

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 3.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1878.

NO. 335.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

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ING'S BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL, Manager. Office Sup't.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 9.

### SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No. 5 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.30 am	
Cardigan	" 4.20 "	" 7.59 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Ch'town	ar 6.32 "	ar 10.45 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	P. M. dp 5.25
N. Wiltshire	" 6.43 "	" 11.55 "	" 5.45
Hunter River	" 7.18 "	" 12.50 pm	" 6.42
Breadalbane	" 7.30 "	" 1.07 "	" 7.00
County Line	" 7.58 "	" 1.47 "	" 7.38
Kensington	" 8.05 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.48
Summerside	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00
Wellington	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.45 "	
Port Hill	" 9.52 "	" 4.40 "	
O'Leary	" 10.22 "	" 5.27 "	
Alberton	" 11.18 "	" 6.54 "	
Tignish	" 12.00 "	" 8.00 "	
	ar 12.40 pm	ar 8.50 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	" 2.30 "	ar 7.20 "	
O'Leary	" 3.13 "	dp 7.50 "	
Port Hill	" 4.10 "	" 10.22 "	
Wellington	" 4.40 "	" 11.10 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M. dp 6.30
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	" 7.07
County Line	" 5.55 "	" 1.17 "	" 7.43
Breadalbane	" 6.23 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.58
Hunter River	" 6.32 "	" 2.07 "	" 8.35
N. Wiltshire	" 7.00 "	" 2.45 "	" 8.52
Royalty Jun.	" 7.12 "	" 3.05 "	" 9.45
Ch'town	ar 7.47 "	dp 4.10 "	ar 10.05
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	
Ch'town	dp 8.05 "	dp 3.40 "	
Royalty Jun.	" 8.23 "	dp 4.00 "	
Mt. Stewart	ar 9.20 "	ar 5.25 "	
Cardigan	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
Georgetown	" 10.43 "	" 7.06 "	
	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.15 p.m.	Dp 6.30 a.m.
Harmony	" 3.31 "	" 6.52 "
St. Peter's	" 4.28 "	" 8.07 "
Morell	1.52 "	" 8.38 "
M. Stew't Jun.	A 5.25 "	Ar 9.20 "

Train Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m.
Morell	" 10.02 "	" 6.15 "
St. Peter's	" 10.25 "	" 6.47 "
Harmony	" 11.23 "	" 8.02 "
Souris	Ar 11.40 "	Ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE, Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R. Ch'town, April 20, 1878—

## QUEEN INSURANCE CO., Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks. Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island June, 1877—

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A DWELLING HOUSE on Upper Queen Street, containing ten rooms. Possession given immediately. Apply to ALEXANDER HORNE, Charlottetown, June 28, 1878.—sin cod

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Has the largest and best selected Stock of First-Class Goods in the City, of the following lines, namely—

GOLD AND SILVER, WALTHAM AND GENEVA WATCHES, American & French CLOCKS,

Gold, Silver, Gold-plated, Jet and Horn JEWELRY,

—ALSO— ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, FANCY VASES, &c.

No. 51 NORTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE, Ch'town, June 3—4i 2aw

No. 35 Water St., Charlottetown.

Prince Edward Island Branch

—OF THE— NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

FIRE AND LIFE.

## INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00  
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CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street. Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years. The Tables of Rates are moderate. Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk. Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

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ORDERS FOR COAL,

—ON THE— Old Sydney Mines, Cape Breton, Lingan

Albion Mines, Pictou, N. S., can be obtained on application to the Subscriber. Terms as usual.

G. W. DEBLOIS,

Sole Agent for Prince Edward Island.

May 18—2aw

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

John Bell,

TAILOR & CUTTER,

having removed from Fitzroy Street (West), to Mr. George Scantlebury's new House on

KENT STREET,

will be glad to see his friends and customers, and attend to any orders he may be favored with in his line of business.

JOHN BELL,

Kent St., July 15—3w sat tu th pat in w fri

## GRAND RAILWAY PICNIC

THE METHODIST SABBATH SCHOOLS will hold their Annual Picnic thirteen miles out on line of Railway (East), at

BEECH GROVE,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, JULY 10th.

Further particulars will be advertised. June 12—2i law2w arg-1iu

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Unsteady Nerves, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Before Taking, Premature Old Age, and After taking, many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, Dr. Dodd, C. D. Rankin, P. G. Fraser at Apothecaries Hall, and by all Druggists anywhere.

To be Let,

A SHOP on Queen Street, adjoining the Drug Store of P. G. Fraser. Rent \$300 per year. Also, two Good OFFICES on the second flat. Possession given about 25th July. Apply to

P. G. FRASER,

Ch'town, June 13, 1878—3i\*

## WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as

THE RANKIN HOUSE,

in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to

Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.

WM. WAGSTAFF,

May 25, 1878.

## P. E. I. Starch Manufacturing Co.

CAPITAL . . . \$25,000,

In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been Incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown.

Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.

Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. Hyndman Bros., until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed.

April 16, 1878—

## PAINTING!

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of thanking the Public for the liberal patronage he has received during the five years he has been in business, and solicits a continuance of the same.

He is now prepared to execute, in a very superior manner, House, Sign, and Carriage Painting, Paper Hanging, &c.

Special attention is given by him to WHITENING, COLORING and the DECORATING of CEILINGS, WALLS, &c.

On hand and made to order—

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CARRIAGES.

Carriage Repairing promptly attended to.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

P. H. TRAINOR,

82 Kent St., opp. Rocklin House.

April 2—3m eod

## JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER.

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets, Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage. I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me.

The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well-selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.

Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.

Repairing neatly done, at short notice I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

JAMES HOBBS,

Corner Kent and Prince Streets, } 3m 2aw  
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878. }

## St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co. OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . . \$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.

Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Secretary.

March 25—ly law

## OFFICES TO LET

—ON—

QUEEN SQUARE.

OFFICES, suitable for Lawyers and others, to let in building lately occupied by S. Keith & Co. Apply to

HORACE HASZARD,

Ch'town, May 27, 1878—

## BLANK BILL - HEADS,

BLANK STATEMENTS,

—AND—

BUSINESS CARDS,

Furnished promptly and cheaply, to order, at the

EXAMINER OFFICE,

ING'S BUILDING,

Corner Great George and Water Streets.

## THE CAMPAIGN.

Governor Tilley in the Field.

CONFIDENT THAT HIS VIEWS WILL BE ENDORSED

From the St. John Telegraph.

About eighty gentlemen, representing various classes and interests, met last evening in a hall in Nickerson's building, Prince Wm. Street, for the purpose of presenting a requisition to the Hon. L. S. Tilley, asking him to become a candidate for the representation of the city of St. John at the forthcoming elections for the Dominion Parliament. At 8.15, Governor Tilley, attended by several friends, entered the room, and was heartily cheered. After a few minutes had been spent by him in shaking hands with his acquaintances, a motion that C. H. Fairweather, Esq., take the chair was put and carried, and that gentleman took the chair accordingly. The requisition having been placed in his hands, Mr. Fairweather rising and addressing Governor Tilley said that he had an agreeable duty to perform, of presenting him with a requisition from his former constituents in the City of St. John, asking him again to be their representative. This requisition contained upwards of one thousand names, the procuring of which had been a most light and agreeable duty, and there were many, who did not feel themselves free to sign it, who had expressed the warmest sympathy with its object and the greatest desire to aid in the election of the Hon. Mr. Tilley. Governor Tilley, in reply said, that he had been waited on by a deputation of gentlemen, last evening, on the arrival of the city, who asked him if he would be willing to receive the requisition. He had expressed his acquiescence, and had taken the opportunity of reading over the names it contained during the day. He found there the names of some who supported him when he first entered public life, twenty-eight years ago, the names of some who until now had not been his supporters and the names of the sons of many of his old friends now dead. Six months ago he had said that he intended to hold himself free as a public man to serve this constituency or some other constituency in Parliament. He felt that it would not be right for him to withdraw himself entirely from public life, if his fellow-citizens demanded his services. The citizens of St. John had first elected him to represent them in 1850, and with the exception of two years, they had continued to favor him with their confidence and support, until the year 1873, when he became Governor. Through them he had before Confederation held the highest position in the Government of his native Province for a series of years; he had held the highest office but one in the Dominion Government, and he had held the highest office to which a New Brunswicker could aspire here in the Governorship of this Province. After that his ambition might well be satisfied, and it was satisfied. He would have been content to retire to some humble abode and spend the remainder of his days quietly. But he felt that he had duties to fulfil to the citizens of St. John, who had so favored him, and when they demanded his services he could not refuse them. He, therefore, accepted the requisition so handsomely tendered to him, and would comply with the request which it contained. He would place his resignation in the hands of the Dominion Government at an early day, and when it was accepted and his hands were free, he would call a meeting of the citizens of St. John and explain fully to them his political views. He believed that these views would be endorsed by the majority of the people of St. John. Governor Tilley was frequently and heartily applauded in the course of his speech, especially when he announced his determination to comply with the requisition. After a few remarks from the Chairman, Governor Tilley retired, and the meeting separated.

Principle vs. Practice.

A contemporary very truly remarks that as a rule prominent Grits have a strong disposition to talk of "our principles." In this respect, it says, all the others must give way to Mr. Blake. He is particularly strong on "principles," and, we have to add, particularly weak in carrying them out. As a principle, he contended that it would be destructive of our constitutional system to add a sixth Minister to the Ontario Government, and he became the sixth Minister himself. For the same reason he objected to thirteen Ministers composing the Dominion Government—the number being far too large—and he became a fourteenth Minister in that Cabinet. On principle he desires to allay class prejudices and sectarian animosities in Canada; and he ran the local election of 1871 on the Scott murder cry. On principle he objected to Mr. Sanfield McDonald's resolution granting aid to railways; and he increased the grant himself when he came into power by means as fraudulent as were ever practised. On principle he objects to Coalitions; and he bought up R. W. Scott and made him his colleague in the Government of Ontario. Still further carrying out this principle he sat side by side in the same Cabinet with Cauchon, A. J. Smith, Wm. Ross, Coffin, Burpee, et al. He strongly supported the principle of Parliamentary responsibility over all expenditure of public money; and he aided to commit Parliament, without its knowledge or sanction, to the expenditure of \$2,500,000 for steel rails. He denounced great "principles" in his Aurora speech; but though he was in the Government three years subsequent to the

delivery of that "ill at ease" oration, he did not venture to bring a single one of them into the sunlight of the House of Commons.

Tur(cotte Goes Home and is Hissed.

A correspondent from Three Rivers writes to Quebec the following account of the arrival and reception of Hon. A. Turcotte, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly: Directly it was known here that Mr. Turcotte had taken his passage on board the "Quebec," the Liberals took the greatest pains to declare that he had no intention of landing at Three Rivers, but that he was going on to Montreal, where he had been summoned on pressing business matters. Nevertheless it was well known for the last two days that Rouge caballists had been engaging a number of powerful men to form a body-guard for Mr. Turcotte from the time he jumped on the quay, money and liquor been freely dispensed to give enthusiasm to those recruits. The Conservatives had also taken care to warn their friends on no account to furnish the slightest pretext for any disturbance or manifestations against a man who deserves contempt rather than anger. The boat did not arrive till 11 o'clock, and at that time, outside the hired bullies and Government employees, there were not a corporal's guard present. Mr. Turcotte remained carefully in the boat till Madame Turcotte went on board, when he issued forth, with his wife on his arm and his body-guard around him, he was received with cheers and hisses, the latter by far predominating, and without any stoppage he went up to the Boulevard to the House of Mrs. Turcotte, followed by less than fifty people. Others followed and stood around till there was a crowd of about 200 present. Mr. Turcotte tried to speak, but evidently felt ill at ease, his pallor being particularly noticeable, and he appeared to be quite disconcerted when several voices in the crowd called out "c'est toi c'est toi," one of his friends, whose name is not known, immediately tried to reassure him by striking him familiarly on the shoulders, saying: "Never mind, Mr. Turcotte, those fellows would have sold themselves if they had the same chance." Mr. Turcotte then went on speaking, styling his opponents Programmists and petroleurs. The crowd, who attempted no violence, continuing to cry out "c'est toi," "barbotte" "five thousand dollars" and other similar remarks. Mr. Turcotte remained carefully in his mother's house till 1 p. m. on Monday, when he went on board the "Quebec" for Montreal, being sent on his journey by a mild hurrah, sent at by a knot of Government employees, who had assembled there for the purpose.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28, 1878.

General Meyer has a bold scheme ripening now, which he has not yet suggested to Congress, but which he believes will overcome the difficulties he has hitherto had to contend with, namely, the absence of weather signal stations between Newfoundland and the Eastern Continent. He proposes to anchor six ships at distances of 250 miles each, and put them into telegraphic communication with the Atlantic Cable. This plan would not only serve his own immediate purpose, but the ships could be made floating harbors of refuge, so that a boat's crew on the main channel of commerce could reach a home and shelter within a hundred miles or so, and the news of any disaster, gale or accident could be sent home in a few hours' time. The project is a bold and practicable one and worthy of its originator, who is one of the rarest minds of which our country has to boast.

General Fremont at last emerges from the retirement into which pride and poverty has kept him so long. The President has appointed him Governor of Arizona. This seems appropriate—a fitting position for the path-finder.

The dilatory action of the House Committees crowded hosts of work that should have occupied weeks of examination into the last week of the lately adjourned session of Congress; though probably many of the Bills that were passed with such seeming haste and indifference had received far more attention than the country at large is aware of. Looking over the whole session, just adjourned, there seems to have been very little accomplished. The Silver Bill is the only one of vast national importance that has become law, and few other measures of interest to the whole country have been past. The remarkable feature of the session has been its utter lack of leadership—a more notable lack than can be remembered heretofore. It extends to both Houses and to both parties. Hood and Atkins, the first men on one side of the House of Representatives, have repeatedly lost control, while the Hale and Gayfield leadership on the other side, is not of the keen and courageous sort like Blaine's or Thad Stovens'. The Senate, being a smaller body, has not shown this want as conspicuously as has the House, it has been apparent, nevertheless.

One of Mr. Edison's chief characteristics is said to be a strong reliance upon himself. In other words he never gets discouraged. When it was suggested to him to try a diamond-pointed needle for the phonograph he said:—"I intend to; but I cannot get the lapidaries in New York to make just what I want. So I am going to rig up the necessary mechanism and make a diamond-pointed needle myself."