LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 7, p. m.

Cable despatch says that Napoleon failed to form quadruple alliance. England favors alliance, provided the independence of Belgium is guaranteed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.

At a Fenian convention last night, the astounding disclosure was made that James Stephens has retired from the Fenian Brotherhood, and is still in New York. Gen. Gleason has been appointed his successor.....Gold 135

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 8, p. m.

The London despatch of the 7th says Great Britain and France mutually agree not to interfere between Greece and the Sublime Porte unless Russia interferes.....Gold 134.

LONDON, Jan. 8.

Rumors again in circulation of changes in British Cabinet....."Times" editorial, to-day, says it rests with the United States Government to accept the principle of arbitration; thinks the Law Officers of the two countries should meet, and would frame satisfactory case of arbitration in a few hours.....Papal Cabinet agree that the appointment of Bishops shall be made by the Pope, and receiving sanction of Emperor of Italy.

TEMPERANCE HALL COMPANY.—The annual meeting of this Company was held in the Lower Temperance Hall, Prince Street, on Monday evening last — the Hon. Dr. Young, President, in the chair. The Secretary and Treasurer, J. W. Morrison, Esq., submitted his report, embracing a detailed account of the receipts and expenditure for the past year. The balance in favor of the Company was shown to be £85 4s. 6d. The report was unanimously adopted. It is the intention of the Company to put the Hall in a thorough state of repair during the ensuing summer, which will necessitate the expenditure of over £100.

Directors for the ensuing year were then balloted for, and declared duly elected, as follows:—

The Honorable Dr. Young (re-elected,)	
Messrs. J. W. Morrison,	do.
" J. B. Cooper,	do.
" J. P. Tanton,	do.
" Geo. Millner,	do.
" W. C. Trowan,	do.
" W. F. Morris,	do.

J. W. Morrison, Esq., was then unanimously re-elected Secretary. Immediately afterwards a Directors' meeting was held, when the Hon. Dr. Young was unanimously re-elected President; and J. W. Morrison, Esq., Treasurer of the Company, for the ensuing year.—*Pat.*

LOVE LETTERS.

Love-letters ought, on theory, to be full of gush. They contain, or are supposed to contain, the gushings of nature and of the heart. And it is very much in favor of the writers that they write in moments of exaltation, and mean what they write to be seen only by one pair of bright eyes. At such a task one would think only a very stupid man could fail; but, on the contrary, one finds that very few men succeed. Bless clever women every now and then are fascinating, and men do happen sometimes to fall in love with them, it is necessary to have some sensible views as to what a letter of the sort directed to a competent critic, should contain. And inasmuch as, in the present condition of society and the law, nobody can be quite certain that his love-letters may not hereafter be published, either for the benefit of the newspapers or for posterity, it is important that Englishmen should begin to give their minds to doing their epistolary duties well, and in a manner calculated to bring no disgrace upon themselves or their education. What runs most letters is not the sentiment, or the unworldliness that underlies them, so much as the adherence to a kind of common form which is not by any means based upon the rules of the highest art. The love-letters of tradesmen and uneducated people, whenever they turn up in the papers, are always full of little commonplaces which the writers appear to consider appropriate to the situation. They never seem able quite to make up their mind whether it is the correct thing to call the beloved object thou or you; and the second person singular and the second person plural keep blundering up against one another in a manner that must be heartrending to our young trade-sman's mistress who is anything of a grammarian. There is something about the correspondence of lovers who belong to this class of life that reminds the reader of a valentine. It is the correct thing apparently among them to engage in a periodical correspondence, and the British tradesman does it without a murmur; but his share in it generally consists of assurances that when he is not back to his shop after leaving the lady of his affections he could not sleep a wink, but lay awake even in the dark watches of the night he "chine, fondly chine." The young milliner whom it is addressed is far better pleased that the little common forms should not be left out. These love-letters of educated people are doubtless less grotesque; but educated people have their own common forms, which to cold and critical observers would appear possibly little less ridiculous in the long run. The poetry of the times has a good deal to say to the love-letter of the period. Girls who are tolerably well read know by heart all the routine of love making long before they ever come to be seriously in love. They have seen about it in Byron and in Tennyson, and have sung a good deal about it in connexion with the moon, and with all sorts of angels and of flowers, at the piano. As soon as the fated hour of a life-long attachment comes, they settle themselves down to waltz-all that they have heard of, and a love which had not a good deal of moon and flowers and angels about it would not seem to them love at all. The first thing that a woman likes when she is being courted is to be called something like what amateur musicians are always calling one another in duets. She is quite willing to be a bee, or a bird, or a lily; but it is decided that she should be either in the ornithological or the botanical line. It is all very well for the lover happens to have been a little in the right way too. He can in this way understand the feeling, and nerve himself without much difficulty to respond to it. But if he is entirely ignorant about birds and botany, his task becomes more serious. He has the humiliation of being obliged to confine himself entirely to telling his future wife an angel or a goddess, according as he is most addicted to classical or Christian mythology; while the mortifying thought cannot fail to strike him that both appellations are a little elevated and a little trite. If it were not, indeed, for the penny post, writing love letters might not be so exhausting to the intellect. In old times a gentleman could only indite epistles of the kind once a week or once a fortnight, and had plenty of leisure to get up his literary steam and to select his illustrations. If at the moment it did not occur to him what sort of plant he wished to call his fair correspondent, he had at least seven days to think about it, and to consult his dictionary. The penny post has altered all this, and a lover's imagination now has to undergo frequent and cruel drains which it really is quite unfitted to support. Courtship has become a literary task in life. Men must write as long as women can read, and it is on this account that the art of love-letter writing deserves to be seriously taught, and seriously recognized, even by so august and sedate a tribunal as the Civil Service Commissioners. It is a sad thing to think how many attachés, Indian civil servants, and clerks in Government offices are totally ignorant of the proper rudiments of a training which is going to become necessary to them in the daily course of their profession.—*Saturday Review.*

HORRIBLE LIFE IN A PALACE.

They bore a coffin from the Tuileries the other day. Are you not disposed to envy the lot of a man whose home was that of a palace? He was a cousin of the French Emperor. And you not like to be the cousin of the Emperor? He was the First Chamberlain and Superintendent of the Imperial Theatres. Wouldn't you give all the world to be present at all the ceremonies of the Imperial family, to have the distribution of the tickets to them, and to be the mortal whose very sight would in smiles the faces of the haughtiest beauties, and whose draughts on their purses they dare not protest? Indeed you would. He had seventeen grand crosses of the highest orders in Europe. Don't you envy him, good reader, envy no man.

I have seen many a spoilt child of Fortune in dressing gown. I have never seen one who would have changed places with. Certainly Napoleon III. seemed dandled by Fortune as she ever dandles any one. He was born in the gilded cradle, and he trod life on a bed of roses; but he was the victim of disease which tortured him with barbarous cruelty. It was one of those nervous diseases beyond the reach of medical science. He could not remain still either in a chair or in a bed without suffering the acutest pain. The nerves of motion were affected. He transacted business on foot; he dictated letters and lists of invitation as he paced his office. He listened to the performance of operas in his latticed box, which had no seat in it and was covered with a thick carpet that he might walk during the whole performance. He saw ballads danced from the slips of the stage. Often he would take the dullest books issued from the press, have candles lighted in broad daylight, and read the stupid work until he caught its heaviness and was composed to sleep. Sometimes sleep would not come even when so summoned; then he would walk till it did come; he would walk until he had so exhausted the body that the nerves were insensible to pain, and sleep would become necessary to life. On one occasion he walked without intermission for thirty-six hours, trying to subdue pain by fatigue.

The soles of his feet were red, as if they had been boiled and blood had been forced through all their pores. The Emperor gave him rooms adjoining one of the largest passages of the Tuileries, and had it covered with a thick Aubusson carpet, that the poor patient might enjoy his painful round with least pain. He died of sheer exhaustion from want of sleep. Shortly before he died he murmured, "Norine! Norine!" repeatedly. "What is that? Do you want anything?" asked one of the persons present. "Don't question me," replied the fast dying man.

Norine was a little shop girl of Leghorn, his first love; she is now an old wrinkled shopkeeper of that city and has quite a large family. The dying man, though he had lived in palaces amid the rank and beauty of Europe, was familiar with the prettiest women behind the footlights, thought of none of the pageantry and pomp of his career. They were vanity of vanities. All his last thoughts belonged to the humble maiden whose eye had returned his glance, and whose lip had first breathed love into his ear. This was the oasis in life's desert—the rest was all sand.

BROCK.—I was making a tour in Holland. A friend told me, "Be sure you see Brock; if you don't you will have seen nothing." "Why?" I asked, "what is there to see?" "You go there, and you will find out," was the answer. So I took a carriage, and told the coachman to drive me thither. The journey was not interesting. After a time the carriage stopped, and the driver told me we had arrived, and that I must dismount. "Arrived?" I said, "why don't you drive into the town?" "Because it would dirty the streets," he said. "Are you mad?" "No, Monsieur" "Are the Streets inland?" "Yes, Monsieur." I got down to walk into the town, and had not gone more than a few steps when my driver ran after me and gave me a good brushing. I thanked him, though I thought him officious, and walked on. I looked around me. All the houses were shut and the window-shutters closed. There was not a sound to be heard. The pavement was made of bricks of different colors, and shone as though they had been waxed. The wooden fronts of the houses were painted with maddening regularity, and they glittered as though they had been varnished. I touched one house to see if the paint was dry, when the door opened suddenly and a man, evidently very angry, rushed out and with a napkin rubbed off my finger-marks, and then re-entered his house grumbling. I was stupified, but I continued my walk. I found by chance a tree, and cut down one of the branches to make a walking stick, and tearing off the leaves, left them on the road. Straightway I heard a great noise, and turning round I saw men and women collecting the leaves, and crying out at me and making gestures in such a way that I judged they were cursing me. Other women, who came out of their houses to see what was going on, took off their shoes before crossing the street, in order not to soil it. I don't know what would have become of me in the midst of all these people if my coachman had not hailed in sight, and explained to them that I was a stranger. "It is lucky," said he, "that they were women whom you saw; had they been men you would have got into it." I asked for an explanation. "It is very strange," I said. He replied, "Every day they rub the streets as though they were a sitting-room, and the inhabitants think that they look so nice that they won't go out for fear of making the streets dirty." "You don't say so." "'Tis true, Monsieur; and finding that children, when they were let play in the streets, always dirtied them a little, they banished all persons having families. There are only bachelors and old maids there. They don't smoke, because some persons spit when they smoke. They have a few dogs, but they are kept indoors; besides they are stuffed. If they had any others they would kill them. One day they surprised a Frenchman who was standing too long by a wall, and threw a lot of water over him. When the Emperor Napoleon visited Brock, they made him put on slippers at the gate of the town, in order that the nails of his boots might not scratch the pavement." I quitted the place as fast as I could, and was very glad to find myself walking the streets of Amsterdam with dust upon my shoes.—*Grand Journal.*

☞ The evening Sales at A. McNeill's Sale room, of fancy goods, consisting in part of Concertinas, Albums, Work-boxes, Writing Desks, &c., also Glassware, Cutlery, Cloths, &c., will be *re-opened* this evening (Monday 14th) at 7 o'clock, and continued each following evening till the whole are sold. Sales positive. Great bargains.

Ladies and gentlemen wishing to obtain a good picture would do well to call at W. P. Simpson's gallery, on Queen Street, near the market, where Photographs, Ferotypes, Ambrotypes, &c., can be had executed in the most approved style. Mr. S., having had an extensive practice in Nova Scotia, flatters himself that he is capable of satisfying the taste of all, even the most fastidious.

A beautiful white girl in Albany became so much enamored of a jet black negro that she eloped with him.

The profits of the London *Times* last year were $250,000.

The London *Telegraph* has the largest circulation in England—155,000.

The owner of the richest oil well in Pennsylvania is a Dutchman, who has his greenbacks corded up in his cellar.

THE FIRST OYSTER EATER.—Once upon a time—it must be a prodigiously long time ago, however—a man of melancholy mind, who was walking by the shores of a picturesque estuary, listening to the monotonous murmur of the sad sea-waves, espied a very ugly oyster, all covered over with parasites and seaweeds. It was so unprepossessing that he kicked it with his foot, and the animal, astonished at receiving such harsh treatment on his own domain, gaped wide with indignation. Seeing the beautiful cream-colored layers that shone within the shelly covering, and fancying the interior of the shell to be beautiful, he lifted up the "aged native" for further examination, inserting his finger and thumb within the shells. The irate mollusc thinking, no doubt, that this was meant as a further insult, snapped its pearly door close upon the finger of the intruder, causing him some little pain. After releasing his wounded digit, the inquisitive gentleman very naturally put it into his mouth. "Delightful!" exclaimed he, opening wide his eyes. "What is this?" and again he sucked his thumb. Then the great truth flashed upon him that he had found out a new delight—had, in fact, accidentally achieved the most important discovery ever made up to that date. He proceeded at once to the verification of his thought. Taking up a stone, he forced open the doors of the oyster, and gingerly tried a piece of the mollusc itself. Delicious was the result; and so, there and then with no other condiment than the juice of the animal—with no creaming brown stout or pale Chablis to wash down the repast, no nicely-cut, well buttered bread—did that solitary anonymous man inaugurate the oyster banquet.—*Bertram's Harvest of the Sea.*

WELL TO-DAY, SICK TO-MORROW.

Such is the experience of thousands. Few enjoy continuous health. To what does the occasional invalid attribute his uncertain condition? Not to himself, of course. He lays the blame on the climate, perhaps. It is too hot, or too cold, or too damp, or too dry, or too variable. But does he take the proper course to fortify his constitution and bodily organs against the extremes or changes of which he complains? No. He says, perhaps, that only an iron man could bear such great heat, or such violent cold, or such sudden vicissitudes. Why then does he not resort to the great Tonic and Preventive, which, if it will not make him an iron man, will at least quadruple the capacity of his system to repel all external agencies that tend to produce disease? HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, taken faithfully according to directions, will so strengthen the stomach, brace the nerves, tone the liver, and regulate and invigorate the whole animal machinery, that the system, instead of being at the mercy of the weather, and liable to be prostrated by every change of temperature, will become case-hardened, as it were, and almost impervious to climate influences. It is to this preventive principle that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS owe their great popularity in the West Indies, British America and Australia. [Jan. 14. 2i

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Sciatica, Rheumatism.—The very sound of these names carries terror to the minds of all who have once experienced the torments of these dire diseases, though Holloway has pointed out a method of relief that should give the most despondent sufferer renewed courage and refreshing hope. After the affected parts have been duly fomented with tepid brine and carefully dried, this Ointment should be patiently and perseveringly rubbed upon the skin thus prepared for its reception, and these Pills should be taken in doses as prescribed in the "Instructions." This simple course will conduct the severest forms of tic, neuralgia, rheumatism, and gout to an easy resolution, reduce the accompanying swelling, relax the tightened tendons, and strengthen the nerveless limb.

AN ARTICLE OF TRUE MERIT. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are the most popular article in this country or Europe for Throat Diseases and Coughs, and this popularity is based upon real merit, which cannot be said of many other preparations in the market, which are really but weak imitations of the genuine Troches.

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It has been used for 30 years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers for their children. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. Thirty-five cents a bottle. Offices, 48 Dey street, New York, and No. 205 High Holborn, London, England.

DEATH! DEATH!

Death can be and has been in innumerable instances prevented by the use of that wonderful curative — JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS—the best medicine in the world. For Bilious Diseases, Indigestion, Headache, Dyspepsia, Bowel Complaints, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, and other intestine organs, arising from impure blood, use The Manochan, or GREAT MEDICINE.

Sold by all dealers. *Get our Almanac.*

Jan. 14. 1m

U.C.R.—T.A.—E.P.—& C.R.

The Great Remedies of the Age!

HUNNEWELL'S
UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY,

For all Throat and Lung Complaints. Small Bottles, 25 cts; Large do. 50 cts.

HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANODYNE,

The great Remedy for *Asthma, Neuralgia, Pains in Menstruation, and all Nervous Complaints.* 50 cents per Bottle.

Hunnewell's Elective Pills

Cure all derangements of the Stomach or Bowels without the Slightest Griping, a point the importance of which cannot be over estimated. The dose, a single Pill, never more than two, and so very small, make them most valuable in every family. 25 cents per Bottle.

Hunnewell's
CONSUMPTIVE REMEDY,

A radical cure for this heretofore called incurable complaint. Price One Dollar per Bottle.

The Testimonials in my possession, to be seen by all, will remove every doubt of the perfect character of the above-named preparations, and to publish which would only cause them to be classed with the thousands published in newspapers, and not a fraction of them of the least character. I beg inspection of such at my office, confidence to test the preparation, and correspondence from all.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL,
Sole Proprietor.

Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist, 9 Commercial Wharf, Boston, Mass.

☞ Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Medicine.

☞ The preparations securely packed to be sent in any quantity by Express, or as directed.

☞ More full and particular description of each article given in notices, to follow this from month to month.

April 23, 1866. 1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

April 9. 1y

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York.

April 9. 1y

Married,

At Boston, Mass., on the 16th December last, by the Rev. Mr. Haskins, Capt. Ronald Beaton, of East Point, to Matilda, second daughter of Capt. Roderick McDonald, of Souris, P. E. I.

Died,

At Fox River, Lot 42, on December 22, 1866, after a few days' illness, of inflammation of the lungs, Mr. John McDonald, aged 51 years. Deceased was a man of amiable qualities, and much beloved and regretted not only by an numerous circle of friends and relatives, but also by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. May he rest in peace.

At Lot 14, on the 7th instant, after an illness of 13 weeks, aged 37 years, Ann, the beloved wife of Mr. John O'Connor, merchant, leaving her husband and four small children to mourn her loss. She was much respected for her many amiable qualities.

On the 15th December, at Head of St. Peter's Bay, Ellen the beloved wife of William McEwen aged 43 years.

On Tuesday, the 8th instant, after a short illness of 3 days, James Garland, a native of the city Armagh, Ireland, in the 58th year of his age.

At Yarmouth, N. S., on Dec. 4th, Isaac James Higgs, beloved son of Sergt. James Higgs, of Georgetown, P. E. Island.

In New York City, at the residence of his parents, on Sunday evening, Dec. 16, Mr. Johnathan, eldest son of Josiah and Susan Parkin, aged 45 years, 11 months and 12 days, leaving a wife and three children to mourn their loss. The deceased was formerly a resident of this city.

At St. Peter's Harbor, of decline, on Sabbath, the 6th inst., Ellen Maria, youngest daughter of Mr. James Coffin, aged 12 years.

At Argyle Shore on the 30th ult. after a lingering illness, which she bore with christian patience and resignation to the Divine Will, Christy, the beloved daughter of Mr. Murdoch Campbell, in the 32d year of her age.

In Charlottetown, on Wednesday morning, the 2d January, 1867, Ann, the beloved wife of Mr. James McLeod, Tailor, after a short illness, aged 34 years.

Ship News.

Georgetown, Dec. 30, 1866.—Sailed for Glasgow, Scotland, Brigt "Athol," J. Gordon, Master; Cargo, 60 tons Birch Timber, and 15,000 Bushels Oats.

THE QUICKEST PASSAGE OF THE SEASON.—The Brigt "Fannie Gordon" left Canso on the 24 December, and arrived at Liverpool on the 19th, making the run home in 18 days. This, we think, is the quickest passage made this season to Liverpool.

On Friday last, a vessel laden with produce cleared from Souris for Halifax. Georgetown, Souris, and the ports on the Eastern side of the Island, are, we learn, still open.—PAT.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Is a soothing Expectorant, prepared to meet the urgent need of a safe and reliable cure for diseases of the throat and lungs. A trial of many years has established the fact that it is more efficacious in pulmonary affections, than any other remedy. Its efficacy has now become so generally known, that it is justly regarded in many countries as a medicine of indispensible necessity. In Great Britain, France, and Germany, where medical science has reached its highest perfection, it is prescribed in domestic practice, and constantly used in the armies, in hospitals and other public institutions, where it is regarded by the attending physicians, as the most speedy and agreeable remedy that can be employed. Scarcely any neighbourhood can be found where well known cases of diseased lungs, which had baffled the efforts of the most skilful and experienced doctors, have been permanently cured by it. These results are the most convincing proofs of the superior curative properties of this preparation; and to them the authors point with peculiar satisfaction. While it is most powerful against confirmed diseases, it is extremely gentle as a medicine in infancy and youth, being quite harmless to even the youngest, when administered judiciously.

This health-restorer accomplishes even more by prevention than cure. If taken in season, it heals all irritations of the throat and lungs, whether arising from Colds or Coughs, or from other causes, and thus prevent that long train of painful and incurable diseases which would arise from the neglect of them. Hence no family should be without it. Influenza, Croup, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Incipient Consumption, and other affections of the breathing organs, give way before this pre-eminent combination of medical virtues.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere.

W. R. WATSON, General Agent for Prince Edward Island.

Jan. 14, 1867. 2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CARD.

MR. HAYTHORNE avails himself of this opportunity to return thanks to the large majority of Legislative Council Electors in the Second District of Queen's County, for the efficient support which recently placed him at the head of the Poll. He also begs to assure them that he will use every exertion to promote their welfare, and hopes to convince those who have been his opponents that their interests will be safe, even in the hands of a Liberal.

Murshfield, January 8th, 1867.

Flour, Wines, Spirits, Groceries, &c. &c,

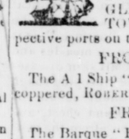
THE Subscriber offers for sale at his Store in Water Street,

Bbls. Extra FLOUR,	Bbls. Superfine DO.
Do. Fine DO.	
Qtr. Casks Port Wine,	Qtr. Casks Sherry,
Qtr. Casks Brandy,	Hhds. Gin,
Punch'ns Rum (strong)	Cases Scotch Whiskey,
Cases Irish Whiskey,	Cases Pale Brandy,
Cases Dark Brandy,	Cases Claret,
Chests & half chests TEA,	Bags Rice (Arracan)
Boxes English Confectionery (assorted)	
Kegs Coleman's Mustard,	
Boxes do. Starch,	
Bags Pepper (unground)	
Cases Sardines (½ lb. boxes)	
Cases Blacklead (7 lb. packages)	
Boxes Soap,	Bbls. Washing Soda,
Bales Grain Sacks,	Bales Corks,
Coils Manilla Rope (assorted sizes)	
Coils Hemp do.	do.
Bundles Oakum (best navy), &c. &c. &c.	

DOUGLAS M HARINGTON.

Water street, Jan. 14, 1867. isl-3i 3m

REGULAR LINE OF
Packets
FROM LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.



THE Subscribers inform the public that the following Vessels will be at a loading berth at LIVERPOOL and GLASGOW for CHARLOTTETOWN, and will sail from their respective ports on the 1st APRIL next.

FROM LIVERPOOL:

The A 1 Ship "L. C. OWEN," 480 tons register, coppered, ROBERT FRASER, Commander.

FROM GLASGOW:

The Barque "EMPRESS," 380 tons register, 3 3 1 Bureau Veritas, JOHN GILLIS, Commander.

Both these vessels have first class accommodation for Passengers.

For FREIGHT or PASSAGE apply in Liverpool to Messrs. WILLIAM STEWART & CO., Trifford Chambers, South John Street; in Glasgow, to JAMES KELSO, junr., Union Street; or in Charlottetown to

L. C. OWEN.
WILLIAM WELSH.

Jan 14, 1867 3m

The Subscriber offers for Sale,

AT Messrs. PEAKE BROTHERS & Co.'s Brick Building, in Water Street:—

20 Puns. fine flavored Demerara	RUM,		
8 do.	do.	St. Jago	do.
30 do.	Bright Cienfugos	MOLASSES,	
30 Tierces	do.	do.	do.
20 Bbls	do.	do.	do.
12 half Bbls.	do.	do.	do.
15 Tierces	Bright Barbadoes	SUGAR,	
30 Bbls.	do.	do.	do.
25 Bbls.	do.	Centrifugal	do.
30 Bbs.	Granulated		do.

B. WILSON HIGGS.

Ch'town, Jan. 14, 1867. tf

For Sale,

200 BBLS. Extra Family FLOUR,
100 Boxes CANDLES,
25 Boxes SOAP. 50 Half Boxes DO.
50 Sides New York SOLE LEATHER,
9 Casks VINEGAR,
20 Doz Pails, 20 Doz Corn Brooms,
Chests and half do. TEA,
Genuine Bermuda Arrow Root, in 5 lbs.
Boxes, halfs & quarters Raisins. [boxes.

B. WILSON HIGGS.

Peake's Buildings, Water street, } tf
Ch'town, Jan. 14, 1867. }

Molasses, Kerosene, Cornmeal, and Raisins.

NOW LANDING at GEORGETOWN, ex *Woodbine* and *Sea Breeze*—

20 Puncheons superior MOLASSES,
95 Casks KEROSENE,
60 Bbls Cornmeal,
50 Boxes Muscatel RAISINS,

And for sale by

B. WILSON HIGGS.

Ch'town, Jan. 14, 1867. tf

FRANCIS S. LONGWORTH,
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICE—PAVILLION HOTEL.
(next door to Hon. Joseph Hensley's)

Charlottetown, - - - P. E. Island.

Jan. 14, 1867.

A PREPARATORY SCHOOL,

For the Convenience of Families in the Country.

MR. W. S. SMITH will Board and prepare boys for College, at his Residence, Prince Street.

TERMS PER QUARTER:

Boarders - - - - -	£7 10 0
Day Scholars - - - - -	1 0 0

Jan. 14, 1867. 3m

Lessons in Drawing, Painting, &c.

MRS. W. W. IRVING begs to inform her friends and the public that she intends opening Classes in the above branches, in the Third week of JANUARY, at the Residence of Mr. JAMES SCANTLEBURY, King Street.

Mrs. I. will also give private instructions in families in general Education.

Ch'town, Jan. 14th, 1867.

Union Bank of P. E. Island,
Charlottetown, 7th Jan., 1867.

AT A MEETING of the Board of Directors, held on the 2d inst., it was ordered that a third Call, being the Balance of the subscribed Stock, be made payable at this Bank, on the 9th day of February next, 1867: notice is accordingly hereby given to the Shareholders to pay up the Balance of their subscribed Stock at this Bank, on the 9th day of February next, 1867.

JAMES ANDERSON, Cashier.

SUMMERSIDE BANK.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the SUMMERSIDE BANK (agreeably to Act of Incorporation) will be held at their Banking House, Summerside, on TUESDAY the 5th day of FEBRUARY next, at 11 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing Seven Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as shall then be laid before them.

E. L. LYDIARD, Cashier.

Summerside, Jan. 4, 1867. Jan 14

For Sale,

FIFTY ACRES of Land, on Lot 50, advantageously situated at the Cross Roads leading to Georgetown and Cherry Valley, and now in the occupation of Mr. Ronald McDonald (Second Creek). Also Sixty-five Acres of Land on Lot 50, partly fronting on Pownal Bay, near Mr. Beers's, and now in the occupation of Mr. Angus McDonald (widow's son). Possession of the above property can be given on or about the 1st MAY next. For further particulars apply to

CHARLES WRIGHT.

Charlottetown, Jan. 7, 1867. pat 3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Liverpool to Charlottetown.

THE Clipper Bark *LILLIE*, classed A 1 at Lloyd's for 7 years, coppered and copper fastened, SAMUEL NICHOLSON, Commander, will be dispatched as above about the First of APRIL next. This vessel has already proved herself a desirable conveyance for goods.

For Freight, apply in Liverpool to Sir James Malcolm, 57 South John Street, or here to the owners.

JAMES DUNCAN & Co.

Jan. 14, 1866. tf

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative).
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Radical).
The North British Review (Free Church).
and
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory).

THESE foreign periodicals are regularly republished by us in the same style as heretofore. Those who know them and who have long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those whom the civil war of the last few years has deprived of their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again within their reach; and those who may never yet have met with them, will assuredly be well pleased to receive accredited reports of the progress of European science and literature.

TERMS FOR 1867.

For any one of the Reviews....	$1 00	per annum.
For any two of the Reviews....	7 00	"
For any three of the Reviews...	10 00	"
For all four of the Reviews....	12 00	"
For Blackwood's Magazine.....	4 00	"
For Blackwood and one Review.	7 00	"
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews.....	10.00	"
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews.....	13.00	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews.....	15.00	"

POSTAGE.

When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but TWENTY-FOUR CENTS a year for "Blackwood," and but EIGHT CENTS a year for each of the Reviews.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1866, inclusive; the *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1866, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865 and 1866, at the rate of $1 50 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood for 1866, for $2 50.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.,
38 Walker St., N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $8.

January 14, 1867.

Evening Classes! Evening Classes!

MR ARTEMAS MORROW, the well known Teacher of Hillsborough Square School, will open classes in the various branches of an English Education, for young Ladies and Gentlemen, in his School Room, Sydney street near Hillsborough Square, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings in each week, at 7½ o'clock.

For terms and particulars apply at the School Room. [Charlottetown, Jan. 14, 1867.

Final Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late JAMES PEAKE, Esquire, deceased, by mortgage, bond, note, book account, rent, or arrears of rent, are requested to discharge the same forthwith, otherwise legal measures will, without further notice, be adopted to enforce payment thereof.

D. HODGSON, } Trustees
JAMES PEAKE, } and Executors.

Jan. 7, 1867. 4w

THE LONDON TRADER.

THE well known Clipper BARQUE "LOTUS," A 1 at Lloyd's, coppered, 280 tons register, will sail from LONDON for this Port, on or about the First day of APRIL next. For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply in London, to JOHN PITCAIRN & SONS; at Charlottetown to the undersigned.

DANIEL DAVIES.

Charlottetown, Jan. 7, 1867. 2m

LONDON TRADER
To Charlottetown direct!

THE first-class fast-sailing Barque ABEONA, a 1, an English Lloyd's, 7 years, ALLAN CAMPBELL, Commander, of the burthen of 450 tons, will sail from LONDON, G B. on or about the 1st APRIL, 1867, will be despatched punctual. Intending Shippers will please have their Goods alongside at an early date. Can accommodate a few passengers. For further particulars apply to Messrs. GEO. DUNCAN & CO., East India Avenue, Leadenhall st, London, G. B., or to

J. D. MASON, Ch'town, P. E. I.

January 7, 1867.

Valuable Mill & Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber will sell, by private Contract, 70 acres of LAND, on Lot 61, covered with Hard and Soft Wood Timber. There is a new Saw Mill erected on it, with abundance of water for Grist Mill and Carding Mill, if required. It is situated within 4½ miles of Montague Bridge, on the Wood Island Road. For terms, &c., apply to the subscriber, at Orwell.

ALEX. McLEOD.

Orwell, Jan. 7th, 1867. 3i

ORANGES & LEMONS,

FOR Sale by

WM. R WATSON

Jan. 7, 1867.

FRESH GROUND RICE,

FOR Sale by

WM. R. WATSON.

Jan. 7, 1867.

CANADA AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

THE YEAR-BOOK
AND
Almanac of British North America

contains full and reliable details of

The Revenue and Expenditure;
Banking Systems;
Coinage, Weights and Measures;
Postal Regulations, Rates and Service;
Shipping, and Shipping built;
Railways and Traffic Returns;
Census returns of Population &c.;
Trade and Commercial Returns;
Wealth, Extent, &c;
Telegraphs and Public Works;
Crown Lands and Regulations, &c.;

of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Newfoundland; as also Tables, Statements and Returns of their

Parliaments and Legislative Systems;
Principal Public Officers and Offices;
Educational and other laws;
Balance Sheets;
Militia and Volunteers;
Game and Fishery Laws;
Mines and Mining Regulations;
Boundaries Extent, &c.;
Debts and Liabilities;

and other important Statistical, Political and Commercial information of interest to the *Merchant*, the *Tradesman*, the *Journalist*, the *Politician*, and the *Manufacturer*.

It further contains the *Tariffs* and *Customs Regulations* of Canada, the Maritime Provinces, the United States, and the West Indies, with their port charges, the nature and extent of their trade, and other information of value to Merchants, Manufacturers, Shippers and Consignors, &c., &c.

A MAP of the Provinces in the proposed Confederation will accompany the office copies of the work, which, considering its size, and the nature and value of the *exclusive official information* it contains, is the best and cheapest on the subject ever offered to the public. It contains about 160 pages of original matter.

☞ If you wish to form a correct idea of the *Extent, Wealth, Population*, and *Resources* of the Confederated Provinces, buy the YEAR-BOOK.

Ordinary copies, 125c.; Office copies, on extra paper, including a Map, 25c. For sale at the Booksellers and News Agents throughout Canada and the Maritime Provinces.

MESSRS. LOWE & CHAMBERLIN,
PUBLISHERS,
Montreal Gazette Office,
Montreal, C. E.

Dec. 17, 1866.

Extensive Sale.

THE Subscribers having determined on winding up their present Business, will, on or about the FIRST DAY of FEBRUARY next,

SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION
ALL THEIR
STOCK IN TRADE,

comprising, in part, of

A large and varied Assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

GROCERIES, IRON, STEEL, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, NAILS, SPIKES, &c., &c.

ALSO,

A superior LIME KILN and LIME HOUSE, with half an acre of Land, about 500 Bbls. LIME, in store; four superior Working HORSES; Carriages, Carts, Truck, Truck Waggon, Sleighs Iron and Wood Ploughs; Carriage, Cart, and double horse Harness, &c., &c.

For particulars, terms, and day of Sale, see Handbills to be circulated.

Last but not Least.

They would remind all persons indebted to them by Bond, Note of Hand or Book Account, that all amounts unpaid on the 15th of January next, will be handed over to an Attorney for immediate collection without respect to persons.

LOCKE & KINGDOM.

Crapaud, Dec. 24, 1866. 6i

AN opportunity offers to any suitable person wishing to engage in the Study of Medicine, Dispensing, &c. Apply to

DR. BEER.

King Square, Ch'town, Jan 7 1m.

NOW IS THE TIME.

PERSONS wishing to procure any of