open  
for Guests and Visitors on JULY 1st. Terms moderate.  
For particulars address

JOHN NEWSON & CO.,

CHARLOTTETOWN.

June 24, 1891—2m

Telephone Company of P. E. Island.

TOLL LINE STATIONS.

WESTERN STATIONS.

EASTERN STATIONS.

Charlottetown,  
Hunter River,  
New Glasgow,  
Laird's Mills,  
Rusticoville,  
North Rustico,  
Emerald,  
Tryon Mills,  
Crapaud,  
Victoria,  
Freetown,  
Kensington,  
Stanley,  
Malpeque,  
Summerside,  
Centerville,  
St. Eleanors.

Mount Stewart,  
Peake's Station,  
Cardigan,  
Dundas,  
Grand River Bridge,  
Annandale,  
Souris,  
Georgetown,  
Lower Montague,  
Montague,  
Murray River,  
Murray Harbor North,  
Murray Harbor South,  
New Perth,  
Valleyfield,  
Orwell,  
Vernon River Bridge,  
Brush Wharf,  
Eldon.

ROB ANGUS, Manager

Charlottetown, Oct. 14, 1890.

## LIME JUICE!

FRESH STOCK of this Pleasant, Refreshing and Healthy Summer Drink  
just received in Bottles and on Draught.

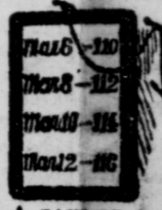
ALSO

"Sanitas" Disinfecting Fluid, Condy's Fluid, Chloride of Lime, Insect Pow-  
der, Hellebore, Fly Poison, Pads, Sticky Fly Paper, etc., etc., at

A. S. JOHNSON'S DRUG STORE,

Corner Kent and Prince Streets.

Ch'town, July 4, 1891.



GAIN  
ONE POUND  
A Day.

A GAIN OF A POUND A DAY IN THE  
CASE OF A MAN WHO HAS BECOME "ALL  
RUN DOWN," AND HAS BEGUN TO TAKE  
THAT REMARKABLE FLESH PRODUCER,  
**SCOTT'S  
EMULSION**  
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH  
Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda  
IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS FACT  
HAS BEEN PERFORMED OVER AND OVER  
AGAIN. PALATABLE AS MILK. EN-  
DORSED BY PHYSICIANS. SCOTT'S  
EMULSION IS FIT FOR ONLY IN SALMON  
COLOR WRAPPERS. SOLD BY ALL DRUG-  
GISTS AT 50c. AND \$1.00  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Contradiction.

SIR,—In your last issue appeared a com-  
munication signed "Star Boy," from Long  
Creek, in which mention was made of my re-  
turn from Washington Territory, and "Star  
Boy" stated that I came home "disgusted  
with that part of Uncle Sam's domain."  
Now, Sir, I do not know where said writer  
gained his information, unless as his name  
implies, it was revealed to him by the stars,  
as I am not responsible for it. I may say I  
enjoyed my trip. The country is a fine  
one, in my estimation, and one of great  
resources, but I found it laboring under a  
depression in trade at the present time. In  
the next place "Star Boy" states that I was  
induced to go there by false misrepresentation.  
This is an insinuation that friends of  
mine in that place were the parties. This  
is untrue, if such is the writer's meaning.  
I met with friends there who placed me  
under great obligations by their kindness.  
My advice to "Star Boy" is for the future  
to stick closer to the truth in his notes and  
mind his own business.

Long Creek.

J. H. STRETCH,

Australia's Beril.

A DEBT OF ALARMING MAGNITUDE CARELESS-  
LY CONTRACTED.

Hon. W. A. West-Erskine, of Adelaide,  
South Australia, who is now en route  
to Europe, thinks the labor question is  
bound to cause great trouble in Australia.  
Referring to the trouble with the striking  
shearers in Queensland last spring, he  
said it amounted to a veritable revolution.  
"You cannot understand," said Mr. West-  
Erskine, "how calamitous the strike system  
in the colonies has grown. In northern  
Australia we grow the finest kind of cotton.  
I have seen the pods of this valuable cotton  
dropping to the ground for the want of  
picking. The whites will not tolerate color  
labor on the plantations, although they  
themselves cannot work in the tropics.  
Vast sugar estates, too, had to be abandoned,  
and rich mines of silver gold and tin  
cannot be worked on account of the un-  
reasonable attitude of the laboring folk.  
In fact a territory teeming with wealth  
has been turned into what is little  
better than a desert. The employers have  
been always most liberal. It is not a  
question of increased wages or shorter hours.  
The masses of the laborers are anxious to  
act fairly, but they dare not do so—they are  
as potter's clay in the hands of a knot of  
disturbers who make a profession of agita-  
tion. These mischief makers keep up a  
continual clamor, demanding the different  
governments to borrow money in England  
for public works. Men in search of votes  
take up this ruinous cry with a result that  
sooner or later must be disastrous. If we  
include New Zealand and Tasmania, the  
Australian national debt will reach the  
alarming amount of \$1,000,000,000. Just  
think of that for three million people. Of  
course we have railroads, telegraphs, public  
buildings and schools to show for this, but I  
can safely say that one-fourth of the money  
has been invested in non-productive works.  
The agitators never pause to consider that  
this money must be paid back. There are  
breakers ahead, I can tell you."

Six Hundred Feet of Frost.

Wednesday, 12th day August  
next, A. D. 1891,

as the day for the PLEBISCITE VOTE to be  
taken on the Act, and that the same will be  
taken at the several places following, that is to  
say:—

In Ward No. 1, at or near Fire Engine House on  
King Street, between Great George and Prince  
Streets.

In Ward No. 2, at or near the house of the late  
Thomas Connolly, opposite Mr. R. Hearty's  
Warehouse, Sidney Street, between Great George  
and Prince Streets.

In Ward No. 3, at or near the Market House.

In Ward No. 4, at or near the new City Hall,  
corner of Kent and George Streets.

In Ward No. 5, at or near the carriage shop of  
Carroll & McAleer, corner of Euston and Great  
George Streets.

And at the said Election the Poll will be  
opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and con-  
tinue open until five o'clock in the afternoon of  
the same day.

DESCRIPTION OF WARDS.

Number One shall comprise all that part of  
Charlottetown which lies south of Dorchester  
Street, and the parcel of land formerly known as  
the Military Barrack Ground.

Number Two shall comprise all that part of  
Charlottetown which lies south of Richmond  
Street and north of Dorchester Street.

Number Three shall comprise all that part of  
Charlottetown which lies south of Grafton Street  
and north of Richmond Street.

Number Four shall comprise all that part of  
Charlottetown which lies south of Fitzroy Street  
and north of Grafton Street.

Number Five shall comprise all that part of  
Charlottetown which lies north of Fitzroy Street,  
including the Common of the said Town.

QUALIFICATION OF ELECTORS.

Sec. 17 of 54 and 55 Victoria, Chapter 10:—  
1st. "Any person entitled by law to vote for  
Mayor of the said City at the last Civic Elec-  
tion."

2nd. "Or any person who shall have paid the  
tax which entitles him to vote at any time before  
he actually polls his vote under this Act."

MANNER OF VOTING.

Sec. 11 of 54 and 55 Victoria, Chapter 10:—  
"Each Elector offering himself at his proper  
Poll shall vote either 'FOR THE ACT' or  
'AGAINST THE ACT,' and his name shall be  
written in the Poll Book under an appropriate  
head."

[L. S.] T. HEATH HAVILAND,  
Mayor of the City of Charlottetown.

H. M. DAVISON,  
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, Charlottetown,  
July 29, 1891.

July 21—dy 121 wky 21

BRAN.

CANADIAN BRAN landing to-day,  
and will be sold low. AULD BROS.  
may 15—eod

## Literary Notes.

The question whether the press have the  
right to violate laws made by the State of  
New York is to be tested in the courts.  
Never was law so thoroughly well broken as  
the statute governing the execution of  
criminals by electricity in the recent cases in  
Sing Sing prison. The New York Herald  
and Daily News have been chosen for indict-  
ment, and both papers regard the proceedings  
against them in the light of an honor or  
distinction. The defence will be that the  
constitution gives to the state the right of  
liberty of the press and that the legislature  
cannot take away that right. It is a note-  
worthy fact that the newspapers have them-  
selves compelled the prosecution.

No one knows better how to handle the  
American interviewer than the American  
politician. Other people swear, get angry  
and make fools of themselves, but such a  
level-headed gentleman as ex-Speaker Thomas  
B. Reed adopts quite a different plan. He  
has just returned from Europe, where he  
was made much of by statesmen in France,  
England and other countries. He comes  
back no doubt "loaded up for the campaign,"  
but he does not tell the reporters. He greets  
their familiar presence with the glad cry,  
"Oh, boys, this is too natural to be true."  
Then he remarks that he has forgotten more  
about politics than he ever knew; the only  
things which sufficiently impressed him  
abroad were the ruins and the fact that he  
was unable in his travels to find a bigger man  
than himself. And the reporters gave him a  
great "write up" for his cheery disposition  
and his ability to say nothing.

An article on the German Emperor is  
one of the most surely popular in the  
August Century Magazine, the midsummer  
holiday number, by the way. It is rich in  
illustration, with two full-page engravings,  
one of the Emperor and one of the Empress,  
and it is quite complimentary to the Ger-  
man ruler. Another illustrated paper, and  
one of much value to a people with in-  
terests on the sea, is "Life on the South  
Shore Lightship," with many illustrations  
and much curious information about this  
severe mode of life. Mr. Joseph Penell con-  
tinues his illustrated sketches of Provence  
and gives more information concerning the  
bull fights. "The Press as a Newgatherer"  
is a useful and an entertaining article. It  
is written by the chief officer of the Associated  
Press whose origin it describes, and it gives  
the public much interesting information  
about the press. "Moglishan" is the  
first of a series of "Thumb Nail Sketches,"  
in which some good things are said, and  
in which some attractive little pictures  
are introduced. "Cape Horn and Co-  
operative Mining in '49" is a contribution  
to the California series written pleasantly  
and with many fine pictures. Henry Van  
Dyke has a paper on Tennyson, which the  
reader of that poet will find of much use to  
him, for besides its critical remarks it has  
a classification of the poems. Besides chap-  
ters of Frank R. Stockton's bright and  
lively story, "The Squirrel Inn," and of  
Edmund Eggleston's "The Faith Doctor,"  
there are four short stories, one of which,  
"Little Benault," is by Mrs. Catherwood.  
"Our Summer Migration" is a considera-  
tion of a well known phase of American  
life. "The Treatment of Inebriates,"  
"Does Visitation Help?" "The Cheap  
Movie Paradise" and many other themes  
are discussed; and nearly a dozen con-  
tributors, including Louise Chandler Moulton,  
William H. Hayne and Charles D. G.  
Roberts, furnish the poetry of the number.  
The Century Company, New York.

## A Lost River.

According to the Los Angeles Herald,  
the Southern Pacific Railroad Company has  
lost a river, and in consequence has a  
bridge whose occupation is gone. The  
Whitewater river has flowed from the  
Sierra Madre mountains across the sands  
of the region just this side of Seven Palms  
as long as anyone can remember. The  
station of Whitewater was located where  
the river crosses the railway, and was sup-  
plied with water from its current. During  
the last heavy rains the Whitewater rose in  
its might and devastated the whole country  
round about, washing out the bridge and  
the roadbed and playing the mischief gen-  
erally. Soon the rains and the river  
stopped simultaneously, and the river has  
not been found since. It appeared to be-  
come ashamed of itself for doing so much  
harm, and has apparently slunk away in  
disgust and sorrow. It is entirely gone.  
At no point does it cross the railroad, as it  
would have to do were it still in existence  
in some new course. The railroad com-  
pany, in order to secure water for its sta-  
tion at Whitewater, has been obliged to  
build a pipe line away up to the mountains,  
at considerable expense. All last summer,  
during the hottest, driest weather, the  
river ran placidly along—in fact, it has  
never failed until after its "j g" of this  
winter. Now it forms one of the mysteries  
of that mysterious region, the Colorado  
river desert, and perhaps is flowing by the  
Pogleg mine, and possibly rippling beside  
the treasure-laden Spanish galleon which  
lies somewhere in that region buried in  
sand.

## British Cattle Trade.

From remarks made by Mr. Parker Smith,  
M. P., in the consideration of the civil ser-  
vices estimates in the British House of Com-  
mons, it appears that the complaints of the  
cattle trade between Ireland and England  
have had far more ground than those which  
were brought against the Trans-Atlantic  
cattle trade. According to Mr. Smith the  
responsibility in this case rested not with  
the shippers of the cattle, but with shipowners,  
who tried at all risks to economize their  
space. Mr. Chaplin, minister of agriculture,  
admitted that Mr. Parker Smith was justified  
in bringing the matter before the committee,  
but added that he had already been giving  
attention to the matter and would see that  
the suggested reforms were carried out.

Day & Martin's russet cream for tan  
colored boots and shoes; waterproof dress-  
ing, kid reviver, etc., just received at  
R. K. Jost's. jy 25 one wk

CALENDAR FOR AUGUST, 1891.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Day	Hour	Phase
1st	11:59 a.m.	New Moon
8th	10:59 p.m.	First Quarter
15th	10:59 a.m.	Full Moon
22nd	9:59 p.m.	Last Quarter
29th	9:59 a.m.	New Moon

Sun [Sun] Moon High Days  
[rise] [sets] [rise] [sets]

Day	h	m	morning	after	h	m
1st	4	47	7	26	1	14
2nd	4	48	7	27	1	14
3rd	4	49	7	28	1	14
4th	4	50	7	29	1	14
5th	4	51	7	30	1	14
6th	4	52	7	31	1	14
7th	4	53	7	32	1	14
8th	4	54	7	33	1	14
9th	4	55	7	34	1	14
10th	4	56	7	35	1	14
11th	4	57	7	36	1	14
12th	4	58	7	37	1	14
13th	4	59	7	38	1	14
14th	4	60	7	39	1	14
15th	4	61	7	40	1	14
16th	4	62	7	41	1	14
17th	4	63	7	42	1	14
18th	4	64	7	43	1	14
19th	4	65	7	44	1	14
20th	4	66	7	45	1	14
21st	4	67	7	46	1	14
22nd	4	68	7	47	1	14
23rd	4	69	7	48	1	14
24th	4	70	7	49	1	14
25th	4	71	7	50	1	14
26th	4	72	7	51	1	14
27th	4	73	7	52	1	14
28th	4	74	7	53	1	14
29th	4	75	7	54	1	14
30th	4	76	7	55	1	14
31st	4	77	7	56	1	14

Halifax and P. E. Island.

W. W. CLARKE, Agent.

NASAL BALM

NEVER FAILS

CURES GOLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

BRIGHTON BREWERY,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

ESTABLISHED 1846.

SHARP'S

BALSAM

FOR HOARSENESS AND BRONCHITIS

40 YEARS IN USE.

PRICE 25c PER BOTTLE.